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VOL. XXXXII. OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15, 1896. NO. 39.

ALL GOING IN FRICK'S FAVOR

The Polls Open for the Congressional Primaries and Voting Starts With a Rush.

CHALLENGES ARE FEW AND EVERYTHING ORDERLY.

Frick's Square Stand on the National Platform Wins Him Much Favor.

HIS FRIENDS TO THE FRONT.

The First, Second, Fifth and Seventh Wards the Principal Battle Grounds.

POLLS WILL CLOSE AT 8 P. M.

The Returns Will Be Bulletined This Evening in Detail by The Tribune.

The Congressional fences are being broken this afternoon in one of the most bitter engagements that has ever taken place in this district. Each side is claiming victory but there seems little doubt that the honors will rest with Frick when at 8 o'clock the polls close.

The Judge's popularity is evidenced by the way his friends are rallying to his standard. The young men of the town are for him solidly and the admiration of his square stand on the National platform and the talents which have made him, though so young a man, so prominent in his party is obtaining him a big vote from every element.

The first hour's voting shows that Frick is ahead in about every precinct in town while equally encouraging reports for this interests are sent in from Alameda, Berkeley and the county in general.

The Frick ticket for delegate at large consists of W. G. Henshaw, Rod W. Church, C. S. Long and George P. Morrow. The Hilborn delegate at large ticket contains the names of F. K. Shattuck, Charles Prouse, W. R. Davis and Firm D. Hinds.

The exceeding interest in today's contest is to a large extent occasioned by the split which took place in the Republican ranks at the last State Convention. The differences have been ostensibly healed over since that time but the wounds are fresh and the bitterness which was not suppressed in the hearts of some found open vent today.

Then again the fight has been fostered by the financial issue a great extent. Hilborn has always supported the silver interests while Frick is a gold man and is standing squarely on the platform adopted at the Republican National Convention. Judge Frick has also declared himself openly against all bonding bills so the boom which has been pronounced for Hilborn on that behalf has extended just as fully to him.

The town looks today more like being in the throes of a big election fight than it has for a long time. Carriages are flitting to and from the polls, the booths are surrounded by animated and argumentative throngs and on every side the political turmoil is in evidence.

So far everything has been orderly and challenges few.

FIRST WARD.

A Heavy Vote Is Going on at the West End.

If there is a ward in which the fortune of war is unknown, it is the First. There both forces are lined up in battle array, both sides under old political leaders, who have sailed through many a campaign, and they all claim the victory. Dalton is the spirit of the Hilborn element, although he is working things very quietly, making no ostentation, wearing no badge and saying little. Under him are Councilman Frank Mott, O. C. Hyatt, H. C. Partello, W. H. Siedentopf and many others, who know the wiles and ways of politics.

On the other side are A. W. Baker, Phil M. Walsh, James McClellan, W. W. Morrison, Henry Watkins and others equally adept.

FIRST PRECINCT.

At the First Precinct the voting opened light. There were about fifty men around the polls, but everything was as quiet as a church fair. There were no arguments in which voices were raised above the ordinary conventional tone, and perfect harmony prevailed. The precinct has been thoroughly canvassed, and today only the plans are being carried out.

PRECINCT TWO.

Phil Walsh is leading the Frick fight in the Second Precinct, and he hopes to secure a victory. Still he claims that it is a toss up. The candidates for delegates are doing some hustling, but, like the First Precinct, everything is quiet. There were a number of voters at the polls, but they hung back and the voting early in the day was light. There is a lot of interest but no excitement.

The polling places and the election officers in the First Ward are as follows.

Precinct No. 1—1712 Seventh street. Inspector, George W. Drake; Judge, William J. Henessy; Clerk, Hermann A. Palne.

Precinct No. 2—1556 Seventh street. Inspector, W. J. Hayes; Judge, W. D. Powell; Clerk, E. M. Long.

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—Charles Redington, Harry Garthorne, Fred Walsh.

Hilborn—H. C. W. Bode, J. W. Mott, C. E. Hall.

SECOND WARD.

Judge Frick Is Pulling Strongly in Nearly All Precincts.

Throughout the afternoon the Second Ward was remarkably quiet, though many buggies with flaming banners displayed the names of candidates.

The Second Precinct was the liveliest of any of the four, and here the Frick votes came in rapidly. The First Precinct was also decidedly a Frick one, though in the Third and Fourth Hilborn workers were very much in evidence.

When the polls opened there was a general rush for the ballot box in all four districts and during the first half hour a heavy vote was polled, considering the length of time and the fact that a primary election was going on.

Up to 3 o'clock there were no challenges and everything was running smoothly.

FIRST PRECINCT.

Twenty votes were put in the ballot box in the precinct during the first half hour. Up to 3 o'clock everything was quiet and after the first rush there was little excitement.

The workers for Judge Frick are Carl Wood, Joe Racine, Fred Frick, John Trotter, Frank Josephs and others.

Hilborn is represented by George Baxley, S. L. Gibbs and E. Jeffriess.

SECOND PRECINCT.

The largest crowd in the ward centered about this precinct, and everything was in Frick's favor. Twenty-five votes were polled within an equal number of minutes.

The Frick men, who are pulling hard for their candidate are C. J. Rawley, Dr. Mehrmann, Bart Davis, Phil Shephard, Jack Coots and others.

Hilborn's interests are looked after by George Taylor, M. Hallahan and others.

THIRD PRECINCT.

The ballot box was hardly ready to receive votes here before a line of voters was formed out on the sidewalk. Inside of ten minutes fifteen ballots had been cast.

Among the Frick workers in this precinct are, E. Weidler, A. H. Breed, A. E. A. Benton, W. S. Wands, John Hawkett, Ben Hart and Mr. McDonald.

For the Hilborn faction, John Sands, William Moller, W. Maloon, Mr. Baab and others are on hand.

FOURTH PRECINCT.

Both the Frick and Hilborn forces rallied about the flags in this precinct early in the afternoon, though after half past 2 o'clock, when the first thirty-five votes had been deposited, there was little left to do but watch for stray voters. The heaviest of the voting is expected about 6 o'clock.

The following are on hand to represent Judge Frick: M. C. Chapman, General Evans, Al Wood, R. W. Kennedy, and C. O. Cadman.

The Hilborn men are: C. Brier, W. H. Friend and Will Hoogs.

The polling place and election officers in the Second Ward are as follows.

Precinct No. 1—Thirty-second and Peralta street. Inspector, P. R. Kline; Judge, George Baxley; Clerk, Carl Wood.

Precinct No. 2—1113 San Pablo avenue. Inspector, William Sullivan; Judge, Mortimer Smith; Clerk, George H. A. Dimpfe.

Precinct No. 3—Thirty-fourth street and Telegraph avenue. Inspector, Bart Noyes; judge, George W. Aorum; clerk, Ed Weidler.

Precinct No. 4—Twenty-second street and Broadway. Inspector, W. T. Hamilton; Judge, E. A. Heron; Clerk, J. M. O'Neill.

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—J. H. Smith, William McDonald, Dr. J. P. H. Dunn.

Hilborn—William Moller, C. A. Fassett.

THIRD WARD.

Frick Is in the Lead and a Heavy Vote Is Polled.

A large vote is being cast in the Third Ward and a much heavier inundation of ballots is expected when the residents begin to return home from San Francisco. Frick is in the lead in this ward and his supporters claim that his vote is going far beyond their sanguine expectations.

FIRST PRECINCT.

Frick is leading two to one in the first precinct, and a heavy vote is being polled. John T. Cronin, W. H. Chickering, Tim J. Flynn, W. H. Hynes and Dan J. Mullins are on the young jurist's end of the fight, while Henry Maloon, the ex-license inspector, appears to be the solitary representative of the Hilborn interest.

SECOND PRECINCT.

Hilborn is falling behind Frick, from what can be observed, and the indications are that he will continue to fall behind. Geo. W. Reed, A. L. McPherson, Hart H. North, John Wilson and Fred McPike are on guard for Frick, and Hilborn is having his end of the skirmmish looked after by J. P. Turner, Warren Heaton and John Kelsey.

THIRD PRECINCT.

In this precinct the contest is claimed to be close, although the Frick men assert they are ahead. A. C. Jr. Adney, Geo. H. Turrey and J. Griffiths wear the Frick colors and Hugh Aldrich is alone in efforts to pull out the Solano County man.

The polling places and election officers in the Third Ward are as follows:

Precinct No. 1—1207 Adeline street. Inspector, Hugh McCracken; Judge, Maurice Flynn; Clerk, George Fitzgerald.

Precinct No. 2—Southeast corner Market and Fifteenth streets. Inspector, W. J. Keating; Judge, Joseph Standeford. Clerk, J. I. Palmer.

Precinct No. 3—617 San Pablo avenue. Inspector, V. W. Gaskill; Judge, A. P. Leach; Clerk, Ross Morgan.

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—W. H. Chickering, W. H. Quinn, J. W. Umphred.

Hilborn—R. W. Snow, D. E. Fortin, J. J. Palmer.

FOURTH WARD.

Frick Men Claim a Walk-Over in Both of the Precincts.

The Fourth Ward is Frick's, so his supporters say, and they are many, and all hustlers. In the ward there seems to be a lot of enthusiasm, but it is all on one side. District Attorney Snook whose office Frick left to go on the bench, is out with his hands full of tickets, and surrounding him in the first precinct are J. F. Mock, Charles A. Sessions, J. William Shakespeare, Dr. Clinton Brown and Attorney Britton. Charles Pierce and W. A. Townsend are about the only Hilborn men visible, besides the candidates on his ticket. Everybody is at the second precinct. Senator Denison, with his hands full of tickets, is working like fun. Will and Rod Church, both old friends of Fricks, are helping him out. Thomas Pearson, the colored park keeper, and aspirant for the Assembly, is flaunting the Hilborn blue and Lou Wolf is also working for Hilborn.

PRECINCT ONE.

Twenty voters were polled in as many minutes after the polls opened, which was a good showing and points to a heavy ballot. A crowd was around the voting place early in the day, but no excitement.

SECOND PRECINCT.

In the Second Precinct, things were being rushed, and in half an hour after opening fifty ballots had been cast. William Williamson, who had been selected judge, was late, and Frank Mason was given his place. This made Williamson angry, and he gave a lecture on 16 to 1 to some of his followers. "Uncle Ell" claims the precinct two to one for Frick. Councilman Bassett, who expects to be in the Congressional fight, is quietly watching the proceedings, saying nothing but sawing wood. There are many old timers about the polls, and they all say it is a Frick day in that vicinity.

The polling place and the election officers in the Fourth Ward are as follows:

Precinct No. 1—151 Seventh street. Inspector, William Cruse; Judge, H. T. Beckel; Clerk, A. L. Black.

Precinct No. 2—852 Market street. Inspector, F. A. Davis; Judge, Frank Laidlaw; Clerk, James Bailey.

The tickets are as follows.

Frick—Dr. C. M. Fisher, Charles E. Snook, Gustav Folte.

Hilborn—A. L. Fish, C. S. Booth, A. S. Carman.

FIFTH WARD.

Indications That Frick Will Lead by a Large Majority.

The primaries opened quietly in the Fifth Ward. At both of the precincts there is a conspicuous absence of all excitement.

FIRST PRECINCT.

A small crowd gathered around the polling place of the First Precinct, with ex-Chief of the Fire Department Lawton, Billy Bernheim and R. J. McDonald at the head of the Frick faction. Hilborn is represented by A. M. Benham and L. T. Barber Jr.

Owing to the fact that everything is so quiet, it is impossible to make a forecast of the result. The Frick men seem confident of ultimate success, while A. M. Benham believes Hilborn will come out victorious.

"Everything is going along smoothly," said he, "but judging from the number of Hilborn men around here our candidate will get a good vote."

SECOND PRECINCT.

Prominent among the Frick forces in the Second Precinct are Victor H. Metcalf, C. O. Alexander and F. E. Brigham, while Pat Felley, A. W. Shanklin and M. W. Donaldson are working for Hilborn.

The crowd is larger than that at the First, but the same quietness prevails.

It is freely acquiesced that Frick will have a large majority. For the first hour Frick men were the only ones in evidence, but later things began running more evenly. However, the Hilborn people concede their chances are not as good as they had anticipated in this section.

The polling places and the election officers in the Fifth Ward are as follows:

Precinct No. 1—City Hall; Inspector, Ed Parrish; Judge, John Cochran; Clerk, W. J. Spencer.

Precinct No. 2—H. Schuckman's Store, Eleventh and Franklin streets. Inspector, J. J. Hamlin; Judge, E. W. Woodward; Clerk, Ed Johnson.

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—Victor H. Metcalf, Charles E. Palmer.

Hilborn—Mack Webber, T. M. Robinson.

SIXTH WARD.

A Big Vote and a Little Trouble at the Start.

In the Sixth Ward a heavy vote is being polled. The election is passing off very quietly and there is little or no outward excitement.

A few votes were challenged.

A number of Democrats are at the polling places, keeping an eye on the voters.

FIRST PRECINT.

In Precinct No. 1 when the polls were open there were about seventy men in line. Frick's workers were Frank Barnett, Miles Doody, John Doody and H. Kaufman. William Reese was also there, as was G. W. Kellogg. There seemed to be no active workers for Hilborn.

SECOND PRECINCT.

In Precinct No. 2 the second ballot created trouble. Captain Hunt attempted to cast a ballot at a Republican primary, although he has always been a Populist. He was at once challenged and a row seemed imminent. Lester Blackburn and ex-Assemblyman Hyde insisted on the ballot being cast out. County Chairman Gantalen appeared on the scene and finally Hunt was allowed to cast his ballot, although threats of arrest were made.

There were about fifty men in line when the polls opened. Blackburn was the most active leader of the Hilborn contingent, and the pool-room brigade was in full evidence for the Hilborn side of it.

The polling places and election officers in the Sixth Ward are as follows:

Precinct No. 1—506 Eighth street. Inspector, T. Keating; judge, G. W. Hoquet; clerk, F. Rier.

Precinct No. 2—407 Eighth street. Inspector, H. Longfellow; judge, T. Holland; clerk, C. D. A. Boice.

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—Frank Barnett, William Watkinson, Louis Schaffer.

Hilborn—M. D. Hyde, George Baker, Henry Longfellow.

SEVENTH WARD.

Frick Workers on Every Side and the Judge in the Lead.

In the Seventh Ward, there was considerable activity, especially in behalf of Frick, who was well represented at all the precincts.

FIRST PRECINCT.

The battle opened with a great deal of activity with a large attendance of Frick men. In fact, there could be seen for an hour after the first ballot was cast but one person wearing a Hilborn badge and he was W. H. Fifield. He was asked if he knew of other workers on his side of the house. He looked around and seeing no body wearing Mr. Hilborn's badge, sorrowfully replied that he did not know of any other representatives of that gentleman.

On the other hand, the workers for Frick were legion, comprising among others, Emil Nusbaumer, Harry Melvin, Robert Leckie, Gene Warren, Frank Lewthwaite, Kip Brown, and A. Parker.

At the outset, it seemed to be the intent of the Hilborn representatives, to endeavor to harass their opponents by unnecessary questioning as to their past political affiliation and prospective action in this political campaign. The most prominent in this species of warfare was a man named Hays who made himself obnoxious as a Hilborn challenger. He badgered the Frick men with questions as to where and why they had voted the Republican ticket and whether they had ever voted the Democratic ticket or not.

Many of the voters refused to answer the questions at the suggestion of Ned Ayer and this raised a war in which Hays, Fifield and Ayer took part. Hays became incensed and made sundry threats against Ayer without, however, causing the young man to recede from the stand he had taken. Then Attorney Nusbaumer appeared on the scene, took a hand in the controversy, sustained Ayer and demonstrated to Hays that his tactics were entirely unjust and too partisan to be tolerated more especially where the test in the call of the County Committee provides that the voter shall simply be required to promise that he will vote the Republican ticket at the ensuing election. Fifield was convinced that Ayer and Nusbaumer were correct and admonished Hayes to confine himself to the test suggested by the committee, whereupon Hayes subsided. At 3 o'clock there were sixty votes in the box and a large majority of them were for Judge Frick.

SECOND PRECINCT.

In the Second Precinct the greatest activity in the precincts of the Seventh was displayed. At 3 o'clock there were fifty votes polled and there was a strong army of voters reaching to the street. Frick's workers were as busy as bees, comprising Ned Ayer, J. C. Mather, W. Glover, E. P. Vandercook, P. Deasy, J. Cordon, P. Jordan, Joe Hanlin and Dock Baker.

Among those for Hilborn were W. D. Thomas, Thos. Labelester, Dr. George C. Pardee, James Robinson and J. C. Stratton. All of these were not visible but they were alleged to be working for Hilborn, though really only Thomas and Labalester appeared with badges. The absence of the others caused Thomas to remark in a disappointed way: "It has been this way for the past thirty years that I have been here. People who promised to work at the primaries desert the cause."

"They have not deserted, said Dr. Pardee, "they are working around in some other places."

The doctor's countenance was not bright as he looked on the scene because it was apparent to him that the voters who were filing past him were putting in ballots for Frick. The only man challenged up to 3 o'clock was, J. Cordon, who asserted that it is his intention to vote the Republican ticket.

THIRD PRECINCT.

In the Third Precinct at 3 o'clock there were forty-five votes in the box but there was a lack of interest displayed on the outside, the polls being almost deserted, people going to attend to business as soon as they deposited their votes. It was conceded that Frick was in the lead. His supporters were ex-Deputy Sheriff Macy, Thomas O'Donnell, James Casey, F. Hampel, John Derby and J. J. Cordon.

Mr. Hilborn was represented by Alfred Wolf.

FOURTH PRECINCT.

At the Fourth Precinct, which was supposed to be strong for Hilborn, the few supporters of that candidate who were around the polls for some time after the opening of the same, were unable to explain where the expected enthusiastic supporters of the Congressman had gone. Frick's men, on the other hand, were numerous and energetic. They persistently buttonholed every person who approached the polls, and generally succeeded in getting him to deposit a ballot for their young candidate. At 3 o'clock there had been fifty votes polled, and it was generally understood that the greater number of them were for Frick.

The supporters of Hilborn were C. W. Emery, L. W. Forsting and Dr. Foster, while Frick was supported by Wm. McGrath, F. L. Loveland, Ben James, J. Marshall, Thomas Sullivan, Dock Connard and Charles Woods.

The polling places and election officers in the Seventh Ward are as follows:

Precinct No. 1—303 East Twelfth street. Inspector, Chas. D. Hughes; judge, W. H. Cobbledick; clerk, Harry Newton.

Precinct No. 2—580 East Twelfth street. Inspector, Wm. H. Smith; judge, H. D. Rowe; clerk, C. W. Wilkins.

Precinct No. 3—1128 Thirteenth avenue. Inspector, Samuel J. Derby; judge, W. H. H. Hamilton, clerk, Samuel P. Lovett.

Precinct No. 7—1106 Twenty-third avenue. Inspector, James Roach; judge, C. C. Dryden; clerk, Frank Bilger.

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—John W. Phillips, E. P. Vandercook, John S. Derby, F. W. Bilger.

Hilborn—N. K. Foster, W. H. Fifield, Ed S. Reed, George Pardee.

ALAMEDA.

Frick's Supporters Said to Be Carrying the Day.

An unusually heavy vote is being cast at the primaries in Alameda. At the four polling places there were large gatherings who were ready at the opening to put in their tickets. The workers were all arrayed under the Frick banner. County Committeeman Fletter and E. K. Taylor led the hosts in the eastern section of the city for the younger candidate. In the western section, J. B. Lanktree, W. H. Noy, George Lovegrove, Sam Frank and a host of others marshalled the Frick cohorts.

Hilborn had many out in his interests, but they were not as active as their antagonists, who apparently have won the day as far as the polling has progressed. The Hilborn men sigh for night, but Frick's adherents claim that the evening will only further pile up the vote for their favorite.

BERKELEY.

Frick's Men Are Evidently Carrying All Before Them.

The election is going on very quietly in Berkeley. A heavy vote is being cast. In East Berkeley the polling places are crowded but everything is proceeding very quietly. George Wilson, H. N. Waterbury and George Schmidt are working for Frick, while James Kenney and James Rea are active in Hilborn's interests. There has been no challenging of votes and the elections is a very quiet one.

In West Berkeley Frick's men are strongly in evidence at the polls and the feeling is generally in favor of Frick. Peter O'Brien and N. Delehanty are working quietly for Frick. The two men who are working for Hilborn are Tom Wilson and Haywood. Although a number of men are at the polls the election is a very quiet one.

IN THE COUNTY.

Quiet Is Reigning in All of the Outside Districts.

Throughout the county the primaries are very quiet, though the votes are coming in rapidly.

In San Leandro fifteen votes had been polled within the first half hour, and the prevailing opinion there was that Frick would win out handily.

At Haywards, the same quiet reigns, though here the Hilborn workers are out in force, headed by George Oakes.

Through Washington, Murray and the remainder of Eden Township, no excitement of any nature has been in evidence, and the voting is not quite as heavy as expected, though late in the afternoon the majority of the electors are expected at the polls.

THE RETURNS.

The Tribune Will Keep the Public Posted on the Result.

At 8 o'clock the polls will close and the work of counting the votes will commence in the various precincts.

When the tally lists are completed they will be turned over to the Ward Committeemen, who in turn will take them to the Secretary of the County Central Committee.

They will then be filed away, unopened, until next Tuesday morning, when the committee will meet to canvass all the returns.

In the townships, the polling places are scattered over so much territory that immediate returns are almost impossible, but each Committeeman is supposed to have selected a place where the list will be centered.

From the time the polls close until all the returns are made the Tribune will post bulletins announcing the vote as fast as it is received.

TO MEET AUGUST 26TH.

Chairman Vann of the Populists Calls the Congressional Convention.

(Special to The Tribune.)

SYCAMORE, Aug. 15.—The Third Congressional District People's Party Convention will be held at Benecia at 10 A. M. August 26, 1896.

The call was issued today by W. A. Vann, Chairman.

CHICAGO IS CHOSEN.

The Democratic National Committee Selects Its Headquarters.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Senator Jones at 4 P. M. made the following statement:

"The headquarters of the National Democratic Committee will be established at Chicago with a branch at Washington City.

"Part of the Campaign Committee, sufficient to conduct the business of the campaign for the present, has been appointed.

"The gentlemen selected so far are John R. McLean of Ohio, D. G. Campau of Michigan, J. D. Johnson of Kansas, Clark Howell of Georgia, Bradley Smalley of Vermont, Mr. Gahan of Illinois.

"J. L. Norris has been selected as Assistant Treasurer of the National Committee.

"Appointments will be made as the season requires.

"The Executive Committee will be appointed later.

"Mr. Gorman was requested to accept a place on the Campaign Committee. He declined because of the selection of Chicago, as he could not very well go so far from his own State. He will be, as a member of the National Committee, engaged actively in campaign work, especially in his own and neighboring States."

MELVIN WAS RIGHT.

The Facts in the Topham Case Are Set Forth in Detail.

In connection with the charge of forgery against Harry Topham, the name of Deputy District Attorney H. A. Melvin has been used by a morning paper in a manner which that gentleman does not appreciate.

The facts in the case are that Mr. Melvin was powerless to issue a warrant for the young man's arrest at the instigation of Charles Freeman, who was duped into cashing a forged check for $15.

Freeman wanted to swear out a warrant on "information and belief," but as such a thing is an impossibility in the eyes of the law, when felony is charged, he could not be accommodated.

The crime of which young Topham is accused is forging his father's name, but as the parent resides in San Jose, he could not be brought to Oakland to swear to a proper warrant.

However, as the Grand Jury could indict the young man by its authority, Mr. Melvin referred the matter to District Attorney Charles Snook, who in turn placed it before that body, resulting in the indictment desired.

As this was the only course to pursue, those who are saying the arrest was unnecessarily delayed, display their ignorance.

The Bank Statement.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, August 15.—The Weekly Bank Statement is: Reserve, decrease, $4,415,400; Specie, increase, $317,200; Deposits, decrease, $1,790,800; Loans, decrease, $3,119,400; Legal Tenders, decrease, $75,175,100; Circulation, increase, $826,600. The banks hold $9,400,175 in excess of the requirements.

Against Bennett.

The Supreme Court has reversed the decision of the Superior Court in granting C. R. Bennett a new trial.

The best tea that we know of for everybody in general and you in particular, is *Schilling's Best*.

Sold in packages only.

A Schilling & Company
San Francisco

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Claim reduced from $1 to 65c. Our Regular Price is only 65c, but we advise you to save the 65c. When you read about the dead being raised by the use of two or three bottles of Doctor Peel Garlic's Sarsuparilla, use a little common sense. You ought to know it is a lie if you are intelligent. Some quacks advertise to cure every disease with the same preparation. Don't you believe it. You must exercise a little common sense. The world is filled with frauds.

Our

Stop-that-Cough Syrup

Will cure your cold or money refunded.

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150° Test. Water White.

NO SMOKY CHIMNEYS
NO OFFENSIVE ODORS
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If Taken from Store 7 0c per Can.

If delivered 10c per can extra.

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SHERMAN SPEAKS.

The Veteran Senator Opens the Campaign in Ohio.

FINANCES ARE ANALYZED.

A Comprehensive Statement of the Country's Condition.

FACTS VERSUS FALLACIES.

A Document That Sets Out the Situation in Detail.

By Associated Press to the Tribune.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 15—The Republican State campaign opened here today at 1 P M in a big tent in the presence it is estimated, of 10 000 people

All the manufacturing establishments closed to allow their employes to attend the meeting

On account of the warm weather the proposed procession in the evening has been abandoned notwithstanding some clubs of other cities appeared in uniforms

After the usual cheering of well known men, Governor Bushnell, Chairman formally opened the exercises with a short speech

He introduced Senator Sherman, who was received with great applause) The Senator spoke as follows

Mr Chairman and Fellow Citizens A citizen of Ohio has been selected by the Republican National Convention as their candidate for President of the United States and we are here to ratify and support his nomination We take pride in William McKinley, not only for the honor conferred upon Ohio by the convention but because we know him to be fitted for that great office

"W know that since his boyhood his life has been pure and stainless, that as a soldier in the Union Army he was brave and loyal that as a member of Congress for many years he exhibited the highest mental traits and rendered great service to his country and that as Governor of Ohio he proved his capacity to perform difficult executive duties And he has the higher claim upon us that during all his life he has been a faithful and able Republican, thoroughly in sympathy with the principles of the Republican party That party does not rest its claims to your confidence merely upon the merits of its candidates but upon the soundness of its public policy, its measures and its aims

'It is the distinguishing feature of our Republican government that every question affecting the people of the United States must ultimately be determined by them at the ballot box Every legal voter has an equal voice in deciding it, however difficult the problem may be It so happens at the coming Presidential election there will be submitted to your judgment two such questions, one of which is whether any holder of silver bullion may deposit it at the mints of the United States and have it coined for his benefit and without cost to him into silver dollars each of the weight of 412½ grains of standard silver, nine-tenths fine and may tender them for any debt, public or private The other question is whether in levying duties or taxes on imported goods we shall only consider the revenue required or whether while raising the needed revenue we shall seek also to protect and encourage domestic industries, the one is called revenue tariff and the other a protective tariff Both the silver and tariff are vital questions of domestic policy of equal importance, but I propose on this occasion to confine my remarks mainly to what is known as the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 parts of silver to one of gold

'"This issue is thrust upon us by the Democratic party, or rather by the Populist branch of the Democratic party Gold and silver coined are recognized by all commercial nations of the world as the best standards of value, as the measure of every article of desire, of everything that is bought or sold These two metals not only measure all things but they measure each other

Their relative value constantly changes Twenty-three years ago 16 ounces of silver were worth more than one ounce of gold

"Now 31 ounces of silver can be bought by one ounce of gold. This fluctuation of value cannot be prevented by law It is beyond the reach of legislation

"It is caused by the changing demands for and the increasing supply of these metals from the mines Both are necessary as money, silver to supply the daily wants of life and gold to measure the larger transactions of business, especially in exchanges with foreign nations How to maintain the parity of the two metals at a fixed ratio has been, is and always will be a difficult problem, not only in the United States, but in the civilized world.

"It was one of the first questions to occupy the attention of the American statesmen after the adoption of the Constitution and is now one of the most pressing after more than 100 years of National growth In 1792 silver and gold were made the common standards of value in the United States at the ratio of 15 to 1, but this was because that when the actual market value of 15 ounces of silver was equal to the actual market value of one ounce of gold The greatest care was taken to ascertain this ratio by Thomas Jefferson, then Secretary of State, and Alexander Hamilton, then Secretary of the Treasury. These two distinguished statesmen who disagreed upon nearly all other question did agree upon the then relative value of the two metals and that both should be coined into money at that ratio

'At the time neither gold nor silver was found in any considerable quantities in the thirteen states then forming the Union The Revolutionary War had been conducted with paper money which became worthless and the coins of Spain, England and other countries had been made a legal tender and continued so for many years after the adoption of the Constitution

'When the new American coins were issued it was found that the abraided and worthless coins of other countries filled the channels of circulation and the new and bright dollars of the United States were exported This led to the discontinuance in 1806 by President Jefferson of the coinage of the silver dollars and after that date none were coined for more than thirty years This order of Jefferson, I suppose, would be called by our Populistic friends "The crime of 1806" In the meantime France and other countries adopted the ratio of 15½ ounces of silver as the equivalent of one of gold To avoid those embarassing changes, England in 1816 adopted gold as the single standard in that country and silver as subsidiary coins

"In 1834 during the administration of President Jackson and under the leadership of Daniel Webster and Thomas H Benton Congress adopted the ratio of 16 ounces of silver to one of gold by reducing the number of grains in the gold coin ' As silver was thus slightly under valued it was not largely coined

"Silver could be coined in France at the ratio of 15 to 1, and the owner of silver bullion could send it to France and have it converted into coin at that ratio thus receiving about 3 per cent more for his bullion than if coined at the American ration of 16 to 1 Gold became the only American coin in circulation and the avowed purpose of the passage of the law of 1834 was to make gold the standard This was declared by the committee of the House of Representatives who had charge of the bill who said in their report 'The committee think that the desideratum in the monetary system is a standard of uniform value. They cannot ascertain that both metals have ever circulated simultaneously, concurrently and indiscriminately in any country where there are banks or money dealers and they entertain the conviction that the nearest approach to an 'invariable standard is its establishment in one metal which metal shall compose exclusively the currency for large payments'

"THE CRIME OF '34"

"This law heartily approved by Andrew Jackson would now be called 'The crime of 1834' In 1853 upon the report of Senator Hunter, when Pierce was President and when all branches of the government were under Democratic control, Congress reduced the quantity of silver in the fractional coins (half dimes, dimes, quarters and half dollars) more than six per cent, directed the purchase of the silver for their free coinage and made them a legal tender for $5 only, leaving gold still practically the only full legal tender, United States coin At this time the silver dollar had disappeared from the current coins of the United States and was practically and purposely demonetized

"The purpose of this act is thus stated by the Chairman of the committee having the bill in charge in the House of Representatives 'We propose so far as these coins are concerned to make silver subservient to the gold coin of the country We intend to do what the best writers on political economy have approved, what experience, where the experiment has been tried, has demonstrated to be the best and what the committee believes to be necessary and proper—to make but one standard currency and to make all others subservient to it We mean to make gold the standard coin"

'This I suppose, would now be called "The crime of 1853" Silver was practically demonetized by this act and the act of 1834

'It is certain that from 1801, when Mr Jefferson became President, to the close of Buchanan's administration, in 1861, the Democratic party was a gold party opposed to silver and all forms of paper money As I have already stated, Mr Jefferson in 1806 suspended the coinage of silver dollars and it remained suspended for more than thirty years

"The act of Congress of 1834 established gold as practically the only coin in circulation Gold coins were bent on 'mint drops' All Democrats were then 'gold bugs' Senator Hunter in 1853, during Pierce's administration, secured the passage of a law which reduced the silver in the half-dimes, dimes, quarters and half dollars, making them subsidiary coins, abolishing their free coinage and limited their legal tender to five dollars

"The silver dollar was not mentioned and practically excluded from coinage or circulation—yet now the Democratic party upon the demand of the Populist party and when silver has fallen in market value to nearly one-half its former value seeks to demonetize gold and to establish silver as the sole standard of value

"When the Republican party came into power in 1861 by the election of Mr Lincoln it had to face a formidable rebellion Gold and silver alike were banished from circulation and irredeemable paper money of all denominations from ten cents to 10,000 was substituted in place of coin. When the war was over the Republican party sought to restore specie payment as soon as practicable. In March, 1869, it pledged the faith of the nation in payment in coin of its equivalent of all bonds of the United States and to redeem the United States notes at the earliest practicable moment in coin.

"In order to carry out this pledge, it became necessary to revise the various coinage laws of the United States. This was promptly and very carefully done by a bill framed in the Treasury Department while Mr. Boutwell was Secretary. It was thoroughly considered by the experts of that department and was printed and submitted to all persons in the United States who were supposed to be familiar with the coinage laws

"The bill containing sixty-seven sections, accompanied by a mass of information that fills a volume, was sent to Congress April 25, 1870, by Secretary Boutwell and its passage was strongly recommended by him. This bill omitted from the coins of the United States the silver dollar, precisely as was done in 1853, but provided for the coinage of the fractional parts of the dollar in accordance with the act of that year

'This bill was pending in Congress for three years—was carefully considered in both Houses and special attention was called to the omission of the 412½ grains silver dollar which was never in the bill at any stage and the reasons for this omission given. It was finally determined at the urgent request of members from the Pacific Coast to insert among the silver coins a trade dollar containing 420 grains of standard silver, but this dollar was made like the minor coins, a legal tender for $50 only

"There was but one yea and nay vote on the bill and that was on the proposition to repeal the charge made by the mint for the coinage of gold I voted against its repeal. The bill passed both houses and became a law February 12, 1873, by practically a unanimous vote of both parties and was specially supported and voted for by the Senators and members from the Silver States

"THE CRIME OF '73."

'This has been called "The crime of 1873,' and as the bill was under my charge in the Senate I was held to be the chief criminal It was in fact a wise measure of public policy, carefully discussed and considered during three years

"When the test the outcry against this act with the sober acts shown by official records, it appears simply ludicrous The total number of silver dollars coined from 1792 to 1873 was 8,031,238 while the number of trade dollars issued under the coinage act of 1873, containing 7½ grains more silver than the old dollar was 35 965,929, and the number of standard silver dollars coined under the Bland-Allison Act of 1878 was 430 790,041, or 54 times the number issued before 1873

"It is strange that the very men who supported and urged this coinage law of 1873 and demanded the exclusive coinage of gold and the very men who now demand the free coinage of silver and denounce as "Goldites' and "robbers" all those who believe in the coinage of both gold and silver.

It has been said that the dropping of the silver dollar in the coinage act of 1873 was surreptitiously done. This charge is shown to be false by the debate in Congress and especially by the declarations of the men who now make the charge

"Sixteen months after the passage of that act, Senator Jones of Nevada, in debate in the Senate, June 11, 1874, said I am opposed to any proposition, come in whatever form it may, that attempts to override what God himself has made for money I believe the sooner we come down to a purely gold standard the better it will be for the country'

April 1, 1874, he said 'Does this Congress mean now to leave entirely out of view and discard forever a standard of value? And what but gold can be that standard? What other thing on earth possesses the requisite qualities? * * * * * Gold is the article of commerce. It is the most potent agent of civilization. It is gold that has lifted the nations from barbarism.

"It is the common denominator of values It makes possible the classification of labor and the interchange of commodities Gold has intervened in bargains made between men since the dawn of civilization and it has never failed to faithfully fulfill its part as the universal agent and servant of mankind * * * * * The value of gold is not affected by the stamp of the government'

"Senator Stewart of Nevada, on the same subject, on the 12th of June, 1874, said. 'Sir, the laboring man and the producer is entitled to have his product and his labor measured by the same standard of the world that measures your National debt. * * * * * Give him such a standard, give him money as you require from him You require it from the producer You require from the laboring man gold to pay the interest on your National debt which is right which cannot be avoided if you mean to save this National honor, but then give him the same money with which to pay that debt The question will never be settled until you determine the simple question whether the laboring man is entitled to have a gold dollar if he earns it or whether you are going to cheat him with something else That is the upshot of the whole thing Everybody has to say that the laboring man was entitled to a good dollar. That was fought over They will fight it over again and the same party will win There have been a great many battles fought against gold but gold has won every time. Gold never has compromised

* * * * * Gold has made the world respect it all the time. The English people thought they could get along without gold for awhile but they had to come back to it'

"On June 1, 1874, Senator Jones and Stewart and all the Representatives and Senators of the Silver States were urgent and honest in saying that gold was the best and only standard of value, but they changed their minds when the largely increased and increasing production of silver in Nevada and other States reduced the market value of silver below that of gold at the established ratio of 16 to 1. They wanted a market for their silver. They wanted to pay existing debts and obligations contracted upon the gold basis in silver, but took care in their contracts to stipulate for the payment of gold in them and this has been and is now the general practice in the Silver States

"When the coinage law of 1873 was enacted all of the States except those on the Pacific Coast conducted their business upon the basis of greenbacks or United States notes, then at a discount of about 13 per cent. Neither silver nor gold was used in domestic translations, but we collected our customs duties in gold coin and conducted our foreign commerce in gold, the money of the world It was not until January, 1875, that the first step was taken to resume specie payments, nor did we resume until January, 1879

"During this period silver rapidly fell in market value below gold at the ratio of 16 to 1. Prior and subsequent to 1873 many changes were made in coinage by the leading countries of the world. Germany in 1871 changed its standard from silver to gold France, Italy, Switzerland and Belgium had in 1865 entered into a treaty called the Latin Union, to which others became parties and by which the coin of each of these countries were received and paid by all of them. This important arrangement was first modified and finally abandoned and gold became the standard of values of those countries, but in all silver was coined and largely used as a subsidiary coin, precisely as in the United States

"In anticipation of the resumption of specie payments, the resumption act of 1875 provided silver coins of dimes, quarters and half dollars for the resumption of the fractional currency then in general use in our country. These new silver coins gave great satisfaction They were limited in legal tender qualities to $10 At this time Mr Bland of Missouri introduced his bill for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 on the demand of the holders of silver bullion. Silver had then declined below that ratio. One ounce of gold was worth more than 16 ounces of silver

BLAND'S BILL.

"The Bland Bill, if it had become a law as it passed the House, would have demonetized gold. Such was not the purpose of Congress When the bill came to the Senate an amendment was made, on the motion of Senator Allison, which changed the scope of the bill and authorized and directed the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase from time to time silver bullion at the market price not less than $2 000.000 or more than $4 000,000 worth per month, and cause the same to be coined into silver dollars as fast as purchased It also provided that any holder of the coin authorized by that act might deposit the same with the treasurer of the United States in sums not less than $10 and receive coin in certificates therefor, of not less than $10 each and that the coin deposited should be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the certificates on demand

"This bill, so amended, passed by both houses It was known as the Bland-Allison act It greatly added to the difficulties of redemption and for that reason was vetoed by President Hayes, but became a law over his veto

"Under its provisions the United States purchased over 291,000,000 ounces of silver at the cost of $308,279,260 It was hoped that this enormous purchase would arrest the decline of silver but in spite of it silver steadily declined in market value and at the present price the loss to the government on the purchase of silver under this act amounts to over $100,000,000.

"When Congress met in December, 1889, there was a strong desire in both houses to utilize silver as legal tender money under conditions that would not demonetize gold As the result of long discussions in both houses and after a conference between them, a bill was passed July 14, 1890, by which the Secretary of the Treasury was directed to purchase from time to time silver bullion to the aggregate of 4,500,000 ounces a month at the market price and to issue in payment of such purchases treasury notes of the United States which were made a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private in gold or silver coin at his discretion

"This measure, it was thought would arrest the decline in the market value of silver and enable the Secretary to maintain the two metals on a parity with each other at the ratio of 16 to 1.

"But the market value of silver continued to decline. The government purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, 168,000 000 ounces at a cost of $155,000,000 This proved to be an expensive experiment and the act was accompanied by the following declaration, made a part of the repealing act. 'And it is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States to continue the use of both gold and silver as standard money and to coin both gold and silver into money of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, such quality to be secured through international agreement or by such safeguards as legislation will insure the maintenance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts And it is further declared that the efforts of the government should be steadily directed to the establishment of such a system of bimetallism as will maintain at all times the equal power of every dollar coined or issued by the United States in the markets and in the payment of debts.'

"This declaration made by Congress and approved by the President at a time when the public mind was centered upon the silver question is a wise statement of public policy that ought to be acted upon without regard to party divisions This bill passed a House of Representatives fresh from the people by the vote of 239 yeas and 118 nays and the Senate by the vote of 43 yeas against 32 nays.

"This act was not a party vote, but it is, I believe, the expression of a majority of the two great parties of the country.

"And here, fellow citizens' we ought to stand. I appeal to Democrats and Republicans alike We are all interested in having a sound and stable currency founded upon gold and silver We cannot by law fix the value of either metal or coin, or of any of the articles that enter into the wants of life

"The great law of supply and demand affects the value as it does iron, copper or zinc. All have fallen in market value by means of new discoveries and improved methods of production. I have here a statement of the director of the mint, dated July 21, 1895, showing the amount and cost of silver bullion purchased under the acts of 1878 and 1890, and its value at the present market price, showing a shrinkage of over $145.000 000.

"'Hon. John Sherman Mansfield, Ohio, Sir I have the honor to state in reply to your letter of the 15th inst. that the aggregate amount and cost of silver bullion purchased under the acts of February 23, 1878, and July 14, 1890, was as follows:

	Fine Ounces.	Cost
Act of Feb. 28, '78	$291,272,018 58	$308,219,260 21
Act of July 14, '90.	168 674,052 58	155,961,002.25
Total	$459,946,701 09	$464,210,262.96

"'Worth at today's market price for silver, namely $ 069212 per fine ounce, $418,348,410.75.

"'Loss in purchase, $145,731,952.21.

"'Respectfully yours,

"'R E. PRESTON,

"'Director of the Mint.'

"We had July 1st last, in actual circulation among the people of the United States, $1,509,725,206 as stated by the report of the Treasury Department, which I will read

Amount in circulation July 1, 1896.	
Gold coin	$466,128,463.00
Standard silver dollars	82,185,936.00
Subsidiary silver	59,998,805.00
Gold certificates	42,320,759 00
Silver certificates	337,250,509.00
Treasury notes, act July 14, '90.	95,217,861.00
United States notes	226,451,868.00
Currency certificates, act June 8, '72	31,840,000.00
National Bank notes	215,331,277.00
Total	$1,509,725,206.00

We had also at that date $634,519,981 in the Treasury, mostly gold and silver held for the redemption of United States notes and silver certificates as follows.

Gold coin	$111,803,340 00
Standard silver dollars	378,614,043 00
Subsidiary silver	15,730 976.00
Gold certificates	497,430 00
Silver certificates	11,359 995 00
Treasury notes, act July 14, 90.	34,465 919 00
United States notes	121,229 658.00
Currency certificates, act June 8, '72	150,000 00
National Bank notes	10,668 620 00
Total	$684,519,981.00

"All these forms of money have been maintained by the government on a par with gold and they travel the circle of the world without diminution of their purchasing power Though silver bullion has fallen to nearly one-half its former value, yet we have used it and maintained silver coin made from it at parity with gold at the ratio of 16 to 1.

'But we are now brought face to face with a proposition which if agreed to will make silver the sole standard of value for all debts and credits, for the wages of labor and the purchase and sale of property The Democratic party at its recent convention at Chicago adopted a resolution in favor of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 parts of silver to one of gold. We know that in the United States and in all countries in the world thirty ounces or more of silver can be purchased by one ounce of gold With the free coinage of silver gold will be demonetized

"Nothing can be more certain than that the cheaper money only will circulate The United States has thus far maintained its silver coins at parity with gold coins only by its exclusive monopoly of coinage and by limiting the amount but with free coinage of silver there could be no limitation. Silver bullion in every form will be pressed upon the mints and with the mandatory duty of free coinage silver dollars will soon fill the channels of circulation and the gold dollar will be hoarded or will be quoted and sold as a commodity at about 194 cents of the silver coin Silver will stand as the par of value and gold will be quoted at its commercial value

EFFECT OF FREE COINAGE

"Let us contemplate for awhile the inevitable result of the free coinage of silver even if I repeat what I say. It would violate every contract for the payment of money made since January 1, 1879 The resumption act which went into operation on that day provided for the payment in coin on demand of all United States notes presented for redemption

"All forms of money whether of silver or gold or paper were then maintained at par with each other and have been so maintained ever since. During all this period gold and silver coins at par with each other have been the standards of value of all loans, contracts or purchases and the faith of the United States was pledged for the maintenance at parity with each other

"Although silver bullion declined in market value the coins made from it have been kept at par with gold coins at the legal ratio of 16 to 1. But if the free coinage of silver is authorized then the market value of silver bullion becomes the standard for payments on all contracts made in the past, the present or the future, 412½ grains of standard silver bullion, worth now 53 cents, can with free coinage be coined into a dollar upon the demand of any holder of such bullion This dollar is delivered to the owner of the bullion and is not supported by the fiat of the government The government does not undertake to maintain its relative value with gold The Government stamps it "This is a dollar," its purchasing power is 53 cents but its debt-paying power is one dollar of debt, but in the purchase of any article, it is only worth 53 cents for the seller of the article can fix his price according to the kind of money offered. It is the doctrine of the Populists, and the anarchists but is in direct opposition to the traditional policy of Thomas Jefferson, Andrew Jackson and the Democratic party

"When we contemplate the great amount of debt and credit that is unavoidable in a vast but new country like ours we naturally shrink from any measure that will either rob the lender or do injustice to the borrowers. It is impossible to estimate the wrong and injustice that will be done to creditors by the scaling of nearly one-half of the debts due them

"The very threat to do it will lead to a prompt and harsh collection of debts before free coinage can become a law. It is certain that before a free coinage bill can become a law, the wide disturbance caused by the pending of such a measure will lead to the rapid collection of debts, the sacrifice of property and deepen existing financial difficulties growing out of insufficient revenues for the National as well as for State governments.

"It is sometimes said of creditors creditors that they are bloodthirsty Shylocks, aristocrats, blood-suckers, extortioners. It may be there are among money lenders some men who merit epithets, but the great body of the creditors of our country are among the thrifty, industrious and intelligent men and women of every community. A great body of creditors here is 970,000 Union soldiers, their widows and orphans who are creditors of the United States to the amount of over $140,000,000 a year for services and sacrifices in the Union Army.

"It will be an act of perfidy and meanness beyond expression for this great country to pay them with money of less purchasing power than gold coin merely because the over production of silver in the United States has reduced the market value of silver bullion contained in the silver dollar. To take advantage of this decline in order to reduce the value of the pittance to those pensioners is worse than to rob the graves of the dead

"There is another class of creditors that the free coinage of silver will greatly injure. It is the depositors of savings institutions and kindred organizations who according to official statistics number nearly 5,000,000 people whose deposits amount to more than eighteen hundred million dollars Will you cheat them by reducing the value and purchasing power of the dollars they have deposited Free coinage will also wipe out nearly one-half the value of life insurance which provident people of the United States have paid to secure in case of their deaths, some support and protection to wife and children.

"It will effect injuriously the multitude of clerks and employes who depend upon monthly pay and will reduce the purchasing power of all salaries of officers and employes in the public service of the United States and every State, County, City or Township in this broad land.

"But by far the greatest injury resulting from the free coinage of silver will fall upon workingmen Their wages are now based upon money of the highest value, upon gold coin of standard value Under free coinage of silver, the value of the silver dollar will fall to 53 cents in gold, or as I have already said, the hundred cents of the gold dollar will be worth 194 cents of the silver dollar. With free coinage of silver, every workingman can and ought to demand enough silver for his daily wages to be equal to the purchasing power of his present wages in gold. The struggle between workingmen and employer will then commence, and no one knows better than the workingman how difficult it is to get an advance of pay.

"We have strikes and strife enough now, but what will be the condition when the workingman is paid in cheaper money of the same nominal amount, but of less purchasing power. Every sentiment of justice will be on the side of the workingman in his struggle for good money or increased wages in cheap money. Of all the evils which a Government can inflict, none can be greater than the cheap money, whether of coin or paper.

"That dollar is the best dollar that buys the largest quantity of food and clothing That dollar is the gold dollar, for it buys more food and clothing than any other dollar, and will also buy a silver dollar worth 53 cents if the coin-

(Continued on page 3.)

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HOTELS.

THE BRUNSWICK HOTEL, corner Ninth and Washington sts, has 60 nice large sunny rooms, all front rooms; has just changed hands and the whole house has been repapered and painted and is clean and nice; the new landlady has turned things about, and if you want a nice clean room, light and airy, call around; terms very moderate; rooms with or without board; the dining room is run by a lady and three daughters; clean nice home cooking, only $3.50 per week, and we challenge all in town to give as good a meal as we do for 20c single. Mrs. M. Lamb, proprietress.

THE "ARLINGTON," N. E. cor. Ninth and Washington; a few choice suites can now be obtained; table unexcelled; reasonable rates; unquestioned respectability.

EDUCATIONAL.

SPANISH LESSONS—Two lessons a week wanted. Address, stating terms, C. B., box 1, Tribune office.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MADAME PARR, Clairvoyant, Oregon House; ladies, 50 cents; gents, $1; 10 A. M. to 8:30 P. M., Sundays excepted. 1156 Broadway st, Oakland.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

STENOGRAPHY.—A lady who has recently graduated in short-hand and type writing would like to do office work for practice; salary no object. Address A. C. J., 1161 Market street.

A FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER, to introduce work, will accept engagements in families at $1.50 per day. 855 Harrison st.

A COMPETENT GIRL would like a place to do cooking and general housework in small family; references. Apply 864 Clay st.

A COMPETENT GIRL would like situation to do general housework; is a good cook. Call 462 Twelfth st. Wages $20.

A DANISH GIRL, competent cook, wishes a situation. Please call at 1269 Campbell st, cor Sixteenth st.

SITUATION WANTED by German girl as child's nurse, upstairs work and sewing or second work. Call 812 Twentieth street.

WANTED—Situations; first class cooks, girls, general housework, nurses, chambermaids, seamstresses and women to work by day; all nationalities; all have references. Tel. 2014 Red. Mrs. L. C. Marvin's Hair Store, 1153 Washington st.

A COMPETENT young girl wishes a situation for general housework; good cook; best of references. Apply 517 Ninth st, Oakland.

PROTESTANT WOMAN wishes situation to do general housework. Good plain cooking. References. Apply 1014 Webster street.

AN INTELLIGENT American woman, middle aged, wishes housework part of the day; fine cook; small remuneration; sleep home. Address B. A., box 2.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—German girl for general housework; must be a good cook. Call 1067 Eighth st bet 9 and 12 A. M.

WANTED—A young girl for general housework, 529 San Pablo ave.

WANTED—A young girl to take care of children. Apply 909 Alice st.

WANTED—A young girl who would like a good home with the privilege of going to school. For particulars, address S., box 4, this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—A home for a boy 12 years old; will work for his board with the privilege of going to school; no clothes or wages asked; good references. Address 217 Ninth st.

MALE HELP WANTED.

RELIABLE MAN to handle agents for telephone tablet; pays $5,000 a year; enclose stamp. Victory Mfg. Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Two horses, one wagon and two sets harness. Apply Bercovich Bros., cor. Fourth and Webster sts.

FOR SALE—The furniture of a 10 room residence in Alameda. Apply on premises, No. 2241 Pacific ave, near Oak st, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 P. M.

FOR SALE—A few high grade second hand bicycles, in good condition; among the number is one lady's wheel and one small wheel for a girl. Enquire of Lee Ransom, 525 Sixteenth st, where the wheels can be seen.

FOR SALE—Portieres, window poles, shades, curtains, blankets, comforters, pillows, spring and top mattresses, lounges, easy chairs; in fact, all kinds of furniture, at low prices. H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

FOR SALE—Good wagon, at a bargain. Inquire cor Peterson and Glascup.

"WANTED"—Daily parties who are in search for household goods and are close buyers, to see our display and prices in furniture and carpets, oilcloth and mattings; good goods at living prices. H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

FOR SALE—Complete outfit for housekeeping; we make it a special inducement to cash buyers; our prices are what talks; bedroom suits, parlor furniture, carpets, at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st. Furniture taken on storage.

FOR EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE for Oakland, Alameda, Berkeley or Alameda County property: $16,000—158 acres—28 acres (18,750 vines) 10 yr. Tokay grapes; 1,500 9 yr. Crawford peaches; 900 7 yr. Bartlett pears; 600 3 & 6 yr. Kelsey plums; 8 acres hay; 100 acres uncleared; but easily cleared and cultivated. $2,500 new 8 room house; barn; windmill; outhouses; well; 6,000 gallon tank; all farming implements.—Crops this year will bring $4,000 and net $2,500 Land gently rolling.—Gold mine on uncleared portion which will assay nearly $20 on surface rock.—Clear or with mortgage to suit grantee; with or without cash lease. Situated at Colfax. A. G. Carswell, 628 Montgomery st, San Francisco.

FOR EXCHANGE—Good first class furniture and carpets for second hand money; or will trade for other goods; we do say it, our store is the best in this beautiful city of oaks; come and see. H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

TO EXCHANGE for silver dollars, furniture and carpets, parlor and bedroom furniture. H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh street.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

CALIFORNIA GOLD MINE Company being organized; limited number of shares for sale to carry on work; gilt edged proposition for small investment; thorough investigation invited. Address A. Z., box 3, this office.

$85 AVERAGE weekly net income with $250 invested; safe; conservative; prospectus, proofs, free. F. Daly, 1293 Broadway, New York.

WANTED MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW or Second Hand Household Furniture wanted; must be cheap for cash. Address E. B., box 2, this office.

"WANTED"—Second hand money for new furniture, at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh street.

PROMINENT FIRMS
In Alameda County.

EAST OAKLAND.

GROCERIES.

CRAFT & RUSSELL—Grocers; buy at home and save money. 552-554 East Twelfth, cor. Eleventh ave. Tel. 1011 main.

MARKET STREET

BAZAARS.

GORDAN'S BAZAR—R. Gordan, prop; fancy goods, hosiery, stationery, toys, furnishing goods. 918 Seventh.

TWENTY-THIRD AVE.

DRUGGISTS.

CRAGIN'S PHARMACY—1154 East Fourteenth; cut rates our motto; Sarsaparilla 45c; Syrup Figs 35c, Castoria 25c, Porous Plasters 10c.

REAL ESTATE.

W. P. RYAN,

908 SEVENTH STREET.

TELEPHONE—RED 1,908.

FOR SALE.

$900—Lot 41x75, on 11th st near Kirkham st, $50 cash, $10 a month installment, no interest, price $1,500; lot 25x132, only two blocks from Market st station.

FOR RENT.

$35—Two-story house of 9 rooms and bath, corner 8th and Filbert sts.
$11—Cottage of 5 rooms with barn, 1001 5th st.
$17—Three furnished rooms for housekeeping, on 11th st near Alice st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

TO LET—Sunny furnished front room, convenient to local train and electric cars. Apply 762 East Seventeenth st, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth aves, East Oakland.

NICE furnished sunny rooms for rent; single or en suite; with all modern conveniences; within easy reach of local trains. Apply 421 Sixth st.

FOR RENT—Suite of fine sunny parlors, with piano, furnished. Also, furnished housekeeping rooms, at No. 522 Tenth st.

HOUSES TO RENT.

TO RENT—Sunny house of six rooms, bath and laundry; rent $25. Enquire at 1119 Jefferson, cor. Thirteenth, bet. the hours of 10 and 4.

TO LET—S. W. corner Seventh and Webster sts; house of seven rooms, all on one floor.

FOR RENT—Cottage of 5 rooms and bath; 1563 Franklin; nice neighborhood; rent $20. Apply at 1370 Broadway.

HALLS TO LET.

TO LET—Grand Army Hall to let Sunday and Monday night. Apply 1118 Broadway.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY.

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D.—Surgeon; office Central block, 1068 Broadway, Oakland.

OCULISTS.

OCULIST—Dr. Kohlmoos, Central Bank Building, corner Fourteenth and Broadway, rooms 420-422; hours, 9 to 12, 2 to 4.

MEDICAL.

A BLESSING to ladies suffering from irregularities and diseases peculiar to their sex; latest improved method of treatment; never fails; perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times; home in confinement. Dr. and Mrs. Davies, 14 McAllister st, next Hibernia Bank; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DRS. C. C. & G. W. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 704 Washington st., near Kearney, and 705 Market st., San Francisco; office hours 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children.

FURNITURE FOR SALE

FANCY ROCKERS—All prices and grades, tables, chairs and fancy goods for presents; come and see us. H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

Oakland Bicycle Dealers.

ADLAKE and HUMBER Bicycles. Hoag & Ferguson, 300 San Pablo avenue, cor. Seventeenth.

RAMBLER BICYCLE for sale and rent. Geo. A. Faulkner, cor. 12th and Webster streets.

SPALDING, Columbus, Ohio, Credenda, Bicycles. New wheels to rent. 962 12th street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY to loan in sums to suit; mortgages bought and sold; prime bargains in real estate; houses to rent. D. F. McDonald & Co., 463 9th st., Oakland.

MONEY TO LOAN—We have $600 (or less) to loan for a private party on real estate security. Hugh M. Cameron, 479 Ninth st, Oakland.

OAKLAND COLLATERAL Loan Co., 925 Broadway, near 9th st.; liberal advances on diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, pianos, guns.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

ONE WEEK ONLY—Big bargain to close estate; handsome nearly new cottage of 6 rooms and bath; all modern improvements; large lot 50x140 feet; situate on west side Chestnut st 150 feet south of Thirty-second st, Oakland; price $2,850; only $50 cash, balance $25 monthly; go see this today; key next door. For further particulars apply to Marcuse & Remmel, home builders, Bay st station, Alameda.

$1000—COTTAGE of three large rooms, with hall, bay window and high basement; lot 50x90 feet and fronting on electric line. Owner is away, and this property must be sold at once. Flat mortgage of $750; can remain. Only $250 cash down required. Hugh M. Cameron, broker, 479 Ninth st, Oakland.

FOR SALE—$1500 will buy a lot 50x150 feet, with a 5-room house; south side East 17th st, between 12th and 13th aves; street work all done. Apply to Albert Schmidt, 620 East 12th st, East Oakland.

HOUSES built; easy terms; best locations. Alden & Kronenberg, 962 Bdwy.

MUSICAL.

MISS MABEL CRABTREE, teacher of violin and piano; residence and studio, 616 Fifteenth st, Oakland.

BALDWIN & DURANT, banjo, mandolin and guitar. 4 lessons, 1 per week, $4; 8 lessons, 2 per week, $6; instruments furnished pupils free to take home. Studio, 1008½ Broadway, room 13.

PIANO TUNERS.

TOUCH REGULATOR, Oakland invention; will make the keys on pianos heavy or light as the will of the players. Hornung Bros., 216 Post st, S. F.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

J. W. MOSS—Real estate, notary public; money to loan. 965 Broadway, bet. 9th and 10th sts.

BASKETS FOR EVERYBODY

At Meese'

907, 909 Washington Street

Butcher Baskets, Bushel Baskets, Clothes Baskets, Office Basket, Peddler Baskets, Fancy, Flower, Lunch and Nursery Baskets. The prices will suit you. We make them to order in our own factory.

Write, telephone or call.

SHERMAN'S SPEAKS.

(Continued from page 1.)

age of silver is made free at the ratio of 16 to 1 of gold. Experience has shown that the United States can make the silver dollar buy as much as the gold dollar, but it can only be done by the Government buying silver bullion as needed and coining it into dollars on Government account. This has been tried.

Every country in Europe except possibly Russia, Republics and Monarchies, maintains the gold standard and silver coins at parity with gold at even a less ratio than the United States and now Russia has hoarded over $400,000,000 of gold in preparation for the gold standard which she will adopt.

"We have now in the Treasury belonging to the government over 379,000,000 silver dollars represented by certificates and also silver bullion costing over $118,000,000 in treasury notes in active circulation and maintained at par with gold at the ratio of 16 to 1.

"The free coinage of silver is an invitation not only to American miners but to all the miners or holders of silver in the world to deposit their silver in the mints of the United States and to receive in exchange therefor a silver dollar for every 412½ grains of standard silver deposited. But that silver is worth in the market only 53 cents. Why should we receive this bullion from the owners of silver mines at nearly double its market value when we have such a vast hoard in the treasury which we hold with difficulty at par with gold?

"The only object and effect of this measure will be to degrade the dollar, to lessen its purchasing power nearly one-half, to enable debtors to pay their debts at 53 cents for a dollar and to cheat the public creditors who hold our bonds. If this policy should be adopted, the United States will take its place among the nations of the earth as a bankrupt, closing its business at 53 cents on the dollar.

MORE MEANNESS.

"There is another element of meanness in this free coinage of silver. The United States has always paid its bonds in gold coin or its equivalent. In the darkest hours of the Civil War we stipulated to pay our bonds, principal and interest in gold or its equivalent. All of the war debt has been paid in this way. A portion of it was paid by the sale of bonds bearing a lower rate of interest, but we exacted from the purchasers of these bonds gold coin or its equivalent, even while our notes were below par in coin. About $347,000,000 of these securities are now outstanding, of which $262,000,000 was sold by this administration and paid for in gold coin. It is one of the objects of those who advocate the free coinage of silver to force the government to pay these bonds in silver coin reduced in value. It is harsh to express this opinion of a measure favored by many good people, but I cannot regard it in any other light but both a fraud and a robbery, and all the worse if committed by a great, rich and free people. A citizen who should commit such an offense would be punished by the courts or denounced as dishonest, but a nation like ours is beyond the power of any tribunal but the conscience and God.

"Now, fellow citizens, I have said all I desire to say at present on the free coinage of silver. I have the confident hope that the great body of the Republicans and Democrats representing the conservative element of our people will stamp their rebuke upon this measure of infamy and thus preserve intact the honor, the credit and glory of our great country. This matter of the free coinage of silver and the degradation of the standard of values involves not only questions of money, but of honor and good faith. When their honor is involved, the people never fail to respond.

"They have complied with every promise and paid every debt contracted since the organization of the National government as it became due. They have paid four-fifths of the debt contracted during the Civil War, and the prospect was hopeful that all of it would be paid before the close of this century, but this reversing of our standards of value has, like the fire bell at night, startled and alarmed our people.

"Let us settle it by following the action of Washington, Hamilton, Jefferson, Benton, Hunter, Lincoln and Grant. Let us maintain silver and gold at par with each other at the legal ratio of 16 to 1, until a conference among nations can prescribe common standards of value. In the meantime let no act be done, no policy be adopted, no expedient resorted to that will tarnish the honor of this great Republic."

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL

For German, French and Spanish, opens Monday, August 17th, in the Macdonough block. Day and evening classes.

A Couple of Mishaps.

Charles Magagnos tried to ride his bicycle between a hack and an express wagon last night, but miscalculated his distance and got telescoped. He was treated at the Receiving Hospital by Dr. Hamlin, who found that his right shoulder blade was broken.

William Cochran, aged 58, was also treated at the hospital yesterday. He had been kicked over the eye at the race track.

A Lecture.

A lecture will be given at Kohler & Chase Hall, corner of Eleventh and Broadway, Sunday evening, August 16th, at 8 o'clock, under the auspices of the Socialist Labor party. The subject will be "Quack Remedies for Social Ills."

Our Mother's Mush is made in Oakland.

Bay City Flour is pure.

W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New and Second-Hand Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc. "Modern" furniture bought or exchanged. Auction sales on premises. Call and see us. 462-464 Thirteenth street.

"Cracker Jack" will strike your fancy.

DIED.

DAVIS—In this city, August 14, 1896, Sarah, beloved child of George E. and Henrietta Davis, aged 2 years and 7 days. Funeral at 2 o'clock SUNDAY, August 16th.

GARDNER—In this city, August 15, 1896, James E., beloved husband of Amanda Gardner and father of Charles E. Gardner and Mrs. H. L. Whitehead, a native of Maine, aged 66 years.

ODDFELLOWS, Take Notice—Members of Oakland Union, No. 66, U. B. of C. & J. of A., will meet at their hall, 1015 Clay st, Sunday, Aug. 16th, at 2 P. M., to attend the funeral of Brother John G. Fladbury. H. W. H. [illegible], President; R. Reid, Secretary.

AMONG THE ARTISTS.

A Review and Criticism of the Doings in Local Circles.

Sir John Millais Will Be Much Missed by the Painters.

The death of Sir John Millais, which occurred on the 13th instant, has left a void in the world of art that can never be filled.

At the death of Lord Leighton early in this year, Sir John was elected to the Presidency of the Royal Academy and art looked for much that would have been accomplished had the illustrious member of the Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood but lived to carry out his cherished ideas in regard to the Academy.

Millais was born in 1829, being 67 years old at the time of his demise. He was a warm personal friend of John Ruskin and it was on William E. Gladstone's recommendation that he was made a baronet.

Millais was a native of the island of Jersey and very proud of his Norman ancestry.

"Thackery once asked me," said he, in a recent interview with Frances H. Low in the Strand Magazine, "meaning to get a rise out of me, when England took Jersey; and I remember how he laughed when I said, decisively, "Never; Jersey conquered England."

In speaking of his early life in the same interview, Sir John said: "I never had any encouragement at all. All my early pictures were dammed by the critics, and my parents were so discouraged that my father said over and over again: "Give up painting, Jack, and take to something else." I have had a happy life on the whole, but my youth was very unhappy. I had to work hard, illustrating and doing portraits and all sorts of inferior work, to help at home, ever since I was a lad, and my early pictures received nothing but abuse. The critics were a greater power then than they are today; and however it may have been with other men, I had no consciousness of ultimate triumph then. I went on for years in a storm of disapproval. I am always dissatisfied and when a picture is done, I loathe it and never want to see it again. After a time I can regard it from an objective point of view; but even then, every thing comes back to me, and I get for the moment the same feelings."

Art students will be interested in the following remarks he made:

"I do not believe much in direct instruction. Surround a boy with great art, and he will learn. And if he is too stupid to learn from the models before him, he is no good at all."

In speaking of the younger generation, he said: "I think the great defect today—I cannot help seeing it in young men—is the want of reverence. Until a young man can admire, nay, until he can give homage, there is no help for him. It is the first maxim to impress on a young man, and one that seems to me in danger of being forgotten in this age of scepticism and cynicism."

Artists on this coast will look forward with interest to the selection of Millais' successor.

* * *

A rumor that I believe has not appeared in print is that Edward F. Searles intends making a large cash donation to the Hopkins Art Institute. It is to be hoped that the "near future" will not be too far away. What a great stride in Western art if he should, and Arthur Matthews were given full charge of the Institute.

* * *

A good story is told on "Jimmy" Swinnerton," the Examiner's caricaturist.

Perhaps next to politicians, Swinnerton's best hits are at the "willie boys" although he himself spends a great deal of time on his personal appearance.

The Examiner sent him up to Sacramento during the late Republican Convention in that city, and the readers of the Examiner know how well he depicted the various types of people he met there.

It seems that ex-Railroad Commissioner William Peckman and Senator "Lige" Hart had been having a lot of fun over some of "Swin's" caricatures, and one day, just before a session of the convention was called to order, they were sitting talking of some of his "take offs" of the previous day when Swin himself dressed in the swellest fashion and carrying a cane two sizes too large for him, came in and sat down a few seats ahead of them.

Neither Hart nor Beckman had ever met Swinnerton, so it is not surprising that Hart hastily took up a piece of paper and wrote the following note to an Examiner correspondent, whim whom he was acquainted: "Send Swin around immediately; we have a character for him."

The story teller did not say whom the drinks were on.

* * *

I should like to ask the reporter who reviewed the art exhibit at the Oakland Exposition in last Tuesday's Enquirer wherein lies the superiority of Miss Porter's work over the work of either Miss Miller or Miss Roberts. It is easy to say "this is good" or "this is poor" or "this is best," and reporters often abuse their privileges.

* * *

There is an unusually fine portrait of Maurice Gronlund in the studio of Marius Dahlgren in this city. Mr. Dahlgren did the portrait in three sittings and he has succeeded in a remarkable degree in catching the deep character of the celebrated socialist's face.

While the portrait is good in both color and drawing, the flesh tints first appeal to the eye. I have seldom seen a finer specimen of Dahlgren's handiwork.

* * *

An Oakland lady, whose daughter showed phenomenal talent in drawing, removed her daughter from the Hopkins Art School lately, because she had been advanced to the life class and probably cheated the world of another Bonheur.

Prejudice against life classes seems not to have abated.

* * *

Carlos T. Wilson, a San Francisco boy, is busily engaged at Bakersfield on a picture that he intends exhibiting at the much talked of International art exhibition in Guatemala next March.

R. TISTE.

American Students in France.

Americans must regard it as a very friendly act on the part of France in admitting our students to her very excellent universities. Official information has reached the Government at Washington that the courses in the faculty of letters will soon be opened to foreigners. It was fully expected that this would follow. The instruction given by the faculties of science is already free to foreign students, and it is said that a great increase has taken place in the number of inscriptions, not only at Paris but also at the other cities and towns in France where universities are located. It is alleged that fifty or more Americans are already enrolled in France. The students perhaps might otherwise have gone to Germany and then again they may not have been drawn from the German clientele. It is curious to note that a large number of Germans have been attracted to France since the new decree was promulgated in January last. When it is realized that the instruction given is free, or practically so, we can judge how generous and how deserving of gratitude the French Government has shown itself to be in this matter.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

The Week's Failures.

The Bradstreet Mercantile Agency reports twenty-two failures for the Pacific Coast States and Territories for the week ending today as compared with twenty-one for the previous week and seventeen for the corresponding week of 1895. The failures for the past week are divided among the trades as follows: One shingle mill, one dye works, five grocers, two general stores, two saloons, one hats, one candy manufacturer, one wines and liquors, one painter, one merchant tailor, one electrician, two dry goods, two plumbers and one harness.

The Big 4 Co's SNAPS

12½ CTS PER SET of 3 Pieces.
25 CTS PER SET of 6 Pieces.
50 CTS PER SET of 12 Pieces.
75 CTS PER SET of 18 Pieces.

PRETTY LUNCH SETS DECORATED

Profits Divided with Customers who COME DIRECT TO OUR MONEY SAVING STORES.

Fruit Jars: 45c per Doz. Pints; 55c per Doz. Quarts; 75c per Doz. Half Gallons; 30c per Doz. Jelly Glasses

BIG PRESENTS FREE

Great American Importing Tea Co.

MONEY 917 Broadway, Oakland
SAVING 1053 Washington St. "
131 San Pablo Ave. "
616 E. Twelfth St. "
STORES 1355 Park St., Alameda

FREE SUGAR
A Package given Each Customer

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Bay City Flour—Purest.

Bay City Flour—ask your grocer for it.

MAINLY FOR MOTHERS

You love your children. Knowingly you would not give them diseased milk. It may be cheaper than ours, but sickness and death are the penalties of using it. Our milk is fresh, thick and pure. Served twice daily. Will you try us?

OAKLAND CREAM DEPOT
1967 BROADWAY
TEL. MAIN 747 J. A. BLISS, Prop't

MRS. A. BAUMANN,

Late of the Royal Conservatory of Leipsig, has opened a season of

Vocal Instruction

at her Music Studio, on the west side of Piedmont ave., third house from Moss avenue.

A limited number of pupils will be given instruction in voice culture, solo and choral work.

MRS. BAUMANN studied in Germany under Prof. Goetze and other noted masters.

Notice Inviting Street Work Proposals.—Pursuant to statute and to Resolution No. 22,400 of the Council of the City of Oakland, adopted August 10th, 1896, directing this notice, the undersigned invites and will receive at his office in the City Hall, up to 5 o'clock P. M. of the 24th day of August, 1896, sealed proposals or bids for the following street work, to be done according to the specifications posted and on file, therefor adopted or herein mentioned, or as contained in its Ordinance No. 1,422, approved May 12th, 1896, to-wit:

That Goss street in said City, from a line parallel to the Northern Railway tracks and distant on the center line of Goss street 187 feet westerly from the western line of Cedar street to a point 150 feet westerly from the western line of Bay street, except such portion thereof as is required by law to be kept in order or repair by any person or company having railroad tracks thereon, be graded, curbed with wood and macadamized with class "C" macadam, gutters to be constructed of broken rock, three feet wide and grouted; also that four bituminous cross walks of class B be constructed in the crossing of Bay street; also that two grouted valleys four feet wide of broken rock be constructed in the crossing of Bay street.

Bidders must file with each proposal or bid either a check, payable to the order of the Mayor of said City, certified by a responsible bank, for an amount which shall be not less than ten per cent of the aggregate of the proposal, or else a bond for said amount; and so payable, signed by the bidder and by two sureties, who shall justify before any officer competent to administer an oath, in double the said amount and over and above all statutory exemptions.

Office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland, City Hall, Aug. 14th, 1896.

J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.

Notice Inviting Street Work Proposals.—Pursuant to statute and to Resolution No. 22,403 of the Council of the City of Oakland, adopted August 10th, 1896, directing this notice, the undersigned invites and will receive at his office in the City Hall, up to 5 o'clock P. M. of the 24th day of August, 1896, sealed proposals or bids for the following street work, to be done according to the specifications posted and on file, therefor adopted or herein mentioned, or as contained in its Ordinance No. 1,422, approved August 10th, 1896, to-wit:

That East 19th street in said City, from the eastern line of Fifth avenue to the western line of Thirteenth avenue, excepting therefrom the crossings of the following streets, to-wit: Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth avenues, be re-graded, curbed with wood and macadamized with class "C" macadam; gutters to be constructed of broken rock, three feet wide and grouted; the wooden curbing is to be excepted from the work in the following places, to-wit: on both sides from the eastern line of Seventh avenue to the western line of Eighth avenue; on the north side from the eastern line of Twelfth avenue to the western line of Thirteenth avenue; on the north side from the eastern line of Sixth avenue to a point 4.25 feet easterly therefrom; from a point 150.75 feet easterly from the eastern line of Sixth avenue to a point 14.15 feet easterly therefrom; also from the western line of Seventh avenue to a point 15 feet westerly therefrom.

Bidders must file with each proposal or bid either a check, payable to the order of the Mayor of said City, certified by a responsible bank, for an amount which shall be not less than ten per cent of the aggregate of the proposal, or else a bond for said amount; and so payable, signed by the bidder and by two sureties, who shall justify before any officer competent to administer an oath, in double the said amount and over and above all statutory exemptions.

Office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland, City Hall, Aug. 14th, 1896.

J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.

Oakland Tribune

PUBLISHED DAILY. (Sunday excepted)

—at—

413, 415 and 417 EIGHTH STREET

—by the—

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING COMPANY.

WILLIAM E. DARGIE, President.

Delivered by Carrier.

AT FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

OUR EASTERN OFFICE.

The Eastern office of The Tribune is located at 230 Temple Court Building, New York City. Complete files of The Tribune may be found there. Visitors always welcome.

E. KATZ, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

Oakland—"Wolves of New York."
Baldwin—"The Masqueraders."
California—"The Irish Artist."
Orpheum—Specialties.
Tivoli Opera House—"The Huguenots."
Columbia—"The Great Unknown."
Morosco's—"The Two Orphans."

PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.

August 15—Court Hubertus, A. O. F., of San Francisco.

THE WEATHER.

FORECAST MADE AT SAN FRANCISCO FOR 36 HOURS ENDING AUGUST 16, 1896.

Northern California: Fair tonight and Sunday except partly cloudy in the northwest portion tonight; fresh to brisk westerly winds.

Southern California: Fair tonight and Sunday except cloudy in the south portion tonight; fresh westerly winds.

SAN FRANCISCO AND VICINITY.

Partly cloudy tonight, Sunday fair; brisk southwest wind.

W. H. HAMMON,
Forecast Official.

UNION LABEL — Typographical — Oakland No. 36

SATURDAY.....AUGUST 15, 1896

Pingree who has been nominated by the Republicans for Governor of Michigan is a Republican with a silver lining. He was taken up by the party because he was personally popular, and every body wanted him. His free silver heresies, considered as perfectly harmless. His pinochle patches are of far more consequence.

It is reported that John J. Ingalls is drawing immense crowds in his personal campaign for re-election to the United States Senate. Senator Peffer has announced himself as the Populist candidate for the retention of his seat in the Senate. John does not now regard a seat in the Senate as an "irridescent dream;" but in dead earnest to make his calling and election sure.

How long does a locomotive last? Some careful experiments which have been made in England prove that the life of a locomotive is about 500,000 "train miles." In other words, that a locomotive of the latest approved pattern will run 500,000 miles before wearing out so as to be useless. In making this run of 500,000 miles the fire box will have to be renewed three times, the wheel tires five or six times, and the crank axles from three to five times. Some years ago there was a line of dead locomotives standing on the track of the railroad near the mole. Most of these were broken up for old metal. Occasionally an old second hand locomotive is made to do duty for a season for the loggers.

There has been a great improvement since the introduction of electricity in making power belts. What is said to be perhaps the largest belt that has ever been manufactured is to be used by the Louisiana Electric Light and Power Company, New Orleans, and is 7 feet wide, 150 feet long, is three-ply or ¾-inch thick, and weighs 3300 pounds. In its construction selection was made from 450 whole hides of pure oak tannage, and it was made under a hydraulic pressure of 250 tons, for which purpose a special press was constructed. The belt is constructed without rivets, pegs or other fastenings save cement. It is looked upon with considerable pride by its manufacturers, the Chicago Belting Company, South Canal street, Chicago. The mammoth size of the engine which is to be used in connection with this belt is also of interest. It is an Allis of the Corliss type, and of 3000 horse-power, the fly-wheel alone weighing 85 tons, while the engine itself weighs about 500,000 pounds.

This is the recent fortune of a famous picture: "The Slave Market at Cairo," that received the gold medal at the Paris Salon in 1891, was suppressed by the authorities in Glasgow, Scotland. The following extract from the Scotsman appeared the next day: "The Interdict of the Nude in Glasgow.—In connection with the refusal of the Glasgow magistrates to allow the painting, "The Slave Market at Cairo," to be exhibited in that city, the interest created in the picture was so great that two policemen had to be placed at the door of the premises in Gordon street, where it is housed, to prevent the public forcing an entrance. Throughout the day a large crowd hung about the doors in expectation that the exhibitor would defy the order of the magistrate." As a result the picture obtained a widespread advertisement, and hundreds of reproductions of it have been spread broadcast, so if there is anything innately wrong or harmful in the picture its effect has been increased a hundredfold by this Glasgow interdiction."

It is given to a few persons to have a wonderful power over animals. It is said that Rosa Bonheur has repeatedly gone into a cage full of strange lions and tigers and the animals have never resented her intrusion. On the contrary, they put up their heads to be scratched and show the greatest delight. For a long time she kept at "Ty" a lion that had been refused by the different circus managers on account of his fierce, untamable disposition, but no sooner did Rosa Bonheur take him in hand than he developed the greatest affection for her. Day by day she painted the magnificent beast, occasionally rewarding his patient posing with a caress. When, however, Mme. Bonheur became so absorbed in her work that she would forget all about him, very gently indeed would the king of beasts put up his paw to call her attention to the fact that his head had

Despatching Incurables.

It is not the least value of a religious discourse that it sets people to thinking. So much was accomplished by the discourse delivered last Sunday by a minister of this city. It was suggested that the time would come when from humane considerations the lives of incurables might be terminated by a Commission.

Christian ethics for eighteen centuries has been teaching the value of human life. It has nowhere rendered any judgment in favor of its voluntary abbreviation, except for capital crimes. And even in these exceptional instances, there has always been a conviction that the destruction of life was not necessary. In many States, at one time and another, capital punishment has been abolished as much on the score of humanity as for any other reason. Because the murderer had taken one life it did not always square with the public conscience that the community should take another.

With the advance of civilization, there has come to be a distinct culture of what might be called the humanities. This progress is not concerned with the extinguishment of human life; but rather in its preservation. Under this teaching no life is valueless. All human life is sacred. The boast of this later civilization is that it has lengthened the average duration of human life nearly ten years; and that it will yet add another ten years to its duration.

It encourages to the utmost the building of hospitals for the incurable, and makes their lives as comfortable as possible to the end. It would shock the sensibilities of most persons to suggest that all these unfortunates should be killed as an act of humanity. The suggestion would be more likely to appeal in some instances to the selfish side of society. The best way to be rid of the burden would be to kill off all who by reason of infirmities, would have before them only years of suffering. Society and the incurables would both be benefited. The tendency of the argument in favor of extinguishing life, seems to us to be in that direction. It appeals as much to the selfishness of society as to its humanity. Some new principle will need to be introduced into ethical culture before a clear judgment can be pronounced in favor of any plan for the voluntary ending of human life under any circumstances.

Confidence and Business.

It cannot be truthfully denied that since the nomination of the Populist-Democratic ticket there has been a visible loss of business confidence. If the election of these candidates would be a good thing for the country, even a remote probability of success ought in some degree, to revive business confidence. But instead of this the tendency is in just the opposite direction. There is a constant assault on the credit of the country.

There are thousands who believe today that the worst calamity that could happen to the country since the civil war, would be the success of the combined Populist-Democratic ticket. The difficulty is not with the currency. That is good enough for present use. The trouble is that business does not revive and will not as long as these assaults upon confidence are maintained. Ex-Governor Cornell of New York, in a letter to Bryan puts the whole case in a nut shell:

"You were born after Lincoln made his Cooper Institute speech. You were a babe in arms when secession fired its cannon upon Sumpter. What good is it for you to tell us about what Jefferson and Jackson thought about finance? They knew nothing about the financial conditions and necessities of the American people of this generation. The general merits or otherwise of bimetallism or monometallism in abstract are not the vital questions that afflict us today. What might have been properly considered in detail in the coinage of 1872 or the resumption bill of 1875, is one thing, but what is wise to consider now in view of the present surroundings and conditions is wholly different. The present sufferings of our people are caused by events that have occurred within the past twenty years, and need to be treated from the present standpoint and wholly with reference to the future. We need a safe and smooth road from our existing wilderness of difficulties to a future of prosperity and consequent contentment. Our ordinary currency is abundantly good for present purposes, and the only thing needed immediately is a condition of confidence in financial affairs that will set the mill wheels in motion and increase the employment of labor. Give us only that and every other good thing will follow."

The mission of the Republican party is to restore confidence, credit and business prosperity. It promises to do what the present administration has failed to do. It looks for nothing but new disasters to the country from a party which in its new combination, at the outset assails that public credit which is the foundation of all national prosperity.

True and False Issues.

There is a strong inclination among the Bryan wing of Democrats and Populists to raise false issues. One of these is an effort to array class against class, and especially to excite prejudice against all who happen to be in prosperous circumstances. Poor men and rich men are found, in all parties. Ignorant men and well instructed men are found there. Some of the richest men in the country are the owners of silver mines and of course, are endorsers of the Chicago platform. Some of the rich men of the country are interested in banks, rail roads and manufacturing enterprises, and are staunch supporters of the Republican platform.

The attempt to excite prejudice against prosperous men is anarchistic. It has its fruitful source at present among a class who are nominally Populists but who use that association as their disguise for class hatred. In all the political campaigns there are some abuses of the liberty of speech. Many of these excesses are tolerated as incidents of the occasion. But this one abuse ought not to find any toleration. It is low, vulgar and vicious. It simply inculcates personal hatred without having a single redeeming quality.

There are about fourteen million electors in the country. Among these grave issues in this campaign will be discussed without resorting to petty ones. In a campaign of education one of the best results would be to educate a dangerous class out of hatred and a desire to defame and execrate every body who has attained some degree of worldly prosperity.

Sounding for Safety.

It is remarkable that in the instances of the two steam ships which went ashore recently in a fog within a hundred miles of San Francisco, the lead was not used for sounding in either instance. It was known to the masters of both ships that they were close to land. In the case of the Columbia the fog whistles could be heard. Yet no soundings were made. The master of the St. Paul thought he was about a mile and a half from land when the ship was going onto the rocks. But he admits that he did not use the lead at all.

Along the Atlantic coast the lead is always a means of safety when a ship is approaching the shore in thick weather. The coast line of the Pacific is different from that of the Atlantic. There the water gradually shoals. The ship master who is an experienced navigator, knows the bottom, both from his chart and from the hundreds and perhaps thousands of times he has taken soundings. Is the lead of no use on the Pacific Coast? One seldom hears that it is used when there is doubt about the position of a ship. Yet even along the Pacific shore it would seem that the master ought to know how much water he has under his vessel before she strikes the rocks.

Here is an instance where the genius of the new woman comes in full play. It is noted by an Eastern exchange: "Miss Ella Adams has worked up a moderately lucrative profession for herself of quite a novel character. She repairs engravings and books, more commonly the latter, which are impaired by the ravages of bookworms and the defacements of time. She began her work in private collections, but later found abundance of work in some of those public libraries which number old books and manuscripts among their treasures. In making the restoration, paper of a certain quality is reduced to a pulp with water, tinted to match the exact shade of the leaf to be mended. A particle of gum tragacanth is added to assist adhesion, a sheet of celluloid is laid under the leaf, the hole or fissure is filled carefully with the pulp, another sheet of celluloid laid over it, and a gentle, steady pressure employed. This, Miss Adams says, is her entire process; but one may assert that extreme delicacy of manipulation is an important element of her success."

The gravest charge recently brought against Li Hung Chang is that he is a Democrat, because having consumed two bottles of champaign and part of another in two hours, he went home perfectly sober. It is maintained that only a Democrat could have remained sober under such circumstances. But if he had been a Bryan Democrat he would have been talking through his hat.

EVENTS OF THIS DATE

A Daily Resume of History for Your Scrap Book.

On August 15 of the years named occurred the following important events in the world's history:

HOLIDAYS.

Saints Alipius, Maccarbin, Aid, Arnoul.

BIRTHS.

1509—Admiral Robert Blake.
1688—Frederick William I of Prussia.
1769—Napoleon Bonaparte.
1771—Sir Walter Scott.
1785—Thomas de Quincy, author.

DEATHS.

1038—St. Stephen, first king of Hungary.
1369—Philippa, Queen of Edward III of England.
1738—Joseph Miller, comedian.
1746—Nicholas Hubert de Mongault, translator of Cicero's letters.
1786—Thomas Tyrwhitt, editor of Chaucer.
1880—Adelaide Neilson.
1885—Isaac Revere, veteran of 1812.
1838—John Howell, Buffalo, N. Y.
1839—Prof. Elias Loomis, LL. D.
1893—Carl Mueller.
1895—Olive L. Willson, contralto.
1895—P. T. Rothermel, painter "Battle of Gettysburg."
185—Matthew A. Geoffrey French historian.

OTHER EVENTS.

1761—Family compact of the Bourbons.
1780—Engagement at Ford of the Wateree, S. C.
1812—Detroit surrendered to the British.
1813—Fort Dearborn evacuated by the Americans.
1812—First steamboat in European waters, the Comet, made its initial trip.
1846—First issue of the "Californian" at Monterey; first paper published in California.
1850—Admission into the Union of California as a free State.
1862—Engagement at Lone Jack, Mo.
1863—Kagoshima, Japan, destroyed by the British fleet.
1868—Serious riot of Turks and Greeks in Constantinople in consequence of the violation of the grave of Prince Meriditics.
1876—General Sherman disposed of troops in such a manner as to prevent fraud at the polls on election day.
1882—The statue of O'Connell unveiled at Dublin and presented to the city.
1884—Chinese refused to pay 2nd annuity and declared war with France.
1886—Theft of $30,000 in cash from Adams Express Company safe in Philadelphia.
1887—The cornerstone of the Bennington, Vt., battle monument laid.
1888—Convent of Sacred Heart, New York, burned; loss $1,000,000.
1893—Receivers appointed for the Northern Pacific Railroad.
1893—Grain and elevators burned at Buffalo, N. Y., loss $800,000.
1893—Decision in the Behring Sea arbitration rendered.
1894—The explorer Wellman and party arrived in Tromsoe, Norway, having abandoned their attempt to find the North Pole.
1894—The Commission appointed to investigate the railroad strike in Chicago began its work.
1895—A British schooner fired upon by a Venezuelan gunboat off Island of Trinidad.

HUMOROUS.

"Does young Whittle know much about politics?"

"Yes; I think he does. He has had several chances to run for office and didn't do it."

"It does seem like that feller is mighty anxious to git 'lected ter somethin' that has a salary attached to it," said the rural politician.

"That's so. I can't make up my mind which he's doin' workin' for our principles or trying ter make our principle work fur him."

Young medical student (to charity patient)—"I think you must have a—some children. I'm going around the corner to have a dress fitted."

Faithful—"Yes, mum. Will ye take the night key, or shall I set up for ye?"—Texas Sifter.

"Is there anything certain in this uncertain world?"

"Yes, if you cut anything out of a newspaper there is always something more valuable on the other side."

Detroit Free Press: "Did I hear that your mule was struck by lightning, Eph?"

"Ya-as; sah, dar was a powerful bolt hit de mule right behind his eahs."

"Did it kill him?"

"No, sah; but it done broke up de sto'm."

Truth: Mrs. Gazzam—Why is the ringing of a bell made obligatory upon bicycle riders? Mr. Gazzam—It gives their victims time to make an ejaculatory prayer.

MENU FOR TOMORROW.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 16.

BREAKFAST.

Fruit.

Oatmeal Sugar and Cream
Hashed Liver on Toast.
French Fried Potatoes.
Pop Overs Coffee

DINNER.

Normandy Soup.
Roast Beef Mashed Potatoes
Stuffed Peppers Tomatoes and Okra
Watercress French Dressing
Wafers Cheese
Frozen Peaches
Coffee.

SUPPER.

Frog's Legs Saute (in Chafing Dish)
Tomato Mayonnaise
Fruit Charlotte Layer Cake

NOTES AND EXCERPTS.

The Queen of Denmark, who although 78 years of age, is still pretty and retains her vivacity and charm, declares that the only way she keeps young is by having young people about her. She always has a houseful of them, and likes nothing better than to be surrounded by her grandchildren and their friends. She affirms that she is aunt of all Europe to which she is not grandmother.

Miss Carrie Sawyer of New York on the day after the Fourth, with a friend, being rowed about on Rockland Lake by a couple of young men. She suddenly called to them to pull straight ahead, and, standing up, unfastened her skirt. She stood revealed in a skirt waist and black bloomers, and to the surprise of the young men, who had obeyed her orders about rowing, she dived from the boat and appeared with a young boy whom she had grasped as he was sinking for the third time.

Is there not something heroic in the statement which it is said the present Vanderbilt bridegroom made to an intimate friend, that if his father disinherited him and he was obliged to start out in life a poor man he "would not be the first Vanderbilt who started thus?" For a young man to resolve bravely to face the world with the paltry two millions that his grandfather left him smacks of courage indeed. With an island full of dukes and duchesses and earls and things, relatives by marriage, cabling congratulations from the other side, this young hero does well to face love in a cottage, thus assured still of social recognition. Ten to one the cottage will be neighborly for the titled relatives. There is the queen's cottage at Kew Gardens. She never lives there and while it is not as roomy as some of the Newport cottages, if it could be secured for a nominal rent, it would be a good place to worry along in and face the grinding poverty which the determined bridegroom braves. Possibly the bride's family would help a little too, on the coal and grocery bills.

Some of the road houses contiguous to New York have put out the sign, "No bicyclists entertained." The proprietors say that the presence of the wheelmen is sure to drive off their other customers, from one of whom they get more revenue than from half a dozen cyclists. It isn't that the riders of the bike are objectionable in themselves, but because they interfere with the other class of patrons. This is one of the natural results of the sport. Places that were formerly very exclusive are now easily reached on the machine, and the effect has not been to the advantage of the resorts. Whenever a suburban retreat loses the quality of exclusiveness people who pay high prices for good entertainment quit patronizing it. They will not go where the multitude can enter, and hunt out new places of recreation.

Old ladies in England advertise for bicycle chaperones to accompany daughters and grand-daughters: "Must be able to ride twenty miles an hour, so as to keep in sight of youngest daughter, who is agile and injudicious."

A TYPOGRAPHICAL BEAUTY

Is Town Talk's forty-page special number—the anniversary edition of its fourth birthday; Town Talk this week is the biggest bargain for ten cents ever offered in weekly journalism on this coast. You cannot afford to miss it. There are fine half-tones of Town Talk bubbling; editorial, composing, press and mailing departments of Town Talk; its new press, just shipped from the East; portraits of Miss Celia Tobin, Miss Beatrice Tobin, Mrs. John F. Swift, Mrs. E. O. Smith, Miss Xena Roberts, Mrs. Louise Thorndyke Boudreault, Sadie Martinot, William I. Sterrett, Henry G. W. Dinkelspiel, George W. Elder and others. The literary features include an interview with Dr. H. J. Stewart concerning a San Francisco conservatory of music; musical events; a sketch of Miss Xena Roberts, and items of interest to music lovers. Particularly clear, logical and convincing are the editorials this week, and "General Biffs" Political Chat teems with personal anecdotes. There is a "Story of Diamonds," translated from the French by Alice Ziska; another story, "El Medico," by The Idler, and a story of local interest by Lillian Plunkett Ferguson. Graphology; poems by Ella M. Sexton, W. W. Anderson and Juliette Estelle Mathis; a page about kisses; some things that Town Talk has to say in its own behalf, and other topics, are offered the reader of this sparkling journal. The society prattler talks about various midsummer weddings here in Oakland, in San Francisco, Santa Rosa and Hilo, Hawaii; the bride in the latter case being an Oakland girl. Biographical sketches of the Misses Tobin, Mrs. John F. Swift, president of the Century Club, Mrs. E. O. Smith and Miss Xena Roberts are given. The Saunterer reports Captain Schoes of the Stetson suicide, "The Scribes" offers "Chats About Actresses," the dramatic columns are replete with crisp criticisms, and all in all, Town Talk issues as handsome and readable an edition as has ever

$7 PER TON DELIVERED

COS BAY COAL

SOOTLESS
SMOKELESS

The managers of the Alameda County Exposition are conducting it in the right spirit. They are not making a catchpenny affair of it, but are managing it on broad lines. The issuing of 2,500 free tickets to Alameda school children yesterday is a good illustration of the large and generous way in which they do things. Such methods will soon make the Exposition a permanent one—get it housed in permanent quarters and made a regular annual feature. It is wonderful that so much is done in Alameda County. We are sure that many people did not know it before, and we feel that the extent of this county's products and industries fully warrant illustration in this manner. There ought to be a rich and at the same time public spirited citizen in Oakland to give a site for a permanent Exposition Building in a central location. That being secure, without incumbrance, a building would follow naturally and readily.—Alameda Argus.

Secretary Carlisle is enjoying some of the humors of the campaign as well as perplexities. Among the letters just received by him is one signed "David Miller," Beaver City, Neb., which says: "I made a great, magnificent speech in favor of the gold standard. If I made the most points in my speech I was to get $10. It was put in an envelope, and when I opened it I found it was counterfeit. I have been defrauded. I have inclosed the bill, and want you to judge, and then send the United States marshal after them." He does not say whether it was a Pop or a Free Silver Democrat who offered the gold premium for such speeches.

FOR the best prepared mixed drinks, composed of best materials, go to the Macdonough bar (Fred. Ch. Poock).

Bay City Flour is whitest.

THE OVERLAND LIMITED.

ONLY 3½—Days to Chicago—3½.
4½—Days to New York—4½.

The Union Pacific is the only line running Pullman double drawing room sleepers and dining cars San Francisco to Chicago without change daily, and composite buffet smoking and library cars.

Upholstered Pullman tourist sleepers San Francisco to Chicago daily without change. Personally conducted tourist excursions to St. Paul and Chicago every Friday.

Steamship tickets on sale to and from all points in Europe. For tickets and sleeping car reservations apply to D. W. Hitchcock, general agent, 1 Montgomery street, San Francisco, or H. V. Blasdel, agent, 1010 Broadway, Oakland.

PHILLIPS' ROCK ISLAND EXCURSIONS.

Leave every Wednesday via Rio Grande and Rock Island Rys. Through tourist sleeping cars to Chicago and Boston. Manager and porters go through to Boston. For rates and sleeping car accommodations address W. L. ACHARD, District Pass. Agent, 972 Broadway, Oakland, or CLINTON JONES, General Agent Rock Island Railway, 20 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

—OUR—

$17.50

Black Worsted Cutaway Dress Suits

Are Equal to Other Tailors' $25.00 Garments.

EQUAL IN FIT!
EQUAL IN MATERIAL!
EQUAL IN TRIMMINGS and
EQUAL IN WORKMANSHIP

No Garment Delivered Unless Perfect Fitting.

Oakland Branch

COLUMBIAN

Woolen Mills

1005 BROADWAY.

CAPITOLA

Is charmingly situated on shore of the Bay of Monterey, four miles east of Santa Cruz on line of Broad Gauge Railroad.

Thousands visit this resort yearly to enjoy the surf bathing, salmon and trout fishing.

The hotel, situated at the very water's edge, baths, furnished and partly furnished cottages and provisions for amusements and recreation are all befitting a First Class Seaside Resort. Free camping ground. Address

F. REANIER, Supt., Capitola.

GOLD versus SILVER.

Debate on the Money Question between Congressman JAMES G. MAGUIRE AND HON. JOHN P. IRISH.

At MACDONOUGH THEATER, Oakland, Thursday evening, Aug. 20, 1896, under the auspices of C. L. A. S. No. 1.

Admission 25c. Reserved seats 25c extra. Reserved seats on sale at Reilly's Drug Store.

BLAIR PARK - Oakland

SUNDAY, AUGUST 16th,

Balloon Ascension and Parachute Jump

The new Balloon "Alma" will be inflated and

AMUSEMENTS.

Macdonough Theatre

FREEMAN GUTLOR & CO., LESSEES & MANAGERS.

Re-Opening of the Season

Engagement Extraordinary

CHARLES FROHMAN'S

Empire Theatre Company

From the Empire Theatre, New York, on its Seventh Annual Tour,

Presenting the latest successes of the leading playwrights. The opening attraction on Monday Evening, Aug. 17 will be

"THE MASQUERADERS"

Henry Arthur Jones' picturesque and powerful drama, as played by the Empire Company in New York, for over 300 nights, including the now-celebrated card-cutting scene.

THE EMPIRE COMPANY

Viola Allen, William Faversham,
J. H. Dodson, Annie Irish,
Ida Conquest, Robert Edeson,
William H. Crompton, Mrs. Thomas Whiffen,
May Robson, Ferdinand Gottschalk,
Jamison L. Finney, George C. Pearce,
Jane Harvey, Ellen Gail,
Lotta Nicol, Katherine Mulkins,
E. Y. Backus, etc.

Tuesday Evening, Aug. 18th—Clyde Fitch's exquisite comedy from the French of Henri Murger and Theodore Barriere, as played by the Empire Company in New York over 100 nights, entitled

"BOHEMIA"

A Companion Piece to "Trilby."

Wednesday Matinee, Aug. 19th—A new comedy by A. W. Pinero, author of "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," "The Amazons," "Lady Bountiful" and "Sweet Lavender," entitled

"THE BENEFIT OF THE DOUBT"

Wednesday Ev'g, Aug. 19, The Masqueraders

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

OAKLAND THEATER.

Twelfth and Webster Streets.

FRANK BACON - - - Manager

Telephone 59.

TO-NIGHT and Every Night This Week

The Bacon Company, supporting

LEONARD GROVER, JR. —AND— MAY NOBLES } Direct from the Alcazar, S. F.

—IN—

WOLVES OF NEW YORK

Seven truck loads of Scenery. Five Acts and Twenty Scenes. Thirty people in the Cast.

Popular Prices—Saturday Matinee 10c and 20c. Evenings, 10c, 20c, 30c. Tickets on sale at Reilly's Drug Store, 1065 Broadway.

Next week—"Cad, the Tom Boy."

OAKLAND MONDAY AUG. 31

EXHIBITION GROUNDS
30th & GROVE STS.

FIRST APPEARANCE IN THIS CITY OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOWS COMBINED

THAT HAS MADE ALL AMERICA TALK

THE GREAT

ADAM FOREPAUGH

—AND—

SELLS BROTHERS

America's Greatest Shows

CONSOLIDATED



"It brings into alliance the three biggest show enterprises in the World."—New York Recorder

THE NATION'S SHOW, THERE IS NO OTHER

Creation's Crowning Thousand Wonders.

2 BIGGEST MENAGERIES ON EARTH
2 BIGGEST CIRCUSES ON EARTH
2 BIGGEST HIPPODROMES ON EARTH

All the Rarest Living Features and Greatest Artists on Earth.

2 Biggest Herd of Elephants

AND THE BEST TRAINED ON EARTH.

The Only Trained Sea Lions and Seals,
Pair of Giant Hippopotami,
Tremendous Two-Horned Sumatra Rhinoceros,
Monster Polar Bear, Flock of Ostriches,
African Eland, Ethiopian Gnu, Niger Antelope
We Have Them All, No One Else Has.

100—CHARIOT DENS—100

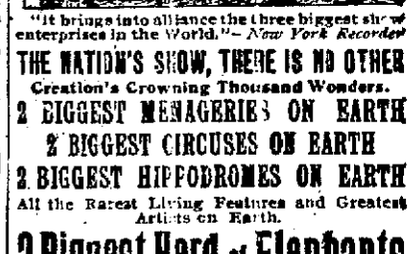
AQUARIUMS AND CARS.

4 RINGS, 2 STAGES, AND AIR TRIUMPHS

300 CHAMPIONS, 100 ACTS.

All the Superbest Races of all Time

Eminent Amusement Contests of All Nations.
THE ONLY LADY CLOWNS
AND RING MISTRESSES
A REAL ROYAL JAPANESE CIRCUS.
BIG PERFORMING ANIMAL ARENA.
CHILDREN'S TOPSY TURVY CIRCUS.



Double Street Parades

OF POTENTIAL SPLENDORS

At 10 a. m. MONDAY AUG. 31

Two Performances ONLY, at 2 and 8 P. M.

Doors Open an Hour Earlier.

Seating capacity 15,000, 25 Uniformed Ushers. Numbered Coupon actually reserved seats on sale at Bowman & Co., Drug Store, cor. Ninth and Broadway.

OAKLAND MONDAY AUG. 31

The days are pleasant; the country enchanting. The nights are beautiful; the ride delightful.

NOW IS THE TIME

HAYWARDS PARK IS THE PLACE

The Oakland, San Leandro & Haywards Electric Railway is the means.

Cars leave Seventh and Washington streets on every hour and half hour during the day.

HO! FOR THE TERRACE!

LEADING BATHS OF ALAMEDA COUNTY.

Grand Re-Opening Next Sunday.

Hot Salt Water, Porcelain Tub Baths! Surf and Tank Bathing! The water is constantly reinforced from the Bay. Accommodations first-class!

Louis Shroeder, Manager.

Location—Head of Webster St., Alameda.

LEONA HEIGHTS

(Formerly Laundry Farm.) Hotel and family resort. Located at the most picturesque pleasure grounds in the State.

PART 2. # OAKLAND TRIBUNE PAGES 9 to 12

VOL. XXXXII. OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15, 1896. NO. 39.

SINGING SOCIETIES.

Oakland Organizations Are Prominent in Musical Circles.

AN ORATORIO IS ANNOUNCED.

St. John's Church Choir About to Indulge in a Reunion.

MANY ARTISTIC AFFAIRS.

Talented Amateurs Who Are Doing Much Notable Work.

There has not been anything of material consequence in musical Oakland this week but with the return of the summer outers things are brightening up and the activity already under way, presages a winter full of enjoyable concerts and other musical affairs.

***

An event of interest in the local musical world will be the celebration of the tenth anniversary of the organization of the vestal choir of St. John's Episcopal Church, Wednesday evening, August 26th. It is worthy of special note for many reasons. St. John's choir was almost the pioneer choir of its kind on this coast and is probably the only one which, being a success from the start, can claim ten years of uninterrupted work. Another remarkable fact is that during all this time it has been under the same leadership. The organization was effected by Miss Sherman and she continues to direct the band of singers ably.

At present the choir is in need of a few more tenor and bass voices. It is certainly one of the best choirs in the city and is now, I believe, the only vested choir of male voices here.

The wonderful success during the past is a proof that the public likes and appreciates the singing as rendered by such a choir. It is only when the choruses are poor in quality and the voices show the lack of interest and zeal felt by the choir boys, that a congregation objects to vested male choirs.

St. John's choir is in itself an answer to innovators who object to vested male singers as old fashioned. It also refutes the charge that boys are irregular in attending choir practice. A little energy and perseverance combined with a certain amount of tact on the part of the director is all that is required to obtain and train a choir that will prove an attractive feature of the church worship.

The anniversary will be celebrated by a choir service at 8 P. M. at which all ex-members are invited to be present. This will be followed by a banquet in the hall adjoining and addresses will be made by several persons.

It was hoped that good old Father Akerley could be in attendance and his presence is possible, though declining years are telling on the reverend gentleman.

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The Friday morning Club listened to its first lecture on "Music" yesterday morning and the attendance was certainly gratifying to the promoters of the new plan.

Professor Otto Bendix gave a most interesting talk of suggestive hints to piano players and dealing cleverly with the noticeable features of the work of two masters, Bach and Beethoven. He illustrated his talk by playing movements of the different compositions being discussed and later played the compositions as a whole. In this manner he analyzed Bach's "Fantasie," and "Fugue" in G Minor, Beethoven's "Sonata Appassionate," and Schumann's "Papillons."

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It is gratifying to note the interest that is being taken in singing at present and the efforts vocalists are making to improve and cultivate their voices. This is especially true among the feminine singers. No sooner has the Friday Morning Club reorganized and begun regular work again, than another Ladies' Musical Association is organized under the plain and unassuming title of the "Ladies' Singing Society." The work of the society will be largely on the same lines as the Orpheus Club and equally favorable results may be expected as D. P. Hughes will also direct this club.

The ladies met and organized this week and will meet again Wednesday in Kohler & Chase's Hall, when regular practice will begin.

The society has capable officers and should be most successful. The officers elected are: President, Eliza T. Wilkes Vice President, Miss Mary Cameron; Treasurer, Mrs. W. E. Montgomery; Secretary, Miss Carrie Brown Dexter; Librarian, Miss E. M. Sherman; Musical Director, D. P. Hughes; Committee on Music, Mrs. Beatrice Priest-Fine, Mrs. Lana Carroll Nicholson, Miss Eliza P. Brown; Committee on Voices, Mrs. A. M. Benham, Mrs. J. A. Campbell, Mrs. Blake-Alverson and Mrs. Olive Reed.

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I heard yesterday that Miss Lizzie Boyer, who is visiting here from New York, has decided to extend her trip for two weeks longer. She is now stopping with Mrs. Bresse of San Francisco but she will probably give us another opportunity of hearing her sweet voice at some private concert on this side of the bay.

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It was unfortunate that Miss Jones, the Black Patti of the Orpheum, should have been suffering from such a severe cold at her appearance at the Exposition yesterday afternoon. She was very generous in the matter of encores and responded several times in answer to the applause.

Her singing of her familiar Southern melodies was especially charming, though otherwise she did not show the remarkable degree of talent which clever managers and press agents have tried to make the public believe she possessed.

THE TENOR.

"HEROES OF '76."

An Opera of War Times Which Will Shortly Be Given.

Alfred Wilkie has in preparation a new opera entitled "The Heroes of '76," which he expects to present soon for the benefit of the war veterans.

The members and ladies of the G. A. R. are interested in the movement and have appointed a committee to make preliminary arrangements.

The opera will probably be given some time near the middle of October.

"THE LIGHT OF ASIA."

A Good Concert Arranged by the Oratorio Societies.

Considerable interest is manifested in the coming concert soon to be given by the Oakland Oratorio Society in conjunction with the San Francisco society.

The "Light of Asia" is a very captivating, melodious work and under the leadership of James Hamilton Howe promises to be given an excellent rendition.

All singers are cordially invited to meet with the chorus for rehearsal at the First M. E. Church, Fourteenth and Clay streets, at 7:45 o'clock Monday evenings.

A TALENTED MUSICIAN.

Mrs. A. Baumann Has Located in Oakland's Suburbs.

There is a musician of note residing near Oakland, whom the public in general have not heard much of lately. She is Mrs. A. Baumann, and although now remaining somewhat obscured in her home on Piedmont, near Moss avenue, enjoys a musical reputation such as few on the coast can lay claim to.

Mrs. Baumann is a graduate from the Royal Conservatory of Music at Leipsig, where she studied three years and took the highest honors in theory, history and aesthetics, while for solo work she was especially well spoken of. At present the lady holds a diploma from the Conservatory, which in itself is the envy of musicians.

While in Europe, Mrs. Baumann was honored by being heard in the Gewandhaus, a musical auditorium where none but the finest vocalists are allowed to sing. At the time she sang the Falkunger and the Recetario and Aria from Hayden's "Creation." For this she received special mention.

As if graduation from the Leipsig Conservatory was not enough, the talented musician also had the advantage of two years of instruction under the noted Professor Goetze.

A recent chapter in Mrs. Baumann's life was a sad one. The husband, also a musician of considerable reputation, was the director of an operatic troupe. He was on his way to this country on the Elbe when the ill fated steamer was hurled in the ocean. The loss of her husband was a sad blow, but with a family to support, she turned her musical talents to bear, and when it is generally know that she is receiving pupils, her studio hours are sure to be completely occupied.

NOTES FROM ABROAD.

Happenings in the Musical World Far and Near.

Last season twenty-two summer comic opera companies started out of New York City. This summer only eight such organizations have left that city.

At the first "Rheingold" performance at Bayreuth America was almost as well represented on the stage as in the auditorium. There were two young ladies from the United States in the cast. Miss Marion Weed sang Freda and Miss Fremstadt Flosshilde. Among the numerous Americans present were Mr. and Mrs. William J. Keeley of San Francisco.

In Paris concert bicycle festivals are of the latest. A superb fete was recently given by the Princess Laetitia Bonaparte. A bicycle course was made of the royal garden. The ladies were all restricted to white bicycle costumes. Orchestras hidden in shrubs, chained together by Venetian lights, made the most ravishing music and after midnight the party danced, still in bicycling costume, a minuet a la bicyclette.

It is customary at the opera house in Mexico for a judge of the performance to be appointed, whose duty it is to see that other artists are not substituted for those advertised, that the waits between the acts are not too long, and that things generally are managed to the satisfaction of the public. On one occasion, when Patti was singing in a company managed by Mr. Grau, strict orders had been given that no one was to be admitted behind the scenes. It happened that the son-in-law of President Diaz had been appointed judge, and he was refused admittance. On leaving he gave orders to arrest the man who had opposed his entrance. Not finding him the soldiers arrested another man, who, not being able to speak Spanish, was marched off to prison, and it was several hours before the matter was explained.

It is rumored that Signor Tamagno is thinking of quitting the stage and settling down to a country life, but it is hardly likely that he will do so at present. The latest news from Buenos Ayres is that he has had a series of magnificent successes in the following operas: "Aida," "Profeta," "Forza del Destino," and "Polluto." The public enthusiasm exceeded all bounds and was indescribable. With such success in a country which Tamagno is now visiting for the eighth time, and at a salary of $100,000 for four months, at the age of 43 and in full possession of his wonderful voice, it is not probable that he will retire from public life.

Princess Maud's Forty-Eight Wheels.

It is evident that Princess Maud, who is to marry Prince Carl of Denmark, will not lack for means of locomotion when she is married. The parents of the bride and the aristocracy having begun presenting their gifts to the young bridal couple, they are now being followed up by the numerous towns, counties, shires and guilds. Among the presents received there are up to now not less than forty-eight ladies' bicycles, for it is known that Princess Maud is an enthusiastic wheelwoman. There are wheels of almost every class, make and of the most varying constructions and executions, some adorned with engravings and others with inscriptions. Besides the wheels, the Princess is the recipient of several dozen motor carriages, some driven by steam, others by petroleum motors, compressed air and electricity. Since the exhibition of wedding presents is still fashionable in aristocratic England, the show of Princess Maud's wedding gifts will look very much like a cycle show or an exhibition of motor carriages.—London Letter.

A Texas paper says that in one of the earliest trials before a colored jury in Texas the twelve gentlemen were told by the judge to "retire and find the verdict." They went into the jury room, whence the opening and shutting of doors and other sounds of unusual commotion were presently heard. At last the jury came back into court, when the foreman announced, "We has looked ever-whar, judge, for dat verdic'—in de drawers an' behin' de doahs—but it ain't nowhar in dat blessed room."—The Whittier.

After giving the experiment a thorough trial, a London hairdresser has discovered that women barbers are not a success. While they are readily greater adepts in the art of shaving than men, they are looked upon with disfavor by women with husbands who patronize barbers, and besides, the men themselves feel a little safer in having a masculine barber ply the razor in the vicinity of their jugular veins. As far as conversational powers are concerned there is no difference between a male and a female barber.

TALK OF THE THEATERS.

The Empire Company to Be at the Macdonough Monday.

"Cad the Tomboy" Is the Attraction by the Bacon Company.

The Macdonough Thater will reopen Monday night with Charles Frohman's Empire Theater Stock Company, which has made such a hit all along the route of its Western tour.

The initial performance will be "The Masqueraders," which will be repeated again on Wednesday evening.

Tuesday evening "Bohemia" will be the bill an don Wednesday matinee a new comedy of Pinero's, "The Benefit of the Doubt," will be presented.

The Empire Company is on its seventh annual tour. Its membership is of anything larger and more noteworthy than hitherto. Miss Viola Allen, whose numerous delightful and original performances have made her a favorite player, continues as the leading woman. William Faversham, who has also been with the company for several years, is the new leading man. No young actor has recently made more emphatic successes in emotional drama as well as in light comedy than has he. Both of these players have capital characters in which to disclose their personality in the plays to be presented here.

L. E. Dodson, a comedian who has originated many of the finest parts in the plays of both England and American dramatists, will play the leading character roles. Miss May Robson, whose grotesque and highly humorous make-ups and eccentric impersonations have made her absolutely unique, will also be prominently cast. Miss Annie Irish, Miss Ida Conquest, Mrs. Thomas Whiffen, Miss Jane Harway, Miss Ellen Gail, Robert Edeson, Ferdinand Gottschalk, William H. Crompton, E. Y. Backus, George Pearce, Walter Day, and various others are on the present tour.

THE OAKLAND.

Commencing Monday that old but ever popular comedy-drama, "Cad the Tom Boy," will be the bill at the Oakland Theater, with Clever Gracie Plaisted in the role of "Cad," while Leonard Grover, Jr., will represent Tom Ward, the gas man.

The principal scenes wherein pathos, comedy and heroism blend in pleasing fusion are laid in and around the city of New York.

The cast includes the principals of the Bacon company, minus the favorites, Frank Bacon and Jennie Waldman.

The plot deals with the lowly of New York, yet it is entirely unlike the "Wolves of New York." The life of the production centers in "Cad," a mere child of the world, to whom fate has denied both friend and fortune.

Especial pains have been taken in preparing the play for the public and the patrons of the theater have a treat in store, all next week.

THE BALDWIN.

The sparkling comedy, "The Gay Parisians," will be the attraction at the Baldwin Theater next week. W. J. Ferguson and Sadie Martinot, supported by a big cast, will give a clever performance.

As the title indicates, the play is a certain fascinating amount of spice about it that makes it quite interesting.

THE CALIFORNIA.

"The Minstrel of Clare" will be seen all next week at the California Theater. The play is a good one and it comes fresh from success in the East.

New scenery and new faces accompany it and it will be sure to bring out the first nighters in force.

THE TIVOLI.

"The Hugenots" and "The Bohemian Girl" will give way at the Tivoli next week for Verdi's popular opera "Il Trovatore."

Elaborate arrangements are being made for the production and the cast has been strengthened by the addition of Miss Flora Finlayson, the prima dona contralto.

THE ORPHEUM.

A specially attractive bill is to be presented at the Orpheum next week. T. A. Kennedy, the hypnotist, will continue to entertain with his mystifying powers, the educated cats, the Black Patti, Nelson Sisters and others are on the programme.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

The thrilling military drama, "The Ensign," will be given an elaborate production at Morosco's Grand Opera House next week.

James Brophy, who has made such a success in the piece all over the country, will take the leading role and as it is the last week of his engagement, the attraction should be doubly interesting.

THE CIRCUS.

When J. A. Bailey, the owner of the big Forepaugh circus, concluded arrangements with the Sells Bros. to consolidate shows, he engineered successfully a scheme to bring together the largest circus aggregation in the country.

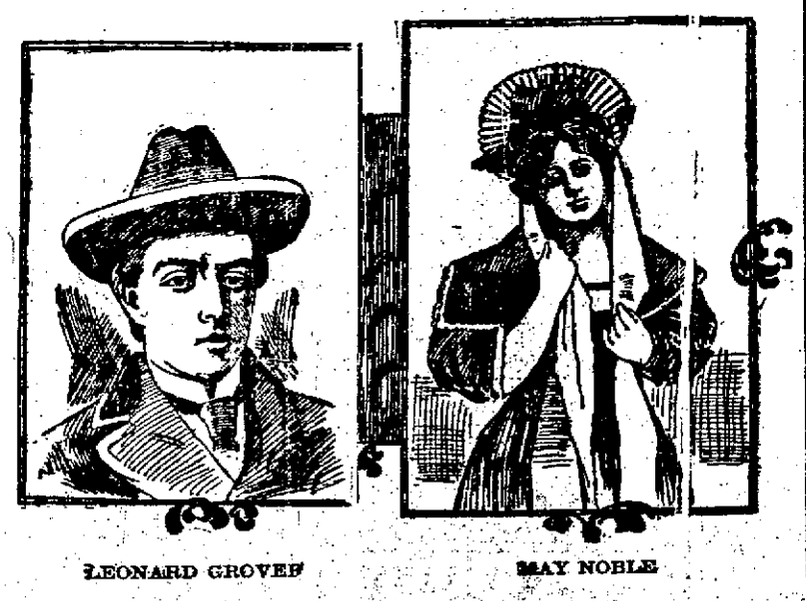
A noteworthy local effect will be that the Forepaugh and Sells Brothers' immense aggregation which is to exhibit here on August 31st, will positively and necessarily be the only one of the greater shows to visit this section this season.



VIOLA ALLEN IN "BENEFIT OF THE DOUBT."

This is a fact that may be profitably borne in mind.

This big deal brings into permanent union the biggest menageries, circuses, and hippodromes of the era, and deservedly conspicuous for possessing, and in many instances monopolizing, animals, artists, and acts of the rarest and most superior kind. No other exhibition, for instance, has two herds of performing elephants—and these are the biggest and best—trained sea lions and seals; giant male and female hippopotamuses, a two-horned monster Sumatra rhinoceros, a full-grown polar bear, a flock of ostriches, African eland, Niger antelope, and gnu; none other presents phenomenal lady aerialists in long skirts, amphibious actors, or such a brilliant host of hippodromatic champions and male and female bareback riders, bicyclists, clowns, acrobats, mid-air originals and racing and performing beasts, and none other can approach the size or splendor and sensation of its united grand and gorgeous street parades. It is truly and in every way, from the biggest pest trains and tents to the biggest and best exhibitions, a union of the acknowledged circus



LEONARD GROVER MAY NOBLE

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Florrie West returned from Europe on the steamer Etruria last Saturday. She will star this season under the direction of Manager Harry Williams in the successful play of New York life called "A Bowery Girl." The production will be an entirely new one in respect to scenery, company and spectacles.

Hoyt's "A Trip to Chinatown" has finished its engagement at the Princess Theater, Sydney, Australia, where it played for over four weeks to the remarkable business of over $27,000. The company is now at Melbourne.

Vivacious Nellie McHenry will play the part of a popular burlesque actress in the comedy, "A Night in New York," written for her by H. Grattan Donnelly. She is known professionally as the "Peerless Peri." Her life off the stage, however, is not at all theatrical, and she moves in fashionable society circles. The play is in three acts. The second occurs at a big masquerade ball at the Madison Square Garden. Of course, all the fashionables as well as house and walking maids attend. Through a change of certain articles of attire a number of devoted admirers make a mistake in the identity of the "Peerless Peri," and a series of almost hopelessly inextricable complications ensue, which are only straightened out in the end.

While in London Manager Charles Frohman brought together Edwyn A. Barron, the former scholarly critic of the Chicago Inter-Ocean, and Wilson Barrett. It resulted in his making a contract with them for a new drama, the scenes of which are in New York and London. It is to be ready October 31st. It has already been accepted for production at the Lyric Theater, London. The copartnership is a splendid combination of literary ability and dramatic skill, and their work will be watched with the keenest interest, especially in this country, in which Mr. Barron is so highly esteemed and admired by every one associated with the drama.

Beatrice Moreland has been engaged to play the leading role in Martha Morton's new play, which will be produced by Sol Smith Russell in September. She is spending the summer at Lake Placid, N. Y. Miss Martha Morton has a beautiful cottage at the same place.

Charles H. Hoyt's new musical farce, which he is writing for Henry Conor, will be presented at the Park Theater, Boston, for a run on March 15th. It has not yet been named, at least no further than "A." There is the same indefinite beginning to all of Hoyt's titles. The results, however, have been exceedingly definite to the author.

DIRTIEST CITY IN THE WORLD.

Amoy, in China, Has Graveyards in Nearly Every Street.

Amoy, in China, bears the unenviable reputation of being the dirtiest and most unhealthful city in the world, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. What is a more unpleasant fact is the promise of the present tendency of affairs to a lower and worse condition. The reasons are obvious to a newcomer at a glance.

The city is built on the edge of a mountainous island, and is exceedingly old. Inscriptions on ancient tombs run back as far as the beginning of the Christian era, and coins found in accidentally discovered graves date to dynasties from 1000 to 500 B. C. During all this period the hillsides of the city have been used as burying grounds. As the population increased the houses encroached upon the cemetery land, until the two became hopelessly mixed.

The United States consulate is regarded as a very superior locality, but it is surrounded by over 100 tombs. A score of large blocks of granite used in and about it are old tombstones. On the hill immediately behind the residence of F. Malcampo, the graves touch one another at every point, and form a solid white surface of rock, brick, porcelain and cement, covering more than 1,000,000 square feet.

Near the Lampaw-do joss house 30,000 bodies are said to have been buried vertically to save space. They lie, or stand, on a plat of ground of as many square feet. Amoy proper and its suburbs have a living population of about 1,000,000, and a dead one of four and a half times as many. The wells are shallow, and are sunk on the edges of the graveyards, and even among the tombs themselves. I have not seen one whose water is not muddy and discolored by the turning up of the soil.

The city is a relic of the past. It is walled still as it was in the time of Confucius. It has no sewers whatever. The streets vary from two to six feet in width no wheeled vehicle can use them. An equestrian would experience great difficulty in turning a corner. Here and there is an open space or plaza, dug out so as to be a huge receptacle into which the streets discharge their refuse.

Who Should Not Vote for It.

The Des Moines Register, one of the oldest and most forceful newspapers in the State of Iowa, classifies the persons who should not vote for the free coinage of silver, and when one gets through with the list he or she will come to the conclusion that not one should vote for it but the silver mine owner.

It says those who should not vote for it are:

First—Those who work for wages or salaries.

Second—Those who live on invested funds.

Third—Those who carry life insurance.

Fourth—Those who carry fire or other insurance.

Fifth—Those who hold loan and building stock.

Sixth—Those who are insured in fraternal societies.

Seventh—Those who are paid pensions.

Eighth—Those who have saved up for a rainy day.

Ninth—Those who have saved up for old age.

Tenth—Those who desire to labor and save.

Eleventh—Those who want a 100 cent dollar for their labor or for the products of labor.

Twelfth—Those who want to do to others as they would that others should do to them.

Thirteenth—Those who believe in maintaining the money and the credit of this nation.

Fourteenth—Those who believe that the United States should remain one of the great commercial nations of the world.

Passing the Salt.

A dapper young bookkeeper living in Corryville thought he was going to get married a short while ago. He popped the question, she shyly replied, "I don't know; ask papa." The old gentleman was disposed to be very particular as to the character of a young man who should come and ask the hand of his daughter in marriage. He questioned the suitor closely as to his habits. The young man declared that he neither drank nor gambled, and the old man, who had previously looked up his antecedents to some extent, expressed himself satisfied with these avowals. Then he invited his prospective son-in-law to dinner. All sat down to dinner, and the bookkeeper became very restless and began toying with the salt box in a peculiar way.

"Please pass the salt," remarked the old gentleman. The bookkeeper gently pushed the salt box toward paterfamilias with the ends of his fingers, at the same time making a slight forward movement with his head. "That will do," said Helen's father, "you can't marry my daughter." The careful and discerning father had discovered, from the way in which his Juliet's Romeo had pushed the salt box forward, that he was familiar with the handling of poker chips. It is all over with the bookkeeper.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: When the Bryan managers in Washington get a little blue they can step over to the United States Treasury and see the silver bricks piled up by the cord waiting for the mint, that is turning out about $3,000,000 per month.

WILL NOT LINE UP.

Ireland's Political Leaders Spoiling Their Own Game.

A FIZZLE SEEMS CERTAIN.

Bad Prospects for the Coming Convention in Dublin.

NEWS OF THE OLD WORLD

The Theosophists Carrying on a Very Vigilant Crusade.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.
(Copyright 1896 by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Parliament closes up today in a more lively and spirited manner than has been the case with any session for years.

In the whole of the Parliament, the man who has most bettered himself is "Tim" Healy. He began the session as one of John Dillon's seventy-one followers and he ends it as the leader of his own party with about 25 followers.

It is said that the Irish Convention which meets in Dublin on September is destined to be a fizzle. Neither the Parnellites nor the Healyites will attend, so the whole object of the convention is thwarted and Mr. Dillon expects if the Parnellites and other factionists do not attend that the latter will be put in an awkward moral position on the ground that when the union of the different sections of the Irish party was attempted they stood out.

In the meantime Ireland is perfectly tranquil and continues steadily improving. For several years there have been good harvests in Ireland, and the "peasantry" are generally satisfied.

The little band of American crusaders for theosophy is receiving considerable attention in the columns of the English newspapers, and has given the Irish press an entirely new theme for discussion. Shortly after landing the Americans uttered a prophecy that Ireland soon was to become the ruler of Europe, and that the ancient glories of that mystic island would be restored. Also that the theosophists proposed to establish a branch of their American College of Occultism there.

The Irish newspapers are evidently pleased with the idea, and some of the principal papers of Dublin and elsewhere have thrown open their columns for its discussion.

The crusaders have certainly proven a surprise. When it was at first announced that eight Americans were going to institute a crusade which would not stop until the globe had been girdled, it was not received seriously. But what the party lacks in numbers it makes up in theosophical strength.

Arriving at London, the little party engaged the Queen's Hall and held a meeting there. The women sat on the stage in flowing white robes and the men in evening dress.

This meeting was followed by an invention called a "brotherhood supper" held in the slums. Socialists, anarchists, dock laborers, outcasts and the poor generally were served with a hearty meal—the first many of them had partaken of in months, and then were afterward given a talk on "brotherhood."

The same thing was done in the slums of Liverpool. The Rev. W. Williams, a chaplain in the British Army, joined the crusade.

In Dublin a convention of the whole Theosophical Society in Europe was called. The society in Europe boasts of some distinguished adherents, among them being Professor Crooke, the English chemist who invented the Crooke's rays tube; Camille Flammarion, the French astronomer, and, it is said, Mrs. Benson, wife of the Archbishop of Canterbury, who, with her two sons, it is stated, joined the theosophists recently.

In a few days the party will leave Ireland for Amsterdam, Berlin and Paris. The intention is to visit every European Capital, and Rome itself is to be "stormed."

Leaving Europe, the crusaders will go to Malta and Egypt. Then will follow Australia, New Zealand and Asia. The return is to be by way of San Francisco in about March.

MOURNING GARB RENTED.

Novel and Well-Paying Business Built Up by a Dealer in Old Clothes.

Persons who are forced to undergo a sudden change of clothing because of the death of relatives and who haven't the ready money to buy outright an entire outfit of black for brief use have found a welcome assistance in their embarrassment in a man whose business is obscure, comparatively, and of recent origin, but who has an active trade, says the New York Herald.

The office of this man, in Eighth avenue, has a funereal aspect, filled as it is with heaps of sombre garments, but its proprietor is anything but grave. He was, until lately, a dealer in old clothes, and was dismayed at the amount of competition. Everybody seems to him to be dealing in that commodity.

A friend, short of cash, whose father died, borrowed a mourning outfit from him one day, paying a small sum for the loan. This transaction suggested to the dealer the idea of hiring out mourning dress as a business. He tried it and soon found his peculiar trade well patronized.

He began to read death notices in the newspapers and to send his agents to visit those whom he considered were not in extra good circumstances. Seven agents now act for him, being paid in commissions. Each has a regular circuit of streets marked out for his canvass.

Christian Endeavor Work.

The Juniors of Alameda County will give their postponed entertainment on Friday, August 21st at 8 P. M. in the First M. E. Church, corner Clay and Fourteenth streets. Admission 10 cents. Let every one come and help the Juniors buy their county banner.

The Executive Committee of the Alameda County Junior Christian Endeavor Union will meet Monday, August 17th at 3:30 P. M. in the Y. M. C. A. Building, corner Clay and Twelfth streets. This meeting will (after the regular business) be devoted to the discussion of "Temperance Work Among the Boys and Girls." The Superintendents with their Presidents and Secretaries constitute the Executive Committee. In order that this meeting be as helpful as possible, let every Superintendent ask the Junior President to be prepared to tell how the temperance work is carried on in his own society. We expect to be addressed by some temperance worker and this with the exchange of ideas will make a very interesting meeting.

The meetings at the Gospel Temperance Union Mission on Clay street will be led next week by the Christian Endeavorers of the First M. E. Church, on Monday, August 17th and by the Central Christian on Tuesday, August 18th. The societies should begin their meetings early in the evenings.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the First M. E. Church held their regular business meeting on last Monday evening. There was a good attendance of members and the reports of the committees showed that the society has been doing good work during the last month.

The chairman of the Missionary Committee, Mrs. Gibson, tendered her resignation as chairman of the Committee and the society accepted it with deep regret and gave her a vote of thanks for her efficiency and faithfulness in the work.

The '97 Forward Movement Committee's communication was read and after a short discussion the members of the society pledged themselves to raise $100 in the next ten months for the '97 fund. The Committee to take charge of the raising of this money consists of Mr. F. A. Webster, John F. Ames and Miss Lottie Lancaster. The Christian Endeavorers are so enthusiastic over the prospect of the Convention coming to this coast that this committee will have no trouble in getting the amount pledged. E. S. Finch gave the society a very interesting talk on the great activity displayed by the Methodists of San Francisco in helping the work for the '97 Convention.

The Mizpah Christian Endeavorers of this Church holds a business meeting on Tuesday evening, when doubtless they will take some action similar to the Seniors.

Topic for Sunday, August 16th, 'Seeing God in Nature.' Psalms 19, 1-6; 24, 1-10. Though in nature we have the manifestations of the power of a Supreme Being and His divine perfections, we must remember that without revelation we would never find God, the loving and forgiving Father as manifested through Jesus Christ our Saviour. Call the attention of the meeting to the condition of the educated Brahmins and their religionists who hope to save themselves by penances.

To the Social Committee is entrusted the keeping alive of the fire and spirit of fellowship and unity without which the Society's progress is impossible and its best efforts scattered and wasted through lack of a single purpose.

To this end see to it that all the members of your society are mutually acquainted, for no society need expect to make strangers feel at home unless there is an under current of good fellowship running through it.

Never neglect a stranger or a new member. So often too little attention is paid to their welcome for often times, although the members have a welcome in their hearts for some reason or other it is not shown. Greet them cordially, ask them to come again, and introduce them to a few earnest workers, so that when they come again, they will be acquainted with some of the members. In a large society an excellent plan is to have the room divided into sections and each member of the committee to take one section to watch for the strangers who sit in them during the meeting. In this way none can escape.

In the plans for a social, to a large extent depend its success or failure. But above all plans must be true and complete unselfishness. Self must be forgotten and the enjoyment of others be the mainspring of every act.

In the beginning of the social, break up the formality of the gathering and divide the party into groups to each of which a new member or stranger can be introduced and almost before he knows it he will be enjoying himself and feeling at home with people to whom a few minutes before he was a stranger.

Above all do not forget that socials and good fellowship are the means and not the end of your work. Let them serve to help you to win souls for "Christ and the Church."

HER AMBITION.

Thought Her Father Could Help Her to Secure a Position.

"Papa," said the public official's bright eyed daughter, as he seated himself in his easy chair after dinner and reached for the evening paper.

"Well?" he said, inquiringly.

She did not reply at once but came over and took a seat on a stool beside him, thereby demonstrating to his satisfaction that she had something important on her mind.

"Papa," she repeated at last, "you have a great deal of influence, haven't you?"

"Um—well, I have some," he admitted, guardedly.

"Enough so that you can get a position for anyone, if you really want to?" she suggested.

"Well, yes," he answered. "But how does that interest you?"

"Why, I've been reading about the new woman," she replied, "and they all seem to have a sphere or something of that sort and some business calling—"

"Oh, well," he interrupted, "you don't want to be a new woman."

"No-o," she answered slowly, "I don't know that I do, but if everyone else is going to be one I suppose I ought to—"

"Nonsense!" he exclaimed. "We all like you better as you are, and I don't think you'd look well in bloomers, anyway."

"Oh, I wasn't thinking of bloomers," she returned quickly. "I don't want to wear them, anyway. I was thinking about a mission in life and having work to do in the world of business, so that I could be ready for a rainy day—"

"Don't worry yourself. I'll get you another silk umbrella, if you've lost the last one I gave you."

She pouted prettily, but persisted in spite of his interruption.

"Well, I've picked out the position that I want," she said, "and I think you might get it for me. I want to open the sealed proposals I've read so much about at different times. I should think it would be lots of fun, and maybe I'd find the one I've been expecting—"

She stopped because she thought someone laughed, but she has the promise of the job as soon as there is a vacancy.—Chicago Evening Post.

THE JUDGE GOT HIS MAIL.

The Carrier Escaped With His Life but Lost His Position.

When we got the postoffice at the mining town of Strawberry Hill the mail bag had to be carried to and from Bluff City over the hills by a man on foot. The distance was nine miles, and was traversed twice a week. On Wednesday the carrier came in without the bag and the 400 men assembled around the shanty used as a postoffice at once demanded an explanation.

"I'll tell you how it was," began the man who was bleeding from a dozen hurts. "Up thar at the bend I was tackled by a b'ar."

"An you killed him, of course," replied one of the crowd.

"No, I left my gun behind."

"Then you dodged him?"

"No. Tried to dodge him, but he was right thar."

Then you ran away?"

"No chance to run. The critter was after me or that mail bag, and I heaved him the bag and got away. He clawed me a few times, but it's nuthin' to hurt."

Stephen Jackson," said Judge Watkins in solemn tones, as a murmur of indignation passed through the crowd, "do you mean to tell us that you gin up that mail bag to that b'ar?"

"I had to."

"Didn't that b'ar seem to prefer you to the bag?"

"Reckon he did."

"And you felt that he did?"

"Yes, felt purty strong that way."

"And yit, after sw'arin' to uphold the sacred constitution of the United States and defend that mail bag with your life you calmly fed it to a b'ar."

"Had to do it to git away."

"But who said anythin' about you gettin' away? It was your solemn dooty to perish right thar! It was your dooty, sir, as a patriot and a mail carrier and a government offishul to hang that mail bag on a limb and let that b'ar go ahead on your carcass! You hev escaped the b'ar, but you hev to deal with the outraged feelin's of this yere camp! Stephen Jackson, how do you prefer to die?"

"By hangin'."

"Wall, we'll send two men up to the bend. If they git the bag you are saved; if the b'ar has devoured it we'll hang you by the neck till you are dead!"

The men found the bag and the carrier's life was saved, although he lost his job. Singularly enough, the bag contained but one letter, and that was a missive for Judge Watkins from his wife in Oslo, saying he needn't come home, as she had applied for a divorce and expected to marry a better man.—Detroit Free Press.

She Fooled 'Em.

"Deacon," said the man who had been his lawyer for years, "I take the liberty of an old friend, and advise you not to marry Miss Nancy Clawman. It may offend you, deacon; but I'm too loyal not to speak right out. She's a shrew, a termagent, a veritable Xantippe. She'd make a hell on earth for you."

"That mote be. I ain't expectin' much from her, so she can't disappoint me much. But 'pears to me that fur a man that's been a pillar in the church nigh onter fifty years, my burdens has been too light. The river of life has run too smooth fur me. I ain't had no serius trial and tribulations. I can't see no credit in bein' a Christian under them there circumstances. Ef I kin bear up with a partner like Nancy, keepin' faith an' doin' my duty, I calkulate I will a been tested an' not found wantin'."

"Why, deacon, you have a Mark Tapley disposition; but I have entered my protest, and can do no more. If you really want to be tried by fire, I can conceive of no better opportunity."

The deacon had an abundance of such advice from well meaning friends but despite it all the wedding came off. Then ears were pricked and tongues sharpened, with a view to startling developments confidently expected. They were sure that the deacon would not only be henpecked, but clawed, jawed, and made a slave of. But they were disappointed.

Nancy proved a tender, loving and dutiful wife. Her sour visage was transformed into a pleasant, smiling face. Where her voice used to disturb the air like a crosscut saw, it was soft and sweet. The deacon was surprised, if not disappointed; but it was all explained to him, and no one else.

"Deacon," said Nancy, "I'm not takin' much credit to myself for behavin' but I'll keep it up to the end. I heered about that Xantippe business, and I looked it up. You thought you would marry me, and then put up with my tantrums. You was goin' to use my shortcomin's to help you to heaven. I was to be the female terror and you the wise and patient Socrates. Well, deacon, I jist fooled you an' the rest of 'em. You can't make no cross out of me, an' git the recordin' angel to give you credit for carryin' me."—Detroit Free Press.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

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Sold by druggists, price 75c.

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Has always stood FIRST in the estimation of the American People. No other is "just as good." Best Infant Food.

2527 Rivets

made of pure rubber

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247 holds the ordinary rubber garden hose together.

The strength of hose depends on these rubber rivets (technically called friction). A short rivet is stronger than a long one. Bull-Dog rivets are short.

Theory and results prove Bull-Dog strongest hose for money made.

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BattleAx PLUG

For 10 cents you get almost twice as much "Battle Ax" as you do of other high grade goods. Before the days of "Battle Ax" consumers paid 10 cents for a small plug of the same quality. Now, "Battle Ax"—Highest Grade, twice the quantity. That's true economy.

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LADIES' $75 MEN'S $85

$5 First Payment { Can you afford to be without one? } $2 Per Week

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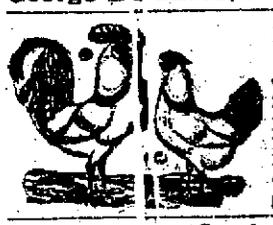
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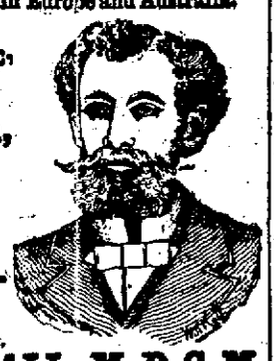
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THROAT—Catarrhal sore throat, acute and chronic pharyngitis, enlarged tonsils and palate, hoarseness, loss of voice, thick phlegm in the throat, which causes hawking.

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EXCURSION RATES.

RAILROADS.

Southern Pacific Company

Trains Are Due to Arrive and Leave

—AT—

SIXTEENTH STREET STATION.

Leave	From April 26, 1896.	Arrive
7:30 a	Atlantic express, Ogden and East	5:05 p
7:30 a	Benecia, Vacaville, Rumsey, Sacramento and Redding via Davis	6:15 p
7:30 a	Martinez, San Ramon, Napa, Calistoga and Santa Rosa	5:05 p
9:00 a	Los Angeles Express, Raymond (for Yosemite), Santa Barbara and Los Angeles	4:30 p
9:27 a	Martinez and Stockton	10:15 a
3:01 p*	Port Costa and way stations	*7:15 p
4:30 p	Martinez, San Ramon, Vallejo, Napa, Calistoga, Elmhurst and Santa Rosa	9:45 a
4:30 p	Benecia, Vacaville, Woodland, Knight's Landing, Marysville, Oroville and Sacramento	10:15 a
5:00 p	New Orleans Express, Fresno, Bakersfield, Santa Barbara, Los Angeles, Deming, El Paso, New Orleans and East	9:00 a
5:30 p	Santa Fe Route, Atlantic Express for Mojave and East	9:00 a
6:30 p	European Mail, Ogden and East	9:15 a
7:30 p†	To Vallejo	7:15 a
7:30 p	Oregon Express, Sacramento, Marysville, Redding, Portland, Puget Sound and East	10:15 a

SANTA CRUZ DIVISION.
Fourteenth and Franklin Streets.
Narrow Gauge.

Leave	From March 22, 1896.	Arrive
8:15 a	Newark, Centerville, San Jose, Felton, Boulder Creek, Santa Cruz and way stations; also Gilroy, Tres Pinos, Watsonville, Pacific Grove, San Luis Obispo, Guadalupe and way stations	6:05 p
4:15 p	Newark, Centerville, San Jose, New Almaden, Felton, Boulder Creek, Santa Cruz and principal way stations	11:35 a
4:25 p	Newark, San Jose and Los Gatos	9:45 a
5:25 p†	Santa Cruz, etc.—For San Jose, Santa Cruz and way stations	11:35 a

NILES ROUTE.
First Street Near Broadway.

Leave	From February 2, 1896.	Arrive
8:30 a	Niles, San Jose, Stockton, Ione, Sacramento, Marysville, Red Bluff and Oroville	5:27 p
9:30 a†	Peters and Milton	6:20 p
1:30 p	Niles, San Jose and Livermore	8:07 a
6:30 p	Niles, San Jose, Livermore and Stockton	8:20 p
6:30 p	Haywards, Niles and San Jose	7:37 a

SAN LEANDRO AND HAYWARD.
Via Seventh Street from Broadway.

Leave	From March 22, 1896.	Arrive
6:00 a‖	To Melrose, Seminary Park, Fitchburg, San Leandro and Haywards	6:35 a
7:00 a		7:05 a
8:00 a		8:05 a
9:00 a		9:05 a
10:00 a		10:05 a
11:00 a		11:05 a
12:00 m		12:05 p
1:00 p		1:05 p
2:00 p		2:05 p
3:00 p		3:05 p
4:00 p		4:05 p
5:00 p		5:05 p
6:00 p		6:05 p
7:00 p		7:05 p
8:00 p		8:05 p
9:00 p		9:05 p
10:00 p		10:05 p
11:00 p		11:05 p

Via First Street, from Broadway.

6:00 a	To Melrose, Seminary Park, Fitchburg, San Leandro and Haywards	6:35 a
7:00 a		7:35 a
8:00 a		8:35 a
9:00 a		9:35 a
10:00 a		10:35 a
11:00 a		11:35 a
12:00 m		12:35 p
1:00 p		1:35 p
2:00 p		2:35 p
3:00 p		3:35 p
4:00 p		4:35 p
5:00 p		5:35 p
6:00 p		6:35 p

A for morning. P for afternoon.
* Saturdays only.
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‡ To and from Niles.
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** Connects at College Park with Coast division trains.
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Trains leave Tidal Canal Bridge, Alameda:

8:00, 9:00, *9:30, 10:00, *10:30, 11:00, *11:30 a. m.; 12:00, *12:30, 1:00, *1:30, 2:00, *2:30, 3:00, *3:30, 4:00, *4:30, 5:00, *5:30, 6:00, *6:30, 7:00, *7:30, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00 p. m.

Trains leave Leona Heights:

7:40, 8:30, *9:00, 9:30, *10:00, 10:30, *11:00, 11:30 a. m.; *12:00, 12:30, *1:00, 1:30, *2:00, 2:30, *3:00, 3:30, *4:00, 4:30, *5:00, 5:30, *6:00, 6:30, *7:00, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30.

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Passengers from Oakland and Alameda take Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway Cars to Tidal Canal Bridge. Allow twenty-five minutes from Eleventh and Broadway and fifteen minutes from Thirteenth avenue and East Twelfth street. Round Trip Tickets from any point in Alameda or Oakland can be purchased of Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway Conductors.

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MEALS AND BERTHS INCLUDED.

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA .....
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Gas Company,

13TH AND CLAY STS.

TWO-SIDED REMEDIES.

It Is Hard to Follow the Advice About Sea Sickness.

Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher Gives a Few Tips of Her Own.

Any one who ventures on a voyage this summer will surely be furnished before sailing with several "sure preventives." Was there ever a pain so severe, a disease so alarming, but some one will bring the only "infallible remedy?" Seasickness is no exception. Many sure remedies will be offered and each pronounced the only sure cure.

Let us give a few samples:

CONTRADICTORY PLATITUDES.

"Eat a good square meal just before going on shipboard. It will fortify the stomach and you can defy seasickness."

"Live very abstemiously for several days before you sail and take a gentle aperient the day before, and you will be in a condition to resist seasickness."

"If at all inclined to be sick, take champagne freely. It gives tone to the stomach and easily controls nausea."

"On no account touch champagne or wines of any sort. They will surely give you an acid stomach and cause seasickness in the worst form."

"Take a cup of strong coffee without milk or sugar before rising, and as soon as you are dressed go at once on deck, no matter how badly you feel. Keep away from your berth all day and as late at night as you can."

"Do not touch coffee on shipboard. It will make you bilious, and then you will be sure to be seasick."

"Keep a lemon constantly in your hand, and take a little of the juice now and then. It will be sure to settle the stomach. But let oranges entirely alone. They will not digest easily, and will make you bilious."

"Be careful to avoid lemons. They may be refreshing for a little while, but in the end will do much harm. But oranges are very nourishing and highly beneficial."

RULE THAT DOES NOT FAIL.

There are scores of other directions as contradictory as those we have quoted. To be sure, one person may be so organized as to find help and relief in some of them, which another could not use without injury. There is but one rule that I have never known to fail to prevent seasickness in any case: "Never venture on the ocean at all." Then, old and stricken in years, you may be gathered to your fathers and never have experienced any of the discomforts of seasickness. This is the only sure preventive.

We have seen those who have crossed the ocean many times and in every conceivable kind of weather, and, returning triumphant, make merry over the discomforts of others, fully believing that every one could avoid the malady if careful. But "let him who thinkest he standeth take heed lest he fall." In an hour of perfect confidence sudden disaster may overtake him, and the most skillful physicians confess they are not able to account for the unexpected calamity.

EXPERIENCES AT SEA.

Years ago, on the old Morro Castle, bound for Cuba, almost before we lost sight of home, we were met by the first signs of a severe storm. Not many hours elapsed before most of the passengers were obliged to retire to their berths. We were fearfully sick, but could not breathe in the close air of our berths, and so sat as still and quiet as circumstances would permit on the sofa in the ladies' cabin, near an open door, to get all the outside air possible.

There was one passenger who had crossed the ocean many times, and travelled all over the world—it seemed under all kinds of weather—and who boasted he had never had the first symptom of seasickness. Quite exultant, not always showing good taste in making himself merry over the sufferings of others, he was told his time might come yet if this severe storm continued. "No, not he."

The storm grew wilder, danger seemed very near. The ship rocked and quivered—the wind rent the canvas like shreds of paper and crushed the masts like glass. Too sick to fear the danger, but sympathizing with the sick and greatly alarmed passengers, we could hardly suppress a feeling of indignation to see this man walking the deck in full vigor, saying to the pale, frightened ones on deck: "Take food—you will need it; but give no thought to being seasick. The ship may founder, but you can't scare up a storm that will prevent my taking my regular meals."

"The voyage is not ended yet. Let not him that putteth on the armor boast like him who taketh it off."

"No fear for me, I have crossed the ocean, after the worst night of wind and as bad as this I couldn't be seasick if I tried."

Another and another day of fierce wind and storm. The time was long past when we should have been in port. Another morning opened upon this wild, angry ocean, and the worst night of wind and storm we had had, and the pale, worn out victims of this terrific storm missed the loud, sarcastic greetings which in their feeble condition had been very trying.

COMEDY ON SHIPBOARD.

What pale faced, drooping head is this leaning for support against a pillar? "Can this be haughty Marmion?" "Serves him right" is the first feeling, but it passes uttered, for common trouble makes the heart wondrous kind, and kind words of sympathy and a kind hand cordially offered were given—and the hero who had so boasted of his power accepted them meekly.

But we should never venture to give advice to any seafaring person. In our own case, we fight the foe to the last. We think the strength gives out sooner if one keeps the bed. At least, that has always been our experience. The deck, where one can have fresh air, is for us at least the best place. We make no attempt to eat, knowing the stomach will reject the first mouthful, and there can be, one should think, no benefit in this torture.

SOUND BITS OF ADVICE.

But, no matter how weak and sick, don't be cross and forlorn. It can be of no benefit to you, but will increase your disgust with yourself and make all about you, and those you should try, however feebly, to cheer and encourage, uncomfortable. Do not whine and put on ugly grimaces as if in a drug shop. If you have even a small supply of breath, laugh a little; talk (even if able to talk but a little) cheerfully, and try to chase the wrinkles of discomfort from your neighbor's face, and if in time that becomes impossible sit still and, with a pleasant face, be patient.

Many, perhaps, cannot accept these suggestions from another, wishing the privilege of being a law unto themselves. But be good natured, and if you don't feel so act as if you did for a little while, and the true, genuine article will appear.

Only one suggestion more. In the midst of your discomforts, do not forget that the stewardess is mortal as well as yourself. Do not call upon her to run for many different things, when, for the present at least, you must know you cannot take them, and all her toil and fatigue is in vain.

"Do unto others as you would that others should do unto you."

—Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher in the New York World.

The Cost of Club Life.

Some interesting facts are presented in a directory of clubmen in New York that has just made its second appearance. The first edition of this book, issued two or three years ago, contained 2,300 names, and the last edition contains 25,000 names, the additions having been chiefly from the luncheon clubs which have recently become a popular feature in New York life. The cost of membership in different clubs in this city is by no means expressed in their initiation fees and annual dues. They represent the necessary expenses, but if a man uses his club much he finds that his incidental expenses are much greater than his club dues. The initiation fees vary from $5 up to $300 for resident membership. Membership in the Metropolitan, the Union, the Union League, and the Knickerbocker costs $300 as an initiation fee, and in the University, Lotos, Calumet, and Manhattan it costs $200. The annual dues of these clubs run from $60 to $75. The New York Club, the New York Athletic, St. Nicholas, Century, and Colonial have initiation fees than run from $100 to $150. There are a score of smaller clubs occupying their own well-equipped clubhouses, with initiation fees that range from $50 down to $25. The restaurants in the large cities are expensive luxuries to the club and cheap conveniences to its members. The service in them is the best that can be found in town, and they are usually run at a loss to the club. The prices are less than those at the best restaurants. Several of the big clubs make more than good their restaurant losses by their bar receipts. The new luncheon clubs that have so largely increased the list of clubmen draw on downtown professional and business men chiefly for their membership.—New York Sun.

HARRISON'S $4000 LOG CABIN.

The Ex-President's Summer Home on One of the Adirondack Lakes.

Ex-President Harrison's summer home on one of the lakes of the Adirondacks will be a log cabin similar to the cabins that were used as living apartments in his grandfather's time, but his will cost more than $4,000 when finished. Plans have been prepared for the camp and other buildings, and work has been begun on the foundation. The cottage or camp, as it is called, will stand a short distance from Indian Point, which is near the head of First Lake. Last summer General Harrison occupied the Dodd camp, which is further back from the main land. Where he is building is considered by guides and woodsmen to be the best on the Fulton chain of lakes.

All of the buildings will be made from logs hewn flat on two sides, and locked at the corners by regular log house joints. The cabin will have a frontage of forty-eight feet and a depth of thirty-four feet. The main living room will be 16x22 feet, with a ceiling twenty-three feet high in the center. A fireplace built of rough hewn boulders, fitted into place without cutting, will be one of the features of the room, and an extreme novelty to the inhabitants of the section of the Adirondacks where the General will spend his summers hereafter. The two towers, which are also a novelty in Adirondack cottages, will have sleeping rooms. The dining building will be 22x40 feet, the first story of logs and the second story of shingles. Besides the large dining room, the building will contain a room for the guests, a pantry, kitchen and six sleeping rooms. About thirty feet from the main building, near the edge of the lake, will be the boat house. The sides will be shingled and the roof gabled. In the second story will be three rooms for the use of guests. The buildings will be spread out over six lots, which have been cleared of underbrush and other forest material. Contractor John H. Nelson of Herkimer is now at work on the camp, and expects to have it in readiness for the General when he reaches Old Forge with his bride.—Indianapolis Journal.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

DEEDS.

FRIDAY, August 14, 1896.

Sarah L. Powell, executrix estate Abraham Powell, to Eva P., Lorena B. and Priscilla F. Powell, SW 11th and Jackson S 50 x W 100, being lots 16 and 16 and ptn lot 14, blk 140; W Peralta st 50 S Taylor st, S 40 x W 100, blk 698; also ppty in S. F. and Fresno, $19,444.

Thos. T. and Emily F. Greaves to Cosmopolitan M. B. & L. Assn, W Summit st 50 N Lincoln st N 50 x W 150, being N 50 ft lots 33 to 39, blk D, New Town of Lynn, $10.

L. H. and Lizzie Sly to Myron T. Holcomb, NW Piedmont av 401 SW Amethyst st SW 35 x NW 125, blk B, Thermal Hill fmly the Howe tract, $10.

Plummer Improvement Co. to Alice R. Clark, wf Fred H., W Mark st 180 N Kearney st N 20 x W 135, $10.

Jas. Stanley, admr estate Jose F. Silveira, to Frank Joseph, lots 22 and 23, blk E, Fruitvale Villa tract, $130.

Chas. S. and Deborah Lohse to S. F. Savings Union, surrender of 445 d 413 E Orange av 100 N E 26th st N 100 x E 120, being lots 3 and 4, blk 4, Blasdel tract, map 3, grant.

J. L. and Kitty B. E. Taylor to Johanna L. Plenker, N Portland st 222-5 E Central av E 100 x N 110, being lots 9 to 12, map of Central av tract, being a sub of lots 2 and 3, Kingsland tract, $10.

R. W. and Mary B. Snow to Susan J. Fenton, N 14th st 70 E Castro E 40 x N 103-9, blk 256, $10.

J. E. and Elsie A. McElrath and Chas. F. Cornwall, admr estate Jerusha F. Cornwall, by cmr, to Thos. Hart and assigned to R. M. Fitzgerald and P. E. Bowles, NE cor Shattuck av and Drexler tract, N 140 E 174 SE 230 W 270 to beg, being ptn plots 49 and 96, Ro V. and D. Peralta; SE cor Shattuck av and Drexler tract S 165.22 E 196.10 NW 175 W 130 to beg, being ptn plot 48, Ro. V. & D. Peralta, $1,313.

John Smith to Sophie M. Smith, lots 17 and 18, Rio Grande tract, subj to mtge, gift.

L. F. and Minnie Gilmore to Elmhurst Land Co., und ½ of following—lots 1 to 15, lots 16 to 65, 73 to 100, Elmhurst Park; lots 1 to 25, 74 to 102, 105 to 117, and lots 121, 122, 123 and 125, Elmhurst Park No. 2, $10.

C. S. and Maria E. Martin to August Breidensteid, S Saratoga av 40 W Orchard st W 40 x S 132.50, being lot 16, blk F, amended map Moss tract, $10.

W. S. Jacobs, by comr, to E. B. Dunning, N Santa Clara av 120-2½ W Pearl st W 50 x N 145, being ptn lots 11, 12 and 13, blk 6, Hays and Caperton ppty, $5,000.

why Do You Persist?

In buying poor candies when you can buy the finest and purest for the same price at Lehnhardt's, 1159 Broadway, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth.

To Let

For entertainments, cups and saucers, crockery and glassware, at H. Schellhaas.

The Redwood Carpenter makes fences strong. Go to 410 Ninth and you won't go wrong.

Bay City Flour makes the best bread.

Mother's Mush—Try it.

New monkeys just arrived at H. Schellhaas.

Bay City Flour is purest.

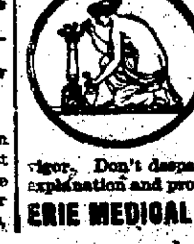
Bowls and Pitchers, 75c,

Crockery and glassware, stoves, at H. Schellhaas. Come and see our goods.

Best whisky, for medicinal purposes at Bouquet Bros., Galindo Hotel bar.

Our Mother's Mush is made in Oakland.

MEN of all AGES



Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.

Four out of five who suffer nervousness, mental worry, attacks of "the blues," are but paying the penalty of early excesses. Victims, reclaim your manhood, regain your vigor. Don't despair. Send for book with explanation and proofs. Mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

ONE THING IS CERTAIN PAIN-KILLER KILLS PAIN

PAIN-KILLER

THE GREAT

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken Internally, It Cures

Diarrhœa, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used Externally, It Cures

Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet.

No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity.—Salem Observer.

An article of great merit and virtue.—Cincinnati Nonpareil.

We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain-Killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—Cincinnati Dispatch.

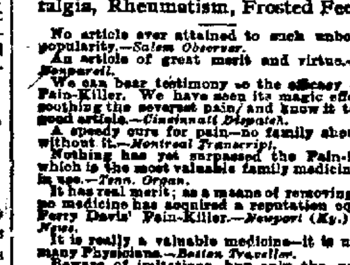
A speedy cure for pain—no family should be without it.—Montreal Transcript.

Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—Tenn. Organ.

It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.—Newport (Ky.) Daily News.

It is really a valuable medicine—it is used by many Physicians.—Boston Traveller.

Beware of imitations, buy only the genuine made by "PERRY DAVIS." Sold everywhere, large bottles, 50 and 50c.



OAKLAND, CAL.

The only Reliable Optician in Oakland where you can have your eyes accurately fitted.

ADJUSTING SPECTACLES

To suit all the various conditions of the sight and grinding Spectacle lenses to order our specialty.

EXAMINATION FREE.

LEGAL.

ADJUDICATION OF INSOLVENCY

In the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of Geo. H. Furry, insolvent debtor.

Geo. H. Furry having filed in this Court petition, schedule and inventory in insolvency, by which it appears that he is an insolvent debtor, and the said Geo. H. Furry is hereby declared to be insolvent.

The Sheriff of the County of Alameda is hereby directed to take possession of all the estate, real and personal, of the said insolvent debtor, except such as may be by law exempt from execution, and of all his deeds, vouchers, books of account and papers, and to keep the same safely until the appointment of an assignee herein.

All persons are forbidden to pay any debts to the said insolvent debtor, or to deliver any property belonging to said insolvent debtor to him, or to any person, firm or corporation, or association for his use.

The said debtor is hereby forbidden to transfer or deliver any property, until the further order of this Court, except as herein ordered.

It is further ordered, that all the creditors of said debtor, whose claims shall have been placed on file in the office of the Clerk of this Court at least two days prior to the 17th day of August, 1896, be and appear before the Hon. F. B. Ogden, Judge of the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California, in open Court, at the Court-room of said Court, Department No. 2, in the County of Alameda, on the said 17th day of August, 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, to prove their debts and choose an assignee of the estate of said debtor.

It is further ordered, that this order be published in the "Oakland Tribune," a newspaper of general circulation, published in the County of Alameda, as often as the said newspaper is printed before the said day set for the meeting of creditors.

And it is further ordered, that, in the meantime, all proceedings against the said insolvent debtor be stayed.

Dated August 7th, 1896.

A. L. FRICK,
Judge of the Superior Court.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Abby Hale Beckwith, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc., and application for letters of administration with will annexed.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Abby Hale Beckwith, deceased, and for the issuance to W. H. Knight of letters of administration with the will annexed, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 17th day of August, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Courtroom of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the City of Oakland, in the County of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same, and show cause if any they have why said petition should not be granted.

Dated Aug. 2d, 1896.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.
GEO. E. DE GOLIA, Att'y for Petitioner

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES.

The Directors of the Institution for the Deaf and the Blind solicit bids for supplies for six months ending February 1, 1897, as follows: Groceries, provisions, flour and feed, potatoes, dried fruits, fish, meats, brooms, fuel, paints and oils, laundry supplies, lumber, school supplies. Schedules and specifications to be obtained at the office of the principal, Berkeley. Bids to be handed in before 12 o'clock, August 15, 1896. By order of the Board.

W. L. PRATHER, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, room 25, 1003 Broadway, Oakland, Cal., on Friday, August 28th, at 9 A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting.

T. F. SCANLON,
Secretary.

Notice of Street Work.—Notice is hereby given, that on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1896, the City Council of the City of Oakland passed Resolution of Intention No. 22,384, to order the following street work to be done, viz:

That 5th street in said City, from the eastern curb line of Peralta street to the western curb line of Lewis street, be sidewalked on both sides to the official grade with cement six feet wide where not already done in cement, bitumen or wood.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said resolution and specifications for Street Work on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland. This notice shall be published for six days in the Oakland Tribune, being the newspaper designated by said City Council for such publication.

Oakland, August 11th, 1896.

M. K. MILLER,
Superintendent of Streets of the City of Oakland.

LEGAL.

ORDINANCE NO.—An Ordinance ordering the opening and widening of Athol avenue, from the eastern line of Newton avenue to the northwestern line of Watson avenue, and appointing three Commissioners to assess benefits and damages and to have general supervision of the proposed work.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Oakland as follows:

SECTION I.

Whereas, The said Council did on July 6th, 1896, adopt its Resolution of Intention No. 22,324, declaring its intention to order the following work and improvement to be made, to-wit: That Athol avenue in said City, from the eastern line of Newton avenue to the northwestern line of Watson avenue, be opened and widened and declared a public highway, and the northern and southern lines of said proposed highway are hereby described as follows:

The Northern Line—Beginning at a point on the eastern line of Newton avenue, distant thereon 91.35 feet northerly from the northwestern line of Watson avenue; thence northeasterly on a curve to the left with a radius of 200.1 feet, 162.89 feet to the northwestern line of Watson avenue.

The Southern Line—Beginning at a point on the eastern line of Newton avenue, distant thereon 31.35 feet northerly from the northwestern line of Watson avenue; thence southerly along the eastern line of Newton avenue to the northwestern line of Watson avenue; thence northeasterly along the northwestern line of Watson avenue to a point distant theron 43.12 feet from Newton avenue, declaring its intention to order said work done, describing the work to be done and the land and premises deemed necessary to be taken therefor, and specifying the exterior boundaries of the lands to be affected or benefited by said work and improvement and to be assessed to pay the damages, costs and expenses thereof, and

Whereas, The Street Superintendent of the City of Oakland did thereupon cause notice of the passage of said Resolution to be posted and published for ten days in the manner and as required by law, and

Whereas, More than ten days have elapsed after the expiration of the publication of said notice, and no objections have been made or filed to the work therein referred to, and the Council has acquired jurisdiction to order said work to be done, now, therefor, it is hereby ordered that said work and improvement be done as aforesaid referred to, and as in said Resolution of Intention specially described.

SECTION II.

Jerome Deasy, Charles W. Dearborn and Alexander F. Main are hereby appointed Commissioners to assess benefits and damages and have general supervision of said proposed work and improvement until the completion thereof in compliance with law.

SECTION III.

This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval.

In Council, Oakland, Cal., Aug. 10th, 1896.

Passed to print by the following vote: Ayes — Messrs. Brosnahan, Buckland, Dow, Heitmann, Kaufman, Towle and President Mott—7.

Noes—None.

Absent—Messrs. Bassett, Manuel, Marshall and Watkinson—4.

Attest: J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.
Oakland, Aug. 13th, 1896.

Notice of Street Work.—Notice is hereby given, that on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1896, the City Council of the City of Oakland passed Resolution of Intention No. 22,383, to order the following street work to be done, viz:

That Fourteenth street in said City, be sewered with a vitrified ironstone pipe sewer as follows: 8 inches diameter from the southern line of 14th street at a point 8 feet east of the center line of Clay street to a point on the center line of 14th street 10 feet east of the eastern line of Clay street; thence, 8 inches in diameter, along the center line of 14th street to a point 190 feet east of Clay street; and that Y branches of six inch opening be constructed thereon; also that a lamphole be constructed thereon at a point 10 feet east of Clay street and a brick manhole be constructed thereon at a point 190 feet east of Clay street.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said Resolution and specifications for street work on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland. This notice shall be published for six days in the Oakland Tribune, being the newspaper designated by said City Council for such publication.

Oakland, August 12th, 1896.

M. K. MILLER,
Superintendent of Streets of the City of Oakland.

Notice of Street Work.—Notice is hereby given, that on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1896, the City Council of the City of Oakland passed Resolution of Intention No. 22,387, to order the following street work to be done, viz:

That Webster street in said City, from the southern line of Hawthorne avenue to the western curb line of Broadway, be sidewalked with cement six feet wide to the official line and grade where not already done in cement or bitumen.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said Resolution and specifications for street work on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland. This notice shall be published for six days in the Oakland Tribune, being the newspaper designated by said City Council for such publication.

Oakland, August 12th, 1896.

M. K. MILLER,
Superintendent of Streets of the City of Oakland.

Notice of Street Work.—Notice is hereby given, that on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1896, the City Council of the City of Oakland passed Resolution of Intention No. 22,386, to order the following street work to be done, viz:

That Lewis street in said City, from the northern line of 5th street to the southern line of 7th street, be sidewalked with cement six feet wide on both sides to the official grade where not already done in cement, bitumen or wood.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said resolution and specifications for Street Work on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland. This notice shall be published for six days in the Oakland Tribune, being the newspaper designated by said City Council for such publication.

Oakland, August 11th, 1896.

M. K. MILLER,
Superintendent of Streets of the City of Oakland.

CITY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

Notice to taxpayers of the City of Oakland, Alameda County, Cal. Office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland.

Public notice is hereby given that the Assessment Roll of the fiscal year 1896 of the City of Oakland has been completed and delivered to the City Clerk of said City by the Assessor of said City on July 27th, 1896, and that the same will be open for inspection at the said City Clerk's office in the City Hall in the City of Oakland from 8:30 o'clock A. M. to 5 o'clock P. M. every day except Sunday.

Notice is hereby given that the Council of the City of Oakland sat as a Board of Equalization on Monday, July 20th, 1896, in Council Chamber, City Hall, Oakland, Cal., and adjourned until Monday, July 27th, 1896, at 8 o'clock P. M. Said Board met on July 27th, 1896, and adjourned until Monday, Aug. 3, 1896, at 8:30 P. M. Said Board met on Aug. 3, 1896, and adjourned until Aug. 5th, 1896. Said Board met on Aug. 5th, 1896, and adjourned until Aug. 6th, 1896, at 8 P. M. Said Board met on Aug. 6, 1896, and adjourned until August 10th, 1896, at 8:30 P. M. Said Board met Aug. 10th, 1896, at 8:30 P. M., and adjourned until Aug. 13th, 1896, at 8 P. M. Said Board met on Aug. 13th and adjourned to Aug. 17th, 1896, at 8:30 P. M., from and after which time they will continue in session from time to time until the business of equalization is disposed of, and said Board will not sit later than August 19th, 1896, at 12 o'clock midnight.

Application for reduction of assessment must be made in writing duly verified by the oath of the property owners or a duly authorized agent.

Blanks for applications for reduction or increase of assessment may be procured at said Clerk's office.

By order of the Council of the City of Oakland sitting and acting as a City Board of Equalization of the City of Oakland, Cal.

J. W. TOMPKINS,
Clerk.

Dated Aug. 14th, 1896.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Kinsey, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Charles Kinsey, deceased, and for the issuance to Henry F. Crane of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 24th day of August, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the City of Oakland, in said County of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated August 8th, 1896.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.

LEGAL.

ORDINANCE NO. —.

An Ordinance to provide for the inspection of milk and dairies and dairy cows, and to regulate the sale of milk in the City of Oakland, and to prohibit and punish the disposition of unwholesome, impure or adulterated milk.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Oakland as follows:

Section I. The Board of Health of the City of Oakland is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to regulate and control the traffic in milk in said city, to provide for the inspection of milk in said city, and for the inspection of dairies and dairy cows producing milk for sale or consumption within the said city.

Section II. No milk producer or milk vendor shall after this Ordinance becomes operative, either himself or through his agents, servants or employes, offer or expose for sale or sell or deliver for sale, use or consumption within the City of Oakland, any milk, without first having obtained from the Board of Health of the City of Oakland a permit so to do, as hereinafter provided.

Section III. To procure such a permit, the applicant shall present to said Board of Health a written application, and shall state therein the name and business and residence address of applicant or applicants, the source or sources from which said applicant or applicants obtain or will obtain supplies of milk, the number of cows in the possession of such applicant, the average quantity of milk produced and the average quantity disposed of by said applicant and the manner and character of such disposition, such application to be made to the said Board of Health upon printed blanks to be provided by the Board of Health for such purpose. Such application shall further state the specific brand or business name, if any, under which said milk is to be sold, exchanged or distributed.

Section IV. If the Board of Health, upon such application, shall determine that the statements therein made are true and that the applicant does not propose selling or offering or exposing for sale or delivering or distributing any unwholesome milk as food for any human being, it shall be the duty of the Board of Health to issue without cost to said applicant a permit to bring into, sell, expose or offer for sale, exchange, deliver or distribute milk within the City of Oakland, and all such written statements required as aforesaid shall be registered in a register to be provided by the said Board of Health and kept for that purpose.

Section V. One such permit shall be required for each place of general sale or storage of milk. Such permits shall be issued only in the name of the owners of the supply of milk thus on storage or for sale, and shall for the purpose of this Ordinance be conclusive evidence of ownership. No such permits shall be sold or assigned or transferred. Such permits shall be subject at all times to revocation by said Board of Health in its discretion upon sufficient cause therefor shown, provided, however, that no such permit shall be revoked until after a hearing given by said Board of Health in the matter of the revocation of such permit after five (5) days notice in writing has been served on the owner of such permit in the manner prescribed for the service of notice by Section 1,011 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, which notice shall state the ground of complaint against such owner and the time and place where such hearing shall take place.

At least once in each year, or oftener if required, every person or persons, firm or corporation holding such a permit shall register with the said Board of Health his or their name and permit number, and shall make a written statement to said Board of Health, containing all the information required to be given by applicants for permits in their written application for permits as hereinbefore provided, and all applications for permits and all such written statements required as aforesaid shall be registered in a register to be provided by the said Board of Health and kept for that purpose.

Section VI. No person or persons, firm or corporation shall sell or expose for sale or exchange or deliver or distribute within the limits of the City of Oakland, milk from any wagon or vehicle, unless such wagon or vehicle shall have exposed on both sides thereof the permit number of the person or persons, firm or corporation selling or offering or exposing for sale or distributing or exchanging such milk. Such permit number shall be painted on said wagon or vehicle in numbers not less than three inches in height, in what is known as Arabic Numerals, and shall be placed on said wagon or vehicle under the direction and according to the requirements of the said Board of Health, and in case milk is sold from cans or vessels (carried by human beings or on horseback) then the permit number of the person or persons, firm or corporation so selling or offering for sale, delivery, distribution or exchange such milk, shall be placed in a conspicuous place on such can or vessel immediately below the opening thereof, so as to be plainly apparent on superficial inspection, or if such milk is sold or exposed for sale, delivery, distribution or exchange within a store or house, or on the sidewalk of any street in this city, then such permit number shall also be constantly exposed in some conspicuous manner at the place wherever such milk is sold or kept, so as to be plainly apparent.

Section VII. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation, by themselves, or by their agents, servants or employes, in the City of Oakland, County of Alameda, State of California, to render or manufacture, sell, offer for sale, exchange, deliver, distribute or have in his or its possession, with intent to sell, expose or offer for sale or exchange, or distribute for human consumption, any:

1st—Milk containing less than twelve (12) per centum of milk solids.

2d—Milk containing more than eighty-eight (88) per centum of water or fluids.

3d—Milk containing less than three and two-fifths (3 2-5) per centum excepting from February 15th to May 15th of each year, then three per centum of butter fats, according to Babcock's milk tester.

4th—Milk drawn from cows within twenty days before or within ten days after parturition.

5th—Milk drawn from cows fed on any unhealthy or unwholesome food.

6th—Milk drawn from cows fed on brewery grains or distillery slops.

7th—Milk drawn from cows kept in an unhealthy or unsanitary condition, or from cows affected with any form of disease, or from cows which are supplied with water which is impure or unwholesome.

8th—Milk from which any part of the cream has been removed, unless marked in plain letters "Skimmed Milk."

9th—Milk which has been diluted with water, or any other fluid, or to which has been added or into which has been introduced any foreign substance whatever.

10th—Milk drawn from cows or by milkers that are themselves in a condition of filth or uncleanliness.

11th—Any milk which is shown by analysis to contain any substance or substances of any character whatsoever not natural or normal constituents of milk, or to have been deprived either wholly or in part of any constituent naturally or normally contained in milk.

Section VIII. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation to have or carry on any wagon or vehicle upon or from which milk or cream is being or is brought, carried, stored, deposited, sold, exchanged, delivered or distributed or offered or exposed for sale or distribution as food for any human being, any swill, garbage, refuse or any decaying or fermenting, putrefying, foul, unwholesome, noxious or filthy matter, or any cans or receptacles, containing any material or substance with which cream or milk might be diluted, adulterated or rendered impure, unwholesome or unhealthy.

Section IX. In order to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Ordinance, the said Board of Health and all its officers, agents and employes shall have the right at any and all times to enter upon or into the premises of any producer or vender or distributor of milk authorized under the provisions of this Ordinance, and any refusal upon the part of such producer, vender or distributor to allow such entry and such inspection as may be required and directed by the said Board of Health, may be punished by the revocation of the permit of such producer, distributor or vender by the said Board of Health.

Section X. It shall be the duty of the said Board of Health to cause the dairy cows, dairies and other establishments from which milk is brought into the City of Oakland, to be inspected from time to time to satisfy such Board that the provisions and requirements of this Ordinance are constantly complied with.

Section XI. The test to be applied for tuberculosis in cows to be used by the Board of Health shall be the tuberculin test as is now, or may from time to time, recommended by the Bureau of Animal Industry of Washington, D. C.

Section XII. The said Board and all its officers, agents and employes shall have the right and it shall be their duty to enter and have full access, egress and ingress to all places where milk is stored or kept for sale, and to all wagons, carriages or other vehicles, railroad cars, steamboats or conveyances of every kind used for the conveyance or transportation or delivery of milk, for the purpose of consumption in the City of Oakland.

Section XIII. The Board of Health and all its officers, agents and employes shall have the right at any time to take a sample of milk from any person, persons or concern selling or exposing for sale or exchanging or delivering or distributing milk in the City of Oakland, not exceeding, however, one quart thereof, such sample to be taken and sealed in full view and in the presence of the person from whom said sample is taken, and shall deliver to the said Board of Health immediately the sample so taken. Such sample shall have written thereon at the time of the delivery thereof to said Board of Health, the number of the dealer's permit, and the date of the obtainment of the sample, and the name of the person by whom it is taken, and a memorandum thereof shall be made by the person obtaining such sample in a book kept for that purpose in the office of the Board of Health, showing the name of the owner or driver from whom, and the date when the same was taken, and the number of the dealer's permit.

Section XIV. It shall be the duty of the owner, agent or manager of any dairy in the City of Oakland, or of any dairy from which milk is brought into this city, to forthwith report to the Board of Health of said City in writing anything of which he has knowledge or notice, tending to render milk obtained from such dairy unwholesome, impure or unhealthy.

Section XV. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation, to obstruct or interfere with the said Board of Health, or any officer, agent or employe of said Board, in the performance of any duties required by this Ordinance.

Section XVI. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent or prohibit the use, sale or manufacture of what is known as condensed milk or what is known as buttermilk, or what is known as sour milk, provided the same are made, compounded or prepared from pure, clean, fresh, wholesome and unadulterated milk within the meaning of this Ordinance, and are in sound and wholesome condition, and provided, also, that in the case of condensed milk, the portion of milk solids shall be equivalent to twelve (12) per centum of milk solids in crude milk, and that of such solids, twenty-six and one-half (26½) per centum shall be fat.

Section XVII. It shall be the duty of all owners or consignees of milk brought into the City of Oakland by any water craft, to have the same tendered and exposed for inspection by the said Board of Health, its officers, agents or employes, according to the requirements of said Board of Health, provided that said milk shall not be detained for inspection for a longer period than one hour. It shall be the duty of the owner or consignee of milk brought into the City of Oakland by land over any road or railroad leading into the City of Oakland to cause the same to be tendered and exposed for inspection according to the requirements of said Board of Health, provided that said milk shall not be detained for inspection for a longer period than one hour.

Section XVIII. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five ($25) dollars, and not more than five hundred ($500) dollars, or by imprisonment for not less than ten (10) days, and not more than two hundred and fifty (250) days.

Section XIX. All Ordinances or parts of Ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Section XX. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval.

In Council, Oakland, Cal., Aug. 10th, 1896.

Passed to print by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Bassett, Brosnahan, Buckland, Dow, Heitmann, Kaufman, Manuel, Marshall, Towle, Watkinson and President Mott—11.

Noes—None.

Absent—None.

Attest: J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.
Oakland, Aug. 13th, 1896.

Notice of Street Work.—Notice is hereby given, that on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1896, the City Council of the City of Oakland passed Resolution of Intention No. 22,385, to order the following street work to be done, viz:

That Peralta street in said City, from the northern line of 5th street to the southern line of 7th street, be sidewalked on both sides with cement six feet wide to the official grade where not already done in cement or bitumen.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said resolution and specifications for Street Work on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland. This notice shall be published for six days in the Oakland Tribune, being the newspaper designated by said City Council for such publication.

Oakland, August 11th, 1896.

M. K. MILLER,
Superintendent of Streets of the City of Oakland.

ORDINANCE NO.—An Ordinance to prevent the propagation of the Scotch or Canada thistle in the City of Oakland.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Oakland as follows:

Section I. It shall be unlawful for any person owning or possessing land in the City of Oakland to permit the Scotch or Canada thistle to mature and disseminate its seed on land so owned or possessed by such person.

Section II. It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly sow or disseminate any seed of the Scotch or Canada thistle upon any land owned or possessed by another.

Section III. Any person violating any provision of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars, and in case such fine be not paid, then by imprisonment at the rate of one day for every two dollars of the fine so imposed.

Section IV. This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and approval.

In Council, Oakland, Cal., Aug. 3rd, 1896.

Passed to print by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Bassett, Brosnahan, Buckland, Dow, Heitmann, Kaufman, Manuel, Marshall, Towle, Watkinson and President Mott—11.

Noes—None.

Absent—None.

Attest: J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.
Oakland, Aug. 5th, 1896.

Notice of Hearing Appeal of C. B. Williams from Superintendent of Streets assessment for the grading and macadamizing 19th avenue from northern line of E. 27th St. to the southern line of East 27th street.—Pursuant to statute and to Resolution No. 22,397 of the Council of the City of Oakland, adopted Aug. 10, 1896, notice is hereby given to the appellant and to all owners of the property affected by the above described work, that Monday, Sept. 7, 1896, at 9:30 P. M., in Council Chamber, City Hall, Oakland, Cal., has been fixed as the time and place for hearing the appeal of C. B. Williams from Supt. of Streets assessment for said work. The appellant appeals for the following reasons, viz:

1st. The assessment for grading should be assessed equally on both sides of 19th avenue, and not all on the west side, the assessment not being uniform.

2d. There is no provision for protecting the work done, and a heavy rain may destroy it, leaving the improvement of no benefit.

3d. The legality of the bid, alleging discrimination, there being no competition.

J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.
Oakland, Aug. 12, 1896.

ORDINANCE NO.—An Ordinance establishing the official width of sidewalks on Cedar street between the right of way of the Central Pacific Railroad and Seward street.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Oakland as follows:

Section 1. The width of sidewalks on both sides of Cedar street between the right of way of the Central Pacific Railroad and Seward street is hereby established at 10 feet.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect upon its passage and approval.

Section 3. Any Ordinance in conflict herewith is hereby repealed.

In Council, Oakland, Cal., Aug. 3rd, 1896.

Passed to print by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Bassett, Brosnahan, Buckland, Dow, Heitmann, Kaufman, Manuel, Marshall, Towle, Watkinson and President Mott—11.

Noes—None.

Absent—None.

Attest: J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.
Oakland, Aug. 5th, 1896.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Adelaide F. Whitman, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Adelaide F. Whitman, deceased, and for the issuance to William Caven and Louis Sherburne of letters testamentary thereon has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 17th day of August, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the City of Oakland, in said County of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated August 8th, 1896.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.

WHAT THE BATHERS ARE WEARING.

At Length French Modes Have Affected Our Bathers.



French modes have affected our bathers at last. While for years we have beheld pictures of pretty bathers, none have appeared on our shores. Suits worn by our conservative maids were black, or dark blue, which turned an ugly shade at the first dip in the sea.

Now all is changed. Red and white or red and black are the colors selected. Very dainty are the suits. They are made with trousers of alpaca, either white or black and over them to the knee fall dainty skirts, made very full. The waists are modest affairs with high necks and short puffed sleeves. Sailor blouses are used most often, as they afford an excuse for a ribbon adornment, with long streamers to float on the breeze.

For the head, large peaked hats are somewhat worn, although the favorite headgear is a turkey red handkerchief, which should cover the hair and be tied in a becoming knot just over the forehead. The little girl who has a "curl right in the middle of her forehead" is very bewitching, and many are trying new gums to secure what nature has deprived them of in that respect.

Wear a boneless corset in the water. It makes your suit fit better, and bathers should embrace every opportunity to improve their looks. Especially to a stout person is this article of apparel recommended.

THE MARRIAGE RECORD.

A List of Happy Events on Record at the Court House.

May 11—James B. Morris, a resident of Sonoma, aged 29 years, and Lulu N. Rice, a resident of Oakland, aged 23 years; by Rev. S. S. Harmon.

June 25—Alphonse Joseph Mesmer, a resident of Oakland, aged 28 years, and Elizabeth Gertrude Murphy, a resident of Oakland, aged 24 years; by Rev. Father Thomas McSweeney.

June 25—Thomas Merrick, a resident of Oakland, aged 27 years, and Emma Caroline Taylor, a resident of Oakland, aged 25 years; by Rev. Father Thomas McSweeney.

July 15—Frederick G. R. Asmus, a resident of San Francisco, aged 29 years, and Agnes Lorenz, a resident of Oakland, aged 22 years, by Rev. J. Durham.

July 20—Francis H. Roberts, a resident of Fortuna, aged 36 years, and Laura Wilbur, a resident of Golden Gate, aged 28 years by Rev. James Small.

July 23—William Magnus Linquist, a resident of San Francisco, aged 27 years, and Josephine Francis Colfer, a resident of San Francisco, aged 24 years; by Rev. C. J. Larsen.

July 28—Frank L. Naylor, a resident of Berkeley, aged 23 years, and Olive A. Squires, a resident of Berkeley, aged 21 years, by Rev. Rebecca S. Naylor.

July 28—Thomas Burke, a resident of Oakland, aged 30 years, and Anna McGuire, a resident of Oakland, aged 24 years; by Rev. Father John A. Butler.

July 31—Jose Guadalupe Alvino, a resident of Oakland, aged 40 years, and Mary Elizabeth Bailey, a resident of Oakland, aged 48 years; by Hon. J. J. Allen, city justice.

August 4—Percy Johnson Brown, a resident of Alameda, aged 26 years, and Mae McKee, a resident of Alameda, aged 23 years; by Rev. George Rowland Dodson.

August 5—James Joseph Walsh, a resident of San Francisco, aged 30 years, and Maggie Alice Evans, a resident of San Francisco, aged 28 years, by E. L. Lawrence, J. P.

August 5—Thomas Anthony Hughes, a resident of San Francisco, aged 22 years, and Grace Calvin, a resident of Oakland, aged 19 years; by Rev. W. R. Young.

August 5—Richard Van Voorhees Risley, a resident of New York, aged 21 years, and Edna Fredericka Carlson, aged 21 years; by Rev. George B. Hatch.

August 7—Henry Annefsky, a resident of Oakland, aged 20 years, and Eva Cooper, a resident of Oakland, aged 30 years; by Elder W. W. Stovall.

August 7—Clarence Fonteneau Townsend, a resident of San Francisco, aged 48 years, and Lillie May Kearney, a resident of San Francisco, aged 30 years, by Rev. Samuel M. Freeland.

August 8—Herman Braunschweiger, Jr., a resident of San Francisco, aged 25 years, and Sadie Nichols, a resident of San Francisco, aged 26 years; by E. L. Lawrence, J. P.

August 8—Richard Weiler, a resident of San Francisco, aged 36 years, and Florke Veronica Halsted, a resident of San Francisco, aged 26 years; by E. L. Lawrence, J. P.

August 9—John Martin Howell, a resident of San Francisco, aged 27 years, and Irene Davis, a resident of San Francisco, aged 27 years, by Rev. Alfred Kummer.

August 10—Domingo Jose de Rosa, a resident of Petaluma, aged 20 years, and Isabella F. Silva, a resident of Petaluma, aged 40 years; by Hon. J. J. Allen, city justice.

August 11—Harry Francis Anderson, a resident of San Francisco, aged 28 years, and Mary Theresa Wentworth, a resident of San Francisco, aged 21 years; by Rev. Father Thomas McSweeney.

August 11—Henry W. Fitch, a resident of San Francisco, aged 31 years, and Charlotte Hines Southwick, a resident of San Francisco, aged 45 years; by Rev. Charles W. Wendte.

August 12—Charles E. Thurston, a resident of San Francisco, aged 26 years, and Hetty B. Willard, a resident of San Francisco, aged 19 years; by Hon. J. J. Allen, city justice.

August 12—William Provan, a resident of San Francisco, aged 21 years, and Mary Ann Welby, a resident of Oakland, aged 20 years, by Hon. J. J. Allen, city justice.

August 12—Russell Lord Eaton, a resident of San Francisco, aged 23 years, and Ollie Thilo, a resident of San Francisco, aged 24 years, by E. L. Lawrence, J. P.

August 12—George William Ryan, a resident of San Francisco, aged 21 years, and Nora Frances Molloy, a resident of San Francisco, aged 24 years; by E. L. Lawrence, J. P.

CHOICE CONCERTS.

Artistic Programmes Announced at the Outdoor Resorts.

The arrangements at the outdoor resorts for tomorrow are as follows:

BLAIR PARK.

At Blair Park the programme will be as follows:

March, "Souvenir of the Northwest" . . . . . J. Verjina
Overture, "William Tell" . . . . . Rossin
Caprice Heroique, "Reveil du Lion" . . . . . De Kontski

Ground and Lofty Tumbling.

Terzette and finale "Attila" . . . . . Verdi

Roy Lamont, Contortionist.

Concert waltz, "Don't Be Cross" . . . . . Zeller

William Lamont, Single Trapeze.

Two step, "Newport Belles" . . . . . Petrie
Fantasia, "A Midnight Round of the Guard" . . . . . Le Thiere

Roy Lamont, Table Pyramid.

"Miserere" from Il Trovatore . . . . Verdi
(For Cornet and Baritone)

William and Hattie Breakaway Ladder.

Medley, "The Jolly Minstrel" . . . . . Brooks

Balloon Ascension.

Coon song and dance, 'Ma Angeline" . . . . . Lee Johnson
March, "American Guard" . . . . . Brooks
(Contains America, Yankee Doodle and Star Spangled Banner)

AT HAYWARDS PARK.

The musical programme to be rendered at Haywards Park is as follows:

March, "Beau Ideal" . . . . . P. Sousa
Mazurka, "Recuerdos" . . . . . C. Curti
Selection of Spanish airs, arr. . . . Stigliano
Selection from "Carmen" . . . . . Bizet
Waltz, "Robin Hood" . . . . . De Koven
Grand march, "Tannhauser" . . . . R. Wagner
"Serenade" . . . . . C. Gounod
"Nightingale Song" . . . . . C. Zeller
"Midsummer Night Dream" . . . . Mendelssohn
Waltz, "Soiree D'Etes" . . . . Emil Waldteufel
Overture "Barber of Seville" . . . . Rossini
"Cavatina" from Traviata . . . . Verdi
Gavotte, "Stephanie" . . . . . Czibulka
"O' Restless Sea" . . . . . White
Polka, "Vision of Love" . . . . Destephane

LEONA HEIGHTS.

At Leona Heights the programme will be:

"The Buffalo News March" . . . . J. B. Lamp
Overture, "Zampa" . . . . . Herold
"Invitation a la Danse" . . . . . Von Weber
Cornet solo, "Lizzie Polk" . . . . Hartman
(Performed by Mr. T. Valerga.)
"Cavalry Charge," descriptive fantasie . . . . . G. Luders
Synopsis: Morning of the Battle, Infantry is Heard Approaching with Fifes and Drums, Cavalry in the Distance Coming Nearer and Nearer Until They Charge on the Enemy, Cavalry, Infantry and Artillery in the Melee of Battle, Defeat of the Enemy, Pursued in the Distance by the Cavalry.)
"Guard Mount," characteristic piece . . . . . Eilenberg
Overture, "The Bohemian Girl" . . . . Balfe
a "Golden Blonde," concert piece . . . . . Eilenberg
b "The Jolly Coppersmith" . . . . . Peter
Selection, "Ermini" . . . . . Jakowski
Waltz, "Sounds from Erin" . . . . Bennet
Medley, "In Gay New York" . . . . L. O. De Witt
Galop, "Electricity" . . . . . Rippley

Do You Want

Carpenter work of any kind done? Want a fence built? Want a room partitioned? Want your house rebuilt? Want any carpenter work done? Then go to F. G. Jones, 1113 Webster street. He does the promptest work in Oakland; does it well; does it cheaply.

DRUG STORE

Twine, at BROWN'S PAPER HOUSE, 417 Tenth street.

Our Napa Soda lemonade is the best in Oakland. Boquet Bros., Galindo Hotel bar.

A Bracing, Cool Drink

Of Fredericksburg Bottled Lager or John Wieland's Extra Pale is the best tonic. Order of your dealer. If he does not keep them, telephone us, and we will deliver them to your residence regularly. Deliveries all over the county. Oakland Bottling Company, telephone 223, 1417-1421 Broadway.

Still in the Business.

Mrs. M. M. Bridges has succeeded to the business of her late husband, M. M. Bridges, at the same place, Sixth and Washington. All kinds of wood and coal on hand. Orders promptly filled. Full weight guaranteed. Telephone 264.

A New Business.

The Oakland Shoe Repairing Co., at 1328 Broadway, is doing a satisfactory business. The finest work done; called for and delivered. Telephone No. 14 main. No connection with any other concern in Alameda County. Look out for the cart with the gold shoe.

CURED OF PARALYSIS

Carlos F. Shepard, a Member of the Indianapolis Board of Trade, is About Once More.

A Case of Weighty Interest to Anyone Suffering With Nervous Complaints, for the Patient was Cured by "Feeding" the Nerves. This is a New Term in Medicine.

From the News, Indianapolis, Ind.

One of the best known men about the Indianapolis Board of Trade is Carlos F. Shepard, who for several years has been connected with the house of H. E. Kinney, grain broker. Mr. Shepard is a bluff, hearty, old gentleman of medium height, gray-headed and with a mustache like a French veteran. He is a man of very decided views on all subjects and is especially orthodox in politics and medicine. Notwithstanding his firmness in his convictions and the vigor with which he maintains them he is a man of many friends for manly men, even though sometimes obstinate in their opinions, have the force of character that win admiration and friendship.

So a few months ago when the news came to his old associates on the Board of Trade that Mr. Shepard had received a stroke of paralysis and that the probabilities were that his days of usefulness were over, and that perhaps, his hours were numbered, the deepest sympathy went out to the smitten man and his family. It seemed to all his friends almost impossible that this rugged old man, always so wholesomely hearty and cheerful, always a picture of health for

HIS CHEEKS WERE LIKE THE ROSE IN THE SNOW;

could have been so suddenly laid low. But it was true and many weeks passed before his well-known form and kindly face returned to his former business haunts. His re-appearance was made the occasion of a hearty welcome and the story of his illness and recovery is well worth the telling.

"I was taken sick," said Mr. Shepard, "on the 17th of August, 1895. As I had all along been of the opinion that I was made of iron, you may well believe that it was hard for me to entertain the thought that I was to be laid up for more than a day or two. I am 58 years old, and for 40 years up to the time of this attack, I had not had a day's sickness. The doctors who diagnosed my case saw at once that it was something serious. They at first said that it was lumbago then sciatic rheumatism. They finally came to the conclusion they did not know what was the matter with me. I experienced no pain, my head was clear, my appetite good, but I lost the use of myself from my hips down. This was a hard stroke to an active man who has always had an easy going pair of legs. My brother-in-law, who is a physician, came from a neighboring city to see me. He pronounced my affliction to be locomotor ataxia. I am of the opinion that he diagnosed the case correctly for I was absolutely paralyzed from the hips down.

"Before he came, however, a day or two before I had begun taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. That was on the 20th day of last October. I read an article in the *Indianapolis News* and saw testimonial describing cases cured that were similar to mine. It struck me that the remedy could not do me any harm and I began to take the pills.

"Before I began taking them I could not stir a peg, but had to be carried from place to place. I had not got far into the first box when I felt that deliverance from my enforced inaction had come. Before I finished the second box I was able to walk alone with the aid of a cane. About home I do not use a cane now but when I come out on the slippery pavements I feel that I need a little support to make my footing sure.

"I am still using Williams' Pink Pills, but I have reduced the dose to one after each meal. It seems that I have been able to throw some discredit on the predictions of my doctors thanks to the pills. They said I could never walk again but here I am, and I think the credit must be given to the pills. It is said the pills are stimulating, but I cannot say that they give me any sensations that I am aware of. They merely cure and that is quite enough for me.

"Since I have been out I have been a walking advertisement for Williams' Pink Pills. I suppose I have recommended them to at least a hundred persons. What! You want to print all this? Why, my dear sir, I never gave a recommendation to any proprietary medicine before in my life. Perhaps it may not be a bad thing to do so this time if it will help any sufferer to regain health and bodily activity."

Carlos F. Shepard has been a resident of Indianapolis for over twenty years. He lives at No. 720 East Ohio Street. He has always been an active, enterprising man and his many friends will rejoice that he has literally been put upon his feet again. He is not only well-known locally but to grain shippers all over Indiana and Illinois.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an unfailing remedy for all diseases arising from a poor and watery condition of the blood, such as pale and sallow complexion, general muscular weakness, loss of appetite, depression of spirits, lack of ambition, anæmia, chlorosis or green sickness, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath on slight exertion, coldness of hands or feet, swelling of the feet and limbs, pain in the back, nervous headache, dizziness, loss of memory, feebleness of will, ringing in the ears, early decay, all forms of female weakness, leucorrhœa, tardy or irregular periods, suppression of menses, hysteria, paralysis, locomotor ataxia, rheumatism, sciatica, all diseases depending on vitiated humors in the blood, causing scrofula, swelled glands, fever sores, rickets, hip-joint diseases, hunchback, acquired deformities, decayed bones, chronic erysipelas, catarrh, consumption of the bowels and lungs, and also for invigorating the blood and system when broken down by overwork, worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions of living, recovery from acute diseases, such as fevers, etc., loss of vital powers, spermatorrhœa, early decay, premature old age. These pills are not a purgative medicine. They contain nothing that could injure the most delicate system. They act directly on the blood, supplying to the blood its life-giving qualities by assisting it to absorb oxygen, that great supporter of all organic life. In this way the blood, becoming "built up" and being supplied with its lacking constituents, becomes rich and red, nourishes the various organs, stimulating them to activity in the performance of their functions, and thus to eliminate diseases from the system.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and are never sold in bulk. They may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company. The price at which these pills are sold makes a course of treatment inexpensive as compared with other remedies.

RARE CHANCE

... FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY

For the purpose of introducing our New Process we will make you One Dozen full-length Cabinet Photographs for . . . . .

$1.00 JUST THINK OF IT $1.00

Per Dozen. They surpass anything known up to Date. Call at Gallery and see Samples

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$3 for 1 Dozen Full Length Paris Panels $3

DAMES & DORSAZ,

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FOR RENT, ROOM 60x70 FT.

With or Without Power. Convenient Offices.

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NEW BREW The Monarch of All Beers

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Free Delivery Oakland, Berkeley, Alameda & San Francisco.

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—THE—

First National Bank of Oakland

Northeast corner Tenth and Broadway.

Capital Stock paid up $250,000

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L. G. BURPEE . . . . . Cashier

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Principal Correspondents—San Francisco, First National Bank, London, Paris and American Bank, Ltd., and Bank of California; New York, National Park Bank; Chicago, American Exchange National Bank.

Union Savings Bank

CORNER BROADWAY AND NINTH ST.

Transacts a General SAVINGS and COMMERCIAL Business.

Capital Fully Paid, $ 300,000 00
Reserve Fund, - - 90,000 00
Deposits Dec. 31, 1895, 3,002,693 19

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OAKLAND, CAL.

Authorized Capital $1,000,000
Capital fully paid up 500,000
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Oakland Bank of Savings

Cor. Broadway and 12th St.

INCORPORATED 1853.

Authorized Capital $1,000,000 00
Capital Paid in 480,000 00
Reserve and Contingent Fund . . . 152,621 23
Deposits January 1, 1896 . . . . . 4,978,202 45

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NEW YORK—Laidlaw & Co.
CHICAGO—Continental National Bank.
LONDON—N. M. Rothschilds & Sons.

CALIFORNIA BANK.

Masonic Temple Building.

Corner Twelfth and Washington Streets, Oakland.

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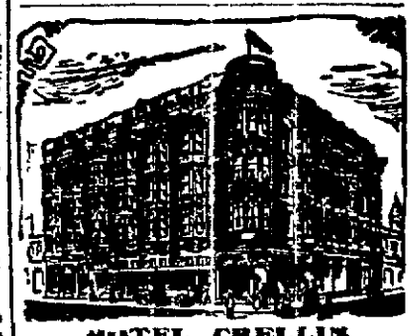
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As Others See Us.

Alameda County has been holding a grand industrial exposition and, as ex-Mayor Davis of Oakland points out it presents an object lesson in protection to home industry Every industry in Alameda County is represented at the exposition There are California silk goods California rugs and carpets, California wines and fruits All the factories in Alameda County as elsewhere, were brought into existence through a policy of protection, and if they are to continue in successful operation many of them at least will require a return to the principle which made them possible Who shall say that the establishment of these industries has not been immensely beneficial to the farmers and to every class of citizens in Alameda County? They have brought capital into play, they have provided employment to thousands of men and women who otherwise would have been die or who would have been forced to enter into competition with the farmer, the mechanic the clerk, the merchant and every class of labor, and they have created to the extent of the number of people employed a home market for products of the soil that is at once convenient and valuable

The wealthiest and most prosperous States in the Union are those in which the factory and the farm are practically side by side, the former providing employment for the superfluous population and at the same time a market for the farmers' products The Republican party advocates protection because it enables factories to flourish the laborer to find work and wages and the farmer to dispose of his raw material and his produce in a market that lies almost at his door As the South and the West pay more attention to working up their own material at home they will become more prosperous They have the material and protection will supply the opportunity

What then do these factories and industries which have been built up in Alameda County under a system of protection mean for that county? It means as Mr Davis says, that this fast developing section, of which Alameda County is a part, is already a manufacturing center, and if it is to continue as such it must be protected We do not work for a cupful of rice and a few cents a day We do not wish to be clothed in rags and see our very backbone our manufactories, closed Take from Alameda County every factory in it and try to contemplate the result Double the number of factories, and then try to form an idea of the future" But, as Mr. Davis asks, if foreign pauper hordes are to come here unrestricted, and if our manufactures are to be put on a free trade footing, how many years would elapse before it would be possible for Oakland to get together such another exposition? Even now many of the manufacturers of that city keep their factory doors open only because they hope for speedy relief from the Republican party, and should the Democratic party, with its free trade policy, continue in power many of them will be compelled to close altogether —San Jose Mercury

Oakland has made another offering at the Temple of Fame in the person of a "flying shoemaker" That is a shoe-pegger of that city claims to have a machine which will carry a human body not to speak of a light head above the ground and over the gutters It has been suggested that an opportunity be given some of the Oakland Councilmen to try the machine, as they are said to be great hands at trying a flyer —Alameda Encinal

The registration of this year fell over 2 000 names below that of 1894 The reason given for this is that the Register of that year was badly stuffed either by error or for purposes of fraud at election time County Clerk Jordan intends that the new Register shall be made as clean and perfect as possible and the total registration will not exceed 27 000 in the county The total vote cast in Alameda County at the last general election was 20,792 —Alameda Encinal

The people of Alameda were paid many decided compliments yesterday by visitors to the County Exposition, and especially by the managers of that very creditable show The twenty-five hundred school children behaved so well as to call for repeated commendation One of the Directors said that he never before saw together at a public place of entertainment so many well dressed, well behaved and good looking children Alameda made an excellent impression upon the people in attendance at the fair showing that its people are no only cultured but enterprising and proud of their city.—Alameda Argus

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ARTHUR M'EWEN'S LETTER.

State Politics in a Rather Chaotic Condition Owing to the Fierce Struggle for Prestiges.

THE UNITED STATES SENATORIAL FIGHT IN EVIDENCE

Shortridge an Avowed Candidate for the National Legislative Honors.

PERKINS MEN ARE AT WORK.

Hervey Lindley Said to Be Ambitious to Succeed Senator White.

CONGRESSIONAL CONTESTS.

Populists and Democrats Are Trying to Figure Out a Fusion Ticket.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug 14—While the Democrats are, like sensible politicians, doing their best to come to a co-operative understanding with the Populists not only as to the electoral ticket but as to Congressmen, the Republicans of San Francisco are extremely active in promoting strife within the party and so increasing its chances of defeat Personal ambitions are large responsible for this state of things The supply of Generals and Colonels is immense, and nearly every General and Colonel wants an office, and is therefor jealous of all the other Generals and Majors It is a peculiarity of most of these perfectly selfish leaders that they have never done anything more for the party than to push themselves forward and raise a row unless it was plainly understood that victory meant spoils for themselves They stand, as a rule for neither brains nor character, but only appetite The most conspicuous General of them all is seemingly an exception in the matter of desiring office, preferring to offer his friends for place instead of himself But this generous General has the misfortune to be an amateur in politics, and his pre-eminence provokes resentment and revolt among the veterans who are not so fortunate as to be on his list of friends destined for preferment General Spreckels aspires—vide the announcement of the admiring Call—to be a State leader of the Quay-Platt order, but the want of capacity he displays for preserving harmony in the city does not encourage the belief that he will ever rise to the position of Commander in Chief of the Republican forces of California One cause of his failure as a harmonizer is the bad advice he gets from his cabinet The courtiers who surround him are cherubim and seraphim who continually do cry that he is great, and that opposition to his will is proof of a stiff-necked and rebellious spirit that invites not to conciliation but punishment. The General has harkened to this crying and accustomed his nostrils to the sweet savor of the incense that is burned by day and by night under his opulent nose So it has come about that when the General finds anybody disputing his sovereignty he assumes that the malcontent is merely scheming to get an office to come into camp This may be true enough of such political adventurers as Martin Kelly, Colonel Kowalsky, Jerry Mahoney and fellows of the baser sort in general, but though Spreckels is unable to realize it, there really are plenty of Republicans in San Francisco quite as reputable as himself who do not think submission to his will necessary either to their own or the party's salvation

In the Fourth and Fifth Congressional Districts the situation has become so involved as to make it certain that the Republicans will be defeated unless the riot act is read to the contending factions by the voice of an authority high and stern enough to compel obedience In the Fourth the Spear wing, recognized by the National Convention and the National Committee, made a nomination for Congress and also for Presidential elector, and General Spreckels, who was not clever enough to prevent this, went straight ahead and nominated candidates also, just as if Spear and his followers did not exist

The folly of this," a Republican who cares a good deal more for party interests than he does for either Spreckels or Spear said to me, "is only surpassed by its impudence John D is demonstrating that he needs a few men with good sense to stay with him and tell him several times a day that he doesn't know it all and isn't the whole of the Republican party We've got too local organizations now, and a double ticket in the Fourth Congressional District The General signalized his ability as a political manager at the opening of the campaign, you remember, by being fooled into voting against himself in the State Committee Now in the Fourth he has had the nerve, or the stupidity, I don't know which, to put up a candidate for Congress against the one nominated by the District Convention which, whatever else may be said of it, was declared by the highest authority of the Republican party to be the properly organized body, under the instructions of the National Committee. By causing his discredited and rejected delegation to nominate Dinkelspeil, Spreckels has put himself in a fix from which he will not be able to crawl without humiliation The National Committee of which he is a member can't well ignore his action His enemies will see to it that the Committee shall be fully informed of his arbitrary and cheeky conduct To the Committee the election of a Congressmen is of much more moment than the pride of the General He has made his foes a present of a whip that will be laid on his back without mercy If Spreckels possessed a proper conception of the duties of a leader he would have come to an understanding with the opposition long ago, and prevented all this pulling and hauling Fancy Stow or Higgins allowing such a muddle to occur! I shouldn't be surprised were the General to lose the seat in the National Committee from which he ousted that other broad minded statesman and his ancient enemy General de Young, now of Paris But whether General Spreckels or General de Young, or General Anybodyelse shall be on the National Committe is a trifle to everybody except the General immediately concerned What is of importance to the voters of the party is that any hope of defeating Maguire must be relinquished if two Republican candidates remain in the field—especially two such candidates as Thomas O Brien, the Clerk of Judge Campbell's Police Court, and H G W. Dinkelspeil, a young man of 30, and wholly unknown to the public Spreckels will have to come off his perch The party cannot stand imbecile management and that is what it is getting now There is a demand for the intervention of the national overseers of the Republican party that will not be ignored The rational thing to do would be for the factions to get together, take down their Congressional candidates and Presidential electors and agree on men who can command the solid Republican vote It makes a full grown man tired to see such politics as are being done in the Fourth"

In the Fifth the Republicans seemed to have a walkover ahead The Democrats were so insensible to shame and the instruction of experience, as to renominate Joseph Kelly who was defeated two years ago—and worse than defeated at the polls, for the State Central Committee took him off the ticket on the declared ground that as a partner of Buckley he had boodled the Board of Supervisors With Kelly as an opponent, Loud appeared to be secure but it is announced that Julius Kahn who does not train with Spreckels, will be an independent Republican candidate Kahn is popular a free silver man, and it is not impossible that the Populists will indorse him He will divide the Republican vote and draw to him thousands of Democrats who feel that Kelly's candidacy as a disgrace to the party and an intolerable affront to themselves Mr Kahn is a young lawyer associated with W W Foote, who is his warm friend Party feeling is weak this year, and I am quite sure that the influential men of the Democratic State Committee would a good deal rather have Kahn than Kelly elected Indeed they would prefer Loud And that is about how every decent Democrat in the District feels too

Speaking of the Democrats, it is not to me questioned that they have become very hopeful of carrying California The dissensions of the Republicans here cheer them greatly and help to inspire them with an earnest desire for union among themselves and fusion with the Populists Fusion on terms satisfactory to both sides will not be easy to bring about, but the outlook is that the two parties will come to a more or less satisfactory agreement The Populists feel encouraged to ask a great deal and a great deal will be granted, for the Democratic managers are determined that if every free silver vote in the State is not made to count for Bryan it will be through no fault of theirs The local troubles are harassing The Junta declines to treat with the Buckleyites on the ground that there is nothing to arbitrate, and that the best way to deal with them is to stamp on them with the hob nailed shoe of power That policy has worked well up to date so far as preventing the Buckleyites from getting recognition from the State Committee or State Convention of Election Commissioners goes, but the exiled faction instead of being crushed has been goaded to ferocity The Junta men say that the Buckleyites are insignificant numerically, and that in quality they are the sort of persons it profits a party to be without "If there's any boodle offering they will vote the Republican ticket anyway," a Junta chief observed to me "They're the riff-raff of the party and have always been a curse to it, driving away respectable citizens from its support Buckley is simply fighting to get some standing in the Democratic organization in order that he may pull it out It would be a fatal mistake to take him and his lambs into the fold again"

"We have the bulk of the San Francisco Democracy with us," says Leader O'Brien, speaking of the Buckleyites, and the superiority of the Junta fellows in the matter of respectability is all in their own minds. If a powerful wing of the party such as we are don't get recognition nobody who knows anything about politics needs to be told what the consequence is likely to be on election day"

The State Committee, which pants for harmony, is distressed and doesn't know what to do But while Gavin McNab, who is a power with the committee, has breath left in his energetic body, the Buckleyites will remain cursing and swearing outside the breastworks.

To return to General Spreckels' vast schemes of policy. Readers of the Chronicle cannot but have noticed that General de Young though himself not averse to getting on his feet and letting his eloquence flow and excite remark, has suddenly conceived a strong distaste and deep scorn for oratory It is true that Candidate Bryan is the ostensible object of the General's contempt, but those who have knowledge of the inner secrets of Republican politics are wide awake to the malign local significance of these articles which are intended to convey the impression that the gift for ornate speech never goes with good brains Bryan is an orator. So is Colonel Samuel M Shortridge, and the Colonel like the General, has his eye on the United States Senate During the past two weeks all artful disguises of ambition all the pretty airs of attractive modesty, have been cast aside by the Colonel. He is in the field for the Senatorship, and General Spreckels is behind him with his barrel and weighty influence The Colonel's sister, Mrs Clara Shortridge-Foltz who is known to the press of the United States as a eminent lawyer in proclaiming that her brother is a statesman and an intellectual giant, who overtops his fellows as a stately oak does the weeds beneath its umbrageous branches, does not exceed the admiration which General Spreckels feels for Sam The notion, long held, that either Claus Spreckels or John D would seek to replace Senator Perkins is proved to have been erroneous The elder Spreckels is to busy to care for the gauds of office, and his eldest son has been subjugated by the amazing genius of the Colonel as privately revealed to him The politicians tell me that the agents of the General are at work throughout the State aranging for the nomination of legislators who will pledge themselves to Shortridge The politicians say that Spreckels has made a compact with Mr Hervey Lindley of Los Angeles, who has his grip on the political machine there and who in pursuance of the terms of the compact is tilling the citrus belt for the Colonel It is also averred that Mr Lindley if successful in this enterprise, will be rewarded by the General with the gift of Senator White's shoes two years hence If a Republican Legislature shall be chosen the hold-overs will belong to Lindley. But Senator Perkins naturally wants another term, and his friends are not hypnotized by the genius of Shortridge or disheartened by the thought of Spreckels' money They are at work William Hamilton, who managed Mr Perkins' fight before, was at Los Angeles last week, presumably to ascertain what Mr Lindley is doing, and to countermine him The Democrats moreover don't despair of capturing the Legislature The more sanguine among them count on a tidal wave such as gave the party everything in 1882 Spreckels and Shortridge further have to face the hot hostility of the Catholic church The A P A has been lost sight of by the public since the national conventions met and the newspapers have talked of nothing except silver and gold But beneath the surface the war over the religious issue has gone on with undiminished enthusiasm The Monitor, the church's organ, has maintained a steady fire on Spreckels and the Call Last week, Major Charles the General's chief editor was fiercely attacked The Monitor gave President Hudelson of the A P A as its authority for the statement that the Major had agreed to send a Call reporter to Catholic convents ostensibly to write them up in a friendly way, but really to spy upon the sisters and if possible discover something to their discredit Poor an authority as Hudelson now is on any question of fact I am informed that Colonel and Major Shortridge were so disturbed by the Monitor's article that they visited the paper's office to offer the editor Father Yorke their assurances of the falsity of the story It is surprising that a man of Father Yorke's masculine sense and knowledge of the San Francisco press, should have given a moments credence to such a romance No San Francisco daily would dare to publish a convent scandal even if it had knowledge of one—least of any the Call, which is published to keep out of trouble with all. But the fire of the Monitor has made great breaches in the Call's circulation and rendered it pretty certain that no candidate who has Spreckels' support will get many Catholic votes One of the General's most notable achievements in politics is to have set the church aflame with detestation of himself and everything and everybody belonging to him As the campaign progresses the A P A will, of course, assert itself and then we shall be happy in the possession of all the elevating joys of a political Donnybrook

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to accommodate their already numerous Oakland patrons and to invite the general patronage of Alameda County residents. A trip across the Bay is avoided. Shoes made to order out of the latest. Prices low. Perfect fit guaranteed.
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SOCIETY NEWS

A Number of Weddings to Take Place Very Soon.

ENGAGEMENT PARTIES GIVEN.

Charming Domino in Honor of Miss Irene Baker.

THE TOWN FILLING AGAIN.

Cathode Rays Turned on by the Ever Busy Meddler.

Apropos of Amy Requa's engagement dinner, which was very, very charming, why do not some of our other girls who are soon to be brides do a little entertaining? This particular dinner was very pretty, indeed, and I have often wondered why the Jewish engagement reception is not adopted and popularized by others. It is a pretty idea. It gives every one a chance to meet the groom, if he is from a far country, and it comes long enough before the wedding not to interfere with that feast.

Claire Ralston's bridesmaids have been for weeks a secret locked in the breasts of her closest friends. She does not want the details of her wedding published until the very eve of the affair. I have no doubt the wedding at St. Paul's will be very pretty, and the reception at the house out of the ordinary, for the bride and groom are going to live in the far Blue Grass State, and the affair will be in the nature of a farewell. The two Selby girls and Miss Austin will be bridesmaids, with Louis Ralston for best man, and Prentiss Selby and Mr. Campbell for ushers.

Miss Ralston has a very charming collection of engagement cups, her only fad.

The other guests at the Requa dinner, where red, white and blue flowers nodded over the crystal and silver, were Miss Lulia Booth and her Chicago fiance, Mr. Sherman, who is paying a visit at the Piedmont home of his beloved, Miss Myra Prather, and Harry East Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Requa, Mr. and Mrs. William Magee, Miss Morgan, Mr. Buckbee, Miss Ida Belle Palmer, Mr. Ralston, Miss Edith Lilienerantz, Granville Abbott, Miss Requa and Colonel Long, the dinner being for the purpose of introducing him. The decorations were a compliment to the calling of the Colonel.

So far as I know, preparations for the other three impending weddings have scarcely been begun, nor the days set, though the foundations of some fairy like trousseaux are being laid. In a week or so I'll give you some bridesmaids and their gowns, and a wedding day or two.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Rossier, nee Mamie Pope, who was a spring bride, has been visiting her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Pope of Highland Park. Her trip was to select the furnishings for a very charming new house in San Diego, and she could only spare one week from a honeymoon which as not grown cold nor old. Mr. and Mrs. Rossier have been living at the Hotel del Coronado. On Thursday, Mrs. Rossier was at home to a great many of her girlhood friends. On Tuesday Mrs. Howard Bray, whose bridesmaid she was, entertained her and a number of girl friends at luncheon at her home in Fruitvale. On Thursday evening the Popes gave a small dinner and in the evening a great many friends called.

* * *

Last evening Mrs. G. W. Baker gave a delightful affair, exclusively for the younger set. There were 160 cards, dancing as the entertainment of the evening, and all in honor of the pretty daughter of the house, Irene, who is about to return to school. There were some dainty dimity gowns and some pretty things worn. The simple toilettes of the young girls were very pretty. To be sure, the gowns in the earlier part of the evening were in eclipse under the gayest of dominoes and the tiniest of masks, for the party at Thirteenth and Madison streets was the gayest of all gay things—a masked ball. When the masks came off, faces were flushed and hair a trifle tumbled, but it was the merriest of fun and the most comical mistakes were made by the 150, who were sure they were all friends, but couldn't quite tell which one. The supper and decorations were quite as elaborate as though the hundred and fifty guests had been old and ennuied married folk, instead of young people most of whom were celebrating, not without regret, the end of their vacation time.

* * *

Another farewell before student days was the dinner given by Mrs. C. B. Sanborn of Fruitvale to her daughter Grace, who re-enters a San Francisco seminary. There were sixteen covers and guests from the younger set.

* * *

As for weddings, there are any number of them. The most important takes place on the 22d, when Miss Elizabeth Blankart and William Cullen will be wedded at the Brooklyn Presbyterian Church. It is to be a very pretty and elaborate wedding at the somewhat unusual hour of four. The church will be full, I have no doubt, for both of the parties have lived in East Oakland for many years, and have many friends. Afterward there will be a reception to 100 people at the bride's home, 1319 Tenth avenue. Miss Blankart is the eldest daughter of Professor and Mrs. Otto Blankart, and is a pretty and charming girl, as well as an accomplished musician. Mr. Cullen is equally well known and is the only brother of a bevy of handsome girls. The engagement was announced some time ago.

The decorations of the church are to be white and yellow, and Harry Hunt will be the organist. Dr. Morse, an old friend of the family and the President of the California Baptist College, will perform the ceremony in the absence of Rev. Mr. Palmer, the pastor of the church.

Miss Eda Blankart will be maid of honor, with Misses Edith Cullen, Edith Allen, Edith Lang and Magdalene Blankart as bridesmaids, and Messrs. Granville Abbott, David Bagley, Lewis H. Allen and Nelson Phelps for ushers. Ed Bray will be best man.

I have been permitted a peep at the bridal gown, which is a departure from the conventional lines, being of white brocaded satin, covered with chiffon, with a Marie Antoinette collar of lace, long bouffant sleeves, a court train and long veil, and a jeweled girdle by way of ornament.

After the wedding and reception the bride and groom will take a train bound eastward. The place of the honeymoon is a profound secret, but I believe that any one who happened to be at the romantic environment of Tahoe would find them there. They will reside in Oakland.

* * *

Miss Carlson of Berkeley was the heroine of a pretty little country wedding on the 5th, at which there were forty-five guests, and there is a big wedding on the tapis, of which I will tell you next week. The bride is an Alameda girl, and the date is the 27th of August.

* * *

The double Dornin wedding in Sonoma County on the 12th was a very novel and pretty affair. In character it was a good deal like Bonnie Tompkins' wedding a year ago. In the first place, Oakwood, the Dornin country home, is a very pretty place, and an admirable background for such an affair.

Miss Julia Dornin was married to Rev. George Eldridge of the Presbyterian Church of Fulton by Dr. Mackenzie of San Francisco, and Miss Alice Dornin became the wife of Hubert Bryant, a San Francisco insurance man, through the ministrations of Dr. Shurtleff of Cloverdale.

The residence was elaborately decorated with flowers, and Mrs. Will Woolsey played the wedding march. The procession for the double nuptials was novel. Master and Miss Dorothy Wilkinson, nephew and niece of the brides, led the march to the floral bower. They were followed by the officiating clergymen, then the bridegrooms, then Mr. and Mrs. George Dornin, the father and mother, the maid of honor, another niece, Miss Helen Dornin walking alone and then the brides in white gowns much alike.

George D. Dornin used formerly to be connected with the Union National Bank of Oakland, and John Dornin, the son, always called "Jackie," was a Berkeley student and a well known member of the Beta Theta Pi fraternity there. Naturally there were many guests among the 300 invited from Alameda County.

The weddings were at noon, and after the ceremonies the congratulations and the feasting, which was out of doors, the bridal couples drove away in a shower of rice and took the train for San Francisco at Santa Rosa. Later the guests took the same train and traveled citywards, and the trip was a very, very merry one. The honeymoons are to be spent in Southern California.

* * *

Last Sunday F. M. Campbell was the host at a very pleasant little dinner, which was the occasion of a family reunion. There were eight guests in all, all related by blood or marriage, and the dinner was a very enjoyable one.

* * *

The returning clergymen have all been properly feted and received. A reception was given to Rev. and Mrs. Charles Wendte, who returned despite all the rumors to the contrary, and also to Rev. Edwards Davis, who came back, though all the newspapers protested that he wouldn't. The reception to Mr. Davis was given last week by the ladies of the Central Christian Church at the Metropole. The reception to the Wendtes was in the daytime at the Ebell rooms, only charter members officiating.

* * *

I do not think that many Oaklanders were so much as bidden to Mrs. Will Crocker's fete champetre at Burlingame this week. The Requas had intended going, but Colonel Long was prevented by official duties, so the Requas did not go.

Mrs. Requa, Miss Amy Requa, Miss Morgan and Miss Palmer have returned from Aetna Springs.

* * *

Mrs. Joseph Dyer gave a very delightful luncheon on Friday afternoon. Everybody remembers Alice Dyer and Lizzie Boyer, and how those two glorious voices used to fill the First Congregational Church. Well, both are visiting Oakland, Miss Dyer, now Mrs. A. H. Otis, from Spokane, and Miss Lizzie Boyer from New York, where she has made a great success with her wonderful contralto. It was in their honor that Mrs. Jo Dyer gave the luncheon, and the guests had the opportunity of hearing some exquisite solos and duets. Those who lunched and listened were Mrs. George Auger, Mrs. Ketchum, nee Helen Little, Mrs. Frederick Stratton, Miss Lizzie Boyer, Mrs. Joseph Dyer, Miss Nellie Chabot and Mrs. A. H. Otis. Miss Chabot, Mrs. Stratton and Mrs. Ketchum also sang. It was a very charming reunion of old friends.

* * *

A large camping party composed very largely of the personnel that once made up that congenial organization known as "The Merry Tramps," left this week for the Mendocino forests, where they will spend the best part of a month.

As of yore, the Masons and Mervins were the controlling spirits. The larger part of the company left this week by wagon and will drive to Mendocino County. Among them are Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Gove Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. Will Melvin, and Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Vandercook.

Next week Mr. and Mrs. Charles Melvin and some others will leave by schooner and sail to meet the rest of the party. The Merry Tramps camp very pleasantly and very systematically. They have done it so many times that they know exactly what to take and better still, what not to take. It has been several years since they last took to the woods.

* * *

The Exposition still flourishes apace. The children have lapsed the hard words, little Vera Moffitt winning a prize for her precocious talkativeness, and a very grave looking baby girl, Evelyn Chubb, receiving the second prize for gibbets of tongue.

Significant, isn't it, that no boy ever gets this prize for early talking? It is verily the day of the new woman.

On Berkeley Day the children talked almost too much, so much so that they drowned the voices of the Berkeley speakers, and made them very, very angry. The result was that Mr. Thomas Bacon, a reverend and a college professor, lost his temper very completely.

Mrs. William Keith, nee Mary McHenry, showed her pique less, which comes perhaps from having to do with the calm, slow-going artistic temperament.

And in spite of it all the day was a success.

* * *

Althearn and Ernest Folger gave a picnic at San Rafael a week ago Friday to a number of their friends, and a dinner for twelve in the private dining room of the Hotel Rafael the same evening. Both affairs were in the nature of a farewell, for the family returned to town last Monday, after having been six weeks at San Rafael. They will go to Del Monte for the Country Club.

Fred Greenwood, who has made a considerable stay at San Rafael, left for San Francisco at the same time as the Folgers and so the eligibles decrease.

Dr. Hubert Clement has been camping and fishing at Catalina for several weeks.

Mrs. Gordon M. Stolp has returned from a visit to her son and daughter-in-law at Belvedere, where they have a cottage.

Wallace Everson and Mrs. Everson are at the Geysers.

Frank Jackson, assistant secretary of the Y. M. C. A., has returned to Oakland from Portland, Oregon, where he has been spending three weeks with his parents.

* * *

That was a very sad death in the Feather River, above Oroville, when Amos Rugg, by a stumble of his horse, was drowned while fording the river, so rich in gold. Mr. Rugg some years ago married Miss Louise Thomas, eldest daughter of the Fruitvale capitalist. It was a very big wedding in the Brooklyn Presbyterian Church and all East Oakland was there, for the Thomases have lived in East Oakland for years. The second daughter, Lillie Thomas, married Mr. Olive, the architect. The Ruggs have resided in Oakland most of the time since, and Mr. Rugg ran down from the mines on the Fourth of July to spend the holiday with his wife and 4-year-old boy. At the time of the father's death the Ruggs had a baby but a few weeks old, and the sudden and cruel accident and death has plunged a large circle of relatives into mourning.

* * *

I am sure you will all be very much surprised to hear that Celia Plunkett, daughter of the late Supervisor James C. Plunkett, of East Oakland, who went to the Hawaiian Islands so recently to be a teacher, is married.

The wedding occurred on July 21, the groom being Dr. Robert B. Williams, son of Captain R. A. Williams, U. S. N., and a graduate of the medical department of the University of California. The marriage was celebrated at the beautiful residence of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Kennedy in Waiakea, Hilo. The decorations were exquisite, even for that tropical land. Two large branches of feathery bamboo tied together with a true lover's knot of wide white satin ribbon formed the bower. The back and canopy were formed of one great branch of yucca flowers—two feet long and very broad—consisting of a shower of fragrant white bells. In nooks and corners were seen the tender green of young banana trees, ferns, ti plants and many white roses. This room was entirely in white and green, the bright light was excluded, and soft artificial light used. The wedding was in the morning at 9 o'clock, and the rites were those of the Episcopal church, of which the bride is a member. To the Lohengrin march, the bride entered with Mr. Kennedy. Mr. Wakefield acted as best man.

The bride wore white brocade silk, trimmed with fine lace, and, as she is a very pretty and sweet-faced girl, I can imagine that she looked charming.

After congratulations the bridal party passed through the rear parlor, bright with yellow flowers, to the dining room, decorated in pink and white, pink crepe myrtle and orange blossoms predominating. After the wedding breakfast Dr. and Mrs. Williams left for the volcano, from whence they will go to Honolulu. On their return they will occupy a beautiful home at Hilo, where Dr. Williams is a very popular physician with a large practice. Mrs. Williams will continue her missionary work among the natives who are much attached to her.

* * *

Friday was an interesting day at the Exposition. The writers and the suffragists made things interesting with papers, a reception, music and other agreeable things. Mrs. Marshall read a very clever paper, Joaquin Miller was—well, he was Joaquin Miller, and everything went well and pleasantly. I thing the suffragists are winning friends by their generous hospitality.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshal of Telegraph avenue entertained a number of friends on Thursday evening.

* * *

Of course you have heard of the new club—it is called the Friday Morning Club and it is a sort of luncheing club. Mrs. Gordon Stolp and Mrs. Fred Stratton are among the members and they have delightful epicurean times.

We are all becoming gourmands with our Chafing Dish and Luncheon Clubs, but our palates are being educated, so there's no loss to any one, not even to that greedy person,

THE MEDDLER.

THE BAKER PARTY.

A delightful domino party was given last evening by Mr. and Mrs. George W. Baker in honor of the sixteenth birthday of their daughter, Miss Irene, who will leave for a boarding school Monday. The handsome Baker home on Madison street was bright with flowers and brilliant lights. The large reception rooms were canvassed for dancing and daintily decorated with masses of La France roses with here and there bunches of azaleas. Up stairs was a large reception room exquisitely decorated and which formed a resting place for weary dancers. Mr. and Mrs. Baker received the guests. At half past eleven the dancers were unmasked and at midnight a dainty supper was served. Among the special guests from San Francisco were the Misses Edith Stubbs, Charlotte Field, Margaret Cole, Delia Mills, May Sharon, Lillie Downing, Netta Edwards. Among the girls from Oakland society were the Misses Jean and Florence Hush, Marietta Havens, Florence Sharon, Blanche Sharon, Grace Baldwin, Jean Howard, Bessie Palmer, Edith Selby, Beatrice Vrooman, Marjedna Snell, Gertrude Allen, Clare Converse, Kate Chabot, Pauline and Anita Lohse, Grace Gorrill, Pauline Fore, Abbie Cliff, Harriet Kittredge, Bertha McElrath, Florence Edoff, Ray Wellman, Elise Marwedel, Emma Grimwood, May Bell, Edyth Adams, Edith Gaskill, Mamie Thomas, Carrie Schultz, Hattie Currier, Grace Hanson, Annie Pratt, Chrissie Taft, Mamie Kent, Lulu Everett, Florence Walker, Sallie Quinan, Carrie Quinan, Helen Garthwaite, Helene Bell, Jennie Crellin, Sadie Whitney, Ethel Whitney, Olive Middleton, Beatrice Curtiss.

The others present included Messrs. Stewart Rawlings, George Sharon, Beach Soule, Will and Harry Horn, Henry Bacon, Roy McDonald, Elmore Leffingwell, Dave Roscoe, Herbert Beck, Eugene Beck, Will English, Dan Belden, Roy Belden, Homer and Cory Craig, Bernard North, Paul Selby, Wallace Everett, Roger Friend, Silas Palmer, Roy Mauvais, Edwin Stetmore, Jerry Simpson, Harry and Allen Chickering, Walter Starr, George Sessions, Will Thorn, Orville Pratt, Max Taft, Walter Beebe, Lloyd Robbins, Joe Pheby, Fred Compton, Ed Jackson, Joe Rosborough, Norris English, Fred Dieckman, Percy Bromwell, Howard Badger, Tony Kaiser, Fritz Crist, Wick Havens, Ben Bakewell, Carl and Jack Hoffman, Charles Parcells, Walter Dayton, Wright and Sumner Hardy, Church Taylor, George Manley, Claude Sharon, Harry Farr, Fred Grimwood, Henry Nicholls, Herbert Selby.

THE DE WOLF PARTY.

Miss Lily De Wolf gave a pleasant party last Friday evening in honor of her Sunday school class. Those present were: The Misses Bessie De Wolf, Mattie Genung, Helen Whitton, Annie Morrison, Myrtle Scammon, Fannie Cuthbert, Francis and Georgia Sanborn, Margaret Bartlett, Grace McNorton, Stella Shoemaker, Messrs. De Wolf, Hubert Whitton and Ed Morrison.

THE FINKENSTEDT PARTY.

Miss Kittie Finkenstedt gave a very enjoyable party at her home last Saturday evening. Dancing and music were the amusements of the evening. Among those present were: Mrs. M. Elliott, Mrs. Drake, Mrs. Neilson of Ignacia, the Misses A. Donahue, Minnie Donohue, Minnie Kitchen, E. Scrivener, Annie and Lettie Finkenstedt; Messrs. Drake, Fine, A. Reed, Charles Slamburg, George Finkenstedt, Daniel Hurlbut.

THE PRESS CLUB RECEPTION

The reception tendered to the Press Club by the Political Equality Society at their booth in the Oakland Exposition yesterday afternoon proved to be quite a society event. A number of well-known people were in attendance. The Reception Committee consisted of Mrs. S. C. Borland, Mrs. L. G. Judd, Mrs. Irene Woodhams, Mrs. Olive Babcock, Mrs. T. L. Walker, Mrs. McElroy, Mrs. Kate Carter and Mrs. Adeline Osgood. Among the guests were Mrs. Ada Van Pelt, Ina Coolbrith, Joaquin Miller, Mrs. Florence Hardman Miller, Miss Mary Lambert, Dr. Kellogg-Lane, Mrs. William Keith, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wilkie, Charles Markham, Miss Mollie Conners, Mrs. L. A. Thompson, Miss Mabel Hussey, Rev. Elsa T. Wilkes, Mrs. Emma Sickle Marshall, Miss Ida Putnam, Mrs. Hussey, Miss Jones, the Black Patti, Mrs. Burns and many others.

THE EBELL LUNCHEON.

The Ebell Society's luncheon in honor of the charter members and especially Mrs. Charles Wendte, who is not only a charter member, but also a bride and who has only recently returned from an extended wedding trip, occurred Tuesday in the club room. It was a charming affair with exquisite decorations of pink amaryllis and La France roses. Nearly 150 ladies were present. At the charter members' tables were Mrs. C. W. Wendte, Mrs. Geo. W. Grant, Mrs. G. W. Bunnell, Mrs. Kate Sessions, Mrs. W. H. Friend, Mrs. P. D. Browne, Mrs. M. P. Benton, Miss Benton, Mrs. Hardy, Mrs. E. E. Greenman, Mrs. S. J. Smythe, Mrs. A. Cornwall, Mrs. Wallace Everson, Mrs. W. Sherman. After the luncheon Mrs. W. A. Childs proposed a toast to Mrs. Wendte, who responded charmingly. She was followed in turn by Mrs. Bunnell, president of the Ebell, Mrs. P. D. Browne, Mrs. Benton, Mrs. Friend and Miss Benton. Two most delightful, and very appropriate recitations were given by Miss Ethel Hornick, who has been making a notable success in elocution in the East this year.

PLUNKETT—WILLIAMS.

The last steamer from Honolulu brought news of the details of the Plunkett-Williams marriage at Hilo on July 22d. The bride, Miss Celia Plunkett, was a daughter of the late Supervisor J. C. Plunkett of East Oakland, and is a graduate of the Oakland High School. She left her old home over a year ago, intending to devote several years to missionary work in the Hawiian Islands, and her engagement came as a surprise to her many friends in this city. The groom is a son of Captain R. A. Williams, United States Navy, and is a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of California. He is a clever young physician and has a large practice on the Islands.

The wedding took place at the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Kennedy in Waiakea, Hilo. The decorations were luxuriantly tropical. A bower was formed in the front parlor with two large branches of feathery bamboo tied overhead with a true lovers' knot of wide white satin ribbon. Extending from the back and crowning all was artistically arranged a blossom from the yucca tree. This flower is about two feet high and proportionately broad, and is a mass of white bells. In pretty nooks and corners were young banana trees, ferns, ti plants and roses galore. From this room, which was in white and green, daylight was excluded and electric light effects used.

The ceremony was performed shortly after 9 o'clock according to the rites of the Episcopal Church. To the music of "Lohengrin" the bride entered on the arm of Mr. Kennedy. Mr. Wakefield acted as best man. The bride wore an exquisite gown of brocaded white silk, trimmed with delicate lace.

After the ceremony the guests passed into the dining room, where the wedding breakfast was served. The dining room was daintily decorated in pink and white, pink crepe myrtle and orange blossoms predominating.

Later the bride and groom started on their wedding trip to Honolulu amidst a shower of rice. On their return Dr. and Mrs. Williams will occupy their beautiful shower of rice. On their return Dr. and her work among the natives, to whom she is especially endeared.

LISSNER—GREENHOOD.

An interesting wedding occurred Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Greenhood, 624 William street, when Miss Ermine Greenhood and Meyer Lissner were united in marriage. The ceremony was performed by Rabbi Friedlander. The bride looked very handsome in an elegant gown of satin trimmed with rich point lace. She was accompanied by Miss Emily Greenhood, maid of honor, and Miss Annette Hirshberg, Miss Carrie Beel and Miss Lizzie Peres, bridesmaids. The groom was attended by his brother, Bert Lissner. Mr. Lissner is a member of the Los Angeles jewelry firm of M. Lissner & Co. The bride is a talented young woman and has many friends in this city. After a wedding supper, Mr. and Mrs. Lissner left on their wedding trip south.

THE DANLY PARTY.

M. P. Danly was surprised by a number of his friends Wednesday, the twenty-first anniversary of his birthday. The house was charmingly decorated in pink and white, and the time was passed pleasantly with games and music. Late in the evening supper was served under a large canopy on the lawn. The host cut the birthday cake and Miss Pearl Atkins received the ring. Those present were: Miss Pearl Atkins, Miss Amy Cookson, Misses Mabel and Lilly Etting, Miss Madlein Hollman, Miss Emma Arrisson, Miss Helen Danly of San Francisco, Misses Lizzie and Clara Dook of Stockton, Cal., Miss Pearl Danly, Miss Pearl Clover, Miss Cora Anderson, Miss Alice McCurdy, Miss Minnie Danly, Miss Hortense Sutherland of Alameda, L. H. Collom, W. Rocky, L. E. Ensign and F. Cookson of San Francisco, W. Ward, James Morris, Professor Hipkins, W. Oesterlecher, G. Owen, C. B. Greeley, H. McCurdy, C. A. Danly, C. L. Danly, L. E. Danly and Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Danly of Alameda.

THE RUCHERT PARTY.

An enjoyable 500 party was given by Miss Etta Ruchert at her home 765 Clay street Thursday evening. The time was pleasantly passed with music and games. Among the guests present were: Miss Etta Ruchert, Miss Cora Ruchert, Miss Ida Ruchert, Miss Myrtle Ruchert, Miss Clara Heffeman, Miss Emma Souter, Miss Maggie Mulvey, Miss Elenor Wilson, Miss Winnie Mulvey, Miss Myrtle Cooper, Miss Dozie Wilson, Miss E. Hill, Miss May Johnston, Miss K. Whitehead, Messrs. Leland Ruchert, Walter Quin, John Travers, Tom Victors, Charlie Kucks, Charlie Cluferd, Frank Priestley, Dr. Smith, Tom Guard, W. Johnston, H. Johnegon, F. Black.

M. H. D. C. BALL.

The Masonic Hall Dancing Club gave an enjoyable party Thursday evening in Masonic Temple, which was prettily decorated with ferns and palms. The grand march was led by Miss Ella Good and George Clark. Among the guests were:

J. W. Leonard, H. Maloon, Miss Ida Webster, Mr. Taggiart, William Kuhnle, Miss Marshall, F. C. Gaffney, Mrs. Pierce, Miss Kent, J. W. Ledgett, Mrs. Romick, Mrs. Rivers, Miss A. Carpenter, Miss Mabel Carpenter, F. B. Shattuck, Miss Belle Little, George P. Clark, Miss Ella Good, W. B. Jones, Mr. Ed Leonard, Miss Tallman, Miss Look, A. Havens, Miss E. Honwege, Miss Thomas, R. H. Hoaglund, Miss Sadie Bower, R. W. Webster, S. L. Good, C. L. Morey, Mrs. A. Richardson, C. Dainsworth, Miss Annie Volker, Miss Mamie Volker, Fred Tyrell, Bert Parker, Miss Broadway, H. T. Webster, Mrs. Webster, W. A. Donahoo, O. W. Peterson, Miss Myra Miller, Miss James, Mr. Nuckolls, Miss Johnson, H. Ellis, Miss Downer, D. J. Corkery, Miss Stella Graham, H. Wilson, Mrs. Cumiskey, A. W. Gray, W. B. Styles, A. Raymond, F. S. Starratt, Mrs. Starratt, J. C. Robinson, T. S. Harlon, Miss G. Smith, T. J. O'Connor, Miss F. Hill, Mr. Makins, Mrs. R. Davis, Mr. McGreggor, W. Buchram, Miss L. Vogel, Miss Shields, M. E. Ott, J. D. Scanlon, Miss Jeffrey, George Williams, Miss Jones, C. F. Pritchard, Mr. Rand, Miss G. Gray, J. Brannan, Frank Pfister, A. H. Fox, Miss Marie Burns, I. Fairbanks, Daye Wise, Mrs. Wise, C. B. Harris, Miss Eva Copp, Miss Ella Copp, L. W. Denison, Mrs. Graham, C. Baker, A. M. Kinne, L. Q. Havens, Miss Minnie Horwege, H. Tyrell, Miss M. C. Hill, Miss Tessie Murray, Mr. Bentley, T. P. Hamel, Ed Olson, H. Hamilton, Miss E. Culver, E. E. Leighton, Mrs. H. A. Gilnes, E. A. Hundley, W. Hodkins, Miss Mattie Wright, Miss Wright, Mrs. Davis.

STEWART—LITTLEFIELD.

The engagement of Frank H. Stewart and Miss Lyda Littlefield is announced. Both the young people are residents of East Oakland, where they have a large circle of friends.

Miss Littlefield is the handsome and accomplished daughter of Deputy United States Marshal J. Littlefield, while Mr. Stewart is one of the best known young men in East Oakland, being connected with the firm of M. Y. Stewart & Co.

The wedding will take place within two or three months, though the exact date has not yet been set.

BEEDE—ALDRICH.

Dr. William Stewart Beede and Miss Virginia Foote Aldrich were married August 9th, at 2 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Rounsevelle Wildman. The bride is the granddaughter of the late Henry S. Foote, Senator from Mississippi, and niece of Judge Henry S. Foote and W. W. Foote of this city. The groom is a nephew of United States Senator William M. Stewart of Nevada. He is a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of California, and has removed recently to this city, where he has taken up a permanent residence.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William C. Shaw, who is acting at the Church of St. Mary the Virgin in Rev. Mr. Bolton's absence. Although the bride is among San Francisco's most popular society girls, she insisted upon a quiet home wedding, which took place at the residence of her sister. She was married in a dark blue traveling gown. The parlors, which are especially picturesque in their Oriental hangings, needed but the bunches of cut flowers, which were the only decoration. There were no attendants save the bride's brother, W. F. Aldrich, who acted as best man. Mrs. Aldrich, mother of the bride, stood in place of her husband, the late Judge Lewis Aldrich.

After congratulations a wedding breakfast was served, and later Dr. and Mrs. Beede left for a southern trip.

The guests were, besides the members of the immediate families, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Foote, Miss Bertha Foote, J. West Martin, Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Holladay, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Herrin and Mr. and Mrs. E. Burke Holladay.

RALSTON—BULLITT.

The coming event in society is the marriage of Miss Claire Ralston, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Ralston and Dr. Bullitt, of Louisville, Kentucky, Wednesday next. The wedding will take place in St. Paul's Church at high noon. The officiating clergymen will be the Right Rev. Bishop Nichols and Rev. Dr. Ritchie. A number of invitations have been extended and the marriage will be the most brilliant affair of the year. There will be a maid of honor, Miss Mae Austin of Stockton, and six bridesmaids, the Misses Selby, Misses De Fremery, Eells, Walker, and Watts. The ushers will be Messrs. Campbell, Haynes, Brayton, Wilson, Blanchard, and Prentiss Selby. Louis Ralston will act as best man.

THE DORNIN WEDDING.

A double wedding highly interesting to Oaklanders took place Wednesday at "Oakmead," Santa Rosa, the beautiful country home of Mr. and Mrs. George D. Dornin, who formerly resided in this city. The contracting parties were Miss Julia Dornin and the Rev. George Eldredge and Miss Alice Dornin and Hubert Bryant.

By special arrangements with the railroad company cars were run to Oakmead and stopped at the Dornin place. A quarter of a mile walk under shady trees brought the guests to the home where, through the thoughtful consideration of the hostess, a dainty luncheon was served beneath the spreading oaks in front of the house.

The house itself was transformed into a floral bower. Exquisite flowers, ferns, mosses and greens of all kinds were used in abundance. The north parlor had festoons of woodwardia ferns, huckleberries and fragrant white blossoms, while the drawing and reception rooms were a marvel of decorative art. The hall through which the bridal party passed was elegantly adorned in yellow, with golden rod and dahlias, with a foundation of wild huckleberries, woodwardia and bamboo. From the ceilings hung festoons of ferns and flowers.

The marriages were celebrated at high noon. The wedding party entered the drawing room to the welcoming strains of Mendelssohn's "Wedding March." Little Winsor and Dorothy Wilkinson, the nephew and niece of the brides, entered first as the ribbon bearers. Following them were the officiating clergymen, the Rev John T. Shurtleff, M. A., rector of the Episcopal Church of the Good Shepherd, Cloverdale, and the Rev. Robert McKenzie, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of San Francisco. Next came the bridegrooms, then Mr. and Mrs. George D. Dornin, father and mother of the brides; then Miss Helen Dornin, the daughter of George W. Dornin and niece of the brides, carrying flowers as maid of honor. The brides came last, clad in elegant gowns of rich white silk. The ceremony was performed beneath a bridal canopy of sweet peas and wild huckleberry vines, relieved by festoons of broad pink satin ribbon tied in colonial bows.

The first ceremony, performed by the Rev. J. T. Shurtleff, according to the ritual of the Episcopal Church, made Mr. Hubert Bryant and Miss Alice Dornin man and wife. Then Rev. Dr. McKenzie united the Rev. George Eldredge and Miss Julia Dornin.

After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served in the vine-covered porches and under the oak trees on the lawn. Both bridal couples will spend their honeymoon in Southern California.

THE JOHNSON SILVER WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Johnson of South Berkeley celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding day last Saturday evening by a reception to their many friends. The rooms were exquisitely decorated with flowers. The evening was pleasantly passed with music and dancing. Among the guests at the reception were: Albert Farr and wife, F. Williams and wife, Mr. S. Forbes and wife, Mrs. and Mr. Schad, Mr. Durbank and wife, Mrs. and Miss Pauline Dumont, Mr. Savage and wife, Mr. McVery and wife, Mr. Christopher, his wife and his daughter Bertha, Mr. Gustavison, Mrs. Hansen, Misses Eda Hansen, Grace and Belle Myer, Fred Smith, A. J. Brackett, J. Cavan, and wife, Mr. Abrahamson and wife, and Charles Douglass.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Mrs. Dr. Stockham.

Has returned to Oakland for an indefinite time. Has had many years' experience as a general practitioner. Successfully treats cancers, tumors, blights disease and diabetes. Consultation free. Hours: 8 to 11 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M. Room 4, Playter Block, corner Fourteenth and Broadway. Residence, 766 Nineteenth.

Storage for Furniture.

A number of stalls to let. Best place to store your furniture. Schellhaas' Store Rooms, Thirty-fourth street and San Pablo avenue. Office, 408 Eleventh street.

Bay City Flour makes the best bread.

Baby High Chairs

At Papa's low prices, at H. Schellhaas. Cribs, cradles, crockery and glassware. 408 Eleventh street.

Mother's Mush is a breakfast delight.

Above all others. Sperry Family Flour.

MILK FOR BABY should be pure, if baby's health you would assure. Our cows are the best bred, the best pastured, the best fed; and baby milk is our specialty.

PARKHURST BROS.,
LORIN P. O.,
Alameda Co., Cal



TENTH ST. AND BROADWAY,
OAKLAND, CAL.

What you will see....

AT OUR BOOTH AT THE

Oakland Exposition!

YOU WILL SEE the process by means of which the medicinal portions of Roots, Herbs and Bark are extracted in the manufacture of Dr. Ira Baker's Honduras Sarsaparilla. No heat being used renders the vegetable juices unchanged and in their natural conditions. Dr. Ira Baker's Honduras Sarsaparilla contains NO ALCOHOL.

YOU WILL SEE a collection of the best known Vegetable Alteratives, Tonics and Blood Purifying Remedies known to the medical profession. Absolutely no minerals or chemicals enter into the manufacture of Dr. Ira Baker's Honduras Sarsaparilla.

YOU WILL SEE the Honduras Sarsaparilla Root, the most highly prized of all Sarsaparillas, in the original bale, bound in rawhide, as it is imported by us from Honduras, Central America.

Dr. Ira Baker's Honduras Sarsaparilla is an excellent Tonic, a great Blood Purifier. Gives quick results. Try a sample dose at our booth. You will find it pleasant to the taste. 75c per bottle; 3 for $2.00.

FREE—Licorice Root free for the children at our booth. Ask for a ticket entitling you to a free sample of Dr. Ira Baker's Little Giant Liver Pills.

THE OWL DRUG CO.

Oakland——Los Angeles——San Francisco

JONES & HAYDEN

Fashionable Milliners

The Only Millinery Parlors in Oakland.

Rooms 22-23 Upstairs . . . . **Blake Block** Cor. 12th and Washington Sts

NATIVES ON TOP.

California's Representatives Have Their Day at the Fair.

ELEGANT ENTERTAINMENT.

Contra Costa Residents Are in Full Swing This Afternoon.

NEXT WEEK'S ARRANGEMENTS.

Good Programmes to Be Given to the Close.

The Exposition continues to attract large crowds. Irish societies evening drew an unusually large throng last night and the programme proved to be very interesting. Mrs. Edmund Taylor gave a clever talk, "Ten Minutes in Ireland," and the singing was excellent, the solos rendered by Miss Mary Sullivan and Miss Carroll were especially worthy of mention.

This afternoon children from Contra Costa County are enjoying a day at the Exposition. The Ladies' Relief Society has charge of the afternoon programme. The inmates of the Temescal Children's and Old Ladies' Home visited the Exposition in a body, and thoroughly enjoyed the day.

The Ladies' Relief Society had prepared a short programme as follows:

Opening remarks, Dr. J. K. McLean.
Recitation, by an old lady.
Swiss song by the children.
Song, "Blackberry Gatherer," children.
Recitation, "Our Flag."
Song, "Under the Old Umbrella, Abe."
Song, "Flowers, Flowers," children.

During the afternoon the Exposition Band rendered the following selections:

March, Occidental ....Sousa
Overture, "All Hands on Deck"....Suppe
Scene and Aria, "I Masnadieri"....Verdi
Bolero, "I'll Follow Thee"........Farmer
Rosenbluthen, "Salonstuck" ......Ascher
Overture, "Crown of Victory".....Ripley
Swedish Wedding March......Soedermann
Waltz, "Homage to Ladies"..Waldteufel
Medley, "With the Minstrels"....Bowron
March, "Concentration" ....Rollinson

The Native Sons will have charge this evening and have arranged a programme of great interest. It is as follows:

Address by the Grand President, N. S. G. W., Hon. H. C. Gesford.
Address by the Grand Vice-President N. D. G. W., Mrs Bell Conrad.
Vocal solo—Miss Gretchen Burnett, accompanied by A. L. Bangle.
Spanish Dance—Miss Ida Moloon.
Vocal solo, "The Storm Fiend" G. Beebe.
Monologue—Eddie Sweeney.
Selection—Reliance Glee Club.
Selections—Exposition Band.

During the evening the Exposition Band will render the following selections:

March, "Occidental" ....Sousa
Dedicated to the N. S. G. W.
Overture, "Morning, Noon and Night" ....Suppe
Clarionet solo, "Fantasie"....Pemberton
Mr. A. L. Bangle.
Fantasie, "Faust" .... Gounod
Robert Bruce .... Bonnissean
Grand paraphrase on Scotch melodies
La Reine de la Mer Waltzes........Sousa
Medley, "Night Owls" ....Becker
March, "Oakland Industries".......Cassasa

The Catholic Ladies' Aid Society receive their friends at the Associated Charities' booth, Oakland Exposition, today and evening. All are cordially invited. The committee in charge are the following ladies: Mrs. C. C. Kirk, Mrs. J. McGinnis, Mrs. John Lynch, Miss Mary Lambert, Mrs. H. Coleman, Miss Sadie Flynn.

THE COMING WEEK.

The Directors are now busily engaged upon the preparation of the programme for the closing week and promise entertainments that will not be lacking in interest and variety.

Monday evening will be devoted to minstrelsy and fun. A general jolly time may be expected. A cake walk will be one of the features of the evening. Milt Johnson, the champion cake walker of the United States, will be one of the participants. A quartette of colored people will sing plantation ditties and add to the pleasure of the evening.

Tuesday evening Riley Bros. will give a stereopticon exhibition.

Wednesday evening twenty West Oakland young ladies will present a cantata, "The Grasses and Flowers," under the direction of Mrs. Jennie Throp. This cantata was recently presented before the Eastern Star and was said to be unusually interesting and entertaining.

Wednesday evening Professor Chapman has also planned to have his pupils give an exhibition of fancy dancing. Twenty-five young ladies will take part in this exhibition of terpsichorean art. There will be skirt dancing, a gypsy dance and a minuet by eight young ladies.

East Oakland will have charge of Friday's programme, and the residents are arranging to make an elaborate display of the literary and musical resources of this part of town.

It is expected that H. B. Pasmore will bring the Hawthorne Singing Society over from San Francisco one evening and give a concert.

The directors are unanimous in declaring that the closing week will prove to be as great a success in every way as the two preceding weeks. The Exposition will close at the end of next week.

The ladies of the Second Ward Political Equality Club wish to thank Messrs. Lehnhardt, Agard & Lebenbaum for donations to the suffrage booth at the Exposition on Tuesday last.

THE TRIBUNE GUESTS.

Among the guests at the Tribune booth are the following:

Mrs. J. H. Oliver, Mrs. Thom. Pearson, Miss W. Van Alstyne, Geo. Mulvaney, Lela Martin, Annie Wright, Bert Reader, James Melvin, Jr., Ernest Hanamn, W. B. White, R. D. Brownson, Minerva Nolan, Kathryn G. Kirk, George Crumlan, Mrs. Frank Garrison, Miss McKearney, A. R. Gruggel and wife, J. Lynch, Pat Ma one, George Crimmon, Minnie Nolan, Chas. Fowler, Frank Nolan, Clem Kirk, Henry Kirk, Margaret Nolan, John Lynch, Edmund Crimmon, Louise Kehoe, May Kehoe, Geo. Catlais, Myrtle Hall, E. O. Dodge, Maud Shirley, Ella Flemming, Florence Britton, Mollie Mathes, Francis Olsara, Mrs. Tony Peterson, Thos. F. Garrity, Loftus Harley Francis, Mrs. Charles Hart, Mrs. Eva Lawton, Miss G. W. Francis, W. I. Smith, Mrs. Jennie Hall.

Rugs

Great Special Sale

See the Prices in our windows,

For Next Tuesday.

BANKRUPT STOCK OF C. B. SHEAR

Still Going on

Stoves, Ranges, Kitchen Utensils

And a Lot of Graniteware slightly damaged in handling, all at

LESS THAN FACTORY COST

—NOW ON SALE—

Salinger's

New Department Stores

1013 to 1023 Washington Street, Southwest Corner Eleventh.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Mrs. Garrett D. Wright of 920 Brush street, will be at home Thursdays.

Dr. and Mrs. K. Taylor are camping with a party of friends in Mitchell's canyon near Martinez.

Miss Vira Nicholson has returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Victor Metcalf.

Mrs. Henshaw and Miss Grimes are visiting Mrs. Victor Metcalf.

Miss Anna Leist, an Oakland girl who appeared in a amateur production of "L'Africaine" at the Macdonough Theater a few years ago and scored a hit, is gaining a splendid reputation in the East as a soloist in the swell churches. Miss Leist is a very fine soprano. At present she is in Newark, N. J.

Henry Lefevre has returned from Madrone Springs.

Mrs. H. M. A. Miller has returned from San Rafael, where she was the guest of Mrs. Rudolph Spreckels.

Mrs. L. M. Williams has returned from New York.

Mrs. Kathryn Chrisholm is spending a few days with friends in San Rafael.

Mr. and Mrs. Solomon of Los Angeles are visiting the latter's mother, Mrs. I. Marcuse, 580 Twenty-second street.

Mrs. M. J. McIntosh gave a delightful party recently in honor of her daughter, Miss Nellie, who lately graduated from Walla Walla College.

Miss Lulu Covall has gone East on an extended trip.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Hickey and Mrs. R. W. Merrick and children are occupying a cottage at Idlewild, Glen Ellen.

An entertainment and dance will be given by the Harbor Lodge, No. 253, I. O. O. F., Wednesday evening, August 19th, in Fraternity Hall, West Oakland. Invitations may be had from the members of the lodge.

Phil Sheridan Circle No. 5, Ladies of the G. A. R., will give a social dance in Loring Hall Tuesday evening, August 25th.

Mrs. Orth and little daughter have returned from a visit in Irvington.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. McDonough are spending a few weeks at Idlewild.

Arthur McHardy is visiting in Ione.

Mrs. Nicholson of Twenty-third avenue recently gave a picnic party to a number of the little friends of her daughter, Mamie, in honor of the latter's fifth birthday. The little folks went to Leona Heights.

Wyoming Council No. 16, Degree of Pocahontas, Imp'd O. R. M., will give the first of a series of social dances at the old G. A. R. Hall, Thirteenth street, near Broadway, Friday night, Aug. 21st.

Piedmont Parlor, N. D. G. W., gave a pleasant social at Loring Hall last evening. A large number was present and enjoyed a delightful time.

A fair-sized audience attended the dramatic entertainment and dance tendered last evening to Mrs. Anna Donaldson by Ivy lodge Dramatic Club in Elite Hall. The affair was a testimonial benefit and given under the auspices of Ivy Degree of Honor lodge No. 4, A. O. U. W.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Campbell are the guests of J. P. Ames of Martinez.

Frank R. Gibb has returned from Napa.

Emil Lehnhardt, the poet, leaves Monday for a trip to San Diego and Coronado.

George Elliot Fairchilds of San Francisco and Miss Lucy Grace Clark were quietly married at the home of the bride's father, Judson F. Clark, in Alameda during the week.

The engagement is announced of Miss Aggie Furst of this city and Samuel Spiro of San Francisco.

Dr. A. J. Russell has returned from a vacation spent in the Sierra Nevada mountains.

Rev. John Rowland of Petaluma is visiting in this city.

Mrs. N. R. Turner and Miss Lulu Turner are visiting friends in Fruitvale.

Rule Eubank has gone to Stockton.

Mrs. Will Tharp of Sutter City is visiting in this city.

A. Dolliver and G. R. Long have gone to Chico.

J. F. Hayes is visiting Chico.

Mrs. Will Church is visiting relatives in Livermore.

The Misses Stevens have been visiting Mrs. Geddis of Centerville.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Osgood have returned from a short visit in Irvington.

WHEEL VS. HORSE.

The Animals Doubly Outnumber the Machines in Alameda County.

The returns of the State Board of Equalization, on the number of taxable bicycles and horses in the various counties of the State are decidedly interesting, and show the rapidity with which the wheel has gained favor.

The report shows 19,677 known bicycles in the State, which, placed at a very low valuation, aggregate a total worth of $19,679.

In Alameda County there are 4,250 wheels, which are averaged as representing taxable amounts of $25 apiece, making a total of $106,250.

In this county 9,950 horses are on the list and are given a valuation of $272,000.

BUTLER AND BALD.

How the Half-Mile National Championship Men Came In.

THE RACING AT LOUISVILLE.

Cooper Fails to Maintain His Work on the Track.

COBURN WINS THE MILE.

Splendid Events Mark the Closing of the Meet.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 15.—Two National championships are on the card for the closing day of the L. A. W. National meet—The half mile and five mile events.

Although Cooper's run of successive victories was broken yesterday when Tommie Butler made his sneak in the mile championship, the Detroit boy is expected to distinguish himself again today.

Eddie Bald has not yet crossed the tape winner.

Gardiner is considered dangerous since his record breaking performance in the mile open yesterday.

Other events to be contested today are the mile handicap the mile open for amateur, two mile amateur, State championship; the professional two mile handicap, 2:30 class mile for amateurs and the mile open professional.

The following qualified in the respective events: Amateur mile handicap:—First heat—Bornwasser, Lum, Canfield, Hammond, Thorne, Simpson, Groeschel. Time, 2:14 2-5.

Second heat—Howard, Eberhardt, Hattersley, Fitchner, McCabe, Dupree McCarthy. Time, 2:12 3-5.

Third heat—Ingraham, Coburn, McKeon, Middendorf, Seaton, Cummings, Ewing. Time, 2:12.

Professional and Amateur Championship, half mile, first heat—Cooper, Bald, Coulter, Baker. Time, 1:08 1-5.

Second heat—W. Coburn, Kennedy, Starbuck. Time, 1:09 4-5.

Third heat—Tom Butler, Gardiner, Ray McDonald, Ziegler. Time, 1:13 3-5.

Mile, 2:30 class, amateur—First heat—W. F. Le Compte, Canfield, H. H. Wright, Middendorf; 3.10 3-5.

Second heat—Kirby, Dougherty, Dupree, Leathers; time 2:54 3-5.

Third heat—Peabody, Cummings, Smith, L. Coburn; time, 2:54 3-5.

Professional mile open—First heat—Bald, Rigby, McCleary, Schrein; time 2:34 4-5.

Second heat—Allen, W. Coburn, Acker, Clark; time, 2:27 2-5.

Third heat—Tom Butler, Loughead, Gardiner, Zeigler; time 2:27 2-5.

Fourth heat—Sanger, Kennedy, J. Eaton; McFarland; time, 2:28 2-5.

Amateur mile open—First heat—McKeon, Middendorf, Thorne; time, 2:59.

Second heat—Bornwasser, Hattersley, Howard; time, 2:40 3-5.

Third heat—Fitchner, Sam Berg, Le Compte; time, 2:40 2-5.

Fourth heat—Peabody, Ingraham, Seaton; time, 2:37 3-5.

Professional, two mile handicap—First heat—Hoffer, Eaton, McCleary, Sanger, Kennedy, Shrein; time, 4:32 2-5.

Second heat—Callahan, Newhouse, Oldfield, Van Herrick, Dr. Brown, L. C. Johnson; time, 4:17.

Third heat—Mosher, Clark, Allen, Becker, Cox, Bob Walthall; time 4:23 3-5.

This ended the morning's work.

Semi-final, half mile championship—First heat—Tom Cooper, first; Gardiner second; Starbuck third; time 1:12 2-5. Con Baker and Coulter also started.

Second heat—Tom Butler, first; Bald, second; Allen, third; time, 1:08. Callahan and Willie Coburn also ran.

Amateur mile handicap—J. J. Howard, 20 yards, won; C. C. Ingraham, scratch, second; W. F. Lum, 50 yards, third; time, 2:14 2-5.

Bornwasser, Thorne, Groeschel, Fitchner, Dupree, Seaton, Candield, Hammond, Eberhardt, Hattersley, Coburn, Cummins, also started.

Final heat, half-mile National championship—Tom Butler won; Bald, second; Gardiner, third; time, 1:11 1-5. Cooper and Allen also started.

Amateur two-mile State championship—Seaton won; Ed Fitchner, second; W. E. Dupree, third; time, 5:01 3-5. Thorne, Bornwasser, Leathers, and Middendorf also started.

Fourth and fifth races skipped.

Professional mile, open, final—W. Coburn won; Fred Allen, second; E. C. Bald, third; time, 2:19 2-5. Rigby, Schrein, Akers, H. C. Clark, Loughead, T. Butler, Sanger, Kennedy, McFarland also started.

Amateur mile, 2:30 class, final—Chas. R. McCarty, won; Louis Coburn, second; Stuart Leathers, third; time, 2:15. W. J. Le Compte, H. H. Wright, H. W. Middendorf, V. E. Dupree, D. A. Dougherty, L. H. Smith, E. W. Peabody, Worth Cummins also started.

BEST IN THE STATE.

The Oakland Trotting Park Will Take the Front Rank.

When the work on the Oakland Trotting Park is completed, the track will be the finest in the State and will rank among the first in America. Everything will be in readiness for the opening in October 19th, and then the regular series of winter races will commence.

In constructing the grand stand and paddocks, a mistake was made, during the absence of President Tom Williams which necessitated their removal some 20 yards. This has been done, and now an excellent view of the track is afforded.

Dun Low Pensions.

The Federal grand jury yesterday returned a true bill of perjury against Albert T. Cox of this city, a war veteran who has been drawing two pensions, one in Contra Costa County and one in Alameda County.

OGDEN IS THE WINNER

An Outsider Carries Away the Rich Futurity Stakes.

MARCUS DALY'S BIG HAUL.

Ornament, the Western Nag, Got the Second Place.

RODERMOND WAS THIRD.

Result of the Race for the Youngsters' Rich Purse.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15 — The heavy storms at Sheepshead Bay yesterday made the track a trifle heavy for today's great race for the ninth Futurity stakes.

Workmen were out early with harrows, pulling over the earth, to let it dry as well as possible before the contest for $56,000, the richest stake in the world for 2-year-olds.

The list of entries is as follows:

Ornament, weight 116, jockey Sloane.
Ogden, weight 115, jockey Tuberville.
Rodermond, weight 116, jockey Hill.
Challenger, weight 115, jockey Doggett.
Bastion, weight 115, jockey Clayton.
Scottish Chieftain, weight 113, jockey Taral.
Rhodesia, weight 112, jockey Sims.
Hanmure, weight 108, jockey Griffin.
Box, weight 108, jockey Martin.
Octagon, weight 106, jockey Walker.
New Gatherer, weight 106, jockey Ballard.

The last trials of the candidates were held Thursday.

After her victory at Brighton Beach Tuesday last, when Rhodesia defeated Dwyer's Cleophus in a canter in fast time, she became a strong choice among betting men. Thursday she got an easy gallop, covering six furlongs in a trifle better than 1:17.

The actual favorite is the Westerner, Ornament, the winner of both halves of the double event, and second to Winged Foot in the great trial stakes. With Sloane in the saddle, he will not feel the weight of Garrison's urging, and as he is very sluggish he may not show his best form. He will be at a disadvantage owing to the new rule forbidding assistant starters to hold horses for a good start, as he is a bad actor.

The Stockwell stables' Challenger is likely to be the third favorite of the betting men.

Scottish Chieftain is the chief of Marcus Daly's string, although Ogden will also be sent to the post. The former has not done well of late, while the latter is comparatively unknown.

At 1 o'clock the only damp spots on the track were along the rail in the stretch.

A better day could not have been imagined for the race. There will be great crowds.

Ornament is still the favorite, although Rhodesia's following has steadily increased.

Bulletin.—Ogden wins by a length.
Ornament second by a length.
Rodermond third.
Time, 1:10.

ENJOYABLE FOR SUNDAY.

J. E. Locke Will Run a Fine Excursion Tomorrow.

A number of Oaklanders will take advantage of the excursion which J. E. Locke has organized to visit Cazadero, Elim Grove and Duncan's Mills. The excursionists will leave here in time to connect with the 8 A. M. Sausalito boat of the North Pacific Coast. This will give them time to stop two hours at either of the three resorts. The trip is rich in scenic beauty and there will be no crowding on the train. Charming glimpses of the Russian river are obtained along the route. The excursion will be especially delightful to anyone fond of swimming, fishing or boating as all of these attractions can be found at Duncan's Mills.

All of Mr. Locke's excursions are arranged with a special view to the comfort of family parties and this one will be no exception. There are no rough people allowed and the parties are first class in every respect. The fare for the round trip is only $1.50. Children under 12, being 75 cents.

OLD AND CRIPPLED.

Thomas Thompson's Accident Makes Him Ask for Alms.

Thomas Thompson, the old man who on Christmas day last was struck by the local train at Seventh and Broadway, is circulating a petition asking the Railroad company to render him some assistance. The petition demands nothing. It sets forth that the accident was due wholly to Thompson's carelessness and acknowledges that there is no foundation for a suit for damages.

Since Christmas things have gone badly with the old man. The accident crippled him for life and being almost totally deaf he is unfit for work of any kind. He is 74 years of age, and though once a prosperous minister, is now reduced to such a state of penury that he is compelled to beg money for food and to sleep, a large part of the time in the city prison.

Mrs. Prescott of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, who now has the custody of Thompson's three children, and Mrs. Sanford of the Humane Society, are assisting the old man and hope to get the company, out of charity, to grant him a small annuity.

He's All Right.

The story printed last night to the effect that a confidence man was making the rounds and by pretending to inspect locks was acting as advance agent for burglars, proves to be all a hoax. The caller was the representative of the Edwards Safety Lock Co. and the scare given to Captain Wilson's folks is, in the light of the developments, amusing. The lock man carries full credentials and is in every way authorised to act in the capacity he represents.

Sued on a Note.

The Mutual Savings Bank of San Francisco has brought suit against John T. Fleming to recover $5,000 loaned on a promissory note secured by mortgage on property in Alameda.

The NOVELTY Clothing Co.

C. J. HEESEMAN, Prop.

Successor to C. & A. Nordhausen.

1051 Broadway, Northwest Cor. ELEVENTH

On deck with LATEST FALL GOODS for Men, Youths and Children—Almost any prices for our Summer Stock—and there is much reason in our prices for our

FALL IMPORTATIONS!

We have a few words to say about our Goods, our Methods and our Prices and THE TRIBUNE shall say them soon. Meanwhile a welcome to old patrons and an assurance of good treatment to new friends.

A SHARPER CAUGHT.

William Rogers Is at Last in the County Jail.

SMOOTH GAMES WORKED.

The Eastern Friend Racket Played on Many Citizens.

A HARD RUN TO EARTH.

He Is Believed to Have Also Tried the Lock Dodge.

William Rogers was placed in a cell in the County Jail this morning, and a number of people in Elmhurst, San Leandro and Fruitvale have been summoned to try and identify him as the confidence operator who has, for nearly a year past, been plying his dishonest calling among the residents of the towns mentioned.

The arrest was made by Deputy Sheriff Quinlan and Deputy Constable Stortch at the instance of Mrs. B. Magnusson of Elmhurst.

Two months ago the operator called at the Magnusson residence and asked Mrs. Magnusson if her husband was at home. He received a reply in the negative. He then wanted to know if Mrs. Magnusson had any friends in the East. This question at first aroused Mrs. Magnusson's suspicion, but later she answered that her husband had a friend named Paulson in Salt Lake City. The sharper replied that he was well acquainted with Paulson and that though a sister of his (the sharper's) wife, he had received a message for Mrs. Magnusson's husband which he would bring in the evening, when Magnusson returned home. Rogers then went away, promising to return in the evening.

When Magnusson came home that night his wife told him of Rogers' visit and what Rogers had promised. Magnusson immediately pronounced Rogers a fraud and after ascertaining that Rogers had said that he resided in Fitchburg, set out the next day to find what the fellow meant by his call and his promises.

Magnusson went all over Fitchburg, but failed to find Rogers, and returned home satisfied that the sharper did not reside in the town.

Magnusson then told some of his neighbors of his experience, and it was ascertained that Mrs. Noble of Elmhurst, Mrs. Hansen of Fitchburg, Mrs. King of Fruitvale and a number of others had had similar experience with Rogers, in some cases the parties named having advanced money to him to pay alleged express charges on packages alleged to have been forwarded to them by friends of theirs in the East.

They waited, however, in vain, for the packages from their friends, as they did also for the sharper, who managed to elude them, although he seemed to be finding victims in all directions.

This morning, however, Rogers' unlucky star was in the ascendant. The sharper was passing through Fruitvale as Mr. and Mrs. Magnusson were driving past, and Mrs. Magnusson told her husband that Rogers was the man who had tried to work the Eastern friend racket on her.

Magnusson got out of his conveyance, stopped Rogers and asked him what his name was. Rogers refused to answer the question. He asserted he was on his way to work and did not want to be interfered with. Magnusson asked him where he was working, and Rogers replied that he was employed at Melrose.

Magnusson is an officer, but did not have his star with him at the time. He therefor sought for a representative of the law in the neighborhood, still keeping Rogers in view. As soon as the suspect got a short distance away, he changed his course from the direction of Melrose and fled as rapidly as he could toward Alameda.

Magnusson with his horse and wagon was able to keep Rogers in view, and followed him in the hope of eventually finding an officer and turning the suspect over to justice. Finally Constable Stortch appeared on the scene, and later Deputy Sheriff Quinlan, and to them Rogers was delivered.

ANOTHER DODGE.

Another species of bunco work which has been greatly annoying the people of the neighborhoods mentioned is the bogus renting of vacant houses by some sharper, suspected now to be Rogers, acting without authority either of the owner or the agent of the houses in question.

The bunco man calls on the agents of vacant houses in this city, and, pretending that he wishes to lease an abode, is given a key to inspect the premises. He then goes to tenants occupying adjacent and smaller houses in the vicinity, and offers to rent to them any of the houses of which he has the keys, at figures a great deal lower than they are paying for their present abodes. The tenants, of course, are willing to get a larger house at a smaller rental, and when asked for an installment of the first month's rent in advance, they are generally willing to put up $5 or $8 as demanded as an evidence of good faith. The sharper then turns over the key, pockets the money and disappears. Later, the proposed tenants ascertain that the person they gave their money to has nothing to do with the house and that they have paid their money to a sharper.

Despite the fact of Rogers' identification by Mrs. Magnusson, he alleges that he is innocent of the charges made against him.

THE COUNTY'S CASH.

Treasurer Sanford Has Not Yet Received Any Orders.

With reference to depositing money belonging to the county in State and National Banks, County Treasurer Sanford said today that he had never been ordered by any person of superior authority to cease placing the funds in the local banks. He thought it would be better to have the cash there than in the vault of the county, although he held that that institution was both fire and burglar proof. The disposition of the money he said was in the discretion of the Supervisors. The Board, monthly, by means of its Chairman, in conjunction with the Auditor and District Attorney, counts the money in the Treasury. If the Supervisors were satisfied to have the money where it had been placed, he could not see why he should object.

He would not, he said, take any steps in the matter until the time for making the next monthly count of the money should arrive, which will be the 1st of September. He will then, he said, speak to the District Attorney and the Supervisors on the matter.

THEY'RE OFF.

The Yachts Fawn and Catherine Are Racing for Supremacy.

Shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon the long talked of yacht race between the Fawn of the Encinal Yacht Club and the Catherine of the San Francisco boating organization, started from the vicinity of the narrow gauge pier.

In order to distinguish the yachts, the Fawn had a big letter "E" displayed on her mainsail, while the Catherine showed an "S" similarly.

The crew on the Fawn are: James T. Rosseter, captain; J. A. Landsberger, Ed Holmes, L. Ward, George Dillman and George Leonard.

The course is a long one, and as the wind is not heavy it will take some time before the return to the starting point, where the victor will receive the challenge cup trophy.

IN HARD LUCK.

Why Frederick Warde Has Taken the Lecture Stage.

A fair house greeted Actor Frederick Warde last night at the First Congregational Church, where he delivered his Shakespearean lecture.

In explanation of his appearance on the lecture platform Mr. Warde's manager explained, when spoken to, that the actor is financially embarrassed, through recent heavy losses in theatrical ventures.

The tragedian anticipates starting out again in a new play, "The Rise of Iskander," which he hopes will be a revenue.

WHERE TO BUY FURNITURE.

The fact that one certain business house in San Francisco took about $40,000 in from Oakland patrons last month is discouraging to local merchants who are selling even cheaper than the house across the bay.

The Schreiber Furniture Company for instance is selling furniture of every description away below San Francisco prices—when quality is considered. It is the largest store in Oakland, and one of the largest in the State. The series of ads from the company running in the Tribune every other day and changed with each insertion, is an object lesson profitable to consider. Better see the stock and test the prices of the Schreiber Company. The big store is on Washington, near Fourteenth street.

RUGS FROM RAGS.

Beautiful fluff rugs made from worn-out carpet. Taken and delivered. California Rug Manufactory, 573 San Pablo avenue.

CHAS. H. WOOD
CORRECTLY FITTED
1001 WASHINGTON ST. OAKLAND

CRELLIN PHARMACY.

Examination free. Spectacles and eye glasses, all grades and qualities. Oculists' prescriptions filled at lowest rates. Spectacles repaired. The Invisible Common Sense Ear Drums.

M. J. KELLER COMPANY
Shirt Factory and Laundry.
PRICES—50c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00
NO EXTRA IF MADE TO MEASURE
Beware of CHINESE Imitations.
1105-1109 BROADWAY, - - OAKLAND

THE RELIGIOUS ROUND.

Announcement of the Texts at the Local Churches.

Excellent Subjects to Be Discussed by Favorably Known Divines.

First Church of Christ—Scientist Loring Hall, Eleventh street between Washington and Clay Sunday services at 11 A. M Sunday School and Bible class at 12 15 P. M.

Brooklyn Presbyterian Church—Services conducted by Rev J W Skinner Morning theme, "Life Solitary, or a Sacrifice evening theme "Ennobling Association for a Young Man's Life

St Paul's (Episcopal)—The rector having returned from his vacation, full services will be resumed on Sunday Holy communion at 8 A M, morning prayer and sermon at 11 A M young men's Bible class at 6 30 P M evening prayer and sermon at 7 30 P M, Sunday School at 9 45 A M.

The Lord's Watchers meeting Sunday from 2 30 to 5 P M at Asbury M E Church, Fifteenth and Clay streets Rev Alexander Dougass, from San Diego, Cal will tell how he obtained the baptism of the Holy Ghost, other testimonies.

Programme of C E rally at Second Congregational Church Chase street, under the auspices of the Lookout Committee of the Alameda County C E Union Sunday evening, Aug 16, 1896. All cordially invited to the services

Praise service—Led by H A. Wastell.
Prayer—Rev F. H Foster.
Male Quartette
Introductory remarks—Rev. F. H Foster
The "Pledge" (Sec I)—E. C Gilbert, First Presbyterian Society.
Solo, "Come Unto Me"—Ida G Wastell, First Methodist
The 'Pledge' (Sec. II)—Miss M. Lulu Bowen, First Baptist Society
General remarks on pledge—Wm. Gardiner, First Presbyterian Society
Solo, Mizpah'—Miss Claud a Cameron, Sunshine Society
The "Pledge (Sec III)—R. M Brown, First Congregational Society
The 'Pledge' (Sec IV)—H A. Wastell, Sunshine Society
Remarks, 'Relation of the Society to the Church'—S W Condon
Remarks, 'One of the Practical Difficulties to be Overcome by a C E. Society' Rev H F Foster
Blest be the Tie That Binds
Mizpah—Benediction

Rev Joseph Adams will give a discourse on Cosmopolitanism Sunday at 3 P M. in Fraternal Hall, Washington street

Plymouth ave Congregational Church—The pastor Dr J K McLean, will preach at 11 A M. In the evening Prof Rhys R. Lloyd, recently returned from a visit to his native land, will speak on 'The Religious Life of England and Wales as Seen by a Recent Visitor"

Union Street Presbyterian Church—H D Brasfield, acting pastor 11 A M Rev C C Herriot on 'The Ministry of the Spirit' 7 30 P M by the pastor on 'The Fruitless Man' A special invitation to men and boys

Eighth avenue M E Church—S J Carroll Preston Preaching 11 A M by the Rev C L Libby, formerly of Maine and at 7 30 by the pastor Subject of the evening sermon, "A King at the Parting of Ways, Epworth League at 6 30.

Oakland Psychical Society—Washington street, Fraternal Hall 8 P M Bishop Wells of New York inspirational speaker, singer and psychometrist, will answer written questions from the audience

St Paul's Episcopal—Fourteenth and Harrison streets Rev Robert Ritchie, rector Services at 8 and 11 A. M

First Free Baptist Church—On Twenty-first street, between Brush street and San Pablo avenue Services at 11 A M and 7 30 P M Rev Philip Graif the pastor, will preach in the morning on 'A Dead Creed and a Living Faith," and in the evening on "The Scriptural Idea of the New Man and the New Woman" Everybody cordially invited

Tenth avenue Baptist Church—Preaching by the pastor, Rev C M Hill Topics 11 A M "A Question for the Hour' 7:30 P M, 'A Startling Danger"

St Marcus German Lutheran Church—Rev A. Jacho, pastor Services at 10 30 A M, "He Doeth All Things Well"

First Christian Church—James Small, pastor Morning theme, "These Sayings of Mine' evening, 'How to Read the English New Testament' There will be baptism after the evening service

First A M E Church—J E Edwards, pastor Services at 10 45 A M and 7 45 P M Bishop W J Gaines of Atlanta, Ga will preach in the morning, the pastor in the evening

Thirty-fourth street Methodist Church—Rev G H Jones, pastor At 11 A M. Rev W H Johnstone will preach At 7 30 P M the pastor will preach a revival sermon

Prospect Hill Presbyterian Church—Fruitvale Rev E D Clark, pastor Services at 11 A M. and 7 30 P M Subject of the morning sermon, "Paul's Portrait of a Christian' Subject of the evening sermon, 'The Story of Absalom."

First Unitarian Church—Rev C W Wendte will preach at 11 A M No evening service

Market Street Congregational Church, corner of Market and Eighteenth streets—Rev E S Chapman D D, the pastor, will preach tomorrow morning and evening Subjects At 11 A M, "The Lord's House', at 7 45 P. M, 'The Lord's Family"

Asbury M. E Church South, corner of Clay and Fifteenth streets—Preaching by the pastor, H M McKnight 11 A M, 'Transfo med, 7 30 P M, "Christ D vine' All welcome

Gospel Mission Tent, on Broadway between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets—Preaching at 11 A M by Rev A Copin Holiness meeting at 3 P M Services every evening during the week

Universalist Church—The first service under the new pastorate will take place Sunday at 11 A M Rev E E Hamman will deliver a discourse on "True Greatness" Miss Grace Carroll will render a solo Surday School at 12 15 Y P S C E service at 6 P M

First Presbyterian Church, Fourteenth street between Webster and Franklin pastor, Rev Dr Coyle Morning service at 11 Subject 'Fractions or Whole Numbers Evening service at 7 30 Subject Making a Living or Making a Life—Which?'

Central Christian Church—Morning service 10 30 Rev Jay William Hudson will preach on 'The Unity of the Perfect' Sunday School 12 M Christian Endeavor, 6 15 Evening service 7 45 The minister, Edwards Davis will preach on 'The Plea of the Church of Christ

Chester Street M E Church George W Beatty, pastor—11 A M "Birds Fruit and Flowers A children's day exercise, written by Chas H Gabriel in which the entire school of three hundred will participate 7 30 Sermon by the pastor After Regeneration Entire Sanctification or Degeneration'

St Paul's Episcopal corner Harrison and Fourteenth streets, Rev Robert Ritchie, rector—Services at 11 A M

Zion's Evangelical Lutheran Church J H Theiss, pastor—Services at 10 45 A M Subject "The Glorious Gospel of the Blessed God" Services in Lorin Hall at 3 P M

Young Men's Christian Association 13th and Clay streets—Rev Alfred Kummer D D, will speak to men only, Sunday at 3 30 P M on 'Christianity's Future" Mr J M Robinson will render a vocal solo All men are cordially invited to attend

First Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev F D Bovard D D of Alameda, in exchange with the pastor will preach at 11 A M, on 'Ye Are My Friends' At 7 30 P M, Dr Kummer will prach on 'Common Errors'

First Baptist Church—Rev C H Hobart, pastor will preach tomorrow at 10 30 and 7 30 upon the following themes Morning "Equipped for Service' Evening "The Banding of Babel'

First English Lutheran Church Rev J E Bushnell D D, pastor—Divine worship 11 A M and 7 45 P M Subject for morning sermon, 'Two Prayers' evening, 'The Spirit of Life" Music led by Mrs Blake-Alvorson with a full choir All welcome Free pews

People's Hall Sixth street near Market—Elder Haws will preach on the "Doctrine of Christ' at 7 30 P. M Seats free All are invited

"NO GOOD."

What Dr. Fisher Says of the New Asceptolin Treatment.

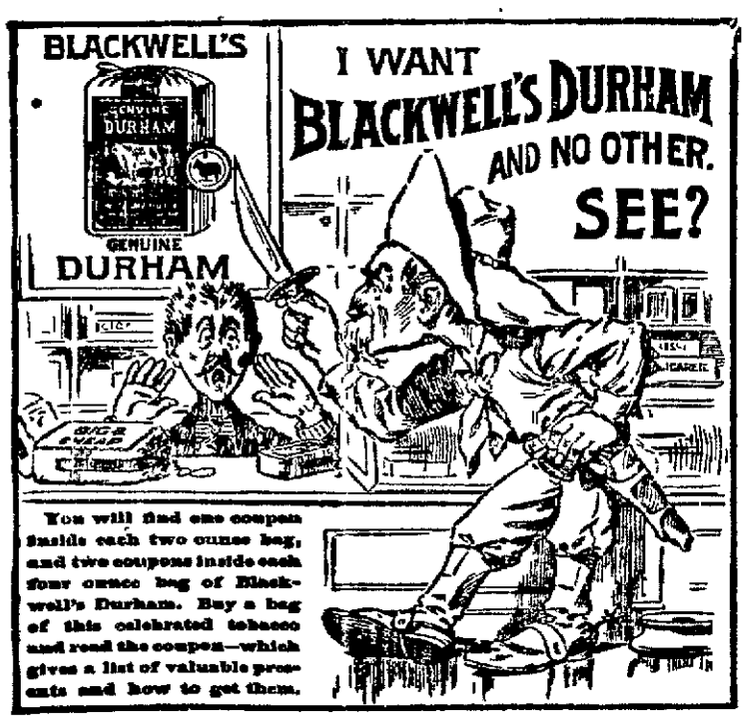
Some time ago Dr C M Fisher, County Jail physician, was allowed by the Supervisors to purchase $10 worth of asceptolin for the purpose of trying to cure a young indigent named John Brace whom he had been treating for consumption

The doctor and brother practitioners watched with a great deal of interest the effects of the cure-all specialty upon their patient The result was not encouraging Dr Fisher today, without mincing words, said that asceptolin is "no good"

"There's absolutely nothing in it" said he, 'except for Edson The first time we used it, the patient did seem to get a little better He appeared to experience some relief But that was owing to the mental effect which the use of a new remedy seems to have on patients They seem to be brighter, feeller and have a better appetite But as soon as the physical excitement has passed the effect of the treatment wears away It was has way in this case Asceptolin was made to sell It's all right for Edson He is making a mint out of it Brace has gone south to Los Angeles

Elephantine Paper Cutter.

A few years ago, when Lord Dufferin was Viceroy of India, the Rajah of Holkar paid the Viceroy a visit While he was there he saw Lord Dufferin take up some illustrated London papers which had just arrived by mail and cut them with an ivory paper knife. It was the first time the Indian Prince had seen such an instrument used "Make me a present of that,' he said to the Viceroy 'and I will give you another" Lord Dufferin hat temed to comply with the modest request and the young Rajah returned to his country Not long after he returned to Calcutta, bringing with him a young elephant whose tusks had been carved in the most artistic manner in the shape of a paper knife This he brought as a present to the Viceroy A table bearing some illustrated papers was placed by a servant before this intelligent beast, who raised gently seized them with his trunk cut them most deftly with his tusks and then handed them to the Viceroy —New York Mail and Express



CHAT OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Sixth Ward Republicans Turn Out in Double Strength.

JUDGE FRICK ENDORSED.

Many Rousing Meetings Held All Over the Town.

POPULISTS ARE PREPARING.

Resolutions Objecting to Any Fusion in This District.

Judge Cliff's Court Room was filled to its entire capacity last evening, when the regular Sixth Ward Republican Club met pursuant to a call issued by County Committeeman Charles Mantalen.

President Frank Barnett was in the chair and those in attendance were representative Republicans.

The candidacy of Judge Frick for Congress was heartily endorsed and the report of the Nominating Committee was unanimously adopted as follows

'We the Committee, hereby selected to present names to represent the Sixth Ward Republicans to be voted for at the primaries tomorrow, August 15th, do submit the following names as our choice and selection Louis Schaefer, Frank Barnett, William Watkins

'We further recommend the following names as delegates-at-large Wm G Henshaw, George P Morrow Rod W Churchill C S. Long

Following this rousing addresses were made by Charles Mantalen, C L Ingler, Louis Shaefer, Frank Leavitt, Frank Barnett, J J Lerri, H I Osgood Frank Josephs and others.

Before the meeting concluded three rousing cheers were given Judge Frick nor was McKinley and Republican protection forgotten

Speeches and Songs.

The Sixth Ward Republican Club held a meeting at Becker's Hall last night, at which a large number of patriots gathered to pay their respects to Republicanism and prosperity

The speakers were quite late, and it was after 8 30 before the Chairman George G M Gray, called the meeting to order

While waiting for the speakers Professors S C Baldwin and W W Durant entertained the assemblage in their inimitable way on the banjo and guitar They completely captured the hearts of the audience and were encored twice

Alfred Wilkie then sang "Ben Bolt' and at the request of J Scott Jenkins, Baldwin and Durant sang a medley

The Chairman now introduced the Hon S G Hilborn who delivered his usual campaign address

Judge Adams was introduced as a grand Army man and a life long Republican He made the address of the evening, occupying the floor for nearly an hour

J Scott Jenkins and Charles Lafau made short addresses and Jenkins moved that the Chair be requested to appoint a committee of five to organize a drill corps in the club Jenkins said he would look out for the uniforms The motion was adopted and the Chair announced that the committee would be named at some future time

Swedes Cheer Frick.

The Swedish Republican Club held a meeting in its hall opposite Judge Cliff's Court, last night and resolutions, endorsing Judge Frick's candidacy, were adopted amid rousing cheers.

Populist Primaries

The County Central Committee of the People's Party met last night and passed resolutions against a fusion with Democrats in the Third Congressional District

Primaries were ordered in the County, Assembly and Senatorial Districts, for August 31st with the exception of the Forty-sixth which is arranged for the 29th.

Drill Corps Officers

At the meeting of the Drill Corps of the Young Men's Republican League held last evening in the Army and Navy League Headquarters, the following officers were elected

Captain G H Wethern, Senior First Lieutenant, J F Kick, Junior Second Lieutenant J F Brannan, Senior Second Lieutenant, Clarence Crowell Junior Second Lieutenant W H Dickerson, First Sergeant William Devine, Quartermaster Sergeant, E P Velie, Duty Sergeants, George Reed, C M Nickerson Albert Hanson, J Forrer, T F Casey, Albert Edwards, Makers, A E Orton, H B Stevenson, Color Sergeant, E J Joste

For Free Silver.

The Free Silver Club of Brooklyn Township met in its new quarter last night and effected a permanent organization, by the selection of the following officers J A Jones, President, E S Lund Vice President H E. Harwood, Secretary, N B Eckels, Treasurer, William Thornally, Jr, Sergeant At Arms A Campaign Committee, composed of five members a Finance Committee and a Programme Committee of three members each will be appointed by the President at the meeting to be held on Thursday evening next.

The new headquarters on Fruitvale avenue near the railroad will be kept open every day and a supply of silver literature will be on hand.

Colored Oaklanders Honored.

At the meeting of the Afro-American League's Congress in Los Angeles yesterday, three Oaklanders were honored by being named as officers. They are G E Watkins, Second Vice President, J F Summers Recording Secretary and J. B Wilson Corresponding Secretary.

The Prohibitionists

On Thursday evening, August 28th, at 8 o'clock there will be organized in Room 5, Upper Hamilton Hall a Young Men's Prohibition Club under the auspices of the Prohibition State Central Committee. All young men between the ages of 18 and 40 inclusive whose sympathies are with the Prohibition Party, are urgently requested to be present Others above this age are invited to be present as honorary members.

CECIL RHODES's DOWNFALL.

His Complicity in the Transvaal Raid Destroys His Prestige.

LONDON, August 8.—Honorable Cecil Rhodes will undoubtedly shortly be brought to book for the part he took in bringing about an invasion of the Transvaal. A comparatively short time ago Mr. Rhodes was made a member of Her Majesty's privy council, but his name will be stricken from the list of councillors and he will be summoned to give evidence before the parliamentary select committee of inquiry into the chartered company's doings But there is to be no repetition of the Jameson trial in his case It is known that Mr Chamberlain, the colonial secretary desired to see him in the dock and has discussed the question of indictment with Mr Arthur J Balfour and the attorney general There are as ample reasons for indicting Rhodes as for the conviction of Jameson but a trial and its preliminaries would have involved a delay of six months in the proceedings of the committee of inquiry, so Rhodes has meantime escaped the ordeal he challenged "When he reappears in England it will be with ruined prestige and as a comparatively poor man.

CROWNED WITH HONOR.

The Great Presbyterian, Rev. Charles L. Thompson, D. D., of New York.



What Paine's Celery Compound Has Done for the Eloquent Preacher.

From no one class of men has Paine's celery compound received more unstinted praise for its wonderful powers of making the sick to be well again than from ministers of the gospel in every denomination

Rev Father Ouellet, Rev Dr Meek, the editor of the 'Central Methodist," Rev Dr Baird, Rev W J White D D of the Georgia Baptist, are among the hosts of clergymen who have gratefully published that their experience might be of benefit to others the ever true story of how this greatest of all remedies makes people well building up the shattered nerves, enriching the thin blood and rooting out disease

Rev Charles L Thompson, D D pastor of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, in New York City, is a man crowned with honor Before going to the celebrated church where he now preaches in New York, he served in prominent pulpits in Cincinnati, Chicago, Pittsburg and Kansas City He has written much and well on themes of public interest, presided over the Centennial General Assembly in Philadelphia, and has been often a commissioner and chairman of leading committees and an exceptionally forcible debater in all the church courts

His large charity has made him a welcome representative of his church to other churches and to his brethren of other lands

Dr Thompson is a prodigious worker He is one of the many thousands who have discovered what Paine's celery compound does for those who are worn out by labor who are suffering from some stage of nervous exhaustion and who require a health giving remedy that will speedily replenish the system with proper nutriment

Writing from New York on June 23, Dr Thompson said

'I think to the use of Paine's celery compound is due the fact that after a winter of exhausting work I have been able to carry my duties through the enervating springtime with unusual ease and comfort"

To the multitude who suffer from the enervating effects of the warm weather in this climate, this plain, straightforward statement from so eminent and fearless a clergyman should be heeded

Paine's celery compound has put an end to an enormous amount of sickness and disease

It began at the very outset of its splendid career to cure men and women of kidney troubles, liver complaint and nervous prostration Its speedy and lasting cures of all these nerve and blood disorders were not slow in spreading its reputation through every State in the country Physicians everywhere greeted the great remedy as the most enlightened, most skillful means that could be employed for invigorating the 'run down" system

Thousands of wholly disinterested men and women saw their neighbors and townspeople made well by Paine's celery compound

This epoch making discovery in medicines, due to the patience thoroughness and zeal of the great Dartmouth College scientist, stands today unquestioned as the greatest brain and nerve strengthener and restorer the world possesses

CONDEMNED THE HALL.

Health Officer Bradley Reports to the Medical Board.

The Board of Health last evening discussed Health Officer Dr Bradley's report on the sanitary conditions of the various municipal buildings Three of the engine houses the doctor reported unfavorably on and the City Hall he said from turret to foundation stone is filled with unhealthy plumbing He specified earth and every nook where unsanitary conditions exist and ended his report by recommending some immediate repairs and the erection of a new City Hall and Jail and just as soon as practicable.

Resolutions in line with the report were adopted and ordered transmitted to the Council.

Volunteers to Organize.

The Volunteers of America will formally open a post in Oakland this evening at the old Y M C A Hall, 965 Broadway. The new movement originated by Ballington Booth is meeting with a very cordial support, and a large branch will probably be formed in this city. Major Blackhurst and a large number of leading Oakland pastors will be present this evening.

Struck It Rich.

Mrs. A. Aylward, who was formerly employed as a servant in the home of Captain Healy and who afterwards married an Alaskan miner, returned to Oakland yesterday a wealthy woman. She accompanied her husband in her search for gold and they located a claim some fifty miles north of Circle City They struck a lead which proved to be unusually rich and has now netted them a fortune. Mrs. Aylward, leaves for the North today, and will later go East and to Ireland.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

NYLANDER'S CANDIES
Are fresh and pure. French mixed, 35c pound 1010 Washington street, between Tenth and Eleventh

The Hamman Bath Apartments for ladies and gentlemen at the Piedmont Baths are the most elaborate and luxuriously fitted up of any this side of Chicago. Take Piedmont cars

Above all others Sperry Family Flour.

THE LYON FURNITURE CO.
E C Lyon, proprietor (successor to J C Lyon & Son) carry all kinds of furniture, carpets, ranges etc 1257 Broadway

There's a Limit to Excellence.
We have reached the limit No better milk than ours No fresher firmer purer butter No more substantial cream No better service The Jersey Milk, Cream and Butter Co will satisfy you. 1259 Broadway. Tel 264.

Have just received a large assortment of early spring flowering bulbs. Now is the time to plant H M. Sanborn, 517 Fourteenth street

H Schellhaas, furniture, 408 Eleventh street.

Mother's Mush—Made in Oakland.

THE TAMALE MADE
By the Original Girardo Tamale Co., corner Third and Broadway, is conceded to be the best and cleanest in Oakland—made to order for parties and socials—delivered in small lots anywhere in Oakland. Try one at out booth in the Exposition William Kohler, manager

One price shoes—warranted shoes—money back shoes—these are all winners—only one place to pick them.
YOUNG'S
961 WASHINGTON ST.
MESMER & SMITH, Props

Cracker Jack
"The more you eat, the more you want."
TRY CRACKER JACK
The NEW Confection
FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS AND CONFECTIONERS.
LILLY & PANNELL, Manufacturers
527-529-531 Clay St.
OAKLAND.

EDUCATIONAL.

Ayres Stenographic Institute.
The leading shorthand College
325 Montgomery street - San Francisco.
Day and evening sessions 4 months course; individual instruction in Shorthand, Typing, Bookkeeping, spelling, punctuation, etc. Over 350 graduates placed in positions in 1895.
LIFE SCHOLARSHIP $50 Send for catalogue.

MISS HORTON'S SCHOOL.
Corner Twelfth and Filbert streets, Oakland Twelfth year opened Aug 3, 1896. Pupils of both sexes Kindergarten Primary, Grammar and High School grades. Accredited by the University of California See or address
SARAH W. HORTON, Principal,
964 Eighteenth Street

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Black Goods ONLY.
Ladies desiring a large assortment to select from, will be shown the most complete and varied stock of black fabrics on the Pacific Coast.
Goods sent C. O. D. Samples forwarded.
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Saw Filing, and Tool Grinding
511 ELEVENTH ST.,
Bet. Washington and Clay - Oakland, Cal
Cutlery Ground and Polished.
Butcher's and Carpenter's Saws Filed
First-class Workmanship Guaranteed
BUTCHERS' TOOLS FOR SALE.

Were You Ever Crazy

Enough to think that you could get all the news without reading THE TRIBUNE.

Oakland Tribune.

You Can't Make Any Money

Now-a-days unless you ADVERTISE. That's certain.

VOL. XXXXII. OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15, 1896. NO. 39.

ALL GOING IN FRICK'S FAVOR

The Polls Open for the Congressional Primaries and Voting Starts With a Rush.

CHALLENGES ARE FEW AND EVERYTHING ORDERLY.

Frick's Square Stand on the National Platform Wins Him Much Favor.

HIS FRIENDS TO THE FRONT.

The First, Second, Fifth and Seventh Wards the Principal Battle Grounds.

POLLS WILL CLOSE AT 8 P. M.

The Returns Will Be Bulletined This Evening in Detail by The Tribune.

The Congressional fences are being broken this afternoon in one of the most bitter engagements that has ever taken place in this district. Each side is claiming victory but there seems little doubt that the honors will rest with Frick when at 8 o'clock the polls close

The Judge's popularity is evidenced by the way his friends are rallying to his standard. The young men of the town are for him solidly and the admiration of his square stand on the National platform and the talents which have made him, though so young a man, so prominent in his party is obtaining him a big vote from every element.

The first hour's voting shows that Frick is ahead in about every precinct in town while equally encouraging reports for his interests are sent in from Alameda, Berkeley and the county in general.

The Frick ticket for delegate at large consists of W. G. Henshaw, Rod W. Church, C. S. Long and George P. Morrow. The Hilborn delegate at large ticket contains the names of F. K. Shattuck, Charles Prouse, W. R. Davis and Firm D Hinds.

The exceeding interest in today's contest is to a large extent occasioned by the split which took place in the Republican ranks at the last State Convention. The differences have been ostensibly healed over since that time but the wounds are fresh and the bitterness which was not suppressed in the hearts of some found open vent today.

Then again the fight has been fostered by the financial issue a great extent Hilborn has always supported the silver interests while Frick is a gold man and is standing squarely on the platform adopted at the Republican National Convention. Judge Frick has also declared himself openly against all funding bills so the boom which has been pronounced for Hilborn on that behalf has extended just as fully to him.

The town looks today more like being in the throes of a big election fight than it has for a long time. Carriages are flitting to and from the polls, the booths are surrounded by animated and argumentative throngs and on every side the political turmoil is in evidence

So far everything has been orderly and challenges few.

FIRST WARD.

A Heavy Vote Is Going on at the West End.

If there is a ward in which the fortune of war is unknown, it is the First. There both forces are lined up in battle array, both sides under old political leaders, who have sailed through many a campaign, and they all claim the victory. Dalton is the spirit of the Hilborn element, although he is working things very quietly, making no ostentation, wearing no badge and saying little. Under him are Councilman Frank Mott, O. C. Hyatt, H. C. Partello, W. H Stedentopf and many others, who know the wiles and ways of politics.

On the other side are A. W. Baker, Phil M. Walsh, James McClellan, W. W. Morrison, Henry Watkins and others equally adept.

FIRST PRECINCT.

At the First Precinct the voting opened light. There were about fifty men around the polls, but everything was as quiet as a church fair. There were no arguments in which voices were raised above the ordinary conventional tone, and perfect harmony prevailed. The precinct has been thoroughly canvassed, and today only the plans are being carried out.

PRECINCT TWO.

Phil Walsh is leading the Frick fight in the Second Precinct, and he hopes to secure a victory. Still he claims that it is a toss up. The candidates for delegates are doing some hustling, but, like the First, Precinct, everything is quiet There were a number of voters at the polls, but they hung back and the voting early in the day was light. There is a lot of interest but no excitement.

The polling places and the election officers in the First Ward are as follows.

Precinct No. 1—1712 Seventh street. Inspector, George W. Drake; Judge, William J. Henessy; Clerk, Hermann A. Paine

Precinct No 2—1536 Seventh street. Inspector, W. J. Hayes; Judge, W. D. Powell; Clerk E. M. Long

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—Charles Redington, Harry Garthorne, Fred Walsh.

Hilborn—H. C. W. Bode, J. W. Mott, C. E. Hall.

SECOND WARD.

Judge Frick Is Pulling Strongly in Nearly All Precincts.

Throughout the afternoon the Second Ward was remarkably quiet, though many buggies with flaming banners displayed the names of candidates.

The Second Precinct was the liveliest of any of the four, and here the Frick votes came in rapidly. The First Precinct was also decidedly a Frick one, though in the Third and Fourth Hilborn workers were very much in evidence.

When the polls opened there was a general rush for the ballot box in all four districts and during the first half hour a heavy vote was polled, considering the length of time and the fact that a primary election was going on.

Up to 3 o'clock there were no challenges and everything was running smoothly.

FIRST PRECINCT.

Twenty votes were put in the ballot box in the precinct during the first half hour. Up to 3 o'clock everything was quiet and after the first rush there was little excitement.

The workers for Judge Frick are Carl Wood, Joe Racine, Fred Frick, John Trotter, Frank Josephs and others

Hilborn is represented by George Baxley, S. L. Gibbs and E. Jeffriess.

SECOND PRECINCT.

The largest crowd in the ward centered about this precinct, and everything was in Frick's favor. Twenty-five votes were polled within an equal number of minutes.

The Frick men, who are pulling hard for their candidate are C. J. Rawley, Dr. Mehrmann, Bart Davis, Phil Shephard, Jack Coots and others.

Hilborn's interests are looked after by George Taylor, M Hallahan and others.

THIRD PRECINCT.

The ballot box was hardly ready to receive votes here before a line of voters was formed out on the sidewalk. Inside of ten minutes fifteen ballots had been cast.

Among the Frick workers in this precinct are: E Weidler, A H. Breed, A. E. A. Benton, W. S Wands, John Hawkett, Ben Hart and Mr McDonald.

For the Hilborn faction, John Sands, William Moller, W Maloon, Mr. Baab and others are on hand.

FOURTH PRECINCT.

Both the Frick and Hilborn forces rallied about the flags in this precinct early in the afternoon, though after half past 2 o'clock, when the first thirty-five votes had been deposited, there was little left to do but watch for stray voters. The heaviest of the voting is expected about 6 o'clock.

The following are on hand to represent Judge Frick: M. C. Chapman, General Evans, Al Wood, R. W. Kennedy, and C. O. Cadman.

The Hilborn men are: C. Brier, W. H Friend and Will Hoogs.

The polling place and election officers in the Second Ward are as follows.

Precinct No. 1—Thirty-second and Peralta street. Inspector, P R Kline, Judge, George Baxley; Clerk, Carl Wood.

Precinct No. 2—1113 San Pablo avenue. Inspector, William Sullivan; Judge, Mortimer Smith, Clerk, George H. A Dimpfe.

Precinct No. 3—Thirty-fourth street and Telegraph avenue. Inspector, Bart Noyes; judge, George W. Morrin; clerk, Ed Weidler

Precinct No 4—Twenty-second street and Broadway. Inspector, W. T. Hamilton, Judge, E A. Heron; Clerk, J. M. O'Neill.

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—J H Smith, William McDonald, Dr. J. P. H. Dunn.

Hilborn—William Moller, C. A. Fassett.

THIRD WARD.

Frick Is in the Lead and a Heavy Vote Is Polled.

A large vote is being cast in the Third Ward and a much heavier inundation of ballots is expected when the residents begin to return home from San Francisco. Frick is in the lead in this ward and his supporters claim that his vote is going far beyond their sanguine expectations.

FIRST PRECINCT.

Frick is leading two to one in the first precinct, and a heavy vote is being polled. John T. Cronin, W. H. Chickering, Tim J. Flynn, W H Hynes and Dan J. Mullins are on the young jurist's end of the fight, while Henry Maloon, the ex-license inspector, appears to be the solitary representative of the Hilborn interest.

SECOND PRECINCT.

Hilborn is falling behind Frick, from what can be observed, and the indications are that he will continue to fall behind. Geo W. Reed, A. L. McPherson, Hart H. North, John Wilson and Fred McPike are on guard for Frick, and Hilborn is having his end of the skirmish looked after by J P. Turner, Warren Heaton and John Keasey.

THIRD PRECINCT.

In this precinct the contest is claimed to be close, although the Frick men assert they are ahead. A. C. Jr Adney, Geo H. Turrey and J. Griffiths wear the Frick colors and Hugh Aldrich is alone in efforts to pull out the Solano County man.

The polling places and election officers in the Third Ward are as follows:

Precinct No. 1—1207 Adeline street Inspector, Hugh McCracken; Judge, Maurice Flynn; Clerk, George Fitzgerald

Precinct No. 2—Southeast corner Market and Fifteenth streets. Inspector, W. J. Keating; Judge, Joseph Standeford. Clerk, J. I. Palmer.

Precinct No 3—617 San Pablo avenue, Inspector, V. W Gaskill; Judge, A P. Leach; Clerk, Ross Morgan.

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—W. H. Chickering, W. H. Quinn, J. W. Umphred.

Hilborn—R. W. Snow, D. E. Fortin, J. I. Palmer.

FOURTH WARD.

Frick Men Claim a Walk-Over in Both of the Precincts.

The Fourth Ward is Frick's, so his supporters say, and they are many, and all hustlers. In the ward there seems to be a lot of enthusiasm, but it is all on one side. District Attorney Snook whose office Frick left to go on the bench, is out with his hands full of tickets, and surrounding him in the first precinct are J. F. Mock, Charles A Sessions, J. William Shakespeare, Dr. Clinton Brown and Attorney Britton. Charles Pierce and W. A. Townsend are about the only Hilborn men visible, besides the candidates on his ticket. Everybody is at the second precinct Senator Denison, with his hands full of tickets, is working like fun Will and Rod Church, both old friends of Fricks, are helping him out Thomas Pearson, the colored park keeper, and aspirant for the Assembly, is flaunting the Hilborn blue and Lou Wolf is also working for Hilborn.

PRECINCT ONE.

Twenty voters were polled in as many minutes after the polls opened, which was a good showing and points to a heavy ballot. A crowd was around the voting place early in the day, but no excitement.

SECOND PRECINCT.

In the Second Precinct, things were being rushed, and in half an hour after opening fifty ballots had been cast. William Williamson, who had been selected judge, was late, and Frank Mason was given his place. This made Williamson angry, and he gave a lecture on 16 to 1 to some of his followers. "Uncle Ell" claims the precinct two to one for Frick. Councilman Bassett, who expects to be in the Congressional fight, is quietly watching the proceedings, saying nothing but sawing wood. There are many old timers about the polls, and they all say it is a Frick day in that vicinity.

The polling place and the election officers in the Fourth Ward are as follows:

Precinct No 1—1451 Seventh street. Inspector, William Cruse; Judge, H. T. Beckel; Clerk, A. L. Black.

Precinct No. 2—852 Market street. Inspector, T. A. Davis, Judge, Frank Laidlaw; Clerk, James Bailey.

The tickets are as follows.

Frick—Dr C M. Fisher, Charles E. Snook, Gustav Folte.

Hilborn—A. L. Fish, C. S. Booth, A. S. Carman.

FIFTH WARD.

Indications That Frick Will Lead by a Large Majority.

The primaries opened quietly in the Fifth Ward At both of the precincts there is a conspicuous absence of all excitement.

FIRST PRECINCT

A small crowd gathered around the polling place of the First Precinct, with ex-Chief of the Fire Department Lawton, Billy Bernheim and R. J. McDonald at the head of the Frick faction Hilborn is represented by A. M. Benham and E. T. Barner Jr

Owing to the fact that everything is so quiet, it is impossible to make a forecast of the result The Frick men seem confident of ultimate success, while A. M. Benham believes Hilborn will come out victorious.

"Everything is going along smoothly," said he, "but judging from the number of Hilborn men around here our candidate will get a good vote"

SECOND PRECINCT.

Prominent among the Frick forces in the Second Precinct are Victor H. Metcalf, C O. Alexander and F E. Brigham, while Pat Felley, A. W. Shanklin and M. W Donaldson are working for Hilborn

The crowd is larger than that at the First, but the same quietness prevails

It is freely acquiesced that Frick will have a large majority. For the first hour Frick men were the only ones in evidence, but later things began running more evenly. However, the Hilborn people concede their chances are not as good as they had anticipated in this section.

The polling places and the election officers in the Fifth Ward are as follows:

Precinct No. 1—City Hall; Inspector, Ed Farrish; Judge, John Cochran; Clerk, W. J. Spencer.

Precinct No. 2—H. Sythelhaas's Store, Eleventh and Franklin streets. Inspector, J. J. Haraffin; Judge, E. W. Woodward; Clerk, Ed Johnson.

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—Victor H. Metcalf, Charles E. Palmer.

Hilborn—Mack Webber, T. M. Robinson.

SIXTH WARD.

A Big Vote and a Little Trouble at the Start.

In the Sixth Ward a heavy vote is being polled The election is passing off very quietly and there is little or no outward excitement.

A few votes were challenged.

A number of Democrats are at the polling places, keeping an eye on the voters.

FIRST PRECINT.

In Precinct No 1 when the polls were open there were about seventy men in line. Frick's workers were Frank Barnett, Miles Doody, John Doody and H. Kaufman. William Reese was also there, as was G. W. Kellogg There seemed to be no active workers for Hilborn.

SECOND PRECINCT.

In Precinct No 2 the second ballot created trouble Captain Hunt attempted to cast a ballot at a Republican primary, although he has always been a Populist. He was at once challenged and a row seemed imminent Lester Blackburn and ex-Assemblyman Hyde insisted on the ballot being cast out County Chairman Mantalen appeared on the scene and finally Hunt was allowed to cast his ballot, although threats of arrest were made.

There were about fifty men in line when the polls opened. Blackburn was the most active leader of the Hilborn contingent, and the pool-room brigade was in full evidence for the Hilborn side of it.

The polling places and election officers in the Sixth Ward are as follows:

Precinct No. 1—506 Eighth street. Inspector, T Keating, Judge, G. W. Hoquet; clerk, F Rier.

Precinct No. 2—407 Eighth street. Inspector, H Longfellow, judge, T. Holland; clerk, C. D. A. Boice

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—Frank Barnett, William Watkinson, Louis Schaffer.

Hilborn—M. D. Hyde, George Baker, Henry Longfellow.

SEVENTH WARD.

Frick Workers on Every Side and the Judge in the Lead.

In the Seventh Ward, there was considerable activity, especially in behalf of Frick, who was well represented at all the precincts.

FIRST PRECINT.

The Battle opened with a great deal of activity with a large attendance of Frick men. In fact, there could be seen for an hour after the first ballot was cast but one person wearing a Hilborn badge and he was W. H. Fifield. He was asked if he knew of other workers on his side of the house He looked around and seeing no body wearing Mr. Hilborn's badge, sorrowfully replied that he did not know of any other representatives of that gentleman.

On the other hand, the workers for Frick were legion, comprising among others, Emil Nusbaumer, Harry Melvin, Robert Leckie, Gene Warren, Frank Lowthwaite, Kip Brown, and A. Parker.

At the outset, it seemed to be the intent of the Hilborn representatives, to endeavor to harass their opponents by unnecessary questioning as to their past political affiliation and prospective action in this political campaign. The most prominent in this species of warfare was a man named Hays who made himself obnoxious as a Hilborn challenger. He badgered the Frick men with questions as to where and why they had voted the Republican ticket and whether they had ever voted the Democratic ticket or not.

Many of the voters refused to answer the questions at the suggestion of Ned Ayer and this raised a war in which Hays, Fifield and Ayer took part. Hays became incensed and made sundry threats against Ayer without, however, causing the young man to recede from the stand he had taken. Then Attorney Nusbaumer appeared on the scene, took a hand in the controversy, surrounded Ayer and demonstrated to Hays that his tactics were entirely unjust and too partisan to be tolerated more especially where the test in the call of the County Committee provides that the voter shall simply be required to promise that he will vote the Republican ticket at the ensuing election. Fifield was convinced that Ayer and Nusbaumer were correct and admonished Hayes to confine himself to the test suggested by the committee, whereupon Hayes subsided At 3 o'clock there were sixty votes in the box and a large majority of them were for Judge Frick.

SECOND PRECINCT.

In the Second Precinct the greatest activity in the precincts of the Seventh was displayed At 3 o'clock there were fifty votes polled and there was a strong army of voters reaching to the street Frick's workers were as busy as bees, comprising Ned Ayer, J. C. Mather, W Glover, E P. Vandercook, P. Deasy, J Cordon, P. Jordan, Joe Hanifin and Dock Baker.

Among those for Hilborn were W. D. Thomas, Thos Labelester, Dr. George C. Pardee, James Robinson and J. C. Stratton. All of these were not visible, but they were alleged to be working for Hilborn, though really only Thomas and Labalester appeared with badges. The absence of the others caused Thomas to remark in a disappointed way: "It has been this way for the past thirty years that I have been here. People who promised to work at the primaries desert the cause."

"They have not deserted, said Dr. Pardee, "they are working around in some other places."

The doctor's countenance was not bright as he looked on the scene because it was apparent to him that the voters who were filing past him were putting in ballots for Frick. The only man challenged up to 3 o'clock was, J. Cordon, who asserted that it is his intention to vote the Republican ticket.

THIRD PRECINCT.

In the Third Precinct at 3 o'clock there were forty-five votes in the box but there was a lack of interest displayed on the outside, the polls being almost deserted, people going to attend to business as soon as they deposited their votes. It was conceded that Frick was in the lead. His supporters were ex-Deputy Sheriff Macy, Thomas O'Donnell, James Casey, F. Hampel, John Derby and J. J. Cordon.

Mr. Hilborn was represented by Alfred Wolf

FOURTH PRECINCT.

At the Fourth Precinct, which was supposed to be strong for Hilborn, the few supporters of that candidate who were around the polls for some time after the opening of the same, were unable to explain where the expected enthusiastic supporters of the Congressman had gone. Frick's men, on the other hand, were numerous and energetic. They persistently buttonholed every person who approached the polls, and generally succeeded in getting him to deposit a ballot for their young candidate. At 3 o'clock there had been fifty votes polled, and it was generally understood that the greater number of them were for Frick.

The supporters of Hilborn were C. W. Emery, L W. Forsting and Dr. Foster, while Frick was supported by Wm. McGrath, F. L. Loveland, Ben James, J. Marshall, Thomas Sullivan, Dock Connard and Charles Woods.

The polling places and election officers in the Seventh Ward are as follows:

Precinct No. 1—303 East Twelfth street. Inspector, Chas. D. Hughes; judge, W. H. Cobbledick; clerk, Harry Newton.

Precinct No. 2—580 East Twelfth street. Inspector, Wm. H. Smith; judge, H. D. Rowe; clerk, C. W. Wilkins.

Precinct No. 3—1128 Thirteenth avenue. Inspector, Samuel J. Derby; judge, W. H. H. Hamilton, clerk, Samuel P. Lovett.

Precinct No. 7—1105 Twenty-third avenue. Inspector, James Roach; judge, C. C. Dryden, clerk, Frank Bilger.

The tickets are as follows:

Frick—John W. Phillips, E. P. Vandercook, John S. Derby, F. W. Bilger.

Hilborn—N. K. Foster, W. H. Fifield, Ed S. Reed, George Pardee.

ALAMEDA.

Frick's Supporters Said to Be Carrying the Day.

An unusually heavy vote is being cast at the primaries in Alameda. At the four polling places there were large gatherings who were ready at the opening to put in their tickets. The workers were all arrayed under the Frick banner. County Committeeman Fletter and E. K. Taylor led the hosts in the eastern section of the city for the younger candidate. In the western section, J. B. Lanktree, W. H. Noy, George Lovegrove, Sam Frank and a host of others marshalled the Frick cohorts.

Hilborn had many out in his interests, but they were not as active as their antagonists, who apparently have won the day as far as the polling has progressed. The Hilborn men sigh for night, but Frick's adherents claim that the evening will only further pile up the vote for their favorite.

BERKELEY.

Frick's Men Are Evidently Carrying All Before Them.

The election is going on very quietly in Berkeley A heavy vote is being cast. In East Berkeley the polling places are crowded but everything is proceeding very quietly. George Wilson, H. N. Waterbury and George Schmidt are working for Frick, while James Kenney and James Rea are active in Hilborn's interests. There has been no challenging of votes and the elections is a very quiet one

In West Berkeley Frick's men are strongly in evidence at the polls and the feeling is generally in favor of Frick. Peter O'Brien and, N. Delehanty are working quietly for Frick. The two men who are working for Hilborn are Tom Wilson and Haywood. Although a number of men are at the polls the election is a very quiet one.

IN THE COUNTY.

Quiet Is Reigning in All of the Outside Districts.

Throughout the county the primaries are very quiet, though the votes are coming in rapidly.

In San Leandro fifteen votes had been polled within the first half hour, and the prevailing opinion there was that Frick would win out handily.

At Haywards, the same quiet reigns, though here the Hilborn workers are out in force, headed by George Oakes.

Through Washington, Murray and the remainder of Eden Township, no excitement of any nature has been in evidence, and the voting is not quite as heavy as expected, though late in the afternoon the majority of the electors are expected at the polls.

THE RETURNS.

The Tribune Will Keep the Public Posted on the Result.

At 8 o'clock the polls will close and the work of counting the votes will commence in the various precincts.

When the tally lists are completed, they will be turned over to the Ward Committeemen, who in turn will take them to the Secretary of the County Central Committee.

They will then be filed away, unopened, until next Tuesday morning, when the committee will meet to canvass all the returns.

In the townships, the polling places are scattered over so much territory that immediate returns are almost impossible, but each Committeeman is supposed to have selected a place where the list will be centered.

From the time the polls close until all the returns are made the Tribune will post bulletins announcing the vote as fast as it is received.

TO MEET AUGUST 26TH.

Chairman Vann of the Populists Calls the Congressional Convention.

(Special to The Tribune.)

SYCAMORE, Aug. 15.—The Third Congressional District People's Party Convention will be held at Benecia at 10 A. M. August 26, 1896.

The call was issued today by W. A. Vann, Chairman.

CHICAGO IS CHOSEN.

The Democratic National Committee Selects Its Headquarters.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Senator Jones at 4 P. M. made the following statement:

"The headquarters of the National Democratic Committee will be established at Chicago with a branch at Washington City.

"Part of the Campaign Committee, sufficient to conduct the business of the campaign for the present, has been appointed.

"The gentlemen selected so far are John R. McLean of Ohio, D. G. Campau of Michigan, J. D Johnson of Kansas, Clark Howell of Georgia, Bradley Smalley of Vermont, Mr. Gahan of Illinois.

"J. L. Norris has been selected as Assistant Treasurer of the National Committee.

"Appointments will be made as the season requires.

"The Executive Committee will be appointed later.

"Mr. Gorman was requested to accept a place on the Campaign Committee. He declined because of the selection of Chicago, as he could not very well go so far from his own State. He will be, as a member of the National Committee, engaged actively in campaign work, especially in his own and neighboring States."

MELVIN WAS RIGHT.

The Facts in the Topham Case Are Set Forth in Detail.

In connection with the charge of forgery against Harry Topham, the name of Deputy District Attorney H. A. Melvin has been used by a morning paper in a manner which that gentleman does not appreciate.

The facts in the case are that Mr. Melvin was powerless to issue a warrant for the young man's arrest at the instigation of Charles Freeman, who was duped into cashing a forged check for $15.

Freeman wanted to swear out a warrant on "information and belief," but as such a thing is an impossibility in the eyes of the law, when felony is charged, he could not be accommodated.

The crime of which young Topham is accused is forging his father's name, but as the parent resides in San Jose, he could not be brought to Oakland to swear to a proper warrant.

However, as the Grand Jury could indict the young man by its authority, Mr. Melvin referred the matter to District Attorney Charles Snook, who in turn placed it before that body, resulting in the indictment desired.

As this was the only course to pursue, those who are saying the arrest was unnecessarily delayed, display their ignorance.

The Bank Statement.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, August 15.—The Weekly Bank Statement is: Reserve, decrease, $4,415,400; Specie, increase, $317,200; Deposits, decrease, $9,790,800; Loans, decrease, $3,119,400; Legal Tenders, decrease, $75,175,300; Circulation, increase, $326,600. The banks hold $9,400,175 in excess of the requirements.

Against Bennett.

The Supreme Court has reversed the decision of the Superior Court in granting C. R. Bennett a new trial.

The best tea that we know of for everybody in general and you in particular is *Schilling's Best*.

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Claim reduced from $1 to 65c. Our Regular Price is only 65c, but we advise you to save the 65c. When you read about the dead being raised by the use of two or three bottles of Doctor Peel Garlic's Sarsaparilla, use a little common sense. You ought to know it is a lie if you are intelligent. Some quacks advertise to cure every disease with the same preparation. Don't you believe it. You must exercise a little common sense. The world is filled with frauds.

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Will cure your cold or money refunded.

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SHERMAN SPEAKS.

The Veteran Senator Opens the Campaign in Ohio.

FINANCES ARE ANALYZED.

A Comprehensive Statement of the Country's Condition.

FACTS VERSUS FALLACIES.

A Document That Sets Out the Situation in Detail.

By Associated Press to the Tribune.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 15.—The Republican State campaign opened here today at 1 P. M. in a big tent in the presence, it is estimated, of 10,000 people.

All the manufacturing establishments closed to allow their employes to attend the meeting.

On account of the warm weather the proposed procession in the evening has been abandoned, notwithstanding some clubs of other cities appeared in uniforms.

After the usual cheering of well known men, Governor Bushnell, Chairman, formally opened the exercises with a short speech.

He introduced Senator Sherman, who was received with great applause. The Senator spoke as follows:

"Mr. Chairman and Fellow Citizens: A citizen of Ohio has been selected by the Republican National Convention as their candidate for President of the United States and we are here to ratify and support his nomination. We take pride in William McKinley, not only for the honor conferred upon Ohio by the convention, but because we know him to be fitted for that great office.

"We know that since his boyhood his life has been pure and stainless, that as a soldier in the Union Army he was brave and loyal, that as a member of Congress for many years he exhibited the highest mental traits and rendered great service to his country and that as Governor of Ohio he proved his capacity to perform difficult executive duties. And he has the higher claim upon us that during all his life he has been a faithful and able Republican, thoroughly in sympathy with the principles of the Republican party. That party does not rest its claims to your confidence merely upon the merits of its candidates but upon the soundness of its public policy, its measures and its aims.

"It is the distinguishing feature of our Republican government that every question affecting the people of the United States must ultimately be determined by them at the ballot box. Every legal voter has an equal voice in deciding it, however difficult the problem may be. It so happens at the coming Presidential election there will be submitted to your judgment two such questions, one of which is whether any holder of silver bullion may deposit it at the mints of the United States and have it coined for his benefit and, without cost to him into silver dollars each of the weight of 412½ grains of standard silver, nine-tenths fine and may tender them for any debt, public or private. The other question is whether in levying duties or taxes on imported goods we shall only consider the revenue required or whether while raising the needed revenue we shall seek also to protect and encourage domestic industries; the one is called revenue tariff and the other a protective tariff. Both the silver and tariff are vital questions of domestic policy of equal importance, but I propose on this occasion to confine my remarks mainly to what is known as the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 parts of silver to one of gold.

"This issue is thrust upon us by the Democratic party, or rather by the Populist branch of the Democratic party. Gold and silver coined are recognized by all commercial nations of the world as the best standards of value. As the measure of every article of desire, of everything that is bought or sold. These two metals not only measure all things but they measure each other.

"Their relative value constantly changes. Twenty-three years ago 16 ounces of silver were worth more than one ounce of gold.

"Now 21 ounces of silver can be bought by one ounce of gold. This fluctuation of value cannot be prevented by law. It is beyond the reach of legislation.

"It is caused by the changing demands for and the increasing supply of these metals from the mines. Both are necessary as money, silver to supply the daily wants of life and gold to measure the larger transactions of business, especially in exchanges with foreign nations. How to maintain the parity of the two metals at a fixed ratio has been, is and always will be a difficult problem, not only in the United States, but in the civilized world.

"It was one of the first questions to occupy the attention of the American statesmen after the adoption of the Constitution and is now one of the most pressing after more than 100 years of National growth. In 1792 silver and gold were made the common standards of value in the United States at the ratio of 15 to 1, but this was because that then the actual market value of 15 ounces of silver was equal to the actual market value of one ounce of gold. The greatest care was taken to ascertain this ratio by Thomas Jefferson, then Secretary of State, and Alexander Hamilton, then Secretary of the Treasury. These two distinguished statesmen who disagreed upon nearly all other question did agree upon the then relative value of the two metals and that both should be coined into money at that ratio.

"At the time neither gold nor silver was found in any considerable quantities in the thirteen states then forming the Union. The Revolutionary War had been conducted with paper money which became worthless and the coins of Spain, England and other countries had been made a legal tender and continued so for many years after the adoption of the Constitution.

"When the new American coins were issued it was found that the abraded and worthless coins of other countries filled the channels of circulation and the new and bright dollars of the United States were exported. This led to the discontinuance in 1806 by President Jefferson of the coinage of the silver dollars and after that date none were coined for more than thirty years. This order of Jefferson, I suppose, would be called by our Populistic friends "The crime of 1806." In the meantime France and other countries adopted the ratio of 15½ ounces of silver as the equivalent of one of gold. To avoid those embarassing changes, England in 1816 adopted gold as the single standard in that country and silver as subsidiary coins.

"In 1834, during the administration of President Jackson and under the leadership of Daniel Webster and Thomas H. Benton, Congress adopted the ratio of 16 ounces of silver to one of gold by reducing the number of grains in the gold coin. As silver was thus slightly under valued it was not largely coined.

"Silver could be coined in France at the ratio of 15 to 1, and the owner of silver bullion could send it to France and have it converted into coin at that ratio, thus receiving about 3 per cent more for his bullion than if coined at the American ration of 16 to 1. Gold became the only American coin in circulation and the avowed purpose of the passage of the law of 1834 was to make gold the standard. This was declared by the committee of the House of Representatives who had charge of the bill who said in their report: 'The committee think that the desideratum in the monetary system is a standard of uniform value. They cannot ascertain that both metals have ever circulated simultaneously, concurrently and indiscriminately in any country where there are banks or money dealers and they entertain the conviction that the nearest approach to an invariable standard is its establishment in one metal which metal shall compose exclusively the currency for large payments.'

"THE CRIME OF '34."

"This law heartily approved by Andrew Jackson would now be called 'The crime of 1834.' In 1853 upon the report of Senator Hunter, when Pierce was President and when all branches of the government were under Democratic control, Congress reduced the quantity of silver in the fractional coins (half dimes, dimes, quarters and half dollars) more than six per cent, directed the purchase of the silver for their free coinage and made them a legal tender for $5 only, leaving gold still practically the only full legal tender, United States coin. At this time the silver dollar had disappeared from the current coins of the United States and was practically and purposely demonetized.

"The purpose of this act is thus stated by the Chairman of the committee having the bill in charge in the House of Representatives: 'We propose so far as these coins are concerned to make silver subservient to the gold coin of the country. We intend to do what the best writers on political economy have approved; what experience, where the experiment has been tried, has demonstrated to be the best and what the committee believes to be necessary and proper—to make but one standard currency and to make all others subservient to it. We mean to make gold the standard coin."

"This, I suppose, would now be called "The crime of 1853." Silver was practically demonetized by this act and the act of 1834.

"It is certain that from 1801, when Mr. Jefferson became President, to the close of Buchanan's administration, in 1861, the Democratic party was a gold party opposed to silver and all forms of paper money. As I have already stated, Mr. Jefferson in 1806 suspended the coinage of silver dollars and it remained suspended for more than thirty years.

"The act of Congress of 1834 established gold as practically the only coin in circulation. Gold coins were bent on 'mint drops.' All Democrats were then 'gold bugs.' Senator Hunter in 1853, during Pierce's administration, secured the passage of a law which reduced the silver in the half-dimes, dimes, quarters and half dollars, making them subsidiary coins, abolishing their free coinage and limited their legal tender to five dollars.

"The silver dollar was not mentioned and practically excluded from coinage or circulation—yet now the Democratic party upon the demand of the Populist party and when silver has fallen in market value to nearly one-half its former value, seeks to demonetize gold and to establish silver as the sole standard of value.

"When the Republican party came into power in 1861 by the election of Mr. Lincoln it had to face a formidable rebellion. Gold and silver alike were banished from circulation and irredeemable paper money of all denominations from ten cents to 10,000 was substituted in place of coin. When the war was over the Republican party sought to restore specie payment as soon as practicable. In March, 1869, it pledged the faith of the nation in payment in coin of its equivalent of all bonds of the United States and to redeem the United States notes at the earliest practicable moment in coin.

"In order to carry out this pledge, it became necessary to revise the various coinage laws of the United States. This was promptly and very carefully done by a bill framed in the Treasury Department while Mr. Boutwell was Secretary. It was thoroughly considered by the experts of that department and was printed and submitted to all persons in the United States who were supposed to be familiar with the coinage laws.

"The bill containing sixty-seven sections, accompanied by a mass of information that fills a volume, was sent to Congress April 25, 1870, by Secretary Boutwell and its passage was strongly recommended by him. This bill omitted from the coins of the United States the silver dollar precisely as was done in 1853, but provided for the coinage of the fractional parts of the dollar in accordance with the act of that year.

"This bill was pending in Congress for three years—was carefully considered in both Houses and special attention was called to the omission of the 412½ grains silver dollar which was never in the bill at any stage and the reasons for this omission given. It was finally determined at the urgent request of members from the Pacific Coast to insert among the silver coins a trade dollar containing 420 grains of standard silver, but this dollar was made like the minor coins, a legal tender for $50 only.

"There was but one yea and nay vote on the bill and that was on the proposition to repeal the charge made by the mint for the coinage of gold. I voted against its repeal. The bill passed both houses and became a law February 12, 1873, by practically a unanimous vote of both parties and was specially supported and voted for by the Senators and members from the Silver States.

"THE CRIME OF '73."

"This has been called "The crime of 1873,' and as the bill was under my charge in the Senate I was held to be the chief criminal. It was in fact a wise measure of public policy, carefuly discussed and considered during three years.

"When the test the outcry against this act with the sober acts shown by official records, it appears simply ludicrous. The total number of silver dollars coined from 1792 to 1873 was 8,031,-238, while the number of trade dollars issued under the coinage act of 1873, containing 7½ grains more silver than the old dollar was 35,965,929, and the number of standard silver dollars coined under the Bland-Allison Act of 1878 was 430,790,041, or 54 times the number issued before 1873.

"It is strange that the very men who supported and urged this coinage law of 1873 and demanded the exclusive coinage of gold and the very men who now demand the free coinage of silver and denounce as "Goldites" and "robbers" all those who believe in the coinage of both gold and silver.

"It has been said that the dropping of the silver dollar in the coinage act of 1873 was surreptitiously done. This charge is shown to be false by the debate in Congress and especially by the declarations of the men who now make the charge.

"Sixteen months after the passage of that act, Senator Jones of Nevada, in debate in the Senate, June 11, 1874, said: 'I am opposed to any proposition, come in whatever form it may, that attempts to override what God himself has made for money. I believe the sooner we come down to a purely gold standard the better it will be for the country.'

April 1, 1874, he said: 'Does this Congress mean now to leave entirely out of view and discard forever a standard of value? And what but gold can be that standard? What other thing on earth possesses the requisite qualities? * * * * * Gold is the articulation of commerce. It is the most potent agent of civilization. It is gold that has lifted the nations from barbarism.

"It is the common denominator of values. It makes possible the classification of labor and the interchange of commodities. Gold has intervened in bargains made between men since the dawn of civilization and it has never failed to faithfully fulfill its part as the universal agent and servant of mankind. * * * * * The value of gold is not affected by the stamp of the government.'

"Senator Stewart of Nevada, on the same subject, on the 12th of June, 1874, said: 'Sir, the laboring man and the producer is entitled to have his product and his labor measured by the same standard of the world that measures your National debt. * * * * * Give him such a standard, give him money as you require from him. You require it from the producer. You require from the laboring man gold to pay the interest on your National debt which is right, which cannot be avoided if you mean to save this National honor, but then give him the same money with which to pay that debt. The question will never be settled until you determine the simple question whether the laboring man is entitle to have a gold dollar if he earn it or whether you are going to cheat him with something else. That is the upshot of the whole thing. Everybody has to say that the laboring man was entitled to a good dollar. That was fought over. They will fight it over again and the same party will win. There have been a great many battles fought against gold but gold has won every time. Gold never has compromised.

* * * * * Gold has made the world respect it all the time. The English people thought they could get along without gold for awhile but they had to come back to it.'

"On June 1, 1874, Senator Jones and Stewart and all the Representatives and Senators of the Silver States were urgent and honest in saying that gold was the best and only standard of value, but they changed their minds when the largely increased and increasing production of silver in Nevada and other States reduced the market value of silver below that of gold at the established ratio of 16 to 1. They wanted a market for their silver. They wanted to pay existing debts and obligations contracted upon the gold basis in silver, but took care in their contracts to stipulate for the payment of gold in them and this has been and is now the general practice in the Silver States.

"When the coinage law of 1873 was enacted all of the States except those on the Pacific Coast conducted their business upon the basis of greenbacks or United States notes, then at a discount of about 13 per cent. Neither silver nor gold was used in domestic transications, but we collected our customs duties in gold coin and conducted our foreign commerce in gold, the money of the world. It was not until January, 1875, that the first step was taken to resume specie payments, nor did we resume until January, 1879.

"During this period silver rapidly fell in market value below gold at the ratio of 16 to 1. Prior and subsequent to 1873 many changes were made in coinage by the leading countries of the world. Germany in 1871 changed its standard from silver to gold. France, Italy, Switzerland and Belgium had in 1865 entered into a treaty called the Latin Union, to which others became parties and by which the coin of each of these countries were received and paid by all of them. This important arrangement was first modified and finally abandoned and gold became the standard of values of those countries, but in all silver was coined and largely used as a subsidiary coin, precisely as in the United States.

"In anticipation of the resumption of specie payments, the resumption act of 1875 provided silver coins of dimes, quarters and half dollars for the resumption of the fractional currency then in general use in our country. These new silver coins gave great satisfaction. They were limited in legal tender qualities to $10. At this time Mr. Bland of Missouri introduced his bill for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 on the demand of the holders of silver bullion. Silver had then declined below that ratio. One ounce of gold was worth more than 16 ounces of silver.

BLAND'S BILL.

"The Bland Bill, if it had become a law as it passed the House, would have demonetized gold. Such was not the purpose of Congress. When the bill came to the Senate an amendment was made, on the motion of Senator Allison, which changed the scope of the bill and authorized and directed the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase from time to time silver bullion at the market price not less than $2,000,000 or more than $4,000,000 worth per month, and cause the same to be coined into silver dollars as fast as purchased. It also provided that any holder of the coin authorized by that act might deposit the same with the treasurer of the United States in sums not less than $10 and receive coin in certificates therefor, of not less than $10 each and that the coin deposited should be retained in the Treasury for the payment of the certificates on demand.

"This bill, so amended, passed by both houses. It was known as the Bland-Allison act. It greatly added to the difficulties of redemption and for that reason was vetoed by President Hayes, but became a law over his veto.

"Under its provisions the United States purchased over 291,000,000 ounces of silver at the cost of $308,279,260. It was hoped that this enormous purchase would arrest the decline of silver but in spite of it silver steadily declined in market value and at the present price the loss to the government on the purchase of silver under this act amounts to over $100,000,000.

"When Congress met in December, 1889, there was a strong desire in both houses to utilize silver as legal tender money under conditions that would not demonetize gold. As the result of long discussions in both houses and after a conference between them, a bill was passed July 14, 1890, by which the Secretary of the Treasury was directed to purchase from time to time silver bullion to the aggregate of 4,500,000 ounces a month at the market price and to issue in payment of such purchases treasury notes of the United States which were made a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private in gold or silver coin at his discretion.

"This measure it was thought would arrest the decline in the market value of silver and enable the Secretary to maintain the two metals on a parity with each other at the ratio of 16 to 1.

"But the market value of silver continued to decline. The government purchased under the act of July 14, 1890, 168,000,000 ounces at a cost of $156,000,-000. This proved to be an expensive experiment and the act was accompanied by the following declaration, made a part of the repealing act: 'And it is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States to continue the use of both gold and silver as standard money and to coin both gold and silver into money of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, such quality to be secured through international agreement or by such safeguards as legislation will insure the maintenance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts. And it is further declared that the efforts of the government should be steadily directed to the establishment of such a system of bimetallism as will maintain at all times the equal power of every dollar coined or issued by the United States in the markets and in the payment of debts.'

"This declaration made by Congress and approved by the President at a time when the public mind was centered upon the silver question as a wise statement of public policy that ought to be acted upon without regard to party divisions. This bill passed a House of Representatives fresh from the people by the vote of 239 yeas and 118 nays and the Senate by the vote of 43 yeas against 32 nays.

"This act was not a party vote, but it is, I believe, the expression of a majority of the two great parties of the country.

"And here, fellow citizens' we ought to stand. I appeal to Democrats and Republicans alike. We are all interested in having a sound and stable currency founded upon gold and silver. We cannot by law fix the value of either metal or coin, or of any of the articles that enter into the wants of life.

"The great law of supply and demand affects the value as it does iron, copper or zinc. All have fallen in market value by means of new discoveries and improved methods of production. I have here a statement of the director of the mint, dated July 21, 1895, showing the amount and cost of silver bullion purchased under the acts of 1878 and 1890, and its value at the present market price, showing a shrinkage of over $145,000,000.

"'Hon. John Sherman, Mansfield, Ohio, Sir: I have the honor to state in reply to your letter of the 15th inst. that the aggregate amount and cost of silver bullion purchased under the acts of February 23, 1878, and July 14, 1890, was as follows:

	Fine Ounces.	Cost.
Act of Feb. 28, '78	$291,272,018.56	$308,219,260.21
Act of July 14, '90.	148,674,082 53	155,991,002.25
Total	$439,946,701.09	$464,210,262.96

"'Worth at today's market price for silver, namely $.069212 per fine ounce, $418,348,410.75.

"'Loss in purchase, $145,781,952.21.

"'Respectfully yours,

"'R. E. PRESTON,

"'Director of the Mint.'

"We had July 1st last, in actual circulation among the people of the United States, $1,509,795,200 as stated by the report of the Treasury Department, which I will read:

Amount in circulation July 1, 1896:

Gold coin	$456,128,483.00
Standard silver dollars	52,185,996.00
Subsidiary silver	59,298,806.00
Gold certificates	42,320,759.00
Silver certificates	331,259,509.00
Treasury notes, act July 14, '90.	95,217,381.00
United States notes	225,451,368.00
Currency certificates, act June 8, '72	31,840,000.00
National Bank notes	215,331,977.00
Total	$1,509,525,200.00

We had also at that date $634,519,981 in the Treasury, mostly gold and silver held for the redemption of United States notes and silver certificates as follows:

Gold coin	$111,903,340.00
Standard silver dollars	378,614,043.00
Subsidiary silver	15,730,976.00
Gold certificates	497,430.00
Silver certificates	11,359,995.00
Treasury notes, act July 14, 90.	34,465,919.00
United States notes	121,229,668.00
Currency certificates, act June 8, '79	150,000.00
National Bank notes	10,668,620.00
Total	$684,519,981.00

"All these forms of money have been maintained by the government on a par with gold and they travel the circle of the world without diminution of their purchasing power. Though silver bullion has fallen to nearly one-half its former value, yet we have used it and maintained silver coin made from it at parity with gold at the ratio of 16 to 1.

"But we are now brought face to face with a proposition which if agreed to will make silver the sole standard of value for all debts and credits, for the wages of labor and the purchase and sale of property. The Democratic party at its recent convention at Chicago adopted a resolution in favor of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 parts of silver to one of gold. We know that in the United States and in all countries in the world thirty ounces or more of silver can be purchased by one ounce of gold. With the free coinage of silver gold will be demonetized.

"Nothing can be more certain than that the cheaper money only will circulate. The United States has thus far maintained its silver coins at parity with gold coins only by its exclusive monopoly of coinage and by limiting the amount but with free coinage of silver there could be no limitation. Silver bullion in every form will be pressed upon the mints and with the mandatory duty of free coinage silver dollars will soon fill the channels of circulation and the gold dollar will be hoarded or will be quoted and sold as a commodity at about 194 cents of the silver coin. Silver will stand as the par of value and gold will be quoted at its commercial value.

EFFECT OF FREE COINAGE.

"Let us contemplate for awhile the inevitable result of the free coinage of silver even if I repeat what I say. It would violate every contract for the payment of money made since January 1, 1879. The resumption act which went into operation on that day provided for the payment in coin on demand of all United States notes presented for redemption.

"All forms of money whether of silver or gold or paper were then maintained at par with each other and have been so maintained ever since. During all this period gold and silver coins at par with each other have been the standards of value of all loans, contracts or purchases and the faith of the United States was pledged for the maintenance at parity with each other.

"Although silver bullion declined in market value the coins made from it have been kept at par with gold coins at the legal ratio of 16 to 1. But if the free coinage of silver is authorized then the market value of silver bullion becomes the standard for payments on all contracts made in the past, the present or the future; 412½ grains of standard silver bullion, worth now 52 cents, can with free coinage be coined into a dollar upon the demand of any holder of such bullion. This dollar is delivered to the owner of the bullion and is not supported by the fiat of the government. The government does not undertake to maintain its relative value with gold. The Government stamps it "This is a dollar," its purchasing power is 53 cents but its debt-paying power is one dollar of debt, but in the purchase of any article, it is only worth 53 cents for the seller of the article can fix his price according to the kind of money offered. It is the doctrine of the Populists, and the anarchists but is in direct opposition to the traditional policy of Thomas Jefferson, Andrew Jackson and the Democratic party.

"When we contemplate the great amount of debt and credit that is unavoidable in a vast but new country like ours we naturally shrink from any measure that will either rob the lender or do injustice to the borrowers. It is impossible to estimate the wrong and injustice that will be done to creditors by the scaling of nearly one-half of the debts due them.

"The very threat to do it will lead to a prompt and harsh collection of debts before free coinage can become a law. It is certain that before a free coinage bill can become a law, the wide disturbance caused by the pending of such a measure will lead to the rapid collection of debts, the sacrifice of property and deepen existing financial difficulties growing out of insufficient revenues for the National as well as for State governments.

"It is sometimes said of creditors creditors that they are bloodthirsty Shylocks, aristocrats, blood-suckers, extortioners. It may be there are among money lenders some men who merit epithets, but the great body of the creditors of our country are among the thrifty, industrious and intelligent men and women of every community. A great body of creditors here is 970,-000 Union soldiers, their widows and orphans who are creditors of the United States to the amount of over $140,-000,000 a year for services and sacrifices in the Union Army.

"It will be an act of perfidy and meanness beyond expression for this great country to pay them with money of less purchasing power than gold coin merely because the over production of silver in the United States has reduced the market value of silver bullion contained in the silver dollar. To take advantage of this decline in order to reduce the value of the pittance to those pensioners is worse than to rob the graves of the dead.

"There is another class of creditors that the free coinage of silver will greatly injure. It is the depositors of savings institutions and kindred organizations who according to official statistics number nearly 5,000,000 people whose deposits amount to more than eighteen hundred million dollars. Will you cheat them by reducing the value and purchasing power of the dollars they have deposited. Free coinage will also wipe out nearly one-half the value of life insurance which provident people of the United States have paid to secure in case of their deaths, some support and protection to wife and children.

"It will effect injuriously the multitude of clerks and employes who depend upon monthly pay and will reduce the purchasing power of all salaries of officers and employes in the public service of the United States and every State, County, City or Township in this broad land.

"But by far the greatest injury resulting from the free coinage of silver will fall upon workingmen. Their wages are now based upon money of the highest value, upon gold coin of standard value. Under free coinage of silver, the value of the silver dollar will fall to 53 cents in gold, or as I have already said, the hundred cents of the gold dollar will be worth 194 cents of the silver dollar. With free coinage of silver, every workingman can and ought to demand enough silver for his daily wages to be equal to the purchasing power of his present wages in gold. The struggle between workingmen and employer will then commence, and no one knows better than the workingman how difficult it is to get an advance of pay.

"We have strikes and strife enough now, but what will be the condition when the workingman is paid in cheaper money of the same nominal amount, but of less purchasing power. Every sentiment of justice will be on the side of the workingman in his struggle for good money or increased wages in cheap money. Of all the evils which a Government can inflict, none can be greater than the cheap money, whether of coin or paper.

"That dollar is the best dollar that buys the largest quantity of food and clothing. That dollar is the gold dollar, for it buys more food and clothing than any other dollar, and will also buy a silver dollar worth 53 cents if the coin

(Continued on page 3.)

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WANTED MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW or Second Hand Household Furniture wanted; must be cheap for cash. Address E. B., box 2, this office.

"WANTED"—Second hand money for new furniture, at H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh street.

PROMINENT FIRMS

In Alameda County.

EAST OAKLAND.

GROCERIES.

CRAFT & RUSSELL—Grocers; buy at home and save money. 552-554 East Twelfth, cor. Eleventh ave. Tel. 1011 main.

MARKET STREET

BAZAARS.

GORDAN'S BAZAR—R. Gordan, prop; fancy goods, hosiery, stationery, toys, furnishing goods 918 Seventh.

TWENTY-THIRD AVE.

DRUGGISTS.

CRAGIN'S PHARMACY—1154 East Fourteenth; cut rates our motto; Sarsaparilla 85c; Syrup Figs 35c, Castoria 25c, Porous Plasters 10c.

REAL ESTATE.

W. P. RYAN,

908 SEVENTH STREET.

TELEPHONE—RED 1,998.

FOR SALE.

$900—Lot 41x75, on 11th st near Kirkham st, $50 cash, $10 a month installment, no interest, price $1,500; lot 25x132, only two blocks from Market st station.

FOR RENT.

$35—Two-story house of 9 rooms and bath, corner 8th and Filbert sts.
$11—Cottage of 5 rooms with barn, 1001 5th st.
$17—Three furnished rooms for housekeeping, on 11th st near Alice st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT.

TO LET—Sunny furnished front room, convenient to local train and electric cars. Apply 762 East Seventeenth st, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth aves, East Oakland.

NICE furnished sunny rooms for rent; single or en suite; with all modern conveniences; within easy reach of local trains. Apply 421 Sixth st.

FOR RENT—Suite of fine sunny parlors, with piano, furnished. Also, furnished housekeeping rooms, at No. 522 Tenth st.

HOUSES TO RENT.

TO RENT—Sunny house of six rooms, bath and laundry; rent $25. Enquire at 1119 Jefferson, cor. Thirteenth, bet. the hours of 10 and 4.

TO LET—S. W. corner Seventh and Webster sts; house of seven rooms, all on one floor.

FOR RENT—Cottage of 5 rooms and bath; 1563 Franklin; nice neighborhood; rent $20. Apply at 1370 Broadway.

HALLS TO LET.

TO LET—Grand Army Hall to let Sunday and Monday night. Apply 1116 Broadway.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY.

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D.—Surgeon, office Central block, 1068 Broadway, Oakland.

OCULISTS.

OCULIST—Dr. Kohlmoos, Central Bank Building, corner Fourteenth and Broadway, rooms 420-422; hours, 9 to 12, 2 to 4.

MEDICAL.

A BLESSING to ladies suffering from irregularities and diseases peculiar to their sex; latest improved method of treatment; never fails, perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times, home in confinement. Dr. and Mrs. Davies, 11 McAllister st, next Hibernia Bank; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DRS. C. C. & G. W. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 704 Washington st., near Kearney, and 735 Market st., San Francisco; office hours 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children

FURNITURE FOR SALE

FANCY ROCKERS—All prices and grades, tables, chairs and fancy goods for presents; come and see us. H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

Oakland Bicycle Dealers.

ADLAKE and HUMBER Bicycles. Hoag & Ferguson, 300 San Pablo avenue, cor. Seventeenth.

RAMBLER BICYCLE for sale and rent. Geo. A. Faulkner, cor. 12th and Webster streets.

SPALDING, Columbus, Ohio, Credenda, Bicycles. New wheels to rent. 362 12th street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY to loan in sums to suit; mortgages bought and sold; prime bargains in real estate; houses to rent. D. F. McDonald & Co., 463 9th st., Oakland.

MONEY TO LOAN—We have $600 (or less) to loan for a private party on real estate security. Hugh M. Cameron, 479 Ninth st. Oakland.

OAKLAND COLLATERAL Loan Co., 925 Broadway, near 9th st.; liberal advances on diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, pianos, guns.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

ONE WEEK ONLY—Big bargain to close estate; handsome neatly new cottage of 6 rooms and bath; all modern improvements; large lot 50x140 feet; situate on west side Chestnut st 150 feet south of Thirty-second st, Oakland; price $2,850; only $50 cash, balance $25 monthly; go see this today, key next door. For further particulars apply to Marcuse & Remmel, home builders, Bay st station, Alameda.

$1000—COTTAGE of three large rooms, with hall, bay window and high basement; lot 50x90 feet and fronting on electric line. Owner is away, and this property must be sold at once. Flat mortgage of $750; can remain. Only $250 cash down required. Hugh M. Cameron, broker, 479 Ninth st, Oakland.

FOR SALE—$1500 will buy a lot 50x150 feet, with a 5-room house; south side East 17th st, between 12th and 13th aves; street work all done. Apply to Albert Schmidt, 620 East 12th st, East Oakland.

HOUSES built; easy terms; best locations. Alden & Kronenberg, 902 Brdwy.

MUSICAL.

MISS MABEL CRABTREE, teacher of violin and piano; residence and studio; 616 Fifteenth st, Oakland.

BALDWIN & DURANT, banjo, mandolin and guitar. 4 lessons, 1 per week, $4; 8 lessons, 2 per week, $8; instruments furnished pupils free to take home. Studio, 1003½ Broadway, room 18.

PIANO TUNERS.

TOUCH REGULATOR, Oakland Convention; will make the keys on pianos heavy or light as the will of the players. Horning Bros., 216 Post st, S. F.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

J. W. MOSS—Real estate, notary public, money to loan. 968 Broadway, bet. 9th and 10th sts.

BASKETS FOR EVERYBODY

At Meese'

907, 909 Washington Street Butcher Baskets, Bushel Baskets Clothes Baskets, Office Basket Peddler Baskets, Fancy, Flower Lunch and Nursery Baskets. The prices will suit you. We make them to order in our own factory.

Write, telephone or call.

SHERMAN'S SPEAKS.

Continued from page 1.)

age of silver is made free at the ratio of 16 to 1 of gold. Experience has shown that the United States can make the silver dollar buy as much as the gold dollar, but it can only be done by the Government buying silver bullion as needed and coining it into dollars on Government account. This has been tried.

Every country in Europe, except possibly Russia, Republics and Monarchies, maintains the gold standard and silver coins at parity with gold at even a less ratio than the United States and now Russia has hoarded over $400,000,000 of gold in preparation for the gold standard which she will adopt.

"We have now in the Treasury belonging to the government over 379,000,000 silver dollars represented by certificates and also silver bullion costing over $115,000,000 in treasury notes in active circulation and maintained at par with gold at the ratio of 16 to 1.

"The free coinage of silver is an invitation not only to American miners but to all the miners or holders of silver in the world to deposit their silver in the mints of the United States and to receive in exchange therefor a silver dollar for every 412½ grains of standard silver deposited. But that silver is worth in the market only 53 cents. Why should we receive this bullion from the owners of silver mines at nearly double its market value when we have such a vast hoard in the treasury which we hold with difficulty **at par with gold?**

"The only object and effect of this measure will be to degrade the dollar, to lessen its purchasing power nearly one-half, to enable debtors to pay their debts at 53 cents for a dollar and to cheat the public creditors who hold our bonds. If this policy should be adopted, the United States will take its place among the nations of the earth as a bankrupt, closing its business at 53 cents on the dollar.

MORE MEANNESS.

"There is another element of meanness in this free coinage of silver. The United States has always paid its bonds in gold coin or its equivalent. In the darkest hours of the Civil War we stipulated to pay our bonds, principal and interest in gold or its equivalent. All of the war debt has been paid in this way. A portion of it was paid by the sale of bonds bearing a lower rate of interest, but we exacted from the purchasers of these bonds gold coin or its equivalent, even while our notes were below par in coin. About $847,060,000 of these securities are now outstanding, of which $262,000,000 was sold by this administration and paid for in gold coin. It is one of the objects of those who advocate the free coinage of silver to force the government to pay these bonds in silver coin reduced in value. It is harsh to express this opinion of a measure favored by many good people, but I cannot regard it in any other light but both a fraud and a robbery, and all the worse if committed by a great, rich and free people. A citizen who should commit such an offense would be punished by the courts or denounced as dishonest, but a nation like ours is beyond the power of any tribunal but the conscience and God.

"Now, fellow citizens, I have said all I desire to say at present on the free coinage of silver. I have the confident hope that the great body of the Republicans and Democrats representing the conservative element of our people will stamp their rebuke upon this measure of infamy and thus preserve intact the honor, the credit and glory of our great country. This matter of the free coinage of silver and the degradation of the standard of values involves not only questions of money, but of honor and good faith. When their honor is involved, the people never fail to respond.

"They have complied with every promise and paid every debt contracted since the organization of the National government as it became due. They have paid four-fifths of the debt contracted during the Civil War, and the prospect was hopeful that all of it would be paid before the close of this century, but this reversing of our standards of value has, like the fire bell at night, startled and alarmed our people.

"Let us settle it by following the action of Washington, Hamilton, Jefferson, Benton, Hunter, Lincoln and Grant. Let us maintain silver and gold at par with each other at the legal ratio of 16 to 1 until a conference among nations can prescribe common standards of value. In the meantime let no act be done, no policy be adopted, no expedient resorted to that will tarnish the honor of this great Republic."

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL

For German, French and Spanish, opens Monday, August 17th, in the Macdonough block. Day and evening classes.

A Couple of Mishaps.

Charles Magagnos tried to ride his bicycle between a hack and an express wagon last night, but miscalculated his distance and got telescoped. He was treated at the Receiving Hospital by Dr. Hamlin, who found that his right shoulder blade was broken.

William Cochran, aged 58, was also treated at the hospital yesterday. He had been kicked over the eye at the race track.

A Lecture.

A lecture will be given at Kohler & Chase Hall, corner of Eleventh and Broadway, Sunday evening, August 16th, at 8 o'clock, under the auspices of the Socialist Labor party. The subject will be "Quack Remedies for Social Ills."

Our Mother's Mush is made in Oakland.

Bay City Flour is pure.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New and Second-Hand Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc., "Modern" furniture bought or exchanged. Auction sales on premises. Call and see us. 462-464 Thirteenth street.

5. "Cracker Jack" will strike your fancy.

DIED.

DAVIS—In this city, August 14, 1896, Sarah, beloved child of George E. and Henrietta Davis, aged 2 years and 7 days. Funeral at 2 o'clock SUNDAY, August 16th.

GARDNER—In this city, August 15, 1896, James E., beloved husband of Amanda Gardner and father of Charles E. Gardner and Mrs. H. L. Whitehead, a native of Maine, aged 60 years.

CARPENTERS, Take Notice—Members of Oakland Union, No. 36, U. B. of C. & J. of A., will meet at their hall, 1015 Clay st, Sunday, Aug. 16th, at 2 P. M., to attend the funeral of Brother John G. Fladburg. H. W. H[illegible], President; R. Reid, Secretary.

AMONG THE ARTISTS.

A Review and Criticism of the Doings in Local Circles.

Sir John Millais Will Be Much Missed by the Painters.

The death of Sir John Millais, which occurred on the 13th instant, has left a void in the world of art that can never be filled.

At the death of Lord Leighton early in this year, Sir John was elected to the Presidency of the Royal Academy and art looked for much that would have been accomplished had the illustrious member of the Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood but lived to carry out his cherished ideas in regard to the Academy.

Millais was born in 1829, being 67 years old at the time of his demise. He was a warm personal friend of John Ruskin and it was on William E. Gladstone's recommendation that he was made a baronet.

Millais was a native of the island of Jersey and very proud of his Norman ancestry.

"Thackery once asked me," said he, in a recent interview with Frances H. Low in the Strand Magazine, "meaning to get a rise out of me, when England took Jersey; and I remember how he laughed when I said, decisively, "Never; Jersey conquered England."

In speaking of his early life in the same interview, Sir John said: "I never had any encouragement at all. All my early pictures were dammed by the critics, and my parents were so discouraged that my father said over and over again: "Give up painting, Jack, and take to something else." I have had a happy life on the whole, but my youth was very unhappy. I had to work hard, illustrating and doing portraits and all sorts of inferior work, to help at home, ever since I was a lad, and my early pictures received nothing but abuse. The critics were a greater power then than they are today; and however it may have been with other men, I had no consciousness of ultimate triumph then. I went on for years in a storm of disapproval. I am always dissatisfied, and when a picture is done, I loathe it and never want to see it again. After a time I can regard it from an objective point of view; but even then, every thing comes back to me, and I get for the moment the same feelings."

Art students will be interested in the following remarks he made:

"I do not believe much in direct instruction. Surround a boy with great art, and he will learn. And if he is too stupid to learn from the models before him, he is no good at all."

In speaking of the younger generation, he said: "I think the great defect today—I cannot help seeing it in young men—is the want of reverence. Until a young man can admire, nay, until he can give homage, there is no help for him. It is the first maxim to impress on a young man, and one that seems to me in danger of being forgotten in this age of skepticism and cynicism."

Artists on this coast will look forward with interest to the selection of Millais' successor.

* * *

A rumor that I believe has not appeared in print is that Edward F. Searles intends making a large cash donation to the Hopkins Art Institute. It is to be hoped that the "near future" will not be too far away. What a great stride in Western art if he should, and Arthur Matthews were given full charge of the Institute.

* * *

A good story is told on "Jimmy" Swinnerton," the Examiner's caricaturist.

Perhaps next to politicians, Swinnerton's best hits are at the "willie boys" although he himself spends a great deal of time on his personal appearance.

The Examiner sent him up to Sacramento during the late Republican Convention in that city, and the readers of the Examiner know how well he depicted the various types of people he met there.

It seems that ex-Railroad Commissioner William Peckman and Senator "Lige" Hart had been having a lot of fun over some of "Swin's" caricatures, and one day, just before a session of the convention was called to order, they were sitting talking of some of his "take offs" of the previous day when Swin himself dressed in the swellest fashion and carrying a cane two sizes too large for him, came in and sat down a few seats ahead of them.

Neither Hart nor Beckman had ever met Swinnerton, so it is not surprising that Hart hastily took up a piece of paper and wrote the following note to an Examiner correspondent, whim whom he was acquainted: "Send Swin around immediately; we have a character for him."

The story teller did not say whom the drinks were on.

* * *

I should like to ask the reporter who reviewed the art exhibit at the Oakland Exposition in last Tuesday's Enquirer wherein lies the superiority of Miss Porter's work over the work of either Miss Miller or Miss Roberts. It is easy to say "this is good" or "this is poor" or "this is best," and reporters often abuse their privileges.

* * *

There is an unusually fine portrait of Maurice Gronlund, in the studio of Marius Dahlgren, in this city. Mr. Dahlgren did the portrait in three sittings and he has succeeded in a remarkable degree in catching the deep character of the celebrated socialist's face.

While the portrait is good in both color and drawing, the flesh tints first appeal to the eye. I have seldom seen a finer specimen of Dahlgren's handiwork.

* * *

An Oakland lady, whose daughter showed phenomenal talent in drawing, removed her daughter from the Hopkins Art School lately, because she had been advanced to the life class and probably cheated the world of another Bonheur.

Prejudice against life classes seems not to have abated.

* * *

Carlos T. Wilson, a San Francisco boy, is busily engaged at Bakersfield on a picture that he intends exhibiting at the much talked of international art exhibition in Guatemala next March.

R. TUSTED.

American Students in France.

Americans must regard it as a very friendly act on the part of France in admitting our students to her very excellent universities. Official information has reached the Government at Washington that the courses in the faculty of letters will soon be opened to foreigners. It was fully expected that this would follow. The instruction given by the faculties of science is already free to foreign students, and it is said that a great increase has taken place in the number of inscriptions, not only at Paris but also at the other cities and towns in France where universities are located. It is alleged that fifty or more Americans are already enrolled in France. The students perhaps might otherwise have gone to Germany and then again they may not have been drawn from the German clientele. It is curious to note that a large number of Germans have been attracted to France since the new decree was promulgated in January last. When it is realized that the instruction given is free, or practically so, we can judge how generous and how deserving of gratitude the French Government has shown itself to be in this matter.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

The Week's Failures.

The Bradstreet Mercantile Agency reports twenty-two failures for the Pacific Coast States and Territories for the week ending today as compared with twenty-one for the previous week and seventeen for the corresponding week of 1895. The failures for the past week are divided among the trades as follows: One shingle mill, one dye works, five grocers, two general stores, two saloons, one hats, one candy manufacturer, one wines and liquors, one painter, one merchant tailor, one electrician, two dry goods, two plumbers and one harness.

The Big 4 Co's SNAPS

12½ CTS PER SET of 3 Pieces.
25 CTS PER SET of 6 Pieces.
50 CTS PER SET of 12 Pieces.
75 CTS PER SET of 18 Pieces.

PRETTY LUNCH SETS DECORATED

Profits Divided with Customers who COME DIRECT TO OUR MONEY SAVING STORES.

Fruit Jars: 45c per Doz. Pints; 55c per Doz. Quarts; 75c per Doz. Half Gallons; 30c per Doz. Jelly Glasses

BIG PRESENTS FREE

Great American Importing Tea Co.

MONEY SAVING STORES: 917 Broadway, Oakland; 1053 Washington St. "; 131 San Pablo Ave. "; 616 E. Twelfth St. "; 1355 Park St, Alameda

FREE SUGAR

A Package given Each Customer

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Bay City Flour—Purest.

Bay City Flour—ask your grocer for it.

MAINLY FOR MOTHERS

You love your children. Knowingly you would not give them diseased milk. It may be cheaper than ours, but sickness and death are the penalties of using it. Our milk is fresh, thick and pure. Served twice daily. Will you try us?

OAKLAND CREAM DEPOT
1367 BROADWAY
TEL. MAIN 747 J. A. SLIGH, Prop'r

MRS. A. BAUMANN,

Late of the Royal Conservatory of Leipsig, has opened a season of

Vocal Instruction

at her Music Studio, on the west side of Piedmont ave., third house from Moss avenue.

A limited number of pupils will be given instruction in voice culture, solo and choral work.

MRS. BAUMANN studied in Germany under Prof. Goetze and other noted masters.

Notice Inviting Street Work Proposals.—Pursuant to statute and to Resolution No. 22,400 of the Council of the City of Oakland, adopted August 10th, 1896, directing this notice, the undersigned invites and will receive at his office in the City Hall, up to 5 o'clock P. M. of the 24th day of August, 1896, sealed proposals or bids for the following street work, to be done according to the specifications posted and on file, therefor adopted or herein mentioned, or as contained in its Ordinance No. 1,422, approved May 12th, 1896, to-wit:

That Goss street in said City, from a line parallel to the Northern Railway tracks and distant on the center line of Goss street 187 feet westerly from the western line of Cedar street to a point 150 feet westerly from the western line of Bay street, except such part on thereof as is required by law to be kept in order or repair by any person or company having railroad tracks thereon, be graded, curbed with wood and macadamized with class "C" macadam, gutters to be constructed of broken rock, three feet wide and grouted; also that four bituminous cross walks of class B be constructed in the crossing of Bay street; also that two grouted valleys four feet wide of broken rock be constructed in the crossing of Bay street.

Bidders must file with each proposal or bid either a check, payable to the order of the Mayor of said City, certified by a responsible bank, for an amount which shall be not less than ten per cent of the aggregate of the proposal, or else a bond for said amount; and so payable, signed by the bidder and by two sureties, who shall justify before any officer, competent to administer an oath, in double the said amount and over and above all statutory exemptions.

Office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland, City Hall, Aug. 15th, 1896.
J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.

Notice Inviting Street Work Proposals.—Pursuant to statute and to Resolution No. 22,403 of the Council of the City of Oakland, adopted August 10th, 1896, directing this notice, the undersigned invites and will receive at his office in the City Hall, up to 5 o'clock P. M. of the 24th day of August, 1896, sealed proposals or bids for the following street work, to be done according to the specifications posted and on file, therefor adopted or herein mentioned, or as contained in its Ordinance No. 1,422, approved August 10th, 1896, to-wit:

That East 19th street in said City, from the eastern line of Fifth avenue to the western line of Thirteenth avenue, excepting therefrom the crossings of the following streets, to-wit: Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth avenues, be re-graded, curbed with wood and macadamized with class "C" macadam; gutters to be constructed of broken rock, three feet wide and grouted; the wooden curbing is to be excepted from the work in the following places, to-wit: on both sides from the eastern line of Seventh avenue to the western line of Eighth avenue; on the north side from the eastern line of Twelfth avenue to the western line of Thirteenth avenue; on the north side from the eastern line of Sixth avenue to a point 4.25 feet easterly therefrom; from a point 150.75 feet easterly from the eastern line of Sixth avenue to a point 24.15 feet easterly therefrom; also from the western line of Seventh avenue to a point 12 feet westerly therefrom.

Bidders must file with each proposal or bid either a check, payable to the order of the Mayor of said City, certified by a responsible bank, for an amount which shall be not less than ten per cent of the aggregate of the proposal, or else a bond for said amount; and so payable, signed by the bidder and by two sureties, who shall justify before any officer, competent to administer an oath, in double the said amount and over and above all statutory exemptions.

Office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland, City Hall, Aug. 15th, 1896.
J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.

Oakland Tribune

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—by the—

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Delivered by Carrier.

AT FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

OUR EASTERN OFFICE.

The Eastern office of The Tribune is located at 230 Temple Court Building, New York City. Complete files of The Tribune may be found there. Visitors always welcome.

E. KATZ, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

Oakland—"Wolves of New York."
Baldwin—"The Masqueraders."
California—"The Irish Artist."
Orpheum—Specialties.
Tivoli Opera House—"The Huguenots."
Columbia—"The Great Unknown."
Morosco's—"The Two Orphans."

PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.

August 16—Court Hubertus, A. O. F., of San Francisco.

THE WEATHER.

FORECAST MADE AT SAN FRANCISCO FOR 36 HOURS ENDING AUGUST 16, 1896.

Northern California: Fair tonight and Sunday except partly cloudy in the northwest portion tonight; fresh to brisk westerly winds.

Southern California: Fair tonight and Sunday except cloudy in the south portion tonight; fresh westerly winds.

SAN FRANCISCO AND VICINITY.

Partly cloudy tonight. Sunday fair; brisk southwest wind.

W. H. HAMMON,
Forecast Official.

UNION LABEL

SATURDAY.....AUGUST 15 1896

Pingree who has been nominated by the Republicans for Governor of Michigan is a Republican with a silver lining. He was taken up by the party because he was personally popular and every body wanted him. His free silver interest, safely regarded as perfectly harmless, like apostolic patches are of far more consequence.

It is reported that John J. Ingalls is drawing immense crowds in his personal campaign for re-election to the United States Senate. Senator Peffer has announced himself as the Populist candidate for the retention of his seat in the Senate. John does not now regard a seat in the Senate as an "irridescent dream;" but in dead earnest to make his calling and election sure.

How long does a locomotive last? Some careful experiments which have been made in England prove that the life of a locomotive is about 500,000 "train miles." In other words, that a locomotive of the latest approved pattern will run 500,000 miles before wearing out so as to be useless. In making the run of 500,000 miles the fire box will have to be renewed three times, the wheel tires five or six times, and the crank axles from three to five times. Some years ago there was a line of dead locomotives standing on the track of the railroad near the mole. Most of these were broken up for old metal. Occasionally an old second hand locomotive is made to do duty for a season for the loggers.

There has been a great improvement since the introduction of electricity in making power belts. What is said to be perhaps the largest belt that has ever been manufactured is to be used by the Louisiana Electric Light and Power Company, New Orleans, and is 7 feet wide, 150 feet long, is three-ply or ¾-inch thick, and weighs 3300 pounds. In its construction selection was made from 450 whole hides of pure oak tannage, and it was made under a hydraulic pressure of 250 tons, for which purpose a special press was constructed. The belt is constructed without rivets, pegs or other fastenings save cement. It is looked upon with considerable pride by its manufacturers, the Chicago Belting Company, South Canal street, Chicago. The mammoth size of the engine which is to be used in connection with this belt is also of interest. It is an Allis of the Corliss type, and of 2000 horse-power, the flywheel alone weighing 85 tons, while the engine itself weighs about 500,000 pounds.

This is the recent fortune of a famous picture: "The Slave Market at Cairo," that received the gold medal at the Paris Salon in 1891, was suppressed by the authorities in Glasgow, Scotland. The following extract from the Scotsman appeared the next day: "The Interdict of the Nude in Glasgow.—In connection with the refusal of the Glasgow magistrates to allow the painting, "The Slave Market at Cairo," to be exhibited in that city, the interest created in the picture was so great that two policemen had to be placed at the door of the premises in Gordon street, where it is housed, to prevent the public forcing an entrance. Throughout the day a large crowd hung about the doors in expectation that the exhibitor would defy the order of the magistrate." As a result the picture obtained a widespread advertisement, and hundreds of reproductions of it have been spread broadcast, so if there is anything innately wrong or harmful in the picture its effect has been increased a hundredfold by this Glasgow interdiction."

It is given to a few persons to have a wonderful power over animals. It is said that Rosa Bonheur has repeatedly gone into a cage full of strange lions and tigers and the animals have never resented her intrusion. On the contrary, they put up their heads to be scratched and show the greatest delight. For a long time she kept at "By" a lion that had been refused by the different circus managers on account of his fierce, untamable disposition, but no sooner did Rosa Bonheur take him in hand than he developed the greatest affection for her. Day by day she painted this magnificent beast, occasionally rewarding his patient posing with a caress. When, however, Mme. Bonheur became so absorbed in her work that she would forget all about him, very gently indeed would the king of beasts put up his paw to call her attention to the fact that his head had not been patted for ever so long. A lioness belonging to Rosa Bonheur died with her head in the artists' lap. In her huge paws she held the beloved hands of her mistress till death loosened her grasp.

Despatching Incurables.

It is not the least value of a religious discourse that it sets people to thinking. So much was accomplished by the discourse delivered last Sunday by a minister of this city. It was suggested that the time would come when from humane considerations the lives of incurables might be terminated by a Commission.

Christian ethics for eighteen centuries has been teaching the value of human life. It has nowhere rendered any judgment in favor of its voluntary abbreviation, except for capital crimes. And even in these exceptional instances, there has always been a conviction that the destruction of life was not necessary. In many States, at one time and another, capital punishment has been abolished as much on the score of humanity as for any other reason. Because the murderer had taken one life it did not always square with the public conscience that the community should take another.

With the advance of civilization, there has come to be a distinct culture of what might be called the humanities. This progress is not concerned with the extinguishment of human life; but rather in its preservation. Under this teaching no life is valueless. All human life is sacred. The boast of this later civilization is that it has lengthened the average duration of human life nearly ten years; and that it will yet add another ten years to its duration.

It encourages to the utmost the building of hospitals for the incurable, and makes their lives as comfortable as possible to the end. It would shock the sensibilities of most persons to suggest that all these unfortunates should be killed as an act of humanity. The suggestion would be more likely to appeal in some instances to the selfish side of society. The best way to be rid of the burden would be to kill off all who by reason of infirmities, would have before them only years of suffering. Society and the incurables would both be benefited. The tendency of the argument in favor of extinguishing life, seems to us to be in that direction. It appeals as much to the selfishness of society as to its humanity. Some new principle will need to be introduced into ethical culture before a clear judgment can be pronounced in favor of any plan for the voluntary ending of human life under any circumstances.

Confidence and Business.

It cannot be truthfully denied that since the nomination of the Populist-Democratic ticket, there has been a visible loss of business confidence. If the election of these candidates would be a good thing for the country, even a remote probability of success ought in some degree, to revive business confidence. But instead of this the tendency is in just the opposite direction. There is a constant assault on the credit of the country.

There are thousands who believe today that the worst calamity that could happen to the country since the civil war, would be the success of the combined Populist-Democratic ticket. The difficulty is not with the currency. That is good enough for present use. The trouble is that business does not revive and will not as long as these assaults upon confidence are maintained. Ex-Governor Cornell of New York, in a letter to Bryan puts the whole case in a nut shell:

"You were born after Lincoln made his Cooper Institute speech. You were a babe in arms when secession fired its cannon upon Sumpter. What good is it for you to tell us about what Jefferson and Jackson thought about finance? They knew nothing about the financial conditions and necessities of the American people of this generation. The general merits or otherwise of bimetallism or monometallism in abstract are not the vital questions that afflict us today. What might have been properly considered in detail in the coinage of 1872 or the resumption bill of 1875, is one thing, but what is wise to consider now in view of the present surroundings and conditions is wholly different. The present sufferings of our people are caused by events that have occurred within the past twenty years, and need to be treated from the present standpoint and wholly with reference to the future. We need a safe and smooth road from our existing wilderness of difficulties to a future of prosperity and consequent contentment. Our ordinary currency is abundantly good for present purposes, and the only thing needed immediately is a condition of confidence in financial affairs that will set the mill wheels in motion and increase the employment of labor. Give us only that and every other good thing will follow."

The mission of the Republican party is to restore confidence, credit and business prosperity. It promises to do what the present administration has failed to do. It looks for nothing but new disasters to the country from a party which in its new combination, at the outset assails that public credit which is the foundation of all national prosperity.

True and False Issues.

There is a strong inclination among the Bryan wing of Democrats and Populists to raise false issues. One of these is an effort to array class against class, and especially to excite prejudice against all who happen to be in prosperous circumstances. Poor men and rich men are found in all parties. Ignorant men and well instructed men are found there. Some of the richest men in the country are the owners of silver mines, and of course, are endorsers of the Chicago platform. Some of the rich men of the country are interested in banks, rail roads and manufacturing enterprises, and are staunch supporters of the Republican platform.

The attempt to excite prejudice against prosperous men is anarchistic. It has its fruitful source at present among a class who are nominally Populists, but who use that association as their disguise for class hatred. In all the political campaigns there are some abuses of the liberty of speech. Many of these excesses are tolerated as incidents of the occasion. But this one abuse ought not to find any toleration. It is low, vulgar and vicious. It simply inculcates personal hatred without having a single redeeming quality.

There are about fourteen million electors in the country. Among these there are a few thousand rich men—a few who may use wealth in some injurious sense. But a majority of these do not use it in that way. Nor have they obtained their wealth, much or little, dishonestly. There are enough grave issues in this campaign without resorting to petty ones. In a campaign of education one of the best results would be to educate a dangerous class out of hatred and a desire to defame and execrate every body who has attained some degree of worldly prosperity.

Sounding for Safety.

It is remarkable that in the instances of the two steam ships which went ashore recently in a fog within a hundred miles of San Francisco, the lead was not used for sounding in either instance. It was known to the masters of both ships that they were close to land. In the case of the Columbia the fog whistles could be heard. Yet no soundings were made. The master of the St. Paul thought he was about a mile and a half from land when the ship was going onto the rocks. But he admits that he did not use the lead at all.

Along the Atlantic coast the lead is always a means of safety when a ship is approaching the shore in thick weather. The coast line of the Pacific is different from that of the Atlantic. There the water gradually shoals. The ship master who is an experienced navigator, knows the bottom both from his chart and from the hundreds and perhaps thousands of times he has taken soundings. Is the lead of no use on the Pacific Coast? One seldom hears that it is used when there is doubt about the position of a ship. Yet even along the Pacific shore it would seem that the master ought to know how much water he has under his vessel before she strikes the rocks.

Here is an instance where the genius of the new woman comes in full play. It is noted by an Eastern exchange: "Miss Ella Adams has worked up a moderately lucrative profession for herself of quite a novel character. She repairs engravings and books, more commonly the latter, which are impaired by the ravages of bookworms and the defacements of time. She began her work in private collections, but later found abundance of work in some of those public libraries which number old books and manuscripts among their treasures. In making the restoration, paper of a certain quality is reduced to a pulp with water, tinted to match the exact shade of the leaf to be mended. A particle of gum tragacanth is added to assist adhesion, a sheet of celluloid is laid under the leaf, the hole or fissure is filled carefully with the pulp, another sheet of celluloid laid over it, and a gentle, steady pressure employed. This, Miss Adams says, is her entire process; but one may assert that extreme delicacy of manipulation is an important element of her success."

The gravest charge recently brought against Li Hung Chang is that he is a Democrat, because having consumed two bottles of champaign and part of another in two hours, he went home perfectly sober. It is maintained that only a Democrat could have remained sober under such circumstances. But if he had been a Bryan Democrat he would have been talking through his hat.

EVENTS OF THIS DATE.

A Daily Resume of History for Your Scrap Book.

On August 15 of the years named occurred the following important events in the world's history.

HOLIDAYS.

Saints Alipius, Maccartin, Aid, Arnoul.

BIRTHS.

1599—Admiral Robert Blake.
1688—Frederick William I of Prussia.
1769—Napoleon Bonaparte.
1771—Sir Walter Scott.
1785—Thomas de Quincey, author.

DEATHS.

1038—St. Stephen, first king of Hungary.
1369—Philippa, Queen of Edward III of England.
1738—Joseph Miller, comedian.
1749—Nicholas Robert de Mongault, translator of Cicero's letters.
1786—Thomas Tyrwhitt, editor of Chaucer.
1880—Adelaide Neilson.
1885—Isaac Revere, veteran of 1812.
1888—John Haswell, Buffalo, N. Y.
1889—Prof. Elias Loomis, LL. D.
1893—Car Mueller.
1895—Olive L. Willson, contralto.
1896—P. F. Rothermel, painter "Battle of Gettysburg."
185—Mathew A Geoffrey French historian.

OTHER EVENTS.

1761—Family compact of the Bourbons.
1780—Engagement at Ford of the Wateree, S. C.
1812—Detroit surrendered to the British.
1812—Fort Dearborn evacuated by the Americans.
1812—First steamboat in European waters, the Comet, made its initial trip.
1846—First issue of the "Californian" at Monterey; first paper published in California.
1850—Admission into the Union of California as a free State.
1862—Engagement at Lone Jack, Mo.
1863—Kagoshima, Japan, destroyed by the British fleet.
1869—Serious riot of Turks and Greeks in Constantinople in consequence of the violation of the grave of Prince Merditles.
1876—General Sherman disposed of troops in such a manner as to prevent fraud at the polls on election day.
1882—The statue of O'Connell unveiled at Dublin and presented to the city.
1884—Chinese refused to pay indemnity and declared war with France.
1886—Theft of $30,000 in cash from Adams Express Company safe in Philadelphia.
1887—The cornerstone of the Bennington, Vt., battle monument laid.
1888—Convent of Sacred Heart, New York, burned, loss $1,000,000.
1893—Receivers appointed for the Northern Pacific Railroad.
1893—Grain and elevators burned at Buffalo, N. Y., loss $800,000.
1893—Decision in the Behring Sea arbitration rendered.
1894—The explorer Wellman and party arrived in Tromsoe, Norway, having abandoned their attempt to find the North Pole.
1894—The Commission appointed to investigate the railroad strike in Chicago began its work.
1895—A British schooner fired upon by a Venezuelan gunboat off Island of Trinidad.

HUMOROUS.

"Does young Whittle know much about politics?"

"Yes, I think he does. He has had several chances to run for office and didn't do it."

"It does seem like that feller is mighty anxious to git 'lected ter somethin' thet hez a salary attached to it," said the rural politician.

"That's so. I can't make up my mind which he's doin' workin' fur our principles or trying ter make our principles work fur him."

Young medical student (to charity patient)—"I think you must have a—a some kind of a—a fever; but our class has only gone as far as convulsions. I'll come in again in a week when we get to fevers."—London Tid-Bits.

Mistress—"Now, Jane, clear away the breakfast dishes and then look after the children. I'm going around the corner to have a dress fitted."

Faithful—"Yes, mum. Will ye take the night key, or shall I set up for ye?"—Texas Sifter.

"Is there anything certain in this uncertain world?"

"Yes, if you cut anything out of a newspaper there is always something more valuable on the other side."

Detroit Free Press: "Did I hear that your mule was struck by lightning, Eph?"

"Ya-as, sah, dar was a powerful bolt hit de mule right behind his oahs."

"Did it kill him?"

"No, sah, but it done broke up de storm."

Truth: Mrs. Gazzam—Why is the ringing of a bell made obligatory upon bicycle riders? Mr. Gazzam—It gives their victims time to make an ejaculatory prayer.

$7 PER TON DELIVERED

COS BAY COAL

SOOTLESS
SMOKELESS

MENU FOR TOMORROW.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 16.

BREAKFAST.

Fruit.
Oatmeal — Sugar and Cream
Hashed Liver on Toast.
French Fried Potatoes.
Pop Overs — Coffee

DINNER

Normandy Soup.
Roast Beef — Mashed Potatoes
Stuffed Peppers — Tomatoes and Okra
Watercress — French Dressing
Wafers — Cheese
Frozen Peaches
Coffee.

SUPPER.

Frog's Legs Saute (in Chafing Dish)
Tomato Mayonnaise
Fruit Charlotte — Layer Cake

NOTES AND EXCERPTS.

The Queen of Denmark, who, although 78 years of age, is still pretty and retains her vivacity and charm, declares that the only way she keeps young is by having young people about her. She always has a houseful of them, and likes nothing better than to be surrounded by her grandchildren and their friends. She affirms that she is a aunt of all Europe to which she is not grandmother.

Miss Carrie Sawyer of New York on the day after the Fourth, with a friend, being rowed about on Rockland Lake by a couple of young men. She suddenly called to them to pull straight ahead, and, standing up, unfastened her skirt. She stood revealed in a skirt waist and black bloomers, and to the surprise of the young men, who had obeyed her orders about rowing, she dived from the boat and appeared with a young boy whom she had grasped as he was sinking for the third time.

Is there not something heroic in the statement which it is said the present Vanderbilt broke-room made to an intimate friend that if his father disinherited him and he was obliged to start out in life a poor man he "would not be the first Vanderbilt who started thus?" For a young man to resolve bravely to face the world with the paltry two maidens that his grandfather left him smacks of courage indeed. With an island full of dukes and duchesses and earls and things, relatives by marriage, cubing congratulations from the other side, this young hero does well to face love in a cottage, thus assured still of social recognition. Ten to one the cottage will be neighborly for the titled relatives. There is the queen's cottage at Kew Gardens. She never lives there, and while it is not as roomy as some of the Newport cottages, if it could be secured for a nominal rent, it would be a good place to worry along in and face the grinding poverty which the determined bridegroom braves. Possibly the bride's family would help a little, too, on the coal and grocery bills.

Some of the road houses contiguous to New York have put out the sign, "No bicyclists entertained." The proprietors say that the presence of the wheelmen is sure to drive off their other customers, from one of whom they get more revenue than from half a dozen cyclists. It isn't that the riders of the bike are objectionable in themselves, but because they interfere with the other class of patrons. This is one of the natural results of the sport. Places that were formerly very exclusive are now easily reached on the machine, and the effect has not been to the advantage of the resorts. Whenever a suburban retreat loses the quality of exclusiveness people who pay high prices for good entertainment quit patronizing it. They will not go where the multitude can enter, and hunt out new places of recreation.

Old ladies in England advertise for bicycle chaperones to accompany daughters and grand-daughters: 'Must be able to ride twenty miles an hour, so as to keep in sight of youngest daughter, who is agile and injudicious."

A TYPOGRAPHICAL BEAUTY

Is Town Talk's forty-page special number—the anniversary edition of its fourth birthday. Town Talk this week is the biggest bargain for ten cents ever offered in weekly journalism on this coast. You cannot afford to miss it. There are fine half-tones of Town Talk building; editorial, composing, press and mailing departments of Town Talk; its new press, just shipped from the East; portraits of Miss Celia Tobin, Miss Beatrice Tobin, Mrs. John F. Swift, Mrs. E. O. Smith, Miss Xena Roberts, Mrs. Louise Thorndyke Boucicault, Sadie Mantnot, William I. Sterrett, Henry G. W. Dinkelspiel, George W. Elder and others. The literary features include an interview with Dr. H. J. Stewart concerning a San Francisco conservatory of music; musical events; a sketch of Miss Xena Roberts, and items of interest to music lovers. Particularly clear, logical and convincing are the editorials this week, and "General Biffs" Political Chat teems with personal anecdotes. There is a "Story of Diamonds," translated from the French by Alice Ziska; another story, "El Medico," by The Idler, and a story of local interest by Lillian Plunkett Ferguson. Graphology; poems by Ella M. Sexton, W. W. Anderson and Juliette Estelle Mathis; a page about kisses; some things that Town Talk has to say in its own behalf, and other topics, are offered the reader of this sparkling journal. The society prattler talks about various midsummer weddings here in Oakland, in San Francisco, Santa Rosa and Hilo, Hawaii, the bride in the latter case being an Oakland girl. Biographical sketches of the Misses Tobin, Mrs. John F. Swift, president of the Century Club, Mrs. E. O. Smith and Miss Xena Roberts are given. The Saunterer reports certain echoes of the Stetson suicide, "The Scribes" offers "Chats About Actresses," the dramatic columns are replete with crisp criticisms, and all in all, Town Talk issues as handsome and readable an edition as has ever been placed on sale anywhere.

CASTORIA.

This fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

The managers of the Alameda County Exposition are conducting it in the right spirit. They are not making a catchpenny affair of it, but are managing it on broad lines. The issuing of 2,500 free tickets to Alameda school children yesterday is a good illustration of the large and generous way in which they do things. Such methods will soon make the Exposition a permanent one—get it housed in permanent quarters and made a regular annual feature. It is wonderful that so much is done in Alameda County. We are sure that many people did not know it before, and we feel that the extent of this county's products and industries fully warrant illustration in this manner. There ought to be a rich and at the same time public spirited citizen in Oakland to give a site for a permanent Exposition Building in a central location. That being secure, without incumbrance, a building would follow naturally and readily.—Alameda Argus.

Secretary Carlisle is enjoying some of the humors of the campaign as well as perplexities. Among the letters just received by him is one signed "David Miller," Beaver City, Neb., which says: "I made a great, magnificent speech in favor of the gold standard. If I made the most points in my speech I was to get $10. It was put in an envelope, and when I opened it I found it was counterfeit. I have been defrauded. I have inclosed the bill, and want you to judge, and then send the United States marshal after them." He does not say whether it was a Pop or a Free Silver Democrat who offered the gold premium for such speeches.

FOR the best prepared mixed drinks, composed of best materials, go to the Macdonough bar (Fred. Ch. Poock).

Bay City Flour is whitest.

THE OVERLAND LIMITED.

ONLY 3½—Days to Chicago—3½.
4½—Days to New York—4½.

The Union Pacific is the only line running Pullman double drawing room sleepers and dining cars San Francisco to Chicago without change daily, and composite buffet smoking and library cars.

Upholstered Pullman tourist sleepers San Francisco to Chicago daily without change. Personally conducted tourist excursions to St. Paul and Chicago every Friday.

Steamship tickets on sale to and from all points in Europe. For tickets and sleeping car reservations apply to D. W. Hitchcock, general agent, 1 Montgomery street, San Francisco, or H. V. Blasdel, agent, 1010 Broadway, Oakland.

PHILLIPS' ROCK ISLAND EXCURSIONS.

Leave every Wednesday via Rio Grande and Rock Island Rys. Through tourist sleeping cars to Chicago and Boston. Manager and porters go through to Boston. For rates and sleeping car accommodations address W. L. ACHARD, District Pass. Agent, 972 Broadway, Oakland, or CLINTON JONES, General Agent Rock Island Railway, 30 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

—OUR—

$17.50

Black Worsted Cutaway Dress Suits

Are Equal to Other Tailors' $25.00 Garments.

EQUAL IN FIT!
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EQUAL IN TRIMMINGS and
EQUAL IN WORKMANSHIP

No Garment Delivered Unless Perfect Fitting.

Oakland Branch

COLUMBIAN

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1005 BROADWAY.

CAPITOLA

Is charmingly situated on shore of the Bay of Monterey, four miles east of Santa Cruz on line of Broad Gauge Railroad.

Thousands visit this resort yearly to enjoy the surf bathing, salmon and trout fishing.

The hotel, situated at the very water's edge, baths, furnished and partly furnished cottages and provisions for amusements and recreation are all befitting a First Class Seaside Resort. Free camping ground. Address

F. REANIER, Supt., Capitola.

GOLD versus SILVER.

Debate on the Money Question between Congressman JAMES G. MAGUIRE AND HON. JOHN P. IRISH.

At MACDONOUGH THEATER, Oakland, Thursday evening, Aug 20, 1896, under the auspices of C. L. A. S. No. 1.

Admission 25c. Reserved seats 25c extra. Reserved seats on sale at Reilly's Drug Store.

BLAIR PARK - Oakland
SUNDAY, AUGUST 16th.
Balloon Ascension and Parachute Jump

The new Balloon "Alma" will be inflated and sent on a trial trip at 10:30 a. m., Sunday morning. At 4:30 p. m. the balloon will make her first trip, carrying the Doctor to the height of one mile, when he will make a parachute jump.

THE LAMAONT FAMILY, in 5 acts.

Grand Concert by 5th Int. Band. Admission free. Take Fruitvale Cars.

AMUSEMENTS.

Macdonough Theatre

Re-Opening of the Season
Engagement Extraordinary
CHARLES FROHMAN'S
Empire Theatre Company

From the Empire Theatre, New York, on its Seventh Annual Tour,

Presenting the latest successes of the leading playwrights. The opening attraction on Monday Evening, Aug. 17 will be

"THE MASQUERADERS"

Henry Arthur Jones' picturesque and powerful drama, as played by the Empire Company in New York, for over 300 nights, including the now-celebrated card-cutting scene.

THE EMPIRE COMPANY

Viola Allen, William Faversham,
J. E. Dodson, Annie Irish,
Ida Conquest, Robert Edeson,
William H. Crompton, Mrs. Thomas Whiffen,
May Robson, Ferdinand Gottschalk,
Jamison L. Finney, George C. Pearce,
Jane Harvey, Ellen Gail,
Lotta Nicol, Katherine Mulkins,
H. V. Buckus, etc.

Tuesday Evening, Aug. 18th—Clyde Fitch's exquisite comedy from the French of Henri Murger and Theodore Barriere, as played by the Empire Company in New York over 100 nights, entitled

"BOHEMIA"

A Companion Piece to "Trilby."

Wednesday Matinee, Aug. 19th—A new comedy by A. W. Pinero author of "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," "The Amazons," "Lady Bountiful" and "Sweet Lavender," entitled

"THE BENEFIT OF THE DOUBT"

Wednesday Ev'g, Aug. 19, The Masqueraders

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

OAKLAND THEATER.

Twelfth and Webster Streets.

FRANK BACON - - - - Manager
Telephone 55.

TO-NIGHT and Every Night This Week
The Bacon Company, supporting
LEONARD GROVER, JR. } Direct from
—AND— } the Alcazar,
MAY NOBLES } S. F.
—IN—
WOLVES OF NEW YORK

Seven truck loads of Scenery. Five Acts and Twenty Scenes. Thirty people in the Cast.

Popular Prices—Saturday Matinee 10c and 20c. Evenings, 10c, 20c, 30c. Tickets on sale at Reilly's Drug Store, 1067 Broadway.

Next week—"Cad, the Tam Boy."

OAKLAND MONDAY AUG. 31

EXHIBITION GROUNDS
30th & GROVE STS.

FIRST APPEARANCE IN THIS CITY OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOWS COMBINED

THAT HAS MADE ALL AMERICA TALK

THE GREAT
ADAM FOREPAUGH
—AND—
SELLS BROTHERS
America's Greatest Shows
CONSOLIDATED



"It brings into alliance the three biggest shows enterprises in the World."—New York Recorder

THE NATION'S SHOW, THERE IS NO OTHER

Creation's Crowning Thousand Wonders.

2 BIGGEST MENAGERIES ON EARTH
2 BIGGEST CIRCUSES ON EARTH
2 BIGGEST HIPPODROMES ON EARTH

All the Rarest Living Features and Greatest Artists on Earth.

2 Biggest Herd of Elephants

AND THE BEST TRAINED ON EARTH.

The Only Trained Sea Lions and Seals,
Pair of Giant Hippopotami,
Tremendous Two-Horned Sumatra Rhinoceros,
Monster Polar Bear, Flock of Ostriches,
African Eland, Ethiopian Gnu, Niger Antelope
We Have Them All, No One Else Has.

100—CHARIOT TEAMS—100

AQUARIUMS AND CARS.

4 RINGS, 2 STAGES, MID-AIR TRIUMPHS

300 CHAMPIONS, 100 ACTS.

All the Superbest Races of all Time

Eminent Amusement Contests of All Nations.
THE ONLY LADY CLOWNS
AND RING MISTRESSES
A REAL ROYAL JAPANESE CIRCUS.
BIG PERFORMING ANIMAL ARENA.
CHILDREN'S TOPSY TURVY CIRCUS



Double Street Parades

OF POTENTIAL SPLENDORS

At 10 a. m. MONDAY AUG. 31

Two Performances ONLY, at 2 and 8 P. M.
Doors Open an Hour Earlier.

Seating capacity 15,000, 25 Uniformed Ushers. Numbered Coupon actually reserved seats on sale at Bowman & Co., Drug Store, cor. Ninth and Broadway.

OAKLAND MONDAY AUG. 31

The days are pleasant; the country enchanting. The nights are beautiful; the ride delightful.

NOW IS THE TIME

HAYWARDS PARK IS THE PLACE

The Oakland, San Leandro & Haywards Electric Railway is the means

Cars leave Seventh and Washington streets on every hour and half hour during the day.

HO! FOR THE TERRACE!

LEANING BATHS OF ALAMEDA COUNTY.

Grand Re-Opening Next Sunday.

Hot Salt Water, Porcelain Tub Baths! Surf and Tank Bathing! The water is constantly renewed from the Bay. Accommodations first-class!

Louis Shroeder, Manager.

Location—End of Webster St., Alameda.

LEONA HEIGHTS.

(Formerly Laundry Farm.) Hotel and family resort. Located at the most picturesque pleasure grounds in the State. Wm. Buesh, proprietor. Restaurant first class. Refreshments of all kinds. Extra dinners to families and private parties during the day and evening at shortest notice. Concert every Sunday from 1 to 5 P. M.

PART 2. # OAKLAND TRIBUNE PAGES 9 to 12

VOL. XXXXII. OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 15, 1896. NO. 39.

SINGING SOCIETIES.

Oakland Organizations Are Prominent in Musical Circles.

AN ORATORIO IS ANNOUNCED.

St. John's Church Choir About to Indulge in a Reunion.

MANY ARTISTIC AFFAIRS.

Talented Amateurs Who Are Doing Much Notable Work.

There has not been anything of material consequence in musical Oakland this week but with the return of the summer outers things are brightening up and the activity already under way, presages a winter full of enjoyable concerts and other musical affairs.

***

An event of interest in the local musical world will be the celebration of the tenth anniversary of the organization of the vestal choir of St. John's Episcopal Church, Wednesday evening, August 26th. It is worthy of special note for many reasons. St. John's choir was almost the pioneer choir of its kind on this coast and is probably the only one which, being a success from the start, can claim ten years of uninterrupted work. Another remarkable fact is that during all this time it has been under the same leadership. The organization was effected by Miss Sherman and she continues to direct the band of singers ably.

At present the choir is in need of a few more tenor and bass voices. It is certainly one of the best choirs in the city and is now, I believe, the only vested choir of male voices here.

The wonderful success during the past is a proof that the public likes and appreciates the singing as rendered by such a choir. It is only when the choruses are poor in quality and the voices show the lack of interest and zeal felt by the choir boys, that a congregation objects to vested male choirs.

St. John's choir is in itself an answer to innovators who object to vested male singers as old fashioned. It also refutes the charge that boys are irregular in attending choir practice. A little energy and perseverance combined with a certain amount of tact on the part of the director is all that is required to obtain and train a choir that will prove an attractive feature of the church worship.

The anniversary will be celebrated by a choir service at 8 P. M. at which all ex-members are invited to be present. This will be followed by a banquet in the hall adjoining and addresses will be made by several persons.

It was hoped that good old Father Akerley could be in attendance and his presence is possible, though declining years are telling on the reverend gentleman.

***

The Friday morning Club listened to its first lecture on "Music" yesterday morning and the attendance was certainly gratifying to the promoters of the new plan.

Professor Otto Bendix gave a most interesting talk of suggestive hints to piano players and dealing cleverly with the noticeable features of the work of two masters, Bach and Beethoven. He illustrated his talk by playing movements of the different compositions being discussed and later played the compositions as a whole. In this manner he analyzed Bach's "Fantasie," and "Fugue" in G Minor, Beethoven's "Sonata Appassionate," and Schumann's "Papillous."

***

It is gratifying to note the interest that is being taken in singing at present and the efforts vocalists are making to improve and cultivate their voices. This is especially true among the feminine singers. No sooner has the Friday Morning Club reorganized and begun regular work again, than another Ladies' Musical Association is organized under the plain and unassuming title of the "Ladies' Singing Society." The work of the society will be largely on the same lines as the Orpheus Club and equally favorable results may be expected as D. P. Hughes will also direct this club.

The ladies met and organized this week and will meet again Wednesday in Kohler & Chase's Hall, when regular practice will begin.

The society has capable officers and should be most successful. The officers elected are: President, Eliza T. Wilkes; Vice President, Miss Mary Cameron; Treasurer, Mrs. W. E. Montgomery; Secretary, Miss Carrie Brown Dexter; Librarian, Miss E. M. Sherman; Musical Director, D. P. Hughes; Committee on Music, Mrs. Beatrice Priest-Fine, Mrs. Lana Carroll Nicholson, Miss Eliza P. Brown; Committee on Voices, Mrs. A. M. Benham, Mrs. J. A. Campbell, Mrs. Blake-Alverson and Mrs. Olive Reed.

***

I heard yesterday that Miss Lizzie Boyer, who is visiting here from New York, has decided to extend her trip for two weeks longer. She is now stopping with Mrs. Bresse of San Francisco but she will probably give us another opportunity of hearing her sweet voice at some private concert on this side of the bay.

***

It was unfortunate that Miss Jones, the Black Patti of the Orpheum, should have been suffering from such a severe cold at her appearance at the Exposition yesterday afternoon. She was very generous in the matter of encores and responded several times in answer to the applause.

Her singing of her familiar Southern melodies was especially charming though otherwise she did not show the remarkable degree of talent which clever managers and press agents have tried to make the public believe she possessed.

THE TENOR.

"HEROES OF '76."

An Opera of War Times Which Will Shortly Be Given.

Alfred Wilkie has in preparation a new opera entitled "The Heroes of '76," which he expects to present soon for the benefit of the war veterans.

The members and ladies of the G. A. R. are interested in the movement and have appointed a committee to make preliminary arrangements.

The opera will probably be given some time near the middle of October.

"THE LIGHT OF ASIA."

A Good Concert Arranged by the Oratorio Societies.

Considerable interest is manifested in the coming concert soon to be given by the Oakland Oratorio Society in conjunction with the San Francisco society.

The "Light of Asia" is a very captivating, melodious work and under the leadership of James Hamilton Howe promises to be given an excellent rendition.

All singers are cordially invited to meet with the chorus for rehearsal at the First M. E. Church, Fourteenth and Clay streets, at 7:45 o'clock Monday evening.

A TALENTED MUSICIAN.

Mrs. A. Baumann Has Located in Oakland's Suburbs.

There is a musician of note residing near Oakland, whom the public in general have not heard much of lately. She is Mrs. A. Baumann, and although now remaining somewhat obscured in her home on Piedmont, near Moss avenue, enjoys a musical reputation such as few on the coast can lay claim to.

Mrs. Baumann is a graduate from the Royal Conservatory of Music at Leipsig, where she studied three years and took the highest honors in theory, history and aesthetics, while for solo work she was especially well spoken of. At present the lady holds a diploma from the Conservatory, which in itself is the envy of musicians.

While in Europe, Mrs. Baumann was honored by being heard in the Gewandhaus, a musical auditorium where none but the finest vocalists are allowed to sing. At the time she sang the Falkunger and the Recotario and Aria from Hayden's "Creation." For this she received special mention.

As if graduation from the Leipsig Conservatory was not enough, the talented musician also had the advantage of two years of instruction under the noted Professor Goetze.

A recent chapter in Mrs. Baumann's life was a sad one. The husband, also a musician of considerable reputation, was the director of an operatic troupe. He was on his way to this country on the Elbe when the ill fated steamer was buried in the ocean. The loss of her husband was a sad blow, but with a family to support, she turned her musical talents to bear, and when it is generally know that she is receiving pupils, her studio hours are sure to be completely occupied.

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NOTES FROM ABROAD.

Happenings in the Musical World Far and Near.

Last season twenty-two summer comic opera companies started out of New York City. This summer only eight such organizations have left that city.

At the first "Rheingold" performance at Bayreuth America was almost as well represented on the stage as in the auditorium. There were two young ladies from the United States in the cast. Miss Marion Weed sang Freeia and Miss Fremstadt Flosshilde. Among the numerous Americans present were Mr. and Mrs. William J. Keeley of San Francisco.

In Paris concert bicycle festivals are of the latest. A superb fete was recently given by the Princess Laetitia Bonaparte. A bicycle course was made of the royal garden. The ladies were all restricted to white bicycle costumes. Orchestras hidden in shrubs, chained together by Venetian lights, made the most ravishing music and after midnight the party danced, still in bicycling costume, a minuet a la bicyclette.

It is customary at the opera house in Mexico for a judge of the performance to be appointed, whose duty it is to see that other artists are not substituted for those advertised, that the waits between the acts are not too long, and that things generally are managed to the satisfaction of the public. On one occasion, when Patti was singing in a company managed by Mr. Grau, strict orders had been given that no one was to be admitted behind the scenes. It happened that the son-in-law of President Diaz had been appointed judge, and he was refused admittance. On leaving he gave orders to arrest the man who had opposed his entrance. Not finding him the soldiers arrested another man, who, not being able to speak Spanish, was marched off to prison, and it was several hours before the matter was explained.

It is rumored that Signor Tamagno is thinking of quitting the stage and settling down to a country life, but it is hardly likely that he will do so at present. The latest news from Buenos Ayres is that he has had a series of magnificent successes in the following operas: "Aida," "Profeta," "Forza del Destino," and "Poliuto." The public enthusiasm exceeded all bounds and was indescribable. With such success in a country which Tamagno is now visiting for the eighth time, and at a salary of $100,000 for four months, at the age of 43 and in full possession of his wonderful voice, it is not probable that he will retire from public life.

Princess Maud's Forty-Eight Wheels.

It is evident that Princess Maud, who is to marry Prince Carl of Denmark, will not lack for means of locomotion when she is married. The parents of the bride and the aristocracy having begun presenting their gifts to the young bridal couple, they are now being followed up by the numerous towns, counties, shires and guilds. Among the presents received there are up to now not less than forty-eight ladies' bicycles, for it is known that Princess Maud is an enthusiastic wheelwoman. There are wheels of almost every class, make and of the most varying constructions and executions, some adorned with engravings and others with inscriptions. Besides the wheels, the Princess is the recipient of several dozen motor carriages, some driven by steam, others by petroleum motors, compressed air and electricity. Since the exhibition of wedding presents is still fashionable in aristocratic England, the show of Princess Maud's wedding gifts will look very much like a cycle show or an exhibition of motor carriages.—London Letter.

A Texas paper says that in one of the earliest trials before a colored jury in Texas the twelve gentlemen were told by the judge to "retire and find the verdict." They went into the jury room, whence the opening and shutting of doors and other sounds of unusual commotion were presently heard. At last the jury came back into court, when the foreman announced. "We hab looked ever-whar, judge, for dat verdic'—in de drawers an' behin' de doahs—but it ain't nowhar in dat blessed room."—The Whittier.

After giving the experiment a thorough trial, a London hairdresser has discovered that women barbers are not a success. While they are really greater adepts in the art of shaving than men, they are looked upon with disfavor by women with husbands who patronize barbers, and besides, the men themselves feel a little safer in having a masculine barber ply the razor in the vicinity of their jugular veins. As far as conversational powers are concerned there is no difference between a male and a female barber.

TALK OF THE THEATERS.

The Empire Company to Be at the Macdonough Monday.

"Cad the Tomboy" is the Attraction by the Bacon Company.

The Macdonough Thater will reopen Monday night with Charles Frohman's Empire Theater Stock Company, which has made such a hit all along the route of its Western tour.

The initial performance will be "The Masqueraders," which will be repeated again on Wednesday evening.

Tuesday evening "Bohemia" will be the bill an don Wednesday matinee a new comedy of Pinero's, "The Benefit of the Doubt," will be presented.

The Empire Company is on its seventh annual tour. Its membership is of anything larger and more noteworthy than hitherto. Miss Viola Allen, whose numerous delightful and original performances have made her a favorite player, continues as the leading woman. William Faversham, who has also been with the company for several years, is the new leading man. No young actor has recently made more emphatic successes in emotional drama as well as in light comedy than has he. Both of these players have capital characters in which to disclose their personality in the plays to be presented here.

L. E. Dodson, a comedian who has originated many of the finest parts in the plays of both England and American dramatists, will play the leading character roles. Miss May Robson, whose grotesque and highly humorous make-ups and eccentric impersonations have made her absolutely unique, will also be prominently cast. Miss Annie Irish, Miss Ida Conquest, Mrs. Thomas Whiffen, Miss Jane Harway, Miss Ellen Gall, Robert Edeson, Ferdinand Gottschalk, William H. Crompton, E. Y. Backus, George Pearce, Walter Day, and various others are on the present tour.

THE OAKLAND.

Commencing Monday that old but ever popular comedy-drama, 'Cad the Tom Boy," will be the bill at the Oakland Theater, with Clover Gracie Plaisted in the role of "Cad," while Leonard Grover, Jr., will represent Tom Ward, the gas man.

The principal scenes wherein pathos, comedy and heroism blend in pleasing fusion are laid in and around the city of New York.

The cast includes the principals of the Bacon company, minus the favorites, Frank Bacon and Jennie Weedman.

The plot deals with the lowly of New York, yet it is entirely unlike the "Wolves of New York." The life of the production centers in "Cad," a mere child of the world, to whom fate has denied both friend and fortune.

Especial pains have been taken in preparing the play for the public and the patrons of the theater have a treat in store, all next week.

THE BALDWIN.

The sparkling comedy, "The Gay Parisians," will be the attraction at the Baldwin Theater next week. W. J. Ferguson and Sadie Martinot, supported by a big cast, will give a clever performance.

As the title indicates, the play has a certain fascinating amount of spice about it that makes it quite interesting.

THE CALIFORNIA.

"The Minstrel of Clare" will be seen all next week at the California Theater. The play is a good one and it comes fresh from success in the East.

New scenery and new faces accompany it and it will be sure to bring out the first nighters in force.

THE TIVOLI.

"The Hugenots" and "The Bohemian Girl" will give way at the Tivoli next week for Verdi's popular opera "Il Trovatore."

Elaborate arrangements are being made for the production and the cast has been strengthened by the addition of Miss Flora Finlayson, the prima dona contralto.

THE ORPHEUM.

A specially attractive bill is to be presented at the Orpheum next week. T. A. Kennedy, the hypnotist, will continue to entertain with his mystifying powers, the educated cats, the Black Patti, Nelson Sisters and others are on the programme.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

The thrilling military drama, "The Ensign," will be given an elaborate production at Morosco's Grand Opera House next week.

James Brophy, who has made such a success in the piece all over the country, will take the leading role and as it is the last week of his engagement, the attraction should be doubly interesting.

THE CIRCUS.

When J. A. Bailey, the owner of the big Forepaugh circus, concluded arrangements with the Sells Bros. to consolidate shows, he engineered successfully a scheme to bring together the largest circus aggregation in the country.

A noteworthy local effect will be that the Forepaugh and Sells Brothers' immense aggregation which is to exhibit here on August 31st, will positively and necessarily be the only one of the greater shows to visit this section this season.



VIOLA ALLEN IN "BENEFIT OF THE DOUBT."

This is a fact that may be profitably borne in mind.

This big deal brings into permanent union the biggest menageries, circuses, and hippodromes of the era, and deservedly conspicuous for possessing, and in many instances monopolizing, animals, artists, and acts of the rarest and most superior kind. No other exhibition, for instance, has two herds of performing elephants—and these are the biggest and best—trained sea lions and seals; giant male and female hippopotamuses, a two-horned monster Sumatra rhinoceros, a full-grown polar bear, a flock of ostriches, African eland, Niger antelope, and gnu; none other presents phenomenal lady aerialists in long skirts, amphibious actors, or such a brilliant host of hippodromatic champions and male and female bareback riders, bicyclists, clowns, acrobats, mid-air originals and racing and performing beasts, and none other can approach the size or splendor and sensation of its untied grand and gorgeous street parades. It is truly and in every way, from the biggest tents to the biggest and best exhibitions, a union of the acknowledged circus

LEONARD GROVER MAY NOBLE

Hoyt's "A Trip to Chinatown" has finished its engagement at the Princess Theater, Sydney, Australia, where it played for over four weeks to the remarkable business of over $27,000. The company is now at Melbourne.

Vivacious Nellie McHenry will play the part of a popular burlesque actress in the comedy, "A Night in New York," written for her by H. Grattan Donnelly. She is known professionally as the "Peerless Peri." Her life off the stage, however, is not at all theatrical, and she moves in fashionable society circles. The play is in three acts. The second occurs at a big masquerade ball at the Madison Square Garden. Of course, all the fashionables as well as house and waiting maids attend. Through a change of certain articles of attire a number of devoted admirers make a mistake in the identity of the "Peerless Peri," and a series of almost hopelessly inextricable complications ensue, which are only straightened out in the end.

While in London Manager Charles Frohman brought together Edwyn A. Barron, the former scholarly critic of the Chicago Inter-Ocean, and Wilson Barrett. It resulted in his making a contract with them for a new drama, the scenes of which are in New York and London. It is to be ready October 31st. It has already been accepted for production at the Lyric Theater, London. The copartnership is a splendid combination of literary ability and dramatic skill, and their work will be watched with the keenest interest, especially in this country, in which Mr. Barron is so highly esteemed and admired by every one associated with the drama.

Beatrice Moreland has been engaged to play the leading role in Martha Morton's new play, which will be produced by Sol Smith Russell in September. She is spending the summer at Lake Placid, N. Y. Miss Martha Morton has a beautiful cottage at the same place.

Charles H. Hoyt's new musical farce, which he is writing for Henry Conor, will be presented at the Park Theater, Boston, for a run on March 15th. It has not yet been named, at least no further than "A." There is the same indefinite beginning to all of Hoyt's titles. The results, however, have been exceedingly definite to the author.

DIRTIEST CITY IN THE WORLD.

Amoy, in China, Has Graveyards in Nearly Every Street.

Amoy, in China, bears the unenviable reputation of being the dirtiest and most unhealthful city in the world, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. What is a more unpleasant fact is the promise of the present tendency of affairs to a lower and worse condition. The reasons are obvious to a newcomer at a glance.

The city is built on the edge of a mountainous island, and is exceedingly old. Inscriptions on ancient tombs run back as far as the beginning of the Christian era, and coins found in accidentally discovered graves date to dynasties from 1600 to 500 B. C. During all this period the hillsides of the city have been used as burying grounds. As the population increased the houses encroached upon the cemetery land, until the two became hopelessly mixed.

The United States consulate is regarded as a very superior locality, but it is surrounded by over 100 tombs. A score of large blocks of granite used in and about it are old tombstones. On the hill immediately behind the residence of F. Malcampo, the graves touch one another at every point, and form a solid white surface of rock, brick, porcelain and cement, covering more than 1,000,000 square feet.

Near the Lampaw-do joss house 30,000 bodies are said to have been buried vertically to save space. They lie, or stand, on a plat of ground of as many square feet. Amoy proper and its suburbs have a living population of about 1,000,000, and a dead one of four and a half times as many. The wells are shallow, and are sunk on the edges of the graveyards, and even among the tombs themselves. I have not seen one whose water is not muddy and discolored by the turning up of the soil.

The city is a relic of the past. It is walled still as it was in the time of Confucius. It has no sewers whatever. The streets vary from two to six feet in width no wheeled vehicle can use them. An equestrian would experience great difficulty in turning a corner. Here and there is an open space or plaza, dug out so as to be a huge receptacle into which the streets discharge their refuse.

Who Should Not Vote for It.

The Des Moines Register, one of the oldest and most forceful newspapers in the State of Iowa, classifies the persons who should not vote for the free coinage of silver, and when one gets through with the list he or she will come to the conclusion that not one should vote for it but the silver mine owner.

It says those who should not vote for it are:

First—Those who work for wages or salaries.

Second—Those who live on invested funds.

Third—Those who carry life insurance.

Fourth—Those who carry fire or other insurance.

Fifth—Those who hold loan and building stock.

Sixth—Those who are insured in fraternal societies.

Seventh—Those who are paid pensions.

Eighth—Those who have saved up for a rainy day.

Ninth—Those who have saved up for old age.

Tenth—Those who desire to labor and save.

Eleventh—Those who want a 100 cent dollar for their labor or for the products of labor.

Twelfth—Those who want to do to others as they would that others should do to them.

Thirteenth—Those who believe in maintaining the money and the credit of this nation.

Fourteenth—Those who believe that the United States should remain one of the great commercial nations of the world.

Passing the Salt.

A dapper young bookkeeper living in Corryville thought he was going to get married a short while ago. He popped the question, she shyly replied, "I don't know; ask papa." The old gentleman was disposed to be very particular as to the character of a young man who should come and ask the hand of his daughter in marriage. He questioned the suitor closely as to his habits. The young man declared that he neither drank nor gambled, and the old man, who had previously looked up his antecedents to some extent, expressed himself satisfied with these avowals. Then he invited his prospective son-in-law to dinner. All sat down to dinner, and the bookkeeper became very restless and began toying with the salt box in a peculiar way.

"Please pass the salt," remarked the old gentleman. The bookkeeper gently pushed the salt box toward paterfamilias with the ends of his fingers, at the same time making a slight forward movement with his head. "That will do," said Helen's father, "you can't marry my daughter." The careful and discerning father had discovered, from the way in which his Juliet's Romeo had pushed the salt box forward, that he was familiar with the handling of poker chips. It is all over with the bookkeeper.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: When the Bryan managers in Washington get a little blue they can step over to the United States Treasury and see the silver bricks piled up by the cord waiting for the mint, that is turning out about $2,000,000 per month.

WILL NOT LINE UP.

Ireland's Political Leaders Spoiling Their Own Game.

A FIZZLE SEEMS CERTAIN.

Bad Prospects for the Coming Convention in Dublin.

NEWS OF THE OLD WORLD

The Theosophists Carrying on a Very Vigilant Crusade.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.
(Copyright 1896 by Associated Press.)

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Parliament closes up today in a more lively and spirited manner than has been the case with any session for years.

In the whole of the Parliament, the man who has most bettered himself is "Tim" Healy. He began the session as one of John Dillon's seventy-one followers and he ends it as the leader of his own party with about 25 followers.

It is said that the Irish Convention which meets in Dublin on September is destined to be a fizzle. Neither the Parnellites nor the Healyites will attend, so the whole object of the convention is thwarted and Mr. Dillon expects if the Parnellites and other factionists do not attend that the latter will be put in an awkward moral position on the ground that when the union of the different sections of the Irish party was attempted they stood out.

In the meantime Ireland is perfectly tranquil and continues steadily improving. For several years there have been good harvests in Ireland, and the "peasantry" are generally satisfied.

The little band of American crusaders for theosophy is receiving considerable attention in the columns of the English newspapers, and has given the Irish press an entirely new theme for discussion. Shortly after landing the Americans uttered a prophecy that Ireland soon was to become the ruler of Europe, and that the ancient glories of that mystic island would be restored. Also that the theosophists proposed to establish a branch of their American College of Occultism there.

The Irish newspapers are evidently pleased with the idea, and some of the principal papers of Dublin and elsewhere have thrown open their columns for its discussion.

The crusaders have certainly proven a surprise. When it was at first announced that eight Americans were going to institute a crusade which would not stop until the globe had been girdled, it was not received seriously. But what the party lacks in numbers it makes up in theosophical strength.

Arriving at London, the little party engaged the Queen's Hall and held a meeting there. The women sat on the stage in flowing white robes and the men in evening dress.

This meeting was followed by an invention called a "brotherhood supper" held in the slums. Socialists, anarchists, dock laborers, outcasts and the poor generally were served with a hearty meal—the first many of them had partaken of in months, and then were afterward given a talk on "brotherhood."

The same thing was done in the slums of Liverpool. The Rev. W. Williams, a chaplain in the British Army, joined the crusade.

In Dublin a convention of the whole Theosophical Society in Europe was called. The society in Europe boasts of some distinguished adherents, among them being Professor Crooke, the English chemist who invented the Crooke's rays tube; Camille Flammarion, the French astronomer, and, it is said, Mrs. Benson, wife of the Archbishop of Canterbury, who, with her two sons, it is stated, joined the theosophists recently.

In a few days the party will leave Ireland for Amsterdam, Berlin and Paris. The intention is to visit every European Capital, and Rome itself is to be "stormed."

Leaving Europe, the crusaders will go to Malta and Egypt. Then will follow Australia, New Zealand and Asia. The return is to be by way of San Francisco in about March.

MOURNING GARB RENTED.

Novel and Well-Paying Business Built Up by a Dealer in Old Clothes.

Persons who are forced to undergo a sudden change of clothing because of the death of relatives and who haven't the ready money to buy outright an entire outfit of black for brief use have found a welcome assistance in their embarrassment in a man whose business is obscure, comparatively, and of recent origin, but who has an active trade, says the New York Herald.

The office of this man, in Eighth avenue, has a funereal aspect, filled as it is with heaps of sombre garments, but its proprietor is anything but grave. He was, until lately, a dealer in old clothes, and was dismayed at the amount of competition. Everybody seems to him to be dealing in that commodity.

A friend, short of cash, whose father died, borrowed a mourning outfit from him one day, paying a small sum for the loan. This transaction suggested to the dealer the idea of hiring out mourning dress as a business. He tried it and soon found his peculiar trade well patronized.

He began to read death notices in the newspapers and to send his agents to visit those whom he considered were not in extra good circumstances. Seven agents now act for him, being paid in commissions. Each has a regular circuit of streets marked out for his canvass.

Christian Endeavor Work.

The Juniors of Alameda County will give their postponed entertainment on Friday, August 21st at 8 P. M. in the First M. E. Church, corner Clay and Fourteenth streets. Admission 10 cents. Let every one come and help the Juniors buy their county banner.

The Executive Committee of the Alameda County Junior Christian Endeavor Union will meet Monday, August 17th at 3 30 P. M. in the Y M C A Building, corner Clay and Twelfth streets. This meeting will (after the regular business) be devoted to the discussion of "Temperance Work Among the Boys and Girls." The Superintendents with their Presidents and Secretaries constitute the Executive Committee. In order that this meeting be as helpful as possible, let every Superintendent ask the Junior President to be prepared to tell how the temperance work is carried on in his own society. We expect to be addressed by some temperance worker and this with the exchange of ideas will make a very interesting meeting.

The meetings at the Gospel Temperance Union Mission on Clay street will be led next week by the Christian Endeavorers of the First M. E. Church, on Monday, August 17th and by the Central Christian on Tuesday, August 18th. The societies should begin their meetings early in the evenings.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the First M. E. Church held their regular business meeting on last Monday evening. There was a good attendance of members and the reports of the committees showed that the society has been doing good work during the last month.

The chairman of the Missionary Committee, Mrs. Gibson, tendered her resignation as chairman of the Committee and the society accepted it with deep regret and gave her a vote of thanks for her efficiency and faithfulness in the work.

The '97 Forward Movement Committee's communication was read and after a short discussion the members of the society pledged themselves to raise $100 in the next ten months for the '97 fund. The Committee to take charge of the raising of this money consists of Mr F A Webster, John F. Ames and Miss Lottie Lancaster. The Christian Endeavorers are so enthusiastic over the prospect of the Convention coming to this coast that this committee will have no trouble in getting the amount pledged. E. S. Finch gave the society a very interesting talk on the great activity displayed by the Methodists of San Francisco in helping the work for the '97 Convention.

The Mizpah Christian Endeavorers of this Church holds a business meeting on Tuesday evening, when doubtless they will take some action similar to the Seniors.

Topic for Sunday, August 16th, "Seeing God in Nature." Psalms 19. 1-6; 29. 1-10. Though in nature we have the manifestations of the power of a Supreme Being and His divine perfections we must remember that without revelation we would never find God, the loving and forgiving Father as manifested through Jesus Christ our Saviour. Call the attention of the meeting to the condition of the educated Brahmins and their religionists who hope to save themselves by penances.

To the Social Committee is entrusted the keeping alive of the fire and spirit of fellowship and unity without which the Society's progress is impossible and its best efforts scattered and wasted through lack of a single purpose.

To this end see to it that all the members of your society are mutually acquainted, for no society need expect to make strangers feel at home unless there is an under current of good fellowship running through it.

Never neglect a stranger or a new member. So often too little attention is paid to their welcome for often times, although the members have a welcome in their hearts for some reason or other it is not shown. Greet them cordially, ask them to come again, and introduce them to a few earnest workers, so that when they come again, they will be acquainted with some of the members. In a large society an excellent plan is to have the room divided in to sections and each member of the committee to take one section to watch for the strangers who sit in them during the meeting. In this way none can escape.

In the plans for a social, to a large extent depend its success or failure. But above all plans must be true and complete unselfishness. Self must be forgotten and the enjoyment of others be the main spring of every act.

In the beginning of the social, break up the formality of the gathering and divide the party into groups to each of which a new member or stranger can be introduced and almost before he knows it he will be enjoying himself and feeling at home with people to whom a few minutes before he was a stranger.

Above all do not forget that socials and good fellowship are the means and not the end of your work. Let them serve to help you to win souls for "Christ and the Church."

HER AMBITION.

Thought Her Father Could Help Her to Secure a Position.

"Papa," said the public official's bright eyed daughter as he seated himself in his easy chair after dinner and reached for the evening paper.

"Well?" he said inquiringly.

She did not reply at once but came over and took a seat on a stool beside him, thereby demonstrating to his satisfaction that she had something important on her mind.

"Papa," she repeated at last, "you have a great deal of influence, haven't you?"

"Um—well, I have some," he admitted, guardedly.

"Enough so that you can get a position for anyone, if you really want to?" she suggested.

"Well, yes," he answered. "But how does that interest you?"

"Why, I've been reading about the new woman," she replied, "and they all seem to have a sphere or something of that sort and some business calling—"

"Oh, well," he interrupted, "you don't want to be a new woman."

"No-o," she answered slowly, "I don't know that I do, but if everyone else is going to be one I suppose I ought to—"

"Nonsense!" he exclaimed. "We all like you better as you are, and I don't think you'd look well in bloomers, anyway."

"Oh, I wasn't thinking of bloomers," she returned quickly. "I don't want to wear them, anyway. I was thinking about a mission in life and having work to do in the world of business, so that I could be ready for a rainy day—"

"Don't worry yourself. I'll get you another silk umbrella, if you've lost the last one I gave you."

She pouted prettily, but persisted in spite of his interruption.

"Well, I've picked out the position that I want," she said, "and I think you might get it for me. I want to open the sealed proposals I've read so much about at different times. I should think it would be lots of fun, and maybe I'd find the one I've been expecting—"

She stopped because she thought someone laughed, but she has the promise of the job as soon as there is a vacancy.—Chicago Evening Post.

THE JUDGE GOT HIS MAIL.

The Carrier Escaped With His Life but Lost His Position.

When we got the postoffice at the mining town of Strawberry Hill the mail bag had to be carried to and from Bluff City over the hills by a man on foot. The distance was nine miles, and was traversed twice a week. On Wednesday the carrier came in without the bag, and the 400 men assembled around the shanty used as a postoffice at once demanded an explanation.

"I'll tell you how it was," began the man, who was bleeding from a dozen hurts. "Up thar at the head I was tackled by a b'ar."

"An you killed him, of course," replied one of the crowd.

"No, I left my gun behind."

"Then you dodged him?"

"No. Tried to dodge him, but he was right thar."

"Then you ran away?"

"No chance to run. The critter was after me or that mail bag, and I heaved him the bag and got away. He clawed me a few times, but it's nuthin' to hurt."

Stephen Jackson," said Judge Watkins in solemn tones as a murmur of indignation passed through the crowd, "do you mean to tell us that you gin up that mail bag to that b'ar?"

"I had to."

"Didn't that b'ar seem to prefer you to the bag?"

"Reckon he did."

"And you felt that he did?"

"Yes, felt purty strong that way."

"And yit, after sw'arin' to uphold the sacred constitution of the United States and defend that mail bag with your life you calmly fed it to a b'ar."

"Had to do it to git away."

"But who said anythin' about you gettin' away? It was your solemn duty to perish right thar! It was your duty, sir, as a patriot and a mail carrier and a government officer to hang that mail bag on a limb and let that b'ar go ahead on your carcass! You hev escaped the b'ar, but you hev to deal with the outraged feelin's of this yere camp! Stephen Jackson, how do you prefer to die?"

"By hangin'."

"Wall we'll send two men up to the bend. If they git the bag you are saved; if the b'ar has devoured it we'll hang you by the neck till you are dead."

The men found the bag and the carrier's life was saved, although he lost his job. Singularly enough, the bag contained but one letter, and that was a missive for Judge Watkins from his wife in Ohio, saying he needn't come home, as she had applied for a divorce and expected to marry a better man.—Detroit Free Press.

She Fooled 'Im.

"Deacon," said the man who had been his lawyer for years, "I take the liberty of an old friend, and advise you not to marry Miss Nancy Clawman. It may offend you, deacon; but I'm too loyal not to speak right out. She's a shrew, a termagent, a veritable Xantippe. She'd make a hell on earth for you."

"That mote be. I ain't expectin' much from her, so she can't disappoint me much. But 'pears to me that fur a man that's been a pillar in the church nigh onter fifty years, my burdens has been too light. The river of life has run too smooth fur me. I ain't had no serius trial and tribulations. I can't see no credit in bein' a Christian under them there circumstances. If I kin bear up with a partner like Nancy, keepin' faith an' doin' my duty, I calkalate I will a been tested an' not found wantin'."

"Why deacon, you have a Mark Tapley disposition; but I have entered my protest, and can do no more. If you really want to be tried by fire, I can conceive of no better opportunity."

The deacon had an abundance of such advice from well meaning friends but despite it all the wedding came off. Then ears were pricked and tongues sharpened, with a view to startling developments confidently expected. They were sure that the deacon would not only be henpecked, but clawed, jawed, and made a slave of. But they were disappointed.

Nancy proved a tender, loving and dutiful wife. Her sour visage was transformed into a pleasant, smiling face. Where her voice used to disturb the air like a crosscut saw, it was soft and sweet. The deacon was surprised, if not disappointed; but it was all explained to him, and no one else.

"Deacon," said Nancy, "I'm not takin' much credit to myself for behavin' but I'll keep it up to the end. I heered about that Xantippe business, and I looked it up. You thought you would marry me, and then put up with my tantrums. You was goin' to use my shortcomin's to help you to heaven. I was to be the female terror and you the wise and patient Socrates. Well, deacon, I jist fooled you an' the rest of 'em. You can't make no cross out of me, an' git the recordin' angel to give you credit for carryin' me."—Detroit Free Press.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Take No Substitute.

Gail Borden Eagle Brand

CONDENSED MILK

Has always stood FIRST in the estimation of the American People. No other is "just as good." Best Infant Food.

2527 Rivets

made of pure rubber

holds the Bull-Dog Garden Hose together.

247 holds the ordinary rubber garden hose together.

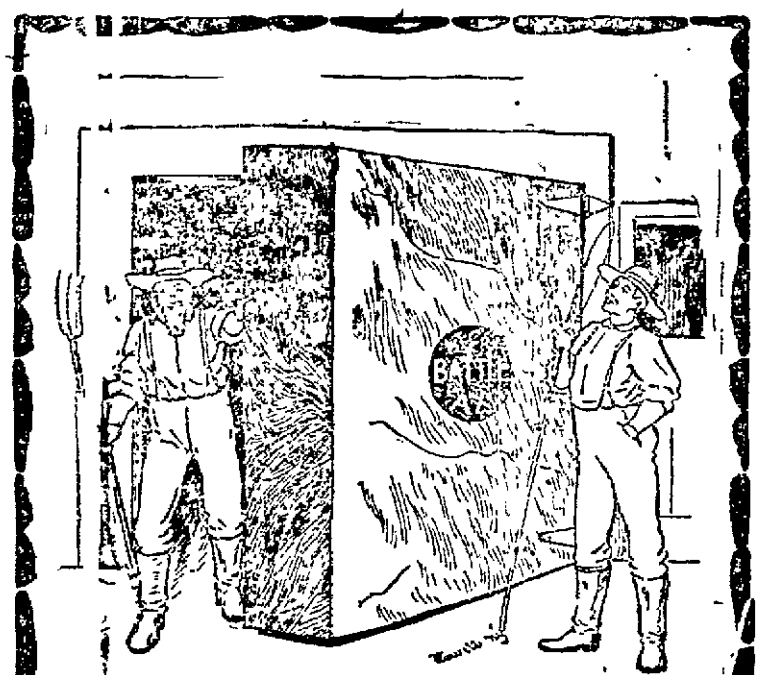
The strength of hose depends on these rubber rivets (technically called friction). A short rivet is stronger than a long one. Bull-Dog rivets are short.

Theory and results prove Bull-Dog strongest hose for money made.

BULL-DOG HOSE

Boston Woven Hose & Rubber Co.

275 Devonshire St., Boston, or
105 Lake St., Chicago 63 Reade St., N. Y.
709 No. 7th St., St Louis. 1053 Water St. Cleveland.
2730 Arapahoe St., Denver. 24 Tremont, San Fran.



"Big as a Barn Door."

BattleAx PLUG

For 10 cents you get almost twice as much "Battle Ax" as you do of other high grade goods. Before the days of "Battle Ax" consumers paid 10 cents for a small plug of the same quality. Now, "Battle Ax"—Highest Grade, twice the quantity. That's true economy.

Waverley BICYCLES.

LADIES' $75
MEN'S $85

$5 First Payment { Can you afford to be without one? } $2 Per Week

1110 BROADWAY, BETWEEN 12TH AND 13TH STS.

NEW STOCK! NEW METHODS! NEW PRICES!

C. HOFSTETTER

HAS OPENED A

First Class Harness and Saddlery Establishment

At 409 Twelfth Street.

Repairing and Carriage Trimming

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Dashaway Stable!

F. R. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.



370 ELEVENTH STREET

Between Franklin and Webster,

OAKLAND, CAL.

Livery, Sale and Boarding Stable

Special Attention Given to Boarders and Country Patrons.

TEL. 645.

La Flor de Piedmont

Clear Mild Fragrant Havana

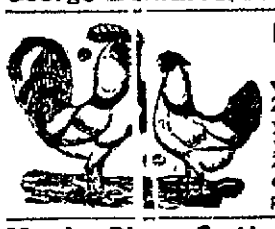
3 FOR 25c STRAIGHT 10c

For Sale in Leading Cigar Stores

ICE CREAM 5c a dish. All kinds of soft drinks mixed by an expert. Finest Candies and Confections. Branch of San Francisco store

THE EUCALYPTUS ICE CREAM PARLORS

George Edwards, Prop. 804 Seventh Street



HA! HA! HA! No Mites or Lice on us.

The chickens laugh because of their relief of lice and vermin. When you know as they do the value of the Zucker Medicol Egg it will be your turn to laugh. Then you will laugh that your birds are relieved of mites and your home is ridden of moths. As a disinfectant, the Zucker Medicol Egg is incomparable. Every home and office should have some. Sold by all grocers and druggists. The Zucker M'f'g Co., 312 Battery St., S.F.

Men's Fine Satin Calf Dress Shoes $1.25

—AT—

241 SAN PABLO AVE.

Opposite City Hall. C. G. HALLMEYER, Prop.

WILHELM'S FINE STATIONERY, PICTURES, MIRRORS, ETC. S.W. COR. 11TH & CLAY

FRAMING SPECIALTY

ART STORE MOULDINGS, ARTISTS' MATERIALS, ETC. OAKLAND, CAL.

OLD SCANDINAVIAN DAIRY

PURE SWEET MILK AND CREAM

DELIVERED TWICE DAILY.

Send Orders to P. O. Box 632, East Oakland. S. NIELSEN, Proprietor

OLDEST

BROWN & McKINNON Merchant Tailors IN OAKLAND.

We carry a full line of desirable staple goods and latest novelties.

SPRING GOODS JUST IN . . .

Evarts Block. - - - 1108 BROADWAY.

Summer Resorts.

THE BARTLETT SPRINGS

HAVE THE MERITED REPUTATION OF being one of the WONDERS of the WORLD, and seekers of pleasure and lovers of sightseeing, as well as those in search of HEALTH, will be well paid by visiting them.

The Finest Summer Climate in California.

LARGE NEW SWIMMING TANK.

A Positive Cure for Rheumatism, Liver, Kidney and Stomach Troubles.

TERMS.....$10 TO $15 PER WEEK

Two Routes to the Springs, S. P. Co. and S. F. and N. P. Railway.

Address all correspondence to BARTLETT SPRINGS COMPANY, 22 Fourth street, S. F.

HOWARD SPRINGS The Ideal HEALTH AND PLEASURE RESORT.

Is most picturesquely situated amidst the pine forests of LAKE COUNTY—the real SWITZERLAND OF AMERICA. Elevation 2300 feet, no fog or nasty insects; climate perfect. HOWARD Springs is well remembered by thousands who have been cured by its natural hot mineral baths and fine medicinal drinking waters, while it still remains the MECCA for as many rest and pleasure seekers, excellent hunting and fishing, reliable saddle and driving horses. The place has changed hands, has been renovated and greatly improved.

Accommodations, Table and Service Strictly First Class.
Postoffice and Telephone on premises.
Rates $10 and $12. Special terms for families.
Round Trip $10. Tickets at S.P.Co's offices.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS PROF. JULES HEUGEN, - Manager. Howard Springs, P. O. Putah, Lake Co. Cal.

$150 Cash

—AND—

$30 PER MONTH, Including Interest,

Will Buy a

NEW MODERN HOUSE,

Containing

7 Rooms and Bath,

SITUATED ON

Central Ave., Alameda

In a Choice Residence Section

LOT 30x125

William J. Dingee,

460-462 Eighth Street,

OAKLAND.

20 Years in Europe and Australia.

ONE OF

The Most Successful

Catarrh, Lung AND Throat Specialists

In the West.



T. D. HALL, M. D. C. M.

Permanently located at 855 Broadway, Cor. Seventh St., Oakland, Cal.

LADIES—I am always ready to assist you. No disease peculiar to your delicate organism is beyond my sure control. Regulating Medicines Warranted Quick, Safe and Sure.

THROAT—Catarrhal sore throat, acute and chronic pharyngitis, enlarged tonsils and palate, hoarseness, loss of voice, thick phlegm in the throat, which causes hawking.

HEART—Valvular diseases, weak and fatty heart, dropsy and rheumatism of heart, languid circulation.

STOMACH—Catarrh and ulceration, atonic and acid dyspepsia, indigestion, pain and fullness after meals, heartburn, waterbrash and difficulty of swallowing.

RUPTURE—Piles, fistula, varicocele, hydrocele, and swellings and tenderness quickly cured.

PRIVATE DISEASES OF MEN a special study and practice for many years—over 1000 cases treated yearly. Recent cases of PRIVATE DISEASES cured in a few hours. Ulcers, tumors, blotches on the face or body cured without giving mercury or other poisons.

All diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Eye, Ear and Skin, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Brain Softening, Youthful Errors, etc.

Dr. T. D Hall's Reinvigorator.

A Most Wonderful Cure for Nervous Debility, Wasting Away, Impotency, Losses, and all weaknesses arising from errors of youth and excesses.

$2.00 per bottle, 3 bottles $5.00.

DR. T. D. HALL'S Medical and Surgical Institute

855 BROADWAY, OAKLAND.

Hours: 10 to 12 2 to 5, 7 to 9. Consultation Free.

THE CALIFORNIA STATE FAIR AT SACRAMENTO

THREE WEEKS.

SEPT. 12 TO OCT. 3, 1896.

GRAND PAVILION DISPLAY.

ELECTRIC MOTIVE POWER TRANSMITTED FROM FOLSOM

SEVENTEEN DAYS RACING

CASSASA'S EXPOSITION BAND

DON'T FAIL TO EXHIBIT TO ATTEND

EXCURSION RATES.

RAILROADS.

Southern Pacific Company

Trains Are Due to Arrive and Leave —AT— SIXTEENTH STREET STATION.

Leave	From April 26, 1896.	Arrive
7:30 a	Atlantic express, Ogden and East	6:30 p
7:30 a	Benecia, Vacaville, Ramsey, Sacramento and Redding via Davis	6:14 p
7:30 a	Martinez, San Ramon, Napa, Calistoga and Santa Rosa	6:05 p
8:00 a	Los Angeles Express, Raymond (for Yosemite), Santa Barbara and Los Angeles	4:30 p
8:00 a	Martinez and Stockton	10:15 a
2:00 p	Port Costa and way stations	9:15 a
4:30 p	Martinez, San Ramon, Vallejo, Napa, Calistoga, El Verano and Santa Rosa	9:45 a
4:30 p	Benicia, Vacaville, Woodland, Knight's Landing, Marysville, Oroville and Sacramento	10:15 a
5:00 p	New Orleans Express, Fresno, Bakersfield, Santa Barbara, Los Angeles, Deming, El Paso, New Orleans and East	9:00 a
5:00 p	Santa Fe Route, Atlantic Express for Mojave and East	9:30 a
6:30 p	European Mail, Ogden and East	9:15 a
7:30 p	To Vallejo	7:30 a
7:30 p	Oregon Express, Sacramento, Marysville, Redding, Portland, Puget Sound and East	10:14 a

SANTA CRUZ DIVISION. Fourteenth and Franklin Streets. Narrow Gauge.

Leave	From March 22, 1896.	Arrive
8:15 a	Newark, Centerville, San Jose, Felton, Boulder Creek, Santa Cruz and way stations; also Gilroy, Tres Pinos, Watsonville, Pacific Grove, San Luis Obispo, Guadalupe and way stations	5:05 p
2:15 p	Newark, Centerville, San Jose, New Almaden, Felton, Boulder Creek, Santa Cruz and principal way stations	11:35 a
4:15 p	Newark, San Jose and Los Gatos	9:45 a
5:15 p	Santa Cruz, etc.—For San Jose, Santa Cruz and way stations	11:35 a

NILES ROUTE. First Street Near Broadway.

Leave	From February 2, 1896.	Arrive
9:30 a	Niles, San Jose, Stockton, Ione, Sacramento, Marysville, Red Bluff and Oroville	5:22 p
9:30 a	Peters and Milton	4:30 p
1:00 p	Niles, San Jose and Livermore	9:37 a
3:30 p	Niles, San Jose, Livermore and Stockton	9:30 a
6:00 p	Haywards, Niles and San Jose	7:07 a

SAN LEANDRO AND HAYWARD. Via Seventh Street from Broadway.

Leave	From March 22, 1896.	Arrive
6:00 a	To Melrose, Seminary Park, Fitchburg, San Leandro and Haywards	8:30 a
7:00 p		8:30 a
1:00 p		12:30 p
3:00 p		2:30 p
5:00 p		4:30 p
11:30 p		11:30 p

Via First Street, from Broadway.

8:00 a	To Melrose, Seminary Park, Fitchburg, San Leandro and Haywards	9:30 a
9:00 a		10:30 a
10:00 a		11:30 a
11:00 a		12:30 p
1:00 p		2:30 p
3:00 p		4:30 p
4:00 p		5:30 p
5:00 p		6:30 p

A for morning. P for afternoon.
* Saturdays only.
† Sundays only.
‡ To and from Niles.
§ Sundays excepted.
** Connects at College Park with Coast division train.
Monday, Thursday and Saturday nights only.

The PEOPLE'S EXPRESS COMPANY, the only transfer who will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Office, 418-420 Ninth street. Tel. 258. Local and through tickets sold and information given by

J. H. WRIGHT, agent 16th st. station.
M. E. DE CORA, agent 7th and Ridge.
RICHARD GRAY, gen. traf. manager.
T. H. GOODMAN, gen. pass. agent.

California Railway to Leona Heights and Mills College.

Trains leave Tidal Canal Bridge, Alameda:

8:00, 9:00, *9:30, 10:00, *10:30, 11:00, *11:30 a. m.; 12:00, *12:30, 1:00, *1:30, 2:00, *2:30, 3:00, *3:30, 4:00, *4:30, 5:00, *5:30, 6:00, *6:30, 7:00, *7:30, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00 p. m.

Trains leave Leona Heights:

7:40, 8:30, *9:00, 9:30, *10:00, 10:30, *11:00, 11:30 a. m.; *12:00, 12:30, *1:00, 1:30, *2:00, 2:30, *3:00, 3:30, *4:00, 4:30, *5:00, 5:30, *6:00, 6:30, *7:00, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30.

*Saturday and Sunday only.

Passengers from Oakland and Alameda take Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway Cars to Tidal Canal Bridge. Allow twenty-five minutes from Eleventh and Broadway and fifteen minutes from Thirteenth avenue and East Twelfth street. Round Trip Tickets from any point in Alameda or Oakland can be purchased of Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway Conductors.

Fare, 25 cents round trip.

W. M. RANK, General Manager.

1003½ Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

O. R. & N. TO ASTORIA AND PORTLAND

$6 Second Class, $12 First Class.

MEALS AND BERTHS INCLUDED.

COLUMBIA .....
.....SAILS AUG. 16, 26; SEPT. 5, 15, 25
STATE OF CALIFORNIA .....
.....SAILS AUG. 21, 31; SEPT. 10, 20, 30
From Spear st. Wharf (Pier 24) at 10 A. M.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen'l. Supts.
F. F. CONNOR, General Agent, 630 Market street.

ON AND AFTER

June 1, 1896

The Price of Current for

Incandescent Electric Lights

WILL BE REDUCED

—TO—

15c per 1000 Watts

All Day and Night Service.

HOUSES WIRED AT COST!

LEAVE ORDERS AT OFFICE OF

Gas Company,

13TH AND CLAY STS.

TWO-SIDED REMEDIES.

It Is Hard to Follow the Advice About Sea Sickness.

Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher Gives a Few Tips of Her Own.

Any one who ventures on a voyage this summer will surely be furnished before sailing with several "sure preventives." Was there ever a pain so severe, a disease so alarming, but some one will bring the only "infallible remedy?" Seasickness is no exception. Many sure remedies will be offered and each pronounced the only sure cure.

Let us give a few samples:

CONTRADICTORY PLATITUDES.

"Eat a good square meal just before going on shipboard. It will fortify the stomach and you can defy seasickness."

"Live very abstemiously for several days before you sail and take a gentle aperient the day before, and you will be in a condition to resist seasickness."

"If at all inclined to be sick, take champagne freely. It gives tone to the stomach and easily controls nausea."

"On no account touch champagne or wines of any sort. They will surely give you an acid stomach and cause seasickness in the worst form."

"Take a cup of strong coffee without milk or sugar before rising, and as soon as you are dressed go at once on deck, no matter how badly you feel. Keep away from your berth all day and as late at night as you can."

"Do not touch coffee on shipboard. It will make you bilious, and then you will be sure to be seasick."

"Keep a lemon constantly in your hand, and take a little of the juice now and then. It will be sure to settle the stomach. But let oranges entirely alone. They will not digest easily, and will make you bilious."

"Be careful to avoid lemons. They may be refreshing for a little while, but in the end will do much harm. But oranges are very nourishing and highly beneficial."

RULE THAT DOES NOT FAIL.

There are scores of other directions as contradictory as those we have quoted. To be sure, one person may be so organized as to find help and relief in some of them, which another could not use without injury. There is but one rule that I have never known to fail to prevent seasickness in any case: "Never venture on the ocean at all." Then, old and stricken in years, you may be gathered to your fathers and never have experienced any of the discomforts of seasickness. This is the only sure preventive.

We have seen those who have crossed the ocean many times and in every conceivable kind of weather, and, returning triumphant, make merry over the discomforts of others, fully believing that every one could avoid the malady if careful. But "let him who thinkest he standeth take heed lest he fall." In an hour of perfect confidence sudden disaster may overtake him, and the most skillful physicians confess they are not able to account for the unexpected calamity.

EXPERIENCES AT SEA.

Years ago, on the old Morro Castle, bound for Cuba, almost before we lost sight of home, we were met by the first signs of a severe storm. Not many hours elapsed before most of the passengers were obliged to retire to their berths. We were fearfully sick, but could not breathe in the close air of our berths, and so sat as still and quiet as circumstances would permit on the sofa in the ladies' cabin, near an open door, to get all the outside air possible.

There was one passenger who had crossed the ocean many times, and travelled all over the world—it seemed under all kinds of weather—and who boasted he had never had the first symptom of seasickness. Quite exultant, not always showing good taste in making himself merry over the sufferings of others, he was told his time might come yet if this severe storm continued. "No, not he."

The storm grew wilder, danger seemed very near. The ship rocked and quivered—the wind rent the canvas like shreds of paper and crushed the masts like glass. Too sick to fear the danger, but sympathizing with the sick and greatly alarmed passengers, we could hardly suppress a feeling of indignation to see this man walking the deck in full vigor, saying to the pale, frightened ones on deck: "Take food—you will need it; but give no thought to being seasick. The ship may founder, but you can't scare up a storm that will prevent my taking my regular meals."

"The voyage is not ended yet. Let not him that putteth on the armor boast like him who taketh it off."

"No fear for me, I have crossed the ocean, after the worst night of wind and as bad as this I couldn't be seasick if I tried."

Another and another day of fierce wind and storm. The time was long past when we should have been in port. Another morning opened upon this wild, angry ocean, and the worst night of wind and storm we had had, and the pale, worn out victims of this terrific storm missed the loud, sarcastic greetings which in their feeble condition had been very trying.

COMEDY ON SHIPBOARD.

What pale faced, drooping head is this leaning for support against a pillar? "Can this be haughty Marmion?" "Serves him right" is the first feeling, but it passes uttered, for common trouble makes the heart wondrous kind, and kind words of sympathy and a kind hand cordially offered were given—and the hero who had so boasted of his power accepted them meekly.

But we should never venture to give advice to any seafaring person. In our own case, we fight the foe to the last. We think the strength gives out sooner if one keeps the bed. At least, that has always been our experience. The deck, where one can have fresh air, is for us at least the best place. We make no attempt to eat, knowing the stomach will reject the first mouthful, and there can be, one should think, no benefit in this torture.

SOUND BITS OF ADVICE.

But, no matter how weak and sick, don't be cross and forlorn. It can be of no benefit to you, but will increase your disgust with yourself and make all about you, and those you should try, however feebly, to cheer and encourage, uncomfortable. Do not whine and put on ugly grimaces as if in a drug shop. If you have even a small supply of breath, laugh a little; talk (even if able to talk but a little) cheerfully, and try to chase the wrinkles of discomfort from your neighbor's face, and if in time that becomes impossible sit still and, with a pleasant face, be patient.

Many, perhaps, cannot accept these suggestions from another, wishing the privilege of being a law unto themselves. But be good natured, and if you don't feel so act as if you did for a little while, and the true, genuine article will appear.

Only one suggestion more. In the midst of your discomforts, do not forget that the stewardess is mortal as well as yourself. Do not call upon her to run for many different things, when, for the present at least, you must know you cannot take them, and all her toil and fatigue is in vain.

"Do unto others as you would that others should do unto you."

—Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher in the New York World.

The Cost of Club Life.

Some interesting facts are presented in a directory of clubmen in New York that has just made its second appearance. The first edition of this book, issued two or three years ago, contained 2,300 names, and the last edition contains 25,000 names, the additions having been chiefly from the luncheon clubs which have recently become a popular feature in New York life. The cost of membership in different clubs in this city is by no means expressed in their initiation fees and annual dues. They represent the necessary expenses, but if a man uses his club much he finds that his incidental expenses are much greater than his club dues. The initiation fees vary from $5 up to $300 for resident membership. Membership in the Metropolitan, the Union, the Union League, and the Knickerbocker costs $300 as an initiation fee, and in the University, Lotos, Calumet, and Manhattan it costs $200. The annual dues of these clubs run from $60 to $75. The New York Club, the New York Athletic, St. Nicholas, Century, and Colonial have initiation fees than run from $100 to $150. There are a score of smaller clubs occupying their own well-equipped clubhouses, with initiation fees that range from $50 down to $25. The restaurants in the large clubs are expensive luxuries to the club and cheap conveniences to its members. The service in them is the best that can be found in town, and they are usually run at a loss to the club. The prices are less than those at the best restaurants. Several of the big clubs make more than good their restaurant losses by their bar receipts. The new luncheon clubs that have so largely increased the list of clubmen draw on downtown professional and business men chiefly for their membership.—New York Sun.

HARRISON'S $4000 LOG CABIN.

The Ex-President's Summer Home on One of the Adirondack Lakes.

Ex-President Harrison's summer home on one of the lakes of the Adirondacks will be a log cabin similar to the cabins that were used as living apartments in his grandfather's time, but his will cost more than $4,000 when finished. Plans have been prepared for the camp and other buildings, and work has been begun on the foundation. The cottage or camp, as it is called, will stand a short distance from Indian Point, which is near the head of First Lake. Last summer General Harrison occupied the Dodd camp, which is further back from the main land. Where he is building is considered by guides and woodsmen to be the best on the Fulton chain of lakes.

All of the buildings will be made from logs hewn flat on two sides, and locked at the corners by regular log house joints. The cabin will have a frontage of forty-eight feet and a depth of thirty-four feet. The main living room will be 16x22 feet, with a ceiling twenty-three feet high in the center. A fireplace built of rough hewn boulders, fitted into place without cutting, will be one of the features of the room, and an extreme novelty to the inhabitants of the section of the Adirondacks where the General will spend his summers hereafter. The two towers, which are also a novelty in Adirondack cottages, will have sleeping rooms. The dining building will be 22x40 feet, the first story of logs and the second story of shingles. Besides the large dining room, the building will contain a room for the guests, a pantry, kitchen and six sleeping rooms. About thirty feet from the main building, near the edge of the lake, will be the boat house. The sides will be shingled and the roof gabled. In the second story will be three rooms for the use of guests. The buildings will be spread out over six lots, which have been cleared of underbrush and other forest material. Contractor John H. Nelson of Herkimer is now at work on the camp, and expects to have it in readiness for the General when he reaches Old Forge with his bride.—Indianapolis Journal.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

DEEDS.

FRIDAY, August 14, 1896.

Sarah L. Powell, executrix estate Abraham Powell, to Eva P., Lorena B. and Priscilla F. Powell, SW 11th and Jackson S 50 x W 100, being lots 16 and 16 and ptn lot 11, blk 110; W Peralta st 50 S Taylor st, S 40 x W 100, blk 698; also ppty in S. F. and Fresno, $19,444.

Thos. T. and Emily F. Greaves to Cosmopolitan M. B. & L. Assn, W Summit st 50 N Lincoln st N 50 x W 150, being N 50 ft lots 33 to 38, blk D, New Town of Lynn, $10.

L. H. and Lizzie Sly to Myron T. Holcomb, NW Piedmont av 401 SW Amethyst st SW 35 x NW 125, blk B, Thermal Hill fmly the Howe tract, $10.

Plummer Improvement Co. to Alice R. Clark, wf Fred H., W Mark st 180 N Kearney st N 20 x W 135, $10.

Jas. Stanley, admr estate Jose F. Silveira, to Frank Joseph, lots 22 and 23, blk B, Fruitvale Villa tract, $150.

Chas. S. and Deborah Lohse to S. F. Savings Union, surrender of 415 & 413 E Orange av 100 N E 26th st N 100 x E 120, being lots 3 and 4, blk 4, Blasdel tract, map 3, grant.

J. L. and Kitty B. E. Taylor to Johanna L. Plenker, N Portland st 222-5 E Central av E 100 x N 110, being lots 9 to 12, map of Central av tract, being a sub of lots 2 and 3, Kingsland tract, $10.

R. W. and Mary B. Snow to Susan J. Fenton, N 14th st 70 E Castro E 40 x N 100-9, blk 256, $10.

J. E. and Elsie A. McElrath and Chas. F. Cornwall, admr estate Jerusha F. Cornwall, by cmr, to Thos. Hart and assigned to R. M. Fitzgerald and P. E. Bowles, NE cor Shattuck av and Drexler tract, N 140 E 174 SE 230 W 270 to beg, being ptn plots 49 and 96, Ro V. and D. Peralta; SE cor Shattuck av and Drexler tract S 165.12 E 196.10 NW 175 W 130 to beg, being ptn plot 48, Ro. V. & D. Peralta, $1,313.

John Smith to Sophie M. Smith, lots 17 and 18, Rio Grande tract, subj to mtge, gift.

L. F. and Minnie Gilmore to Elmhurst Land Co., und ½ of following—lots 1 to 14; lots 18 to 65, 73 to 100, Elmhurst Park; lots 1 to 25, 74 to 102, 106 to 117, and lots 121, 122, 123 and 125, Elmhurst Park No. 2, $10.

C. S. and Maria E. Martin to August Breidenstein, S Saratoga av 40 W Orchard st W 40 x S 132.50, being lot 16, blk B, amended map Moss tract, $10.

W. S. Jacobs, by comr, to E. B. Dunning, N Santa Clara av 126-2½ W Pearl st W 50 x N 145, being ptn lots 11, 12 and 13, blk 5, Hays and Caperton ppty, $5,000.

Why Do You Persist?

In buying poor candies when you can buy the finest and purest for the same price at Lehnhardt's, 1159 Broadway, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth.

To Let

For entertainments, cups and saucers, crockery and glassware, at H. Schellhaas.

The Redwood Carpenter makes fences strong. Go to 410 Ninth and you won't go wrong.

Bay City Flour makes the best bread.

Mother's Mush—Try it.

New monkeys just arrived at H. Schellhaas.

Bay City Flour is purest.

Bowls and Pitchers, 75c,

Crockery and glassware, stoves, at H. Schellhaas. Come and see our goods.

Best whisky, for medicinal purposes at Bouquet Bros., Galindo Hotel bar.

Our Mother's Mush is made in Oakland.

MEN of all AGES



Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.

Four out of five who suffer nervousness, mental worry, attacks of "the blues," are but paying the penalty of early excesses. Victims, reclaim your manhood, regain your vigor. Don't despair. Send for book with explanation and proofs. Mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

ONE THING IS CERTAIN PAIN-KILLER KILLS PAIN

PAIN-KILLER

THE GREAT

Family Medicine of the Age.

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A speedy cure for pain—no family should be without it.—Montreal Transcript.

Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—Tenn. Organ.

It has real merit, as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.—Newport (Ky.) Daily News.

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LEGAL.

ADJUDICATION OF INSOVLENCY

In the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of Geo. H. Furry, insolvent debtor.

Geo. H. Furry having filed in this Court petition, schedule and inventory in insolvency, by which it appears that he is an insolvent debtor, and the said Geo. H. Furry is hereby declared to be insolvent.

The Sheriff of the County of Alameda is hereby directed to take possession of all the estate, real and personal, of the said insolvent debtor, except such as may be by law exempt from execution, and of all his deeds, vouchers, books of account and papers, and to keep the same safely until the appointment of an assignee herein.

All persons are forbidden to pay any debts to the said insolvent debtor, or to deliver any property belonging to said insolvent debtor to him, or to any person, firm or corporation, or association for his use.

The said debtor is hereby forbidden to transfer or deliver any property, until the further order of this Court, except as herein ordered.

It is further ordered, that all the creditors of said debtor, whose claims shall have been placed on file in the office of the Clerk of this Court at least two days prior to the 17th day of August, 1896, be and appear before the Hon. F. B. Ogden, Judge of the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California, in open Court, at the Court-room of said Court, Department No. 2, in the County of Alameda, on the said 17th day of August, 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, to prove their debts and choose an assignee of the estate of said debtor.

It is further ordered, that this order be published in the "Oakland Tribune," a newspaper of general circulation, published in the County of Alameda, as often as the said newspaper is printed before the said day set for the meeting of creditors.

And it is further ordered, that, in the meantime, all proceedings against the said insolvent debtor be stayed.

Dated August 7th, 1896.

A. L. FRICK,
Judge of the Superior Court.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Abby Hale Beckwith, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc., and application for letters of administration with will annexed.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Abby Hall Beckwith, deceased, and for the issuance to W. H. Knight of letters of administration with the will annexed, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 17th day of August, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the City of Oakland, in the County of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same, and show cause if any they have why said petition should not be granted.

Dated Aug. 3d, 1896.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.
GEO. E. DE GOLIA, Att'y for Petitioner.

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES.

The Directors of the Institution for the Deaf and the Blind solicit bids for supplies for six months ending February 15, 1897, as follows: Groceries, provisions, flour and feed, potatoes, dried fruits, fish, meats, brooms, fuel, paints and oils, laundry supplies, lumber, school supplies. Schedules and specifications to be obtained at the office of the principal, Berkeley. Bids to be handed in before 12 o'clock, August 15, 1896. By order of the Board.

W. L. PRATHER, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, room 25, 1003½ Broadway, Oakland, Cal., on Friday, August 28th, at 9 A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting.

T. F. SCANLON,
Secretary.

Notice of Street Work.—Notice is hereby given, that on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1896, the City Council of the City of Oakland passed Resolution of Intention No. 22,384, to order the following street work to be done, viz:

That 5th street in said City, from the eastern curb line of Peralta street to the western curb line of Lewis street, be sidewalked on both sides to the official grade with cement six feet wide where not already done in cement, bitumen or wood.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said resolution and specifications for Street Work on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland. This notice shall be published for six days in the Oakland Tribune, being the newspaper designated by said City Council for such publication.

Oakland, August 11th, 1896.

M. K. MILLER,
Superintendent of Streets of the City of Oakland.

LEGAL.

ORDINANCE NO.—An Ordinance ordering the opening and widening of Athol avenue, from the eastern line of Newton avenue to the northwestern line of Watson avenue, and appointing three Commissioners to assess benefits and damages and to have general supervision of the proposed work.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Oakland as follows:

SECTION I.

Whereas, The said Council did on July 6th, 1896, adopt its Resolution of Intention No. 22,324, declaring its intention to order the following work and improvement to be made, to-wit: That Athol avenue in said City, from the eastern line of Newton avenue to the northwestern line of Watson avenue, be opened and widened and declared a public highway, and the northern and southern lines of said proposed highway are hereby described as follows:

The Northern Line—Beginning at a point on the eastern line of Newton avenue, distant thereon 91.35 feet northerly from the northwestern line of Watson avenue; thence northeasterly on a curve to the left with a radius of 200.1 feet, 162.89 feet to the northwestern line of Watson avenue.

The Southern Line—Beginning at a point on the eastern line of Newton avenue, distant thereon 31.35 feet northerly from the northwestern line of Watson avenue; thence southerly along the eastern line of Newton avenue to the northwestern line of Watson avenue; thence northeasterly along the northwestern line of Watson avenue to a point distant thereon 43.12 feet from Newton avenue, declaring its intention to order said work done, describing the work to be done and the land and premises deemed necessary to be taken therefor, and specifying the exterior boundaries of the lands to be affected or benefited by said work and improvement and to be assessed to pay the damages, costs and expenses thereof, and

Whereas, The Street Superintendent of the City of Oakland did thereupon cause notice of the passage of said Resolution to be posted and published for ten days in the manner and as required by law, and

Whereas, More than ten days have elapsed after the expiration of the publication of said notice, and no objections have been made or filed to the work therein referred to, and the Council has acquired jurisdiction to order said work to be done, now, therefor, it is hereby ordered that said work and improvement be done as aforesaid referred to, and as in said Resolution of Intention specially described.

SECTION II.

Jerome Deasy, Charles W. Dearborn and Alexander F. Main are hereby appointed Commissioners to assess benefits and damages and have general supervision of said proposed work and improvement until the completion thereof in compliance with law.

SECTION III.

This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval.

In Council, Oakland, Cal., Aug. 10th, 1896.

Passed to print by the following vote: Ayes — Messrs., Brosnahan, Buckland, Dow, Heitmann, Kaufman, Towle and President Mott—7.

Noes—None.

Absent—Messrs. Bassett, Manuel, Marshall and Watkinson—4.

Attest: J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.
Oakland, Aug. 13th, 1896.

Notice of Street Work.—Notice is hereby given, that on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1896, the City Council of the City of Oakland passed Resolution of Intention No. 22,383, to order the following street work to be done, viz:

That Fourteenth street in said City, be sewered with a vitrified ironstone pipe sewer as follows: 8 inches diameter from the southern line of 14th street at a point 3 feet east of the center line of Clay street to a point on the center line of 14th street 10 feet east of the eastern line of Clay street; thence, 8 inches in diameter, along the center line of 14th street to a point 190 feet east of Clay street; and that Y branches of six inch opening be constructed thereon; also that a lamphole be constructed thereon at a point 10 feet east of Clay street and a brick manhole be constructed thereon at a point 190 feet east of Clay street.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said Resolution and specifications for street work on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland. This notice shall be published for six days in the Oakland Tribune, being the newspaper designated by said City Council for such publication.

Oakland, August 12th, 1896.

M. K. MILLER,
Superintendent of Streets of the City of Oakland.

Notice of Street Work.—Notice is hereby given, that on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1896, the City Council of the City of Oakland passed Resolution of Intention No. 22,387, to order the following street work to be done, viz:

That Webster street in said City, from the southern line of Hawthorne avenue to the western curb line of Broadway, be sidewalked with cement six feet wide to the official line and grade where not already done in cement or bitumen.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said Resolution and specifications for street work on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland. This notice shall be published for six days in the Oakland Tribune, being the newspaper designated by said City Council for such publication.

Oakland, August 12th, 1896.

M. K. MILLER,
Superintendent of Streets of the City of Oakland.

Notice of Street Work.—Notice is hereby given, that on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1896, the City Council of the City of Oakland passed Resolution of Intention No. 22,386, to order the following street work to be done, viz:

That Lewis street in said City, from the northern line of 5th street to the southern line of 7th street, be sidewalked with cement six feet wide on both sides to the official grade where not already done in cement, bitumen or wood.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said resolution and specifications for Street Work on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland. This notice shall be published for six days in the Oakland Tribune, being the newspaper designated by said City Council for such publication.

Oakland, August 11th, 1896.

M. K. MILLER,
Superintendent of Streets of the City of Oakland.

CITY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

Notice to taxpayers of the City of Oakland, Alameda County, Cal. Office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland.

Public notice is hereby given that the Assessment Roll of the fiscal year 1896 of the City of Oakland has been completed and delivered to the City Clerk of said City by the Assessor of said City on July 27th, 1896, and that the same will be open for inspection at the said City Clerk's office in the City Hall in the City of Oakland from 8:30 o'clock A. M. to 5 o'clock P. M. every day except Sunday.

Notice is hereby given that the Council of the City of Oakland sat as a Board of Equalization on Monday, July 20th, 1896, in Council Chamber, City Hall, Oakland, Cal., and adjourned until Monday, July 27th, 1896, at 8 o'clock P. M. Said Board met on July 27th, 1896, and adjourned until Monday, Aug. 3, 1896, at 8:30 P. M. Said Board met on Aug. 3, 1896, and adjourned until Aug. 5th, 1896. Said Board met on Aug. 5th, 1896, and adjourned until Aug. 6th, 1896, at 8 P. M. Said Board met on Aug. 6, 1896, and adjourned until August 10th, 1896, at 8:30 P. M. Said Board met Aug. 10th, 1896, at 8:30 P. M., and adjourned until Aug. 13th, 1896, at 8 P. M. Said Board met on Aug. 13th and adjourned to Aug. 17th, 1896, at 8:30 P. M., from and after which time they will continue in session from time to time until the business of equalization is disposed of, and said Board will not sit later than August 19th, 1896, at 12 o'clock midnight.

Application for reduction of assessment must be made in writing duly verified by the oath of the property owners or a duly authorized agent.

Blanks for applications for reduction or increase of assessment may be procured at said Clerk's office.

By order of the Council of the City of Oakland sitting and acting as a City Board of Equalization of the City of Oakland, Cal.

J. W. TOMPKINS,
Clerk.

Dated Aug. 14th, 1896.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Kinsey, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Charles Kinsey, deceased, and for the issuance to Henry F. Crane of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 24th day of August, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the City of Oakland, in said County of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated August 8th, 1896.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.

LEGAL.

ORDINANCE NO. ——.

An Ordinance to provide for the inspection of milk and dairies and dairy cows, and to regulate the sale of milk in the City of Oakland, and to prohibit and punish the disposition of unwholesome, impure or adulterated milk.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Oakland as follows:

Section I. The Board of Health of the City of Oakland is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to regulate and control the traffic in milk in said city, to provide for the inspection of milk in said city, and for the inspection of dairies and dairy cows producing milk for sale or consumption within the said city.

Section II. No milk producer or milk vendor shall after this Ordinance becomes operative, either himself or through his agents, servants or employes, offer or expose for sale or sell or deliver for sale, use or consumption within the City of Oakland, any milk, without first having obtained from the Board of Health of the City of Oakland a permit so to do, as hereinafter provided.

Section III. To procure such a permit, the applicant shall present, to said Board of Health a written application, and shall state therein the name and business and residence address of applicant or applicants, the source or sources from which said applicant or applicants obtain or will obtain supplies of milk, the number of cows in the possession of such applicant, the average quantity of milk produced and the average quantity disposed of by said applicant and the manner and character of such disposition, such application to be made to the said Board of Health upon printed blanks to be provided by the Board of Health for such purpose. Such application shall further state the specific brand or business name, if any, under which said milk is to be sold, exchanged or distributed.

Section IV. If the Board of Health, upon such application, shall determine that the statements therein made are true and that the applicant does not propose selling or offering or exposing for sale or delivering or distributing any unwholesome milk as food for any human being, it shall be the duty of the Board of Health to issue without cost to said applicant a permit to bring into, sell, expose or offer for sale, exchange, deliver or distribute milk within the City of Oakland, and all such written statements required as aforesaid shall be registered in a register to be provided by the said Board of Health and kept for that purpose.

Section V. One such permit shall be required for each place of general sale or storage of milk. Such permits shall be issued only in the name of the owners of the supply of milk thus on storage or for sale, and shall for the purpose of this Ordinance be conclusive evidence of ownership. No such permits shall be sold or assigned or transferred. Such permits shall be subject at all times to revocation by said Board of Health in its discretion upon sufficient cause therefor shown, provided, however, that no such permit shall be revoked until after a hearing given by said Board of Health in the matter of the revocation of such permit after five (5) days notice in writing has been served on the owner of such permit in the manner prescribed for the service of notice by Section 1,011 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, which notice shall state the ground of complaint against such owner and the time and place where such hearing shall take place.

At least once in each year, or oftener if required, every person or persons, firm or corporation holding such a permit shall register with the said Board of Health his or their name and permit number, and shall make a written statement to said Board of Health, containing all the information required to be given by applicants for permits in their written application for permits as hereinbefore provided, and all applications for permits and all such written statements required as aforesaid shall be registered in a register to be provided by the said Board of Health and kept for that purpose.

Section VI. No person or persons, firm or corporation shall sell or expose for sale or exchange or deliver or distribute within the limits of the City of Oakland, milk from any wagon or vehicle, unless such wagon or vehicle shall have exposed on both sides thereof the permit number of the person or persons, firm or corporation selling or offering or exposing for sale or distributing or exchanging such milk. Such permit number shall be painted on said wagon or vehicle in numbers not less than three inches in height, in what is known as Arabic Numerals, and shall be placed on said wagon or vehicle under the direction and according to the requirements of the said Board of Health, and in case milk is sold from cans or vessels (carried by human beings or on horseback) then the permit number of the person or persons, firm or corporation so selling or offering for sale, delivery, distribution or exchange such milk, shall be placed in a conspicuous place on such can or vessel immediately below the opening thereof, so as to be plainly apparent on superficial inspection, or if such milk is sold or exposed for sale, delivery, distribution or exchange within a store or house, or on the sidewalk of any street in this city, then such permit number shall also be constantly exposed in some conspicuous manner at the place wherever such milk is sold or kept, so as to be plainly apparent.

Section VII. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation, by themselves, or by their agents, servants or employes, in the City of Oakland, County of Alameda, State of California, to render or manufacture, sell, offer for sale, exchange, deliver, distribute or have in his or its possession, with intent to sell, expose or offer for sale or exchange, or distribute for human consumption, any:

1st—Milk containing less than twelve (12) per centum of milk solids.

2d—Milk containing more than eighty-eight (88) per centum of water or fluids.

3d—Milk containing less than three and two-fifths (3 2-5) per centum excepting from February 15th to May 15th of each year, then three per centum of butter fats, according to Babcock's milk tester.

4th—Milk drawn from cows within twenty days before or within ten days after parturition.

5th—Milk drawn from cows fed on any unhealthy or unwholesome food.

6th—Milk drawn from cows fed on brewery grains or distillery slops.

7th—Milk drawn from cows kept in an unhealthy or unsanitary condition, or from cows affected with any form of disease, or from cows which are supplied with water which is impure or unwholesome.

8th—Milk from which any part of the cream has been removed, unless marked in plain letters "Skimmed Milk."

9th—Milk which has been diluted with water, or any other fluid, or to which has been added or into which has been introduced any foreign substance whatever.

10th—Milk drawn from cows or by milkers that are themselves in a condition of filth or uncleanliness.

11th—Any milk which is shown by analysis to contain any substance or substances of any character whatsoever not natural or normal constituents of milk, or to have been deprived either wholly or in part of any constituent naturally or normally contained in milk.

Section VIII. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation to have or carry on any wagon or vehicle upon or from which milk or cream is being or is brought, carried, stored, deposited, sold, exchanged, delivered or distributed or offered or exposed for sale or distribution as food for any human being, any swill, garbage, refuse or any decaying or fermenting, putrefying, foul, unwholesome, noxious or filthy matter, or any cans or receptacles, containing any material or substance with which cream or milk might be diluted, adulterated or rendered impure, unwholesome or unhealthy.

Section IX. In order to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Ordinance, the said Board of Health and all its officers, agents and employes shall have the right at any and all times to enter upon or into the premises of any producer or vender or distributor of milk authorized under the provisions of this Ordinance, and any refusal upon the part of such producer, vender or distributor to allow such entry and such inspection as may be required and directed by the said Board of Health, may be punished by the revocation of the permit of such producer, distributor or vender by the said Board of Health.

Section X. It shall be the duty of the said Board of Health to cause the dairy cows, dairies and other establishments from which milk is brought into the City of Oakland, to be inspected from time to time to satisfy such Board that the provisions and requirements of this Ordinance are constantly complied with.

Section XI. The test to be applied for tuberculosis in cows to be used by the Board of Health shall be the tuberculin test as is now, or may from time to time, recommended by the Bureau of Animal Industry of Washington, D. C.

Section XII. The said Board and all its officers, agents and employes shall have the right and it shall be their duty to enter and have full access, egress and ingress to all places where milk is stored or kept for sale, and to all wagons, carriages or other vehicles, railroad cars, steamboats or conveyances of every kind used for the conveyance or transportation or delivery of milk, for the purpose of consumption in the City of Oakland.

Section XIII. The Board of Health and all its officers, agents and employes shall have the right at any time to take a sample of milk from any person, persons or concern selling or exposing for sale or exchanging or delivering or distributing milk in the City of Oakland, not exceeding, however, one quart thereof, such sample to be taken and sealed in full view and in the presence of the person from whom said sample is taken, and shall deliver to the said Board of Health immediately the sample so taken. Such sample shall have written thereon at the time of the delivery thereof to said Board of Health, the number of the dealer's permit, and the date of the obtainment of the sample, and the name of the person by whom it is taken, and a memorandum thereof shall be made by the person obtaining such sample in a book kept for that purpose in the office of the Board of Health, showing the name of the owner or driver from whom, and the date when the same was taken, and the number of the dealer's permit.

Section XIV. It shall be the duty of the owner, agent or manager of any dairy in the City of Oakland, or of any dairy from which milk is brought into this city, to forthwith report to the Board of Health of said City in writing anything of which he has knowledge or notice, tending to render milk obtained from such dairy unwholesome, impure or unhealthy.

Section XV. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation, to obstruct or interfere with the said Board of Health, or any officer, agent or employe of said Board, in the performance of any duties required by this Ordinance.

Section XVI. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent or prohibit the use, sale or manufacture of what is known as condensed milk or what is known as buttermilk, or what is known as sour milk, provided the same are made, compounded or prepared from pure, clean, fresh, wholesome and unadulterated milk within the meaning of this Ordinance, and are in sound and wholesome condition, and provided, also, that in the case of condensed milk, the portion of milk solids shall be equivalent to twelve (12) per centum of milk solids in crude milk, and that of such solids, twenty-six and one-half (26½) per centum shall be fat.

Section XVII. It shall be the duty of all owners or consignees of milk brought into the City of Oakland by any water craft, to have the same tendered and exposed for inspection by the said Board of Health, its officers, agents or employes, according to the requirements of said Board of Health, provided that said milk shall not be detained for inspection for a longer period than one hour. It shall be the duty of the owner or consignee of milk brought into the City of Oakland by land over any road or railroad leading into the City of Oakland to cause the same to be tendered and exposed for inspection according to the requirements of said Board of Health, provided that said milk shall not be detained for inspection for a longer period than one hour.

Section XVIII. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five ($25) dollars, and not more than five hundred ($500) dollars, or by imprisonment for not less than ten (10) days, and not more than two hundred and fifty (250) days.

Section XIX. All Ordinances or parts of Ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Section XX. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval.

In Council, Oakland, Cal., Aug. 10th, 1896.

Passed to print by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Bassett, Brosnahan, Buckland, Dow, Heitmann, Kaufman, Manuel, Marshall, Towle, Watkinson and President Mott—11.

Noes—None.

Absent—None.

Attest: J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.
Oakland, Aug. 13th, 1896.

Notice of Street Work.—Notice is hereby given, that on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1896, the City Council of the City of Oakland passed Resolution of Intention No. 22,385, to order the following street work to be done, viz:

That Peralta street in said City, from the northern line of 5th street to the southern line of 7th street, be sidewalked on both sides with cement six feet wide to the official grade where not already done in cement or bitumen.

For further particulars, reference is hereby made to said resolution and specifications for Street Work on file in the office of the City Clerk of the City of Oakland. This notice shall be published for six days in the Oakland Tribune, being the newspaper designated by said City Council for such publication.

Oakland, August 11th, 1896.

M. K. MILLER,
Superintendent of Streets of the City of Oakland.

ORDINANCE NO.—An Ordinance to prevent the propagation of the Scotch or Canada thistle in the City of Oakland.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Oakland as follows:

Section I. It shall be unlawful for any person owning or possessing land in the City of Oakland to permit the Scotch or Canada thistle to mature and disseminate its seed on land so owned or possessed by such person.

Section II. It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly sow or disseminate any seed of the Scotch or Canada thistle upon any land owned or possessed by another.

Section III. Any person violating any provision of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars, and in case such fine be not paid, then by imprisonment at the rate of one day for every two dollars of the fine so imposed.

Section IV. This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and approval.

In Council, Oakland, Cal., Aug. 3rd, 1896.

Passed to print by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Bassett, Brosnahan, Buckland, Dow, Heitmann, Kaufman, Manuel, Marshall, Towle, Watkinson and President Mott—11.

Noes—None.

Absent—None.

Attest: J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.
Oakland, Aug. 5th, 1896.

Notice of Hearing Appeal of C. B. Williams from Superintendent of Streets assessment for the grading and macadamizing 19th avenue from northern line of E. 27th St. to the southern line of East 27th street.—Pursuant to statute and to Resolution No. 22,397 of the Council of the City of Oakland, adopted Aug. 10, 1896, notice is hereby given to the appellant and to all owners of the property affected by the above described work, that Monday, Sept. 7, 1896, at 9:30 P. M., in Council Chamber, City Hall, Oakland, Cal., has been fixed as the time and place for hearing the appeal of C. B. Williams from Supt. of Streets assessment for said work. The appellant appeals for the following reasons, viz:

1st. The assessment for grading should be assessed equally on both sides of 19th avenue, and not all on the west side, the assessment not being uniform.

2d. There is no provision for protecting the work done, and a heavy rain may destroy it, leaving the improvement of no benefit.

3d. The legality of the bid, alleging discrimination, there being no competition.

J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.
Oakland, Aug. 12, 1896.

ORDINANCE NO.—An Ordinance establishing the official width of sidewalks on Cedar street between the right of way of the Central Pacific Railroad and Seward street.

Be it ordained by the Council of the City of Oakland as follows:

Section 1. The width of sidewalks on both sides of Cedar street between the right of way of the Central Pacific Railroad and Seward street is hereby established at 10 feet.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect upon its passage and approval.

Section 3. Any Ordinance in conflict herewith is hereby repealed.

In Council, Oakland, Cal., Aug. 3rd, 1896.

Passed to print by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Bassett, Brosnahan, Buckland, Dow, Heitmann, Kaufman, Manuel, Marshall, Towle, Watkinson and President Mott—11.

Noes—None.

Absent—None.

Attest: J. W. TOMPKINS, City Clerk.
Oakland, Aug. 5th, 1896.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Adelaide F. Whitman, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Adelaide F. Whitman, deceased, and for the issuance to William Caven and Louis Sherburne of letters testamentary thereon has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 17th day of August, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the City of Oakland, in said County of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated August 8th, 1896.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.
By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.

WHAT THE BATHERS ARE WEARING.

At Length French Modes Have Affected Our Bathers.



French modes have affected our bathers at last. While for years we have beheld pictures of pretty bathers, none have appeared on our shores. Suits worn by our conservative maids were black, or dark blue, which turned an ugly shade at the first dip in the sea.

Now all is changed. Red and white or red and black are the colors selected. Very dainty are the suits. They are made with trousers of alpaca, either white or black and over them to the knee fall dainty skirts, made very full. The waists are modest affairs with high necks and short puffed sleeves. Sailor blouses are used most often, as they afford an excuse for a ribbon adornment, with long streamers to float on the breeze.

For the head, large peaked hats are somewhat worn, although the favorite headgear is a turkey red handkerchief, which should cover the hair and be tied in a becoming knot just over the forehead. The little girl who has a "curl right in the middle of her forehead" is very bewitching, and many are trying new gums to secure what nature has deprived them of in that respect.

Wear a *boneless* corset in the water. It makes your suit fit better, and bathers should embrace every opportunity to improve their looks. Especially to a stout person is this article of apparel recommended.

THE MARRIAGE RECORD.

A List of Happy Events on Record at the Court House.

May 11—James B. Morris, a resident of Sonoma, aged 29 years, and Lulu N. Rice, a resident of Oakland, aged 23 years; by Rev. S. S. Harmon.

June 25—Alphonse Joseph Mesmer, a resident of Oakland, aged 28 years, and Elizabeth Gertrude Murphy, a resident of Oakland, aged 24 years; by Rev. Father Thomas McSweeney.

June 25—Thomas Merrick, a resident of Oakland, aged 27 years, and Emma Caroline Taylor, a resident of Oakland, aged 25 years; by Rev. Father Thomas McSweeney.

July 11—Frederick G. R. Asmus, a resident of San Francisco, aged 29 years, and Agnes Lorenz, a resident of Oakland, aged 22 years; by Rev. J. Durham.

July 20—Francis H. Roberts, a resident of Fortuna, aged 38 years, and Laura Wilbur, a resident of Golden Gate, aged 28 years; by Rev. James Small.

July 23—William Magnus Lanquist, a resident of San Francisco, aged 27 years, and Josephine Francis Colfer, a resident of San Francisco, aged 24 years; by Rev. C. J. Larsen.

July 28—Frank L. Naylor, a resident of Berkeley, aged 23 years, and Olive A. Squires, a resident of Berkeley, aged 24 years; by Rev. Rebecca S. Naylor.

July 28—Thomas Burke, a resident of Oakland, aged 30 years, and Anna McGuire, a resident of Oakland, aged 24 years; by Rev. Father John A. Butler.

July 31—Jose Guadalupe Alviso, a resident of Oakland, aged 40 years, and Mary Elizabeth Bailey, a resident of Oakland, aged 48 years; by Hon. J. J. Allen, city justice.

August 4—Percy Johnson Brown, a resident of Alameda, aged 26 years, and Mae McKee, a resident of Alameda, aged 23 years; by Rev. George Rowland Dodson.

August 5—James Joseph Walsh, a resident of San Francisco, aged 30 years, and Maggie Alice Evans, a resident of San Francisco, aged 22 years; by D. L. Lawrence, J. P.

August 5—Thomas Anthony Hughes, a resident of San Francisco, aged 22 years, and Grace Calvin, a resident of Oakland, aged 19 years; by Rev. W. R. Young.

August 5—Richard Van Voorhees Risley, a resident of New York, aged 21 years, and Edna Fredericka Carlson, aged 21 years; by Rev. George B. Hatch.

August 7—Henry Annefsky, a resident of Oakland, aged 20 years, and Eva Cooper, a resident of Oakland, aged 30 years; by Elder W. W. Stovall.

August 7—Clarence Fonteneau Townsend, a resident of San Francisco, aged 48 years, and Lillie May Kearney, a resident of San Francisco, aged 30 years; by Rev. Samuel M. Freeland.

August 8—Herman Braunschweiger, Jr., a resident of San Francisco, aged 25 years, and Sadie Nichols, a resident of San Francisco, aged 28 years; by D. L. Lawrence, J. P.

August 8—Richard Weiler, a resident of San Francisco, aged 56 years, and Florice Veronica Halsted, a resident of San Francisco, aged 36 years; by D. L. Lawrence, J. P.

August 9—John Martin Howell, a resident of San Francisco, aged 27 years, and Irene Davis, a resident of San Francisco, aged 27 years; by Rev. Alfred Kummer.

August 10—Domingo Jose de Rosa, a resident of Petaluma, aged 20 years, and Isabella F. Silva, a resident of Petaluma, aged 40 years; by Hon. J. J. Allen, city justice.

August 11—Harry Francis Anderson, a resident of San Francisco, aged 28 years, and Mary Theresa Wentworth, a resident of San Francisco, aged 21 years; by Rev. Father Thomas McSweeney.

August 11—Henry W. Fitch, a resident of San Francisco, aged 31 years, and Charlotte Hines Southwick, a resident of San Francisco, aged 43 years; by Rev. Charles W. Wendte.

August 12—Charles E. Thurston, a resident of San Francisco, aged 26 years, and Hetty B. Willard, a resident of San Francisco, aged 29 years; by Hon. J. J. Allen, city justice.

August 12—William Provan, a resident of San Francisco, aged 31 years, and Mary Ann Welby, a resident of Oakland, aged 30 years; by Hon. J. J. Allen, city justice.

August 12—Russell Lord Eaton, a resident of San Francisco, aged 23 years, and Ollie Thilo, a resident of San Francisco, aged 26 years; by E. L. Lawrence, J. P.

August 12—George William Ryan, a resident of San Francisco, aged 31 years, and Nora Frances Molloy, a resident of San Francisco, aged 24 years; by E. L. Lawrence, J. P.

CHOICE CONCERTS.

Artistic Programmes Announced at the Outdoor Resorts.

The arrangements at the outdoor resorts for tomorrow are as follows:

GLAIR PARK.

At Blair Park the programme will be as follows:

March, "Souvenir of the Northwest"..
..... J. Verjina
Overture; "William Tell" .....Rossini
Caprice Heroique, "Revell du Lion"....
..... De Kontski

Ground and Lofty Tumbling.

Terzetto and finale, "Attila" .....Verdi

Roy Lamont, Contortionist.

Concert waltz, "Don't Be Cross".....Zeller

William Lamont, Single Trapeze.

Two step, "Newport Belles" .....Petrie
Fantasia, "A Midnight Round of the Guard" ..... Le Thiere

Roy Lamont, Table Pyramid.

"Miserere" from Il Trovatore .....Verdi
(For Cornet and Baritone.)

William and Hattie, Breakaway Ladder.

Medley, "The Jolly Minstrel" .....Brooks

Balloon Ascension.

Coon song and dance, "Ma Angeline"..
..... Lee Johnson
March, "American Guard" .....Brooks
(Contains America, Yankee Doodle and Star Spangled Banner.)

AT HAYWARDS PARK.

The musical programme to be rendered at Haywards Park is as follows:

March, "Beau Ideal" .....P. Sousa
Mazurka, "Recuerdos" .....C. Curti
Selection of Spanish airs, arr.....Stigliano
Selection from "Carmen" ..... Bizet
Waltz, "Robin Hood" ....De Koven
Grand march, "Tannhauser"...R. Wagner
"Serenade" ..... C. Gounod
"Nightingale Song" ..... C. Zeller
"Midsummer Night Dream"..Mendelssohn
Waltz, "Soiree D'Dee"....Emil Waldteufel
Overture, "Barber of Seville" .....Rossini
"Cavatina" from Traviata .....Verdi
Gavotte, "Stephanie" ..... Czibulka
"O! Restless Sea" .....White
Polka, "Vision of Love" .....Destephane

LEONA HEIGHTS.

At Leona Heights the programme will be:

"The Buffalo News March"....J. B. Lamp
Overture, "Zampa" ..... Herold
"Invitation a la Danse".....Von Weber
Cornet solo, "Lizzie Polk".....Hartman
(Performed by Mr. T. Valerga.
"Cavalry Charge," descriptive fantasie
..... G. Luders
Synopsis: Morning of the Battle, Infantry is Heard Approaching with Rifles and Drums, Cavalry in the Distance Coming Nearer and Nearer Until They Charge on the Enemy, Cavalry, Infantry and Artillery in the Melee of Battle, Defeat of the Enemy, Pursued in the Distance by the Cavalry.)
"Guard Mount," characteristic piece...
..... Ellenberg
Overture, "The Bohemian Girl" .....Balfe
a. "Golden Blonde," concert piece.....
..... Ellenberg
b. "The Jolly Coppersmith" .....Peter
Selection, "Ermini" .....Jakowski
Waltz, "Sounds from Erin" .....Bennet
Medley, "In Gay New York" .L. O. De Witt
Galop, "Electricity" ..... Rippley

Do You Want

Carpenter work of any kind done? Want a fence built? Want a room partitioned? Want your house rebuilt? Want any carpenter work done? Then go to F. G. Jones, 1113 Webster street. He does the promptest work in Oakland; does it well; does it cheaply.

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Twine, at BROWN'S PAPER HOUSE, 417 Tenth street.

Our Napa Soda lemonade is the best in Oakland. Boquet Bros., Galindo Hotel bar.

A Bracing, Cool Drink

Of Fredericksburg Bottled Lager or John Wieland's Extra Pale is the best tonic. Order of your dealer. If he does not keep them, telephone us, and we will deliver them to your residence regularly. Deliveries all over the county. Oakland Bottling Company, telephone 222, 1417-1421 Broadway.

Still in the Business.

Mrs. M. M. Bridges has succeeded to the business of her late husband, M. M. Bridges, at the same place, Sixth and Washington. All kinds of wood and coal on hand. Orders promptly filled. Full weight guaranteed. Telephone 364.

A New Business.

The Oakland Shoe Repairing Co., at 1238 Broadway, is doing a satisfactory business. The finest work done; called for and delivered. Telephone No. 14 main. No connection with any other concern in Alameda County. Look out for the cart with the gold shoe.

CURED OF PARALYSIS

Carlos F. Shepard, a Member of the Indianapolis Board of Trade, is About Once More.

A Case of Weighty Interest to Anyone Suffering With Nervous Complaints, for the Patient was Cured by "Feeding" the Nerves. This is a New Term in Medicine.

From the News, Indianapolis, Ind.

One of the best known men about the Indianapolis Board of Trade is Carlos F. Shepard, who for several years has been connected with the house of H. E. Kinney, grain broker. Mr. Shepard is a bluff, hearty, old gentleman of medium height, gray-headed and with a mustache like a French veteran. He is a man of very decided views on all subjects and is especially orthodox in politics and medicine. Notwithstanding his firmness in his convictions and the vigor with which he maintains them he is a man of many friends for manly men, even though sometimes obstinate in their opinions, have the force of character that win admiration and friendship.

So a few months ago when the news came to his old associates on the Board of Trade that Mr. Shepard had received a stroke of paralysis and that the probabilities were that his days of usefulness were over, and that perhaps, his hours were numbered, the deepest sympathy went out to the smitten man and his family. It seemed to all his friends almost impossible that this rugged old man, always so wholesomely hearty and cheerful, always a picture of health for

HIS CHEEKS WERE LIKE THE ROSE IN THE SNOW;

could have been so suddenly laid low. But it was true and many weeks passed before his well-known form and kindly face returned to his former business haunts. His re-appearance was made the occasion of a hearty welcome and the story of his illness and recovery is well worth the telling.

"I was taken sick," said Mr. Shepard, "on the 17th of August, 1895. As I had all along been of the opinion that I was made of iron, you may well believe that it was hard for me to entertain the thought that I was to be laid up for more than a day or two. I am 58 years old, and for 40 years up to the time of this attack, I had not had a day's sickness. The doctors who diagnosed my case saw at once that it was something serious. They at first said that it was lumbago then sciatic rheumatism. They finally came to the conclusion they did not know what was the matter with me. I experienced no pain, my head was clear, my appetite good, but I lost the use of myself from my hips down. This was a hard stroke to an active man who has always had an easy going pair of legs. My brother-in-law, who is a physician, came from a neighboring city to see me. He pronounced my affliction to be locomotor ataxia. I am of the opinion that he diagnosed the case correctly for I was absolutely paralyzed from the hips down.

"Before he came, however, a day or so before I had begun taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. That was on the 20th day of last October. I read an article in the *Indianapolis News* and saw testimonials describing cases cured that were similar to mine. It struck me that the remedy could not do me any harm and I began to take the pills.

"Before I began taking them I could not stir a peg, but had to be carried from place to place. I had not got far into the first box when I felt that deliverance from my enforced inaction had come. Before I finished the second box I was able to walk alone with the aid of a cane. About home I do not use a cane now but when I come out on the slippery pavements I feel that I need a little support to make my footing sure.

"I am still using Williams' Pink Pills, but I have reduced the dose to one after each meal. It seems that I have been able to throw some discredit on the predictions of my doctors thanks to the pills. They said I could never walk again but here I am, and I think the credit must be given to the pills. It is said the pills are stimulating, but I cannot say that they give me any sensations that I am aware of. They merely cure and that is quite enough for me.

"Since I have been out I have been a walking advertisement for Williams' Pink Pills. I suppose I have recommended them to at least a hundred persons. What! You want to print all this? Why, my dear sir, I never gave a recommendation to any proprietary medicine before in my life. Perhaps it may not be a bad thing to do so this time if it will help any sufferer to regain health and bodily activity."

Carlos F. Shepard has been a resident of Indianapolis for over twenty years. He lives at No. 720 East Ohio Street. He has always been an active, enterprising man and his many friends will rejoice that he has literally been put upon his feet again. He is not only well-known locally but to grain shippers all over Indiana and Illinois.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an unfailing remedy for all diseases arising from a poor and watery condition of the blood, such as pale and sallow complexion, general muscular weakness, loss of appetite, depression of spirits, lack of ambition, anaemia, chlorosis or green sickness, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath on slight exertion, coldness of hands or feet, swelling of the feet and limbs, pain in the back, nervous headache, dizziness, loss of memory, feebleness of will, ringing in the ears, early decay, all forms of female weakness, leucorrhœa, tardy or irregular periods, suppression of menses, hysteria, paralysis, locomotor ataxia, rheumatism, sciatica, all diseases depending on vitiated humors in the blood, causing scrofula, swelled glands, fever sores, rickets, hip-joint diseases, hunchback, acquired deformities, decayed bones, chronic erysipelas, catarrh, consumption of the bowels and lungs, and also for invigorating the blood and system when broken down by overwork, worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions of living, recovery from acute diseases, such as fevers, etc., loss of vital powers, spermatorrhœa, early decay, premature old age. These pills are not a purgative medicine. They contain nothing that could injure the most delicate system. They act directly on the blood, supplying to the blood its life-giving qualities by assisting it to absorb oxygen, that great supporter of all organic life. In this way the blood, becoming "built up" and being supplied with its lacking constituents, becomes rich and red, nourishes the various organs, stimulating them to activity in the performance of their functions, and thus to eliminate diseases from the system.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and are never sold in bulk. They may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company. The price at which these pills are sold makes a course of treatment inexpensive as compared with other remedies.

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For the purpose of introducing our New Process we will make you One Dozen full-length Cabinet Photographs for . . . . .

$1.00 JUST THINK OF IT **$1.00**

Per Dozen. They surpass anything known up to Date. Call at Gallery and see Samples

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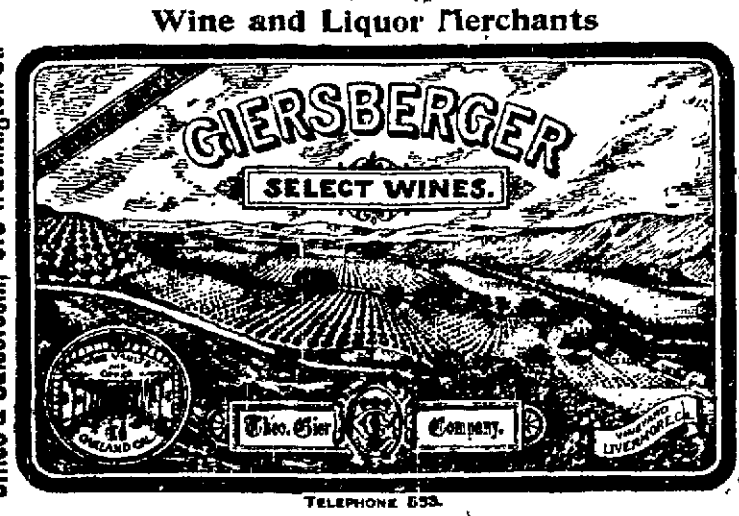
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Transacts a General SAVINGS and COMMERCIAL Business.

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Reserve Fund, - - 90,000 00
Deposits Dec. 31, 1895, 3,002,693 19

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1103 Broadway near Twelfth St.

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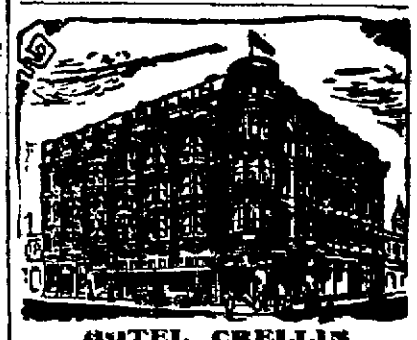
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The Leading Hotel of Oakland

Elevator and all conveniences of a first-class hotel. Rates to suit the times. Special by week or month. Guests of the Albany may take at 16th st. station the 14th street electric cars direct to the hotel.

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Sunny rooms; first class table. Rates $5 per day.

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To enjoy the day properly you must order your Sunday dinner from

L. C. BEEM,

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TELEPHONE 258.

The Lace House
Corner Twelfth and Washington Streets.
OAKLAND.
The H. C. Capwell Co.

Lace Curtains
AT VERY LOW PRICES

We want to clean up the stock and close out every pair of Curtains now in the store. If you want Curtains now you have an opportunity to buy them at a saving.

NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS, 65c to $3.00 a pair
BRUSSELS EFFECTS $1.00 to $4.50 a pair
IRISH POINT, $2.00 to $12.00 a pair
REAL LACE and CLUNEY CURTAINS—All reduced in price

New Chenille Table Covers.
New Tapestry Table Covers.
Bicycle and Golf Caps, etc. at 25c
For Ladies, Boys and Girls
50 dozen just received. The correct shape. A handsome Cap at the price. Stripes, Checks and Randoms—all at 25c.

As Others See Us.

Alameda County has been holding a grand industrial exposition, and, as ex-Mayor Davis of Oakland points out, it presents an object lesson in protection to home industry. Every industry in Alameda County is represented at the exposition. There are California silk goods, California rugs and carpets, California wines and fruits. All the factories in Alameda County, as elsewhere, were brought into existence through a policy of protection, and, if they are to continue in successful operation, many of them, at least, will require a return to the principle which made them possible. Who shall say that the establishment of these industries has not been immensely beneficial to the farmers and to every class of citizens in Alameda County? They have brought capital into play, they have provided employment to thousands of men and women who otherwise would have been idle or who would have been forced to enter into competition with the farmer, the mechanic, the clerk, the merchant and every class of labor, and they have created to the extent of the number of people employed a home market for products of the soil that is at once convenient and valuable.

The wealthiest and most prosperous States in the Union are those in which the factory and the farm are practically side by side, the former providing employment for the superfluous population and at the same time a market for the farmers' products. The Republican party advocates protection, because it enables factories to flourish, the laborer to find work and wages, and the farmer to dispose of his raw material and his produce in a market that lies almost at his door. As the South and the West pay more attention to working up their own material at home they will become more prosperous. They have the material, and protection will supply the opportunity.

What, then, do these factories and industries which have been built up in Alameda County under a system of protection mean for that county? It means, as Mr. Davis says, that "this fast developing section, of which Alameda County is a part, is already a manufacturing center, and if it is to continue as such it must be protected. We do not work for a cupful of rice and a few cents a day. We do not wish to be clothed in rags and see our very backbone, our manufactories, closed. Take from Alameda County every factory in it, and try to contemplate the result. Double the number of factories, and then try to form an idea of the future." But, as Mr. Davis asks, if foreign pauper hordes are to come here unrestricted, and if our manufactures are to be put on a free trade footing, how many years would elapse before it would be possible for Oakland to get together such another exposition? Even now many of the manufacturers of that city keep their factory doors open only because they hope for speedy relief from the Republican party, and should the Democratic party, with its free trade policy, continue in power, many of them will be compelled to close altogether.—San Jose Mercury.

Oakland has made another offering at the Temple of Fame in the person of a "flying shoemaker." That is a shoe-pegger of that city claims to have a machine which will carry a human body, not to speak of a light head, above the ground and over the gutters. It has been suggested that an opportunity be given some of the Oakland Councilmen to try the machine, as they are said to be great hands at trying a flyer.—Alameda Encinal.

The registration of this year fell over 2,000 names below that of 1894. The reason given for this is that the Register of that year was badly stuffed, either by error or for purposes of fraud at election time. County Clerk Jordan intends that the new Register shall be made as clean and perfect as possible, and the total registration will not exceed 27,000 in the county. The total vote cast in Alameda County at the last general election was 20,792.—Alameda Encinal.

The people of Alameda were paid many decided compliments yesterday by visitors to the County Exposition, and especially by the managers of that very creditable show. The twenty-five hundred school children behaved so well as to call forth repeated commendation. One of the Directors said that he never before saw together at a public place of entertainment so many well dressed, well behaved and good looking children. Alameda made an excellent impression upon the people in attendance at the fair, showing that its people are not only cultured, but enterprising and proud of their city.—Alameda Argus.

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ARTHUR M'EWEN'S LETTER.

State Politics in a Rather Chaotic Condition Owing to the Fierce Struggle for Prestiges.

THE UNITED STATES SENATORIAL FIGHT IN EVIDENCE

Shortridge an Avowed Candidate for the National Legislative Honors.

PERKINS MEN ARE AT WORK.

Hervey Lindley Said to Be Ambitious to Succeed Senator White.

CONGRESSIONAL CONTESTS.

Populists and Democrats Are Trying to Figure Out a Fusion Ticket.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—While the Democrats are, like sensible politicians, doing their best to come to a co-operative understanding with the Populists not only as to the electoral ticket but as to Congressmen, the Republicans of San Francisco are extremely active in promoting strife within the party and so increasing its chances of defeat. Personal ambitions are large responsible for this state of things. The supply of Generals and Colonels is immense, and nearly every General and Colonel wants an office, and is therefor jealous of all the other Generals and Majors. It is a peculiarity of most of these perfectly selfish leaders that they have never done anything more for the party than to push themselves forward and raise a row unless it was plainly understood that victory meant spoils for themselves. They stand, as a rule, for neither brains nor character, but only appetite. The most conspicuous General of them all is seemingly an exception in the matter of desiring office, preferring to offer his friends for place instead of himself. But this generous General has the misfortune to be an amateur in politics, and his pre-eminence provokes resentment and revolt among the veterans who are not so fortunate as to be on his list of friends destined for preferment. General Spreckels aspires—vide the announcement of the admiring Call—to be a State leader of the Quay-Platt order, but the want of capacity he displays for preserving harmony in the city does not encourage the belief that he will ever rise to the position of Commander in Chief of the Republican forces of California. One cause of his failure as a harmonizer is the bad advice he gets from his cabinet. The courtiers who surround him are cherubim and seraphim who continually do cry that he is great, and that opposition to his will is proof of a stiff-necked and rebellious spirit that invites not to conciliation but punishment. The General has harkened to this crying and accustomed his nostrils to the sweet savor of the incense that is burned by day and by night under his opulent nose. So it has come about that when the General finds anybody disputing his sovereignty he assumes that the malcontent is merely scheming to get an offer to come into camp. This may be true enough of such political adventurers as Martin Kelly, Colonel Kowalsky, Jerry Mahoney and fellows of the baser sort in general, but, though Spreckels is unable to realize it, there really are plenty of Republicans in San Francisco quite as reputable as himself who do not think submission to his will necessary either to their own or the party's salvation.

In the Fourth and Fifth Congressional Districts the situation has become so involved as to make it certain that the Republicans will be defeated unless the riot act is read to the contending factions by the voice of an authority high and stern enough to compel obedience. In the Fourth the Spear wing, recognized by the National Convention and the National Committee, made a nomination for Congress and also for Presidential elector, and General Spreckels, who was not clever enough to prevent this, went straight ahead and nominated candidates also, just as if Spear and his followers did not exist.

"The folly of this," a Republican who cares a good deal more for party interests than he does for either Spreckels or Spear, said to me, "is only surpassed by its impudence. John D. is demonstrating that he needs a few men with good sense to stay with him and tell him several times a day that he doesn't know it all and isn't the whole of the Republican party. We've got too local organizations now, and a double ticket in the Fourth Congressional District. The General signalized his ability as a political manager at the opening of the campaign, you remember, by being fooled into voting against himself in the State Committee. Now in the Fourth he has had the nerve, or the stupidity, I don't know which, to put up a candidate for Congress against the one nominated by the District Convention which, whatever else may be said of it, was declared by the highest authority of the Republican party to be the properly organized body, under the instructions of the National Committee. By causing his discredited and rejected delegation to nominate Dinkelspeil, Spreckels has put himself in a fix from which he will not be able to crawl without humiliation. The National Committee of which he is a member, can't well ignore his action. His enemies will see to it that the Committee shall be fully informed of his arbitrary and cheeky conduct. To the Committee the election of a Congressmen is of much more moment than the pride of the General. He has made his foes a present of a whip that will be laid on his back without mercy. If Spreckels possessed a proper conception of the duties of a leader he would have come to an understanding with the opposition long ago, and prevented all this pulling and hauling. Fancy Stow or Higgins allowing such a muddle to occur! I shouldn't be surprised were the General to lose the seat in the National Committee from which he ousted that other broad-minded statesman and his ancient enemy, General de Young, now of Paris. But whether General Spreckels or General de Young, or General Anybodyelse shall be on the National Committe is a trifle to everybody except the General immediately concerned. What is of importance to the voters of the party is that any hope of defeating Maguire must be relinquished if two Republican candidates remain in the field—especially two such candidates as Thomas O'Brien, the Clerk of Judge Campbell's Police Court, and H. G. W. Dinkelspeil, a young man of 30, and wholly unknown to the public. Spreckels will have to come off his perch. The party cannot stand imbecile management and that is what it is getting now. There is a demand for the intervention of the national overseers of the Republican party that will not be ignored. The rational thing to do would be for the factions to get together, take down their Congressional candidates and Presidential electors and agree on men who can command the solid Republican vote. It makes a full-grown man tired to see such politics as are being done in the Fourth."

In the Fifth the Republicans seemed to have a walkover ahead. The Democrats were so insensible to shame and the instruction of experience, as to renominate Joseph Kelly, who was defeated two years ago—and worse than defeated at the polls, for the State Central Committee took him off the ticket on the declared ground that as a partner of Buckley he had boodled the Board of Supervisors. With Kelly as an opponent, Loud appeared to be secure, but it is announced that Julius Kahn, who does not train with Spreckels, will be an independent Republican candidate. Kahn is popular, a free silver man, and it is not impossible that the Populists will indorse him. He will divide the Republican vote and draw to him thousands of Democrats who feel that Kelly's candidacy is a disgrace to the party and an intolerable affront to themselves. Mr. Kahn is a young lawyer, associated with W. W. Foote, who is his warm friend. Party feeling is weak this year, and I am quite sure that the influential men of the Democratic State Committee would a good deal rather have Kahn than Kelly elected. Indeed they would prefer Loud. And that is about how every decent Democrat in the District feels, too.

Speaking of the Democrats, it is not to me questioned that they have become very hopeful of carrying California. The dissensions of the Republicans here cheer them greatly and help to inspire them with an earnest desire for union among themselves and fusion with the Populists. Fusion on terms satisfactory to both sides will not be easy to bring about, but the outlook is that the two parties will come to a more or less satisfactory agreement. The Populists feel encouraged to ask a great deal and a great deal will be granted, for the Democratic managers are determined that if every free silver vote in the State is not made to count for Bryan it will be through no fault of theirs. The local troubles are harassing. The Junta declines to treat with the Buckleyites, on the ground that there is nothing to arbitrate, and that the best way to deal with them is to stamp on them with the hob nailed shoe of power. That policy has worked well up to date, so far as preventing the Buckleyites from getting recognition from the State Committee or State Convention of Election Commissioners goes, but the exiled faction instead of being crushed has been goaded to ferocity. The Junta men say that the Buckleyites are insignificant numerically, and that in quality they are the sort of persons it profits a party to be without. "If there's any boodle offering they will vote the Republican ticket anyway," a Junta chief observed to me. "They're the riff-raff of the party and have always been a curse to it, driving away respectable citizens from its support. Buckley is simply fighting to get some standing in the Democratic organization in order that he may pull it out. It would be a fatal mistake to take him and his lambs into the fold again."

"We have the bulk of the San Francisco Democracy with us," says Leader O'Brien, speaking of the Buckleyites, and the superiority of the Junta fellows in the matter of respectability is all in their own minds. If a powerful wing of the party such as we are don't get recognition nobody who knows anything about politics needs to be told what the consequence is likely to be on election day."

The State Committee, which pants for harmony, is distressed and doesn't know what to do. But while Gavin McNab, who is a power with the committee, has breath left in his energetic body, the Buckleyites will remain cursing and swearing outside the breastworks.

To return to General Spreckels' vast schemes of policy. Readers of the Chronicle cannot but have noticed that General de Young though himself not averse to getting on his feet and letting his eloquence flow and excite remark, has suddenly conceived a strong distaste and deep scorn for oratory. It is true that Candidate Bryan is the ostensible object of the General's contempt, but those who have knowledge of the inner secrets of Republican politics are wide awake to the malign local significance of these articles which are intended to convey the impression that the gift for ornate speech never goes with good brains. Bryan is an orator. So is Colonel Samuel M. Shortridge, and the Colonel, like the General, has his eye on the United States Senate. During the past two weeks all artful disguises of ambition, all the pretty airs of attractive modesty, have been cast aside by the Colonel. He is in the field for the Senatorship, and General Spreckels is behind him with his barrel and weighty influence. The Colonel's sister, Mrs. Clara Shortridge-Foltz who is known to the press of the United States as a eminent lawyer, in proclaiming that her brother is a statesman and an intellectual giant, who overtops his fellows as a stately oak does the weeds beneath its umbrageous branches, does not exceed the admiration which General Spreckels feels for Sam. The notion, long held, that either Claus Spreckels or John D. would seek to replace Senator Perkins is proved to have been erroneous. The elder Spreckels is to busy to care for the gauds of office, and his eldest son has been subjugated by the amazing genius of the Colonel, as privately revealed to him. The politicians tell me that the agents of the General are at work throughout the State aranging for the nomination of legislators who will pledge themselves to Shortridge. The politicians say that Spreckels has made a compact with Mr. Hervey Lindley of Los Angeles, who has his grip on the political machine there, and who in pursuance of the terms of the compact is tilling the citrus belt for the Colonel. It is also averred that Mr. Lindley if successful in this enterprise, will be rewarded by the General with the gift of Senator White's shoes two years hence. If a Republican Legislature shall be chosen the hold-overs will belong to Lindley. But Senator Perkins naturally wants another term, and his friends are not hypnotized by the genius of Shortridge or disheartened by the thought of Spreckels' money. They are at work. William Hamilton, who managed Mr. Perkins' fight before, was at Los Angeles last week, presumably to ascertain what Mr. Lindley is doing, and to countermine him. The Democrats moreover don't despair of capturing the Legislature. The more sanguine among them count on a tidal wave such as gave the party everything in 1882. Spreckels and Shortridge, further, have to face the hot hostility of the Catholic church. The A. P. A. has been lost sight of by the public since the national conventions met and the newspapers have talked of nothing except silver and gold. But beneath the surface the war over the religious issue has gone on with undiminished enthusiasm. The Monitor, the church's organ, has maintained a steady fire on Spreckels and the Call. Last week, Major Charles, the General's chief editor, was fiercely attacked. The Monitor gave President Hudelson of the A. P. A. as its authority for the statement that the Major had agreed to send a Call reporter to Catholic convents, ostensibly to write them up in a friendly way, but really to spy upon the sisters and if possible discover something to their discredit. Poor an authority as Hudelson now is on any question of fact, I am informed that Colonel and Major Shortridge were so disturbed by the Monitor's article that they visited the paper's office to offer the editor, Father Yorke, their assurances of the falsity of the story. It is surprising that a man of Father Yorke's masculine sense and knowledge of the San Francisco press, should have given a moments credence to such a romance. No San Francisco daily would dare to publish a convent scandal even if it had knowledge of one—least of any the Call, which is published to keep out of trouble with all. But the fire of the Monitor has made great breaches in the Call's circulation and rendered it pretty certain that no candidate who has Spreckels' support will get many Catholic votes. One of the General's most notable achievements in politics is to have set the church aflame with detestation of himself and everything and everybody belonging to him. As the campaign progresses the A. P. A. will, of course, assert itself, and then we shall be happy in the possession of all the elevating joys of a political Donnybrook.

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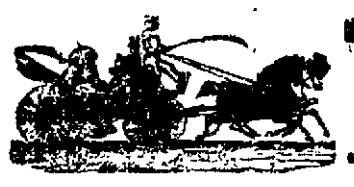
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SOCIETY NEWS

A Number of Weddings to Take Place Very Soon.

ENGAGEMENT PARTIES GIVEN.

Charming Domino in Honor of Miss Irene Baker.

THE TOWN FILLING AGAIN.

Cathode Rays Turned on by the Ever Busy Meddler.

Apropos of Amy Requa's engagement dinner, which was very, very charming, why do not some of our other girls who are soon to be brides do a little entertaining? This particular dinner was very pretty, indeed, and I have often wondered why the Jewish engagement reception is not adopted and popularized by others. It is a pretty idea. It gives every one a chance to meet the groom, if he is from a far country, and it comes long enough before the wedding not to interfere with that feast.

Claire Ralston's bridesmaids have been for weeks a secret locked in the breasts of her closest friends. She does not want the details of her wedding published until the very eve of the affair. I have no doubt the wedding at St. Paul's will be very pretty, and the reception at the house out of the ordinary, for the bride and groom are going to live in the far Blue Grass State, and the affair will be in the nature of a farewell. The two Selby girls and Miss Austin will be bridesmaids, with Louis Ralston for best man, and Prentiss Selby and Mr. Campbell for ushers.

Miss Ralston has a very charming collection of engagement cups, her only fad.

The other guests at the Requa dinner, where red, white and blue flowers nodded over the crystal and silver, were Miss Lulia Booth and her Chicago fiance, Mr. Sherman, who is paying a visit at the Piedmont home of his beloved, Miss Myra Prather, and Harry East Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Requa, Mr. and Mrs. William Magee, Miss Morgan, Mr. Buckbee, Miss Ida Belle Palmer, Mr. Ralston, Miss Edith Lilienerantz, Granville Abbott, Miss Requa and Colonel Long, the dinner being for the purpose of introducing him. The decorations were a compliment to the calling of the Colonel.

So far as I know, preparations for the other three impending weddings have scarcely been begun, nor the days set, though the foundations of some fairy like trosseaux are being laid. In a week or so I'll give you some bridesmaids and their gowns, and a wedding day or two.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Rossier, nee Mamie Pope, who was a spring bride, has been visiting her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Pope of Highland Park. Her trip was to select the furnishings for a very charming new house in San Diego, and she could only spare one week from a honeymoon which as not grown cold nor old. Mr. and Mrs. Rossier have been living at the Hotel del Coronado. On Thursday, Mrs. Rossier was at home to a great many of her girlhood friends. On Tuesday Mrs. Howard Bray, whose bridesmaid she was, entertained her and a number of girl friends at luncheon at her home in Fruitvale. On Thursday evening the Popes gave a small dinner and in the evening a great many friends called.

* * *

Last evening Mrs. G. W. Baker gave a delightful affair, exclusively for the younger set. There were 150 cards, dancing as the entertainment of the evening, and all in honor of the pretty daughter of the house, Irene, who is about to return to school. There were some dainty dimity gowns and some pretty things worn. The simple toilettes of the young girls were very pretty. To be sure, the gowns in the earlier part of the evening were in eclipse under the gayest of dominoes and the tiniest of masks, for the party at Thirteenth and Madison streets was the gayest of all gay things—a masked ball. When the masks came off, faces were flushed and hair a trifle tumbled, but it was the merriest of fun and the most comical mistakes were made by the 150, who were sure they were all friends, but couldn't quite tell which one. The supper and decorations were quite as elaborate as though the hundred and fifty guests had been old and ennuied married folk, instead of young people most of whom were celebrating, not without regret, the end of their vacation time.

* * *

Another farewell before student days was the dinner given by Mrs. C. E. Sanborn of Fruitvale to her daughter Grace, who re-enters a San Francisco seminary. There were sixteen covers and guests from the younger set.

* * *

As for weddings, there are any number of them. The most important takes place on the 22d, when Miss Elizabeth Blankart and William Cullen will be wedded at the Brooklyn Presbyterian Church. It is to be a very pretty and elaborate wedding at the somewhat unusual hour of four. The church will be full, I have no doubt, for both of the parties have lived in East Oakland for many years, and have many friends. Afterward there will be a reception to 100 people at the bride's home, 1319 Tenth avenue. Miss Blankart is the eldest daughter of Professor and Mrs. Otto Blankart, and is a pretty and charming girl, as well as an accomplished musician. Mr. Cullen is equally well known and is the only brother of a bevy of handsome girls. The engagement was announced some time ago.

The decorations of the church are to be white and yellow, and Harry Hunt will be the organist. Dr. Morse, an old friend of the family and the President of the California Baptist College, will perform the ceremony in the absence of Rev. Mr. Palmer, the pastor of the church.

Miss Eda Blankart will be maid of honor, with Misses Edith Cullen, Edith Allen, Edith Lang and Magdalene Blankart as bridesmaids, and Messrs. Granville Abbott, David Bagley, Lewis H. Allen and Nelson Phelps for ushers. Ed Bray will be best man.

I have been permitted a peep at the bridal gown, which is a departure from the conventional lines, being of white brocaded satin, covered with chiffon, with a Marie Antoinette collar of lace, long bouffant sleeves, a court train and long veil, and a jeweled girdle by way of ornament.

After the wedding and reception the bride and groom will take a train bound eastward. The place of the honeymoon is a profound secret, but I believe that any one who happened to be at the romantic environment of Tahoe would find them there. They will reside in Oakland.

* * *

Miss Carlson of Berkeley was the heroine of a pretty little country wedding on the 5th, at which there were forty-five guests, and there is a big wedding on the tapis, of which I will tell you next week. The bride is an Alameda girl, and the date is the 27th of August.

* * *

The double Dornin wedding in Sonoma County on the 12th was a very novel and pretty affair. In character it was a good deal like Bonnie Tompkins' wedding a year ago. In the first place, Oakwood, the Dornin country home, is a very pretty place, and an admirable background for such an affair.

Miss Julia Dornin was married to Rev. George Eldridge of the Presbyterian Church of Fulton by Dr. Mackenzie of San Francisco, and Miss Alice Dornin became the wife of Hubert Bryant, a San Francisco insurance man, through the ministrations of Dr. Shurtleff of Cloverdale.

The residence was elaborately decorated with flowers, and Mrs. Will Woolsey played the wedding march. The procession for the double nuptials was novel. Master and Miss Dorothy Wilkinson, nephew and niece of the brides, led the march to the floral bower. They were followed by the officiating clergymen, then the bridegrooms, then Mr. and Mrs. George Dornin, the father and mother, the maid of honor, another niece, Miss Helen Dornin walking alone and then the brides in white gowns much alike.

George D. Dornin used formerly to be connected with the Union National Bank of Oakland, and John Dornin, the son, always called "Jackie," was a Berkeley student and a well known member of the Beta Theta Pi fraternity there. Naturally there were many guests among the 300 invited from Alameda County.

The weddings were at noon, and after the ceremonies the congratulations and the feasting, which was out of doors, the bridal couples drove away in a shower of rice and took the train for San Francisco at Santa Rosa. Later the guests took the same train and traveled citywards, and the trip was a very, very merry one. The honeymoons are to be spent in Southern California.

* * *

Last Sunday F. M. Campbell was the host at a very pleasant little dinner, which was the occasion of a family reunion. There were eight guests in all, all related by blood or marriage, and the dinner was a very enjoyable one.

* * *

The returning clergymen have all been properly feted and received. A reception was given to Rev. and Mrs. Charles Wendte, who returned despite all the rumors to the contrary, and also to Rev. Edwards Davis, who came back, though all the newspapers protested that he wouldn't. The reception to Mr. Davis was given last week by the ladies of the Central Christian Church at the Metropole. The reception to the Wendtes was in the daytime at the Ebell rooms, only charter members officiating.

* * *

I do not think that many Oaklanders were so much as bidden to Mrs. Will Crocker's fete champetre at Burlingame this week. The Requas had intended going, but Colonel Long was prevented by official duties, so the Requas did not go.

Mrs. Requa, Miss Amy Requa, Miss Morgan and Miss Palmer have returned from Aetna Springs.

* * *

Mrs. Joseph Dyer gave a very delightful luncheon on Friday afternoon. Everybody remembers Alice Dyer and Lizzie Boyer, and how those two glorious voices used to fill the First Congregational Church. Well, both are visiting Oakland, Miss Dyer, now Mrs. A. H. Otis, from Spokane, and Miss Lizzie Boyer from New York, where she has made a great success with her wonderful contralto. It was in their honor that Mrs. Jo Dyer gave the luncheon, and the guests had the opportunity of hearing some exquisite solos and duets. Those who lunched and listened were Mrs George Auger, Mrs. Ketchum, nee Helen Little, Mrs. Frederick Stratton, Miss Lizzie Boyer, Mrs. Joseph Dyer, Miss Nellie Chabot and Mrs. A. H. Otis. Miss Chabot, Mrs. Stratton and Mrs. Ketchum also sang. It was a very charming reunion of old friends.

* * *

A large camping party composed very largely of the personnel that once made up that congenial organization known as "The Merry Tramps," left this week for the Mendocino forests, where they will spend the best part of a month.

As of yore, the Masons and Melvins were the controlling spirits. The larger part of the company left this week by wagon and will drive to Mendocino County. Among them are Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Gove Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. Will Melvin, and Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Vandercook.

Next week Mr. and Mrs. Charles Melvin and some others will leave by schooner and sail to meet the rest of the party. The Merry Tramps camp very pleasantly and very systematically. They have done it so many times that they know exactly what to take and better still, what not to take. It has been several years since they last took to the woods.

* * *

The Exposition still flourishes apace. The children have lisped the hard words, little Vera Moffitt winning a prize for her precocious talkativeness, and a very grave looking baby girl, Evelyn Chubb, receiving the second prize for gibness of tongue.

Significant, isn't it, that no boy ever gets this prize for early talking? It is verily the day of the new woman.

On Berkeley Day the children talked almost too much, so much so that they drowned the voices of the Berkeley speakers, and made them very, very angry. The result was that Mr. Thomas Bacon, a reverend and a college professor, lost his temper very completely.

Mrs. William Keith, nee Mary McHenry, showed her pique less, which comes perhaps from having to do with the calm, slow-going artistic temperament.

And in spite of it all the day was a success.

* * *

Alhearn and Ernest Folger gave a picnic at San Rafael a week ago Friday to a number of their friends, and a dinner for twelve in the private dining room of the Hotel Rafael the same evening. Both affairs were in the nature of a farewell, for the family returned to town last Monday, after having been six weeks at San Rafael. They will go to Del Monte for the Country Club.

Fred Greenwood, who has made a considerable stay at San Rafael, left for San Francisco at the same time as the Folgers and so the ellgibles decrease.

Dr. Hubert Clement has been camping and fishing at Catalina for several weeks.

Mrs. Gordon M. Stolp has returned from a visit to her son and daughter-in-law at Belvedere, where they have a cottage.

Wallace Everson and Mrs. Everson are at the Geysers.

Frank Jackson, assistant secretary of the Y. M. C. A., has returned to Oakland from Portland, Oregon, where he has been spending three weeks with his parents.

* * *

That was a very sad death in the Feather River, above Oroville, when Amos Rugg, by a stumble of his horse, was drowned while fording the river, so rich in gold. Mr. Rugg some years ago married Miss Louise Thomas, eldest daughter of the Fruitvale capitalist. It was a very big wedding in the Brooklyn Presbyterian Church and all East Oakland was there, for the Thomases have lived in East Oakland for years. The second daughter, Lillie Thomas, married Mr. Oliver, the architect. The Ruggs have resided in Oakland most of the time since, and Mr. Rugg ran down from the mines on the Fourth of July to spend the holiday with his wife and 4-year-old boy. At the time of the father's death the Ruggs had a baby but a few weeks old, and the sudden and cruel accident and death has plunged a large circle of relatives into mourning.

* * *

I am sure you will all be very much surprised to hear that Celia Plunkett, daughter of the late Supervisor James C. Plunkett, of East Oakland, who went to the Hawaiian Islands so recently to be a teacher, is married.

The wedding occurred on July 22d, the groom being Dr. Robert B. Williams, son of Captain R. A. Williams, U. S. A., and a graduate of the medical department of the University of California. The marriage was celebrated at the beautiful residence of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Kennedy in Waiakea, Hilo. The decorations were exquisite, even for that tropical land. Two large branches of feathery bamboo tied together with a true lover's knot of wide white satin ribbon formed the bower. The back and canopy were formed of one great branch of yucca flowers—two feet long and very broad—consisting of a shower of fragrant white bells. In nooks and corners were seen the tender green of young banana trees, ferns, ti plants and many white roses. This room was entirely in white and green, the bright light was excluded, and soft artificial light used. The wedding was in the morning at 9 o'clock, and the rites were those of the Episcopal church, of which the bride is a member. To the Lohengrin march, the bride entered with Mr. Kennedy Mr. Wakefield acted as best man.

The bride wore white brocaded silk, trimmed with fine lace, and, as she is a very pretty and sweet-faced girl, I can imagine that she looked charming.

After congratulations the bridal party passed through the rear parlor, bright with yellow flowers, to the dining room, decorated in pink and white, pink crepe myrtle and orange blossoms predominating. After the wedding breakfast Dr. and Mrs. Williams left for the volcano, from whence they will go to Honolulu. On their return they will occupy a beautiful home at Hilo, where Dr. Williams is a very popular physician with a large practice. Mrs. Williams will continue her missionary work among the natives who are much attached to her.

* * *

Friday was an interesting day at the Exposition. The writers and the suffragists made things interesting with papers, a reception, music and other agreeable things. Mrs. Marshall read a very clever paper, Joaquin Miller was—well, he was Joaquin Miller, and everything went well and pleasantly. I thing the suffragists are winning friends by their generous hospitality.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshal of Telegraph avenue entertained a number of friends on Thursday evening.

* * *

Of course you have heard of the new club—it is called the Friday Morning Club and it is a sort of luncheing club. Mrs. Gordon Stolp and Mrs. Fred Stratton are among the members and they have delightful epicurean times.

We are all becoming gourmands with our Chafing Dish and Luncheon Clubs, but our palates are being educated, so there's no loss to any one, not even to that greedy person,

THE MEDDLER.

THE BAKER PARTY.

A delightful domino party was given last evening by Mr. and Mrs. George W. Baker in honor of the sixteenth birthday of their daughter, Miss Irene, who will leave for a boarding school Monday. The handsome Baker home on Madison street was bright with flowers and brilliant lights. The large reception rooms were canvassed for dancing and daintily decorated with masses of La France roses with here and there bunches of azaleas. Up stairs was a large reception room exquisitely decorated and which formed a resting place for weary dancers. Mr. and Mrs. Baker received the guests. At half past eleven the dancers were unmasked and at midnight a dainty supper was served. Among the special guests from San Francisco were the Misses Edith Stubbs, Charlotte Field, Margaret Cole, Della Mills, May Sharon, Lillie Downing, Netta Edwards. Among the girls from Oakland society were the Misses Jean and Florence Hush, Marietta Havens, Florence Sharon, Blanche Sharon, Grace Baldwin, Jean Howard, Bessie Palmer, Edith Selby, Beatrice Vrooman, Marjedna Snell, Gertrude Allen, Clare Converse, Kate Chabot, Pauline and Anita Lohse, Grace Gorrill, Pauline Fore, Abbie Cliff, Harriet Kittredge, Bertha McElrath, Florence Edoff, Ray Wellman, Elise Marwedel, Emma Grimwood, May Bell, Edyth Adams, Edith Gaskill, Mamie Thomas, Carrie Schultz, Hattie Currier, Grace Hanson, Annie Pratt, Chrissie Taft, Mamie Kent, Lulu Everett, Florence Walker, Sallie Quinan, Carrie Quinan, Helen Garthwaite, Helene Bell, Jennie Crellin, Sadie Whitney, Ethel Whitney, Olive Middleton, Beatrice Curtiss.

The others present included Messrs. Stewart Rawlings, George Sharon, Beach Soule, Will and Harry Horn, Henry Bacon, Roy McDonald, Elmore Leffingwell, Dave Roscoe, Herbert Leek, Eugene Beck, Will English, Dan Belden, Roy Belden, Homer and Cory Craig, Bernard North, Paul Selby, Wallace Everett, Roger Friend, Silas Palmer, Roy Mauvais, Edwin Statmore, Jerry Simpson, Harry and Allen Checkering, Walter Starr, George Sessions, Will Thorn, Orville Pratt, Max Taft, Walter Beebe, Lloyd Robbins, Joe Phelps, Fred Compton, Ed Jackson, Joe Rosborough, Norris English, Fred Dieckman, Percy Bromwell, Howard Badger, Tony Kaiser, Fritz Crist, Wick Havens, Ben Bakewell, Carl and Jack Hoffman, Charles Purcells, Walter Dayton, Wright and Sumner Hardy, Church Taylor, George Manley, Claude Sharon, Harry Farr, Fred Grimwood, Henry Nicholls, Herbert Selby.

THE DE WOLF PARTY.

Miss Lily De Wolf gave a pleasant party last Friday evening in honor of her Sunday school class. Those present were: The Misses Bessie De Wolf, Mattie Genung, Helen Whitton, Annie Morrison, Myrtle Scrimmon, Fannie Cuthbert, Francis and Georgia Sanborn, Margaret Bartlett, Grace McNorton, Stella Shoemaker, Messrs. De Wolf, Hubert Whitton and Ed Morrison.

THE FINKENSTEDT PARTY.

Miss Kittie Finkenstedt gave a very enjoyable party at her home last Saturday evening. Dancing and music were the amusements of the evening. Among those present were: Mrs. M. Elliott, Mrs. Drake, Mrs Neilson of Ignacia, the Misses A. Donohue, Minnie Donohue, Minnie Kitchen, E. Scrivenor, Annie and Lottie Finkenstedt; Messrs. Drake, Fine, A. Reed, Charles Slamburg, George Finkenstedt, Daniel Hurlbut.

THE PRESS CLUB RECEPTION

The reception tendered to the Press Club by the Political Equality Society at their booth in the Oakland Exposition yesterday afternoon proved to be quite a society event. A number of well-known people were in attendance. The Reception Committee consisted of Mrs. S. C. Borland, Mrs. L. G. Judd, Mrs. Irene Woodhams, Mrs. Olive Babcock, Mrs. T. L. Walker, Mrs. McElroy, Mrs. Kate Carter and Mrs Adeline Osgood. Among the guests were Mrs. Ada Van Pelt, Ina Coolbrith, Joaquin Miller, Mrs Florence Hardman Miller, Miss Mary Lambert, Dr. Kellogg-Land, Mrs. William Keith, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wilkie, Charles Markham, Miss Mollie Conners, Mrs. L. A. Thompson, Miss Mabel Hussey, Rev. Eliza T. Wilkes, Mrs. Emma Sickle Marshall, Miss Ida Putnam, Mrs. Hussey, Miss Jones, the Black Patti, Mrs. Burns and many others.

THE EBELL LUNCHEON.

The Ebell Society's luncheon in honor of the charter members and especially Mrs. Charles Wendte, who is not only a charter member, but also a bride and who has only recently returned from an extended wedding trip, occurred Tuesday in the club room. It was a charming affair with exquisite decorations of pink amaryllis and La France roses. Nearly 150 ladies were present. At the charter members' table were Mrs. C. W. Wendte, Mrs. Geo. W. Grant, Mrs. G. W. Bunnell, Mrs. Kate Sessions, Mrs. W. H. Friend, Mrs. P. D. Browne, Mrs. M. P. Benton, Miss Benton, Mrs. Hardy, Mrs. E. E. Greenman, Mrs. S. J. Smythe, Mrs. A. Cornwall, Mrs. Wallace Everson, Mrs. W. Sherman. After the luncheon Mrs. W. A. Childs proposed a toast to Mrs. Wendte, who responded charmingly. She was followed in turn by Mrs. Bunnell, president of the Ebell, Mrs. P. D. Browne, Mrs. Benton, Mrs. Friend and Miss Benton. Two most delightful, and very appropriate recitations were given by Miss Ethel Hornick, who has been making a notable success in elocution in the East this year.

PLUNKETT—WILLIAMS.

The last steamer from Honolulu brought news of the details of the Plunkett-Williams marriage at Hilo on July 22d. The bride, Miss Celia Plunkett, was a daughter of the late Supervisor J. C. Plunkett of East Oakland, and is a graduate of the Oakland High School. She left her old home over a year ago, intending to devote several years to missionary work in the Hawaiian Islands, and her engagement came as a surprise to her many friends in this city. The groom is a son of Captain R. A. Williams, United States Navy, and is a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of California. He is a clever young physician and has a large practice on the Islands.

The wedding took place at the beautiful home of Mr and Mrs. C. C. Kennedy in Waiakea, Hilo. The decorations were luxuriantly tropical. A bower was formed in the front parlor with two large branches of feathery bamboo tied overhead with a true lovers' knot of wide white satin ribbon. Extending from the back and crowning all was artistically arranged a blossom from the yucca tree. This flower is about two feet high and proportionately broad, and is a mass of white bells. In pretty nooks and corners were young banana trees, ferns, ti plants and roses galore. From this room, which was in white and green, daylight was excluded and electric light effects used.

The ceremony was performed shortly after 9 o'clock according to the rites of the Episcopal Church. To the music of "Lohengrin" the bride entered on the arm of Mr. Kennedy. Mr. Wakefield acted as best man. The bride wore an exquisite gown of brocaded white silk, trimmed with delicate lace.

After the ceremony the guests passed into the dining room, where the wedding breakfast was served. The dining room was daintily decorated in pink and white, pink crepe myrtle and orange blossoms predominating.

Later the bride and groom started on their wedding trip to Honolulu amidst a shower of rice. On their return Dr. and Mrs. Williams will occupy their beautiful shower of rice. On their return Dr. and her work among the natives, to whom she is especially endeared.

LISSNER—GREENHOOD.

An interesting wedding occurred Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Greenhood, 624 William street, when Miss Ermine Greenhood and Meyer Lissner were united in marriage. The ceremony was performed by Rabbi Friedlander. The bride looked very handsome in an elegant gown of satin trimmed with rich point lace. She was accompanied by Miss Emily Greenhood, maid of honor, and Miss Annette Hirshberg, Miss Carrie Beel and Miss Lizzie Peres, bridesmaids. The groom was attended by his brother, Bert Lissner. Mr. Lissner is a member of the Los Angeles jewelry firm of M. Lissner & Co. The bride is a talented young woman and has many friends in this city. After a wedding supper, Mr. and Mrs. Lissner left on their wedding trip south.

THE DANLY PARTY.

M. P. Danly was surprised by a number of his friends Wednesday, the twenty-first anniversary of his birthday. The house was charmingly decorated in pink and white, and the time was passed pleasantly with games and music. Late in the evening supper was served under a large canopy on the lawn. The host cut the birthday cake and Miss Pearl Atkins received the ring. Those present were: Miss Pearl Atkins, Miss Amy Cookson, Misses Mabel and Lilly Etting, Miss Madlein Hollman, Miss Emma Arrisson, Miss Helen Danly of San Francisco, Misses Lizzie and Clara Dock of Stockton, Cal., Miss Pearl Danly, Miss Pearl Clover, Miss Cora Anderson, Miss Alice McCurdy, Miss Minnie Danly, Miss Hortense Sutherland of Alameda, L. H. Collom, W. Rocky, L. E. Ensign and F. Cookson of San Francisco, W. Ward, James Morris, Professor Hipkins, W. Oestereicher, G. Owen, C. B. Greeley, H. McCurdy, C. A. Danly, C. L. Danly, L. E. Danly and Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Danly of Alameda.

THE RUCHERT PARTY.

An enjoyable bon bon party was given by Miss Etta Ruchert at her home 765 Clay street, Thursday evening. The time was pleasantly passed with music and games. Among the guests present were: Miss Etta Ruchert, Miss Cora Ruchert, Miss Ida Ruchert, Miss Myrtle Ruchert, Miss Clara Heffernan, Miss Emma Souter, Miss Maggie Mulvey, Miss Elenor Wilson, Miss Winnie Mulvey, Miss Myrtle Cooper, Miss Dozie Wilson, Miss E. Hill, Miss May Johnston, Miss K. Whitehead, Messrs. Leland Ruchert, Walter Quin, John Travers, Tom Victors, Charlie Kucks, Charlie Cluford, Frank Priestley, Dr. Smith, Tom Guard, W. Johnston, H. Johnegon, F. Black.

M. H. P. C. BALL.

The Masonic Hall Dancing Club gave an enjoyable party Thursday evening in Masonic Temple, which was prettily decorated with ferns and palms. The grand march was led by Miss Ella Good and George Clark. Among the guests were:

J. W. Leonard, H. Maloon, Miss Ida Webster, Mr. Taggart, William Kuhnle, Miss Marshall, F. C. Gaffney, Mrs. Pierce, Miss Kohl, J. W. Ledgett, Mrs. Romick, Mrs. Rivers, Miss A. Carpenter, Miss Mabel Carpenter, F. B. Shattuck, Miss Belle Little, George P. Clark, Miss Ella Good, W. B. Jones, Mr. Ed Leonard, Miss Tallman, Miss Look, A. Havens, Miss E. Honwege, Miss Thomas, R. H. Hoagland, Miss Sadie Bower, R. W. Webster, S. L. Good, C. L. Morrey, Mrs. A. Richardson, C. Dainsworth, Miss Annie Volker, Miss Mamie Volker, Fred Tyrell, Bert Parker, Miss Broadway, H. T. Webster, Mrs. Webster, W. A. Donahoe, O. W. Peterson, Miss Myra Miller, Miss James, Mr. Nuckolls, Miss Johnson, H. Ellis, Miss Downer, D. J. Corkery, Miss Stella Graham, H. Wilson, Mrs. Cumiskey, A. W. Gray, W. B. Styles, A. Raymond, F. S. Starratt, Mrs. Starratt, J. C. Robinson, T. S. Harlon, Miss G. Smith, T. J. O'Connor, Miss F. Hill, Mr. Makins, Mrs. R. Davis, Mr. McGregor, W. Duchram, Miss L. Vogel, Miss Shields, M. E. Odt, J. D. Scanlon, Miss Jeffrey, George Williams, Miss Jones, C. R. Pritchard, Mr. Rand, Miss G. Gray, J. Brannan, Frank Pfister, A. H. Fox, Miss Mamie Burns, I. Fairbanks, Daye Wise, Mrs. Wise, C. B. Harris, Miss Eva Copp, Miss Ella Copp, L. W. Denison, Mrs. Graham, G. Baker, A. M. Kinne, L. Q. Havens, Miss Minnie Horwege, H. Tyrell, Miss M. C. Hill, Miss Tessie Murray, Mr. Bentley, T. P. Hamel, Ed Olson, H. Hamilton, Miss E. Culver, E. E. Leighton, Mrs. H. A. Glines, E. A. Hundley, W. Hodkins, Miss Mattie Wright, Miss Wright, Mrs. Davis.

STEWART—LITTLEFIELD.

The engagement of Frank H. Stewart and Miss Lyda Littlefield is announced. Both the young people are residents of East Oakland, where they have a large circle of friends.

Miss Littlefield is the handsome and accomplished daughter of Deputy United States Marshal J. Littlefield, while Mr. Stewart is one of the best known young men in East Oakland, being connected with the firm of M. Y. Stewart & Co.

The wedding will take place within two or three months, though the exact date has not yet been set.

BEEDE—ALDRICH.

Dr. William Stewart Beede and Miss Virginia Foote Aldrich were married August 9th, at 2 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Rounsevelle Wildman. The bride is the granddaughter of the late Henry S. Foote, Senator from Mississippi, and niece of Judge Henry S. Foote and W. W. Foote of this city. The groom is a nephew of United States Senator William M. Stewart of Nevada. He is a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of California, and has removed recently to this city, where he has taken up a permanent residence.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William C. Shaw, who is acting at the Church of St. Mary the Virgin in Rev. Mr. Bolton's absence. Although the bride is among San Francisco's most popular society girls, she insisted upon a quiet home wedding, which took place at the residence of her sister. She was married in a dark blue traveling gown. The parlors, which are especially picturesque in their Oriental hangings, needed but the bunches of cut flowers, which were the only decoration. There were no attendants save the bride's brother, W. F. Aldrich, who acted as best man. Mrs. Aldrich, mother of the bride, stood in place of her husband, the late Judge Lewis Aldrich.

After congratulations a wedding breakfast was served, and later Dr. and Mrs. Beede left for a southern trip.

The guests were, besides the members of the immediate families, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Foote, Miss Bertha Foote, J. West Martin, Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Holladay, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Herrin and Mr. and Mrs. E. Burke Holladay.

RALSTON—BULLITT.

The coming event in society is the marriage of Miss Claire Ralston, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Ralston and Dr. Bullitt of Louisville, Kentucky, Wednesday next. The wedding will take place in St. Paul's Church at high noon. The officiating clergymen will be the Right Rev. Bishop Nicholls and Rev. Dr. Ritchie. A number of invitations have been extended and the marriage will be the most brilliant affair of the year. There will be a maid of honor, Miss Mae Austin of Stockton, and six bridesmaids, the Misses Selby, Misses De Fremery, Eells, Walker, and Watts. The ushers will be Messrs. Campbell, Hayne, Brayton, Wilson, Blanchard, and Prentiss Selby. Louis Ralston will act as best man.

THE DORNIN WEDDING.

A double wedding highly interesting to Oaklanders took place Wednesday at "Oakmead," Santa Rosa, the beautiful country home of Mr. and Mrs. George D. Dornin, who formerly resided in this city. The contracting parties were Miss Julia Dornin and the Rev. George Eldredge and Miss Alice Dornin and Hubert Bryant. By special arrangements with the railroad company cars were run to Oakmead and stopped at the Dornin place. A quarter of a mile walk under shady trees brought the guests to the home where, through the thoughtful consideration of the hostess, a dainty luncheon was served beneath the spreading oaks in front of the house.

The house itself was transformed into a floral bower. Exquisite flowers, ferns, mosses and greens of all kinds were used in abundance. The north parlor had festoons of woodwardia ferns, huckleberries and fragrant white blossoms, while the drawing and reception rooms were a marvel of decorative art. The hall through which the bridal party passed was elegantly adorned in yellow, with golden rod and dahlias, with a foundation of wild huckleberries, woodwardia and bamboo. From the ceilings hung festoons of ferns and flowers.

The marriages were celebrated at high noon. The wedding party entered the drawing room to the welcoming strains of Mendelssohn's "Wedding March." Little Winsor and Dorothy Wilkinson, the nephew and niece of the brides, entered first as the ribbon bearers. Following them were the officiating clergymen, the Rev John T. Shurtleff, M. A., rector of the Episcopal Church of the Good Shepherd, Cloverdale, and the Rev. Robert McKenzie, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of San Francisco. Next came the bridegrooms, then Mr. and Mrs. George D. Dornin, father and mother of the brides; then Miss Helen Dornin, the daughter of George W. Dornin and niece of the brides, carrying flowers as maid of honor. The brides came last, clad in elegant gowns of rich white silk. The ceremony was performed beneath a bridal canopy of sweet peas and wild huckleberry vines, relieved by festoons of broad pink satin ribbon tied in colonial bows.

The first ceremony, performed by the Rev. J. T. Shurtleff, according to the ritual of the Episcopal Church, made Mr. Hubert Bryant and Miss Alice Dornin man and wife. Then Rev. Dr. McKenzie united the Rev. George Eldredge and Miss Julia Dornin.

After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served in the vine-covered porches and under the old oak trees on the lawn. Both bridal couples will spend their honeymoon in Southern California.

THE JOHNSON SILVER WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Johnson of South Berkeley celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding day last Saturday evening by a reception to their many friends. The rooms were exquisitely decorated with flowers. The evening was pleasantly passed with music and dancing. Among the guests at the reception were: Albert Farz and wife, F. Williams and wife, Mr. S. Forbes and wife, Mr. Schad, Mr. Burbank and wife, Mrs. and Miss Pauline Dumont, Mr. Savage and wife, Mr. McVery and wife, Mr. Christopher, his wife and his daughter Bertha, Mr. Gustavison, Mrs. Hansen, Misses Eda Hansen, Grace and Belle Myer, Fred Smith, A. J. Brackett, J. Cavan, and wife, Mr. Abrahamson and wife, and Charles Douglass.

Mrs. Dr. Stockham.

Has returned to Oakland for an indefinite time. Has had many years' experience as a general practitioner. Successfully treats cancers, tumors, Brights disease and diabetes. Consultation free. Hours: 8 to 11 A.-M. and 2 to 4 P. M. Room 4, Playter Block, corner Fourteenth and Broadway. Residence, 766 Nineteenth.

Storage for Furniture.

A number of stalls to let. Best place to store your furniture. Scheilhaas' Store Rooms, Thirty-fourth street and San Pablo avenue. Office, 408 Eleventh street.

Bay City Flour makes the best bread.

Baby High Chairs

At Papa's low prices, at H. Scheilhaas. Cribs, cradles, crockery and glassware. 408 Eleventh street.

Mother's Mush is a breakfast delight.

Above all others, Sperry Family Flour.

MILK FOR BABY should be pure, if baby's health you would assure. Our cows are the best bred, the best pastured, the best fed; and baby milk is our specialty.

PARKHURST BROS.,
LORIN P. O.,
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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE



TENTH ST. AND BROADWAY,
OAKLAND, CAL.

What you will see....

AT OUR BOOTH AT THE

Oakland Exposition!

YOU WILL SEE the process by means of which the medicinal portions of Roots, Herbs and Bark are extracted in the manufacture of Dr. Ira Baker's Honduras Sarsaparilla. No heat being used renders the vegetable juices unchanged and in their natural conditions. Dr. Ira Baker's Honduras Sarsaparilla contains NO ALCOHOL.

YOU WILL SEE a collection of the best known Vegetable Alteratives, Tonics and Blood Purifying Remedies known to the medical profession. Absolutely no minerals or chemicals enter into the manufacture of Dr. Ira Baker's Honduras Sarsaparilla.

YOU WILL SEE the Honduras Sarsaparilla Root, the most highly prized of all Sarsaparillas, in the original bale, bound in rawhide, as it is imported by us from Honduras, Central America.

Dr. Ira Baker's Honduras Sarsaparilla is an excellent Tonic, a great Blood Purifier. Gives quick results. Try a sample dose at our booth. You will find it pleasant to the taste. 75c per bottle; 3 for $2.00.

FREE—Licorice Root free for the children at our booth. Ask for a ticket entitling you to a free sample of Dr. Ira Baker's Little Giant Liver Pills.

THE OWL DRUG CO.
Oakland——Los Angeles——San Francisco

JONES & HAYDEN
Fashionable Milliners
The Only Millinery Parlors in Oakland.
Rooms 22-23 Upstairs . . . . Blake Block
Cor. 12th and Washington Sts

NATIVES ON TOP.

California's Representatives Have Their Day at the Fair.

ELEGANT ENTERTAINMENT.

Contra Costa Residents Are In Full Swing This Afternoon.

NEXT WEEK'S ARRANGEMENTS.

Good Programmes to Be Given to the Close.

The Exposition continues to attract large crowds. Irish societies evening drew an unusually large throng last night and the programme proved to be very interesting. Mrs. Edmund Taylor gave a clever talk, "Ten Minutes in Ireland," and the singing was excellent, the solos rendered by Miss Mary Sullivan and Miss Carroll were especially worthy of mention.

This afternoon children from Contra Costa County are enjoying a day at the Exposition. The Ladies' Relief Society has charge of the afternoon programme. The inmates of the Temescal Children's and Old Ladies' Home visited the Exposition in a body, and thoroughly enjoyed the day.

The Ladies' Relief Society had prepared a short programme as follows:

Opening remarks, Dr. J. K. McLean.
Recitation, by an old lady.
Swiss song by the children.
Song, "Blackberry Gatherer," children.
Recitation, "Our Flag."
Song, "Under the Old Umbrella, Abe."
Song, "*Flowers, Flowers,*" children.

During the afternoon the Exposition Band rendered the following selections:

March, Occidental .... Sousa
Overture, "All Hands on Deck".... Suppe
Scene and Aria, "I Masnadieri".... Verdi
Bolero, "I'll Follow Thee"........ Farmer
Rosenbluthen, "Salonstuck" ...... Ascher
Overture, "Crown of Victory"...... Ripley
Swedish Wedding March...... Soedermann
Waltz, "*Homage to Ladies*".. Waldteufel
Medley, "With the Minstrels".... Bowron
March, "Concentration" .... Rollinson

The Native Sons will have charge this evening and have arranged a programme of great interest. It is as follows:

Address by the Grand President, N. S. G. W., Hon. H. C. Gesford.
Address by the Grand Vice-President N. D. G. W., Mrs Bell Conrad.
Vocal solo—Miss Gretchen Burnett, accompanied by A. L. Bangle.
Spanish Dance—Miss Ida Moloon.
Vocal solo, "The Storm Fiend" G. Beebo.
Monologue—Eddie Sweeney.
Selection—Reliance Glee Club.
Selections—Exposition Band.

During the evening the Exposition Band will render the following selections:

March, "Occidental" .... Sousa
Dedicated to the N. S. G. W.
Overture, "Morning, Noon and Night" .... Suppe
Clarionet solo, "Fantasie".... Pemberton
Mr. A. L. Bangle.
Fantasie, "Faust" .... Gounod
Robert Bruce .... Bonnissean
Grand paraphrase on Scotch melodies
La Reine de la Mer Waltzes........ Sousa
Medley, "Night Owls" .... Becker
March, "Oakland Industries"...... Cassasa

The Catholic Ladies' Aid Society receive their friends at the Associated Charities' booth, Oakland Exposition, today and evening. All are cordially invited. The committee in charge are the following ladies: Mrs. C. C. Kirk, Mrs. J. McGinnis, Mrs. John Lynch, Miss Mary Lambert, Mrs. H. Coleman, Miss Sadie Flynn.

THE COMING WEEK.

The Directors are now busily engaged upon the preparation of the programme for the closing week and promise entertainments that will not be lacking in interest and variety.

Monday evening will be devoted to minstrelsy and fun. A general jolly time may be expected. A cake walk will be one of the features of the evening. Milt Johnson, the champion cake walker of the United States, will be one of the participants. A quartette of colored people will sing plantation ditties and add to the pleasure of the evening.

Tuesday evening Riley Bros. will give a stereopticon exhibition.

Wednesday evening twenty West Oakland young ladies will present a cantata, "The Grasses and Flowers," under the direction of Mrs. Jennie Throp. This cantata was recently presented before the Eastern Star and was said to be unusually interesting and entertaining.

Wednesday evening Professor Chapman has also planned to have his pupils give an exhibition of fancy dancing. Twenty-five young ladies will take part in this exhibition of terpsichorean art. There will be skirt dancing, a gypsy dance and a minuet by eight young ladies.

East Oakland will have charge of Friday's programme, and the residents are arranging to make an elaborate display of the literary and musical resources of this part of town.

It is expected that H. B. Pasmore will bring the Hawthorne Singing Society over from San Francisco one evening and give a concert.

The directors are unanimous in declaring that the closing week will prove to be as great a success in every way as the two preceding weeks. The Exposition will close at the end of next week.

The ladies of the Second Ward Political Equality Club wish to thank Messrs. Lehnhardt, Agard & Lebenbaum for donations to the suffrage booth at the Exposition on Tuesday last.

THE TRIBUNE GUESTS.

Among the guests at the Tribune booth are the following:

Mrs. J. H. Oliver, Mrs. Thom. Pearson, Miss W. Van Alstyne, Geo. Mulvaney, Lela Martin, Annie Wright, Bert Reader, James Melvin, Jr., Ernest Hanamn, W. B. White, R. D. Brownson, Minerva Nolan, Kathryn G. Kirk, George Crumian, Mrs. Frank Garrison, Miss McKearney, A. R. Gruggel and wife, J. Lynch, Pat Malone, George Crimmon, Minnie Nolan, Chas. Fowler, Frank Nolan, Clem Kirk, Henry Kirk, Margaret Nolan, John Lynch, Edmund Crimmon, Louise Kehoe, May Kehoe, Geo. Catlais, Myrtle Hall, E. O. Dodge, Maud Shirley, Ella Flemming, Florence Britton, Mollie Mathes, Francis Olsara, Mrs. Tony Peterson, Thos. F. Garrity, Loftus Harley Francis, Mrs. Charles Hart, Mrs. Eva Lawton, Miss G. W. Francis, W. I. Smith, Mrs. Jennie Hall.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Mrs. Garrett D. Wright of 920 Brush street, will be at home Thursdays.

Dr. and Mrs. K. Taylor are camping with a party of friends in Mitchell's canyon near Martinez.

Miss Vira Nicholson has returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Victor Metcalf.

Mrs. Henshaw and Miss Grimes are visiting Mrs. Victor Metcalf.

Miss Anna Leist, an Oakland girl who appeared in a amateur production of "L'Africane" at the Macdonough Theater a few years ago and scored a hit, is gaining a splendid reputation in the East as a soloist in the swell churches. Miss Leist is a very fine soprano. At present she is in Newark, N. J.

Henry Lefevre has returned from Madrone Springs.

Mrs. H. M. A. Miller has returned from San Rafael, where she was the guest of Mrs. Rudolph Spreckels.

Mrs. L. M. Williams has returned from New York.

Mrs. Kathryn Chrisholm is spending a few days with friends in San Rafael.

Mr. and Mrs. Solomon of Los Angeles are visiting the latter's mother, Mrs. I. Marcuse, 550 Twenty-second street.

Mrs. M. J. McIntosh gave a delightful party recently in honor of her daughter, Miss Nellie, who lately graduated from Walla Walla College.

Miss Lulu Covall has gone East on an extended trip.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Hickey and Mrs. R. W. Merrick and children are occupying a cottage at Idlewild, Glen Ellen.

An entertainment and dance will be given by the Harbor Lodge, No. 253, I. O. O. F., Wednesday evening, August 19th, in Fraternity Hall, West Oakland. Invitations may be had from the members of the lodge.

Phil Sheridan Circle No. 5, Ladies of the G. A. R., will give a social dance in Loring Hall Tuesday evening, August 25th.

Mrs. Orth and little daughter have returned from a visit in Irvington.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. McDonough are spending a few weeks at Idlewild.

Arthur McHardy is visiting in Ione.

Mrs. Nicholson of Twenty-third avenue recently gave a picnic party to a number of the little friends of her daughter, Mamie, in honor of the latter's fifth birthday. The little folks went to Leona Heights.

Wyoming Council No. 16, Degree of Pocahontas, Imp'd O. R. M., will give the first of a series of social dances at the old G. A. R. Hall, Thirteenth street, near Broadway, Friday night, Aug. 21st.

Piedmont Parlor, N. D. G. W., gave a pleasant social at Loring Hall last evening. A large number was present and enjoyed a delightful time.

A fair-sized audience attended the dramatic entertainment and dance tendered last evening to Mrs. Anna Donaldson by Ivy lodge Dramatic Club in Elite Hall. The affair was a testimonial benefit and given under the auspices of Ivy Degree of Honor lodge No. 4, A. O.-U. W.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred A. Campbell are the guests of J. P. Ames of Martinez.

Frank R. Gibb has returned from Napa.

Emil Lehnhardt, the poet, leaves Monday for a trip to San Diego and Coronado.

George Elliot Fairchilds of San Francisco and Miss Lucy Grace Clark were quietly married at the home of the bride's father, Judson F. Clark, in Alameda during the week.

The engagement is announced of Miss Aggie Furst of this city and Samuel Spiro of San Francisco.

Dr. A. J. Russell has returned from a vacation spent in the Sierra Nevada mountains.

Rev. John Rowland of Petaluma is visiting in this city.

Mrs. N. R. Turner and Miss Lulu Turner are visiting friends in Fruitvale.

Rule Eubank has gone to Stockton.

Mrs. Will Tharp of Sutter City is visiting in this city.

A. Dolliver and G. R. Long have gone to Chico.

J. F. Hayes is visiting Chico.

Mrs. Will Church is visiting relatives in Livermore.

The Misses Stevens have been visiting Mrs. Geddis of Centerville.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Osgood have returned from a short visit in Irvington.

WHEEL VS. HORSE.

The Animals Doubly Outnumber the Machines in Alameda County.

The returns of the State Board of Equalization, on the number of taxable bicycles and horses in the various counties of the State are decidedly interesting, and show the rapidity with which the wheel has gained favor.

The report shows 19,677 known bicycles in the State, which, placed at a very low valuation, aggregate a total worth of $319,679.

In Alameda County there are 4,250 wheels, which are averaged as representing taxable amounts of $25 ap'ece, making a total of $106,250.

In this county 9,950 horses are on the list and are given a valuation of $272,000.

Rugs

Great Special Sale

See the Prices in our windows,

For Next Tuesday.

BANKRUPT STOCK OF C. B. SHEAR

Still Going on

Stoves, Ranges, Kitchen Utensils

And a Lot of Graniteware slightly damaged in handling, all at

LESS THAN FACTORY COST

—NOW ON SALE—

Salinger's

New Department Stores

1013 to 1023 Washington Street, Southwest Corner Eleventh.

BUTLER AND BALD.

How the Half-Mile National Championship Men Came In.

THE RACING AT LOUISVILLE.

Cooper Fails to Maintain His Work on the Track.

COBURN WINS THE MILE.

Splendid Events Mark the Closing of the Meet.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 15.—Two National championships are on the card for the closing day of the L. A. W. National meet—The half mile and five mile events.

Although Cooper's run of successive victories was broken yesterday when Tommie Butler made his sneak in the mile championship, the Detroit boy is expected to distinguish himself again today.

Eddie Bald has not yet crossed the tape winner.

Gardiner is considered dangerous since his record breaking performance in the mile open yesterday.

Other events to be contested today are the mile handicap the mile open for amateur, two mile amateur, State championship; the professional two mile handicap, 2:30 class mile for amateurs and the mile open professional.

The following qualified in the respective events: Amateur mile handicap:—First heat—Bornwasser, Lum, Canfield, Hammond, Thome, Simpson, Groeschol. Time, 2:14 2-5.

Second heat—Howard, Eberhardt, Hattersley, Fitchner, McCalse, Dupree McCarthy. Time, 2:12 3-5.

Third heat—Ingraham, Coburn, McKeon, Middendorf, Seaton, Cummings, Ewing. Time, 2:12.

Professional and Amateur Championship, half mile, first heat—Cooper, Bald, Coulter, Baker. Time, 1:08 1-5.

Second heat—W. Coburn, Kennedy, Starbuck. Time, 1:09 4-5.

Third heat—Tom Butler, Gardiner, Ray McDonald, Ziegler. Time, 1:13 3-5.

Mile, 2:30 class, amateur—First heat—W. F. Le Compte, Canfield, H. H. Wright, Middendorf; 3.10 3-5.

Second heat—Kirby, Dougherty, Dupree, Leathers; time 2:54 3-5.

Third heat—Peabody, Cummings, Smith, L. Coburn; time, 2:54 3-5.

Professional mile open—First heat—Bald, Rigby, McCleary, Schrein; time, 2:34 4-5.

Second heat—Allen, W. Coburn, Acker, Clark; time, 2:27 2-5.

Third heat—Tom Butler, Loughead, Gardiner, Zeigler; time 2:27 2-5.

Fourth heat—Sanger, Kennedy, J. Eaton; McFarland, time, 2:28 2-5.

Amateur mile open—First heat—McKeon, Middendorf, Thome; time, 2:59.

Second heat—Bornwasser, Hattersley, Howard; time, 2:40 3-5.

Third heat—Fitchner, Sam Berg, Le Compte; time, 2:40 2-5.

Fourth heat—Peabody, Ingraham, Seaton; time, 2:37 3-5.

Professional, two mile handicap—First heat—Hoffer, Eaton, McCleary, Sanger, Kennedy, Shrein; time, 4:32 2-5.

Second heat—Callahan, Newhouse, Oldfield, Van Herrick, Dr. Brown, L. C. Johnson; time, 4:17.

Third heat—Mosher, Clark, Allen, Becker, Cox, Bob Walthall; time 4:23 3-5.

This ended the morning's work.

Semi-final, half mile championship—First heat—Tom Cooper, first; Gardiner second; Starbuck third; time 1:12 2-5. Con Baker and Coulter also started.

Second heat—Tom Butler, first; Bald, second; Allen, third; time, 1:08. Callahan and Willie Coburn also ran.

Amateur mile handicap—J. J. Howard, 20 yards, won; C. C. Ingraham, scratch, second; W. F. Lum, 50 yards, third; time, 2:14 2-5.

Bornwasser, Thome, Groeschel, Fitchner, Dupree, Seaton, Canfield, Hammond, Eberhardt, Hattersley, Coburn, Cummins, also started.

Final heat, half-mile National championship—Tom Butler won; Bald, second; Gardiner, third; time, 1:11 1-5. Cooper and Allen also started.

Amateur two-mile State championship—Seaton won; Ed Fitchner, second; W. E. Dupree, third; time, 5:01 3-5. Thome, Bornwasser, Leathers, and Middendorf also started.

Fourth and fifth races skipped.

Professional mile, open, final—W. Coburn won; Fred Allen, second; E. C. Bald, third; time, 2:19 2-5. Rigby, Schrein, Akers, H. C. Clark, Loughead, T. Butler, Sanger, Kennedy, McFarland also started.

Amateur mile, 2:30 class, final—Chas. R. McCarty, won; Louis Coburn, second; Stuart Leathers, third; time, 2:15. W. J. Le Compte, H. H. Wright, H. W. Middendorf, V. E. Dupree, D. A. Dougherty, L. H. Smith, E. W. Peabody, Worth Cummins also started.

BEST IN THE STATE.

The Oakland Trotting Park Will Take the Front Rank.

When the work on the Oakland Trotting Park is completed, the track will be the finest in the State and will rank among the first in America. Everything will be in readiness for the opening in October 19th, and then the regular series of winter races will commence.

In constructing the grand stand and paddocks, a mistake was made, during the absence of President Tom Williams, which necessitated their removal some 300 yards. This has been done, and now an excellent view of the track is afforded.

Dun Low Pensions

The Federal grand jury yesterday returned a true bill of perjury against Albert T. Cox of this city, a war veteran, who has been drawing two pensions, one in Contra Costa County and one in Alameda County.

OGDEN IS THE WINNER

An Outsider Carries Away the Rich Futurity Stakes.

MARCUS DALY'S BIG HAUL.

Ornament, the Western Nag, Got the Second Place.

RODERMOND WAS THIRD.

Result of the Race for the Youngsters' Rich Purse.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—The heavy storms at Sheepshead Bay yesterday made the track a trifle heavy for today's great race for the ninth Futurity stakes.

Workmen were out early with harrows, pulling over the earth, to let it dry as well as possible before the contest for $56,000, the richest stake in the world for 2-year-olds.

The list of entries is as follows:

Ornament, weight 116, jockey Sloane.
Ogden, weight 115, jockey Tuberville.
Rodermond, weight 116, jockey Hill.
Challenger, weight 115, jockey Doggett.
Bastion, weight 115, jockey Clayton.
Scottish Chieftain, weight 113, jockey Taral.
Rhodesia, weight 112, jockey Sims.
Hanmure, weight 108, jockey Griflin.
Box, weight 108, jockey Martin.
Octagon, weight 108, jockey Walker.
New Gatherer, weight 105, jockey Ballard.

The last trials of the candidates were held Thursday.

After her victory at Brighton Beach Tuesday last, when Rhodesia defeated Dwyer's Cleophus in a canter in fast time, she became a strong choice among betting men. Thursday she got an easy gallop, covering six furlongs in a trifle better than 1:17.

The actual favorite is the Westerner, Ornament, the winner of both halves of the double event, and second to Winged Foot in the great trial stakes. With Sloane in the saddle, he will not feel the weight of Garrison's urging, and as he is very sluggish he may not show his best form. He will be at a disadvantage owing to the new rule forbidding assistant starters to hold horses for a good start, as he is a bad actor.

The Stockwell stables' Challenger is likely to be the third favorite of the betting men.

Scottish Chieftain is the chief of Marcus Daly's string, although Ogden will also be sent to the post. The former has not done well of late, while the latter is comparatively unknown.

At 1 o'clock the only damp spots on the track were along the rail in the stretch.

A better day could not have been imagined for the race. There will be great crowds.

Ornament is still the favorite, although Rhodesia's following has steadily increased.

Bulletin.—Ogden wins by a length.
Ornament second by a length.
Rodermond third.
Time, 1:10.

ENJOYABLE FOR SUNDAY.

J. E. Locke Will Run a Fine Excursion Tomorrow.

A number of Oaklanders will take advantage of the excursion which J. E. Locke has organized to visit Cazadero, Elim Grove and Duncan's Mills. The excursionists will leave here in time to connect with the 8 A. M. Sausalito boat of the North Pacific Coast. This will give them time to stop two hours at either of the three resorts. The trip is rich in scenic beauty and there will be no crowding on the train. Charming glimpses of the Russian river are obtained along the route. The excursion will be especially delightful to anyone fond of swimming, fishing or boating as all of these attractions can be found at Duncan's Mills.

All of Mr. Locke's excursions are arranged with a special view to the comfort of family parties and this one will be no exception. There are no rough people allowed and the parties are first class in every respect. The fare for the round trip is only $1.50. Children under 12, being 75 cents.

OLD AND CRIPPLED.

Thomas Thompson's Accident Makes Him Ask for Alms.

Thomas Thompson, the old man who on Christmas day last was struck by the local train at Seventh and Broadway, is circulating a petition asking the Railroad company to render him some assistance. The petition demands nothing. It sets forth that the accident was due wholly to Thompson's carelessness and acknowledges that there is no foundation for a suit for damages.

Since Christmas things have gone badly with the old man. The accident crippled him for life and being almost totally deaf he is unfit for work of any kind. He is 74 years of age, and though once a prosperous minister, is now reduced to such a state of penury that he is compelled to beg money for food and to sleep, a large part of the time in the city prison.

Mrs. Prescott of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, who now has the custody of Thompson's three children, and Mrs. Sanford of the Humane Society, are assisting the old man and hope to get the company, out of charity, to grant him a small annuity.

He's All Right.

The story printed last night to the effect that a confidence man was making the rounds and by pretending to inspect locks was acting as advance agent for burglars, proves to be all a hoax. The caller was the representative of the Edwards Safety Lock Co. and the scare given to Captain Wilson's folks is, in the light of the developments, amusing. The lock man carries full credentials and is in every way authorized to act in the capacity he represents.

Sued on a Note

The Mutual Savings Bank of San Francisco has brought suit against John T. Fleming to recover $5,000 loaned on a promissory note secured by mortgage on property in Alameda.

The NOVELTY Clothing Co.

C. J. HEESEMAN, Prop.

Successor to C. & A. Nordhausen

1051 Broadway, Northwest Cor. ELEVENTH

On deck with LATEST FALL GOODS for Men, Youths and Children—Almost any prices for our Summer Stock—and there is much reason in our prices for our

FALL IMPORTATIONS!

We have a few words to say about our **Goods**, our Methods and our Prices and THE TRIBUNE **shall say them** soon. Meanwhile a welcome to old patrons **and an assurance** of good treatment to new friends.

A SHARPER CAUGHT.

William Rogers Is at Last in the County Jail.

SMOOTH GAMES WORKED.

The Eastern Friend Racket Played on Many Citizens.

A HARD RUN TO EARTH.

He Is Believed to Have Also Tried the Lock Dodge.

William Rogers was placed in a cell in the County Jail this morning, and a number of people in Elmhurst, San Leandro and Fruitvale have been summoned to try and identify him as the confidence operator who has, for nearly a year past, been plying his dishonest calling among the residents of the towns mentioned.

The arrest was made by Deputy Sheriff Quinlan and Deputy Constable Stortch at the instance of Mrs. B. Magnusson of Elmhurst.

Two months ago the operator called at the Magnusson residence and asked Mrs. Magnusson if her husband was at home. He received a reply in the negative. He then wanted to know if Mrs. Magnusson had any friends in the East. This question at first aroused Mrs. Magnusson's suspicion, but later she answered that her husband had a friend named Paulson in Salt Lake City. The sharper replied that he was well acquainted with Paulson and that though a sister of his (the sharper's) wife, he had received a message for Mrs. Magnusson's husband which he would bring in the evening, when Magnusson returned home. Rogers then went away, promising to return in the evening.

When Magnusson came home that night his wife told him of Rogers' visit and what Rogers had promised. Magnusson immediately pronounced Rogers a fraud and after ascertaining that Rogers had said that he resided in Fitchburg, set out the next day to find what the fellow meant by his call and his promises.

Magnusson went all over Fitchburg, but failed to find Rogers, and returned home satisfied that the sharper did not reside in the town.

Magnusson then told some of his neighbors of his experience, and it was ascertained that Mrs. Noble of Elmhurst, Mrs. Hansen of Fitchburg, Mrs. King of Fruitvale and a number of others had had similar experience with Rogers, in some cases the parties named having advanced money to him to pay alleged express charges on packages alleged to have been forwarded to them by friends of theirs in the East.

They waited, however, in vain, for the packages from their friends, as they did also for the sharper, who managed to elude them, although he seemed to be finding victims in all directions.

This morning, however, Rogers' unlucky star was in the ascendant. The sharper was passing through Fruitvale as Mr. and Mrs. Magnusson were driving past, and Mrs. Magnusson told her husband that Rogers was the man who had tried to work the Eastern friend racket on her.

Magnusson got out of his conveyance, stopped Rogers and asked him what his name was. Rogers refused to answer the question. He asserted he was on his way to work and did not want to be interfered with. Magnusson asked him where he was working, and Rogers replied that he was employed at Melrose.

Magnusson is an officer, but did not have his star with him at the time. He therefor sought for a representative of the law in the neighborhood, still keeping Rogers in view. As soon as the suspect got a short distance away, he changed his course from the direction of Melrose and fled as rapidly as he could toward Alameda.

Magnusson with his horse and wagon was able to keep Rogers in view, and followed him in the hope of eventually finding an officer and turning the suspect over to justice. Finally Constable Stortch appeared on the scene, and later Deputy Sheriff Quinlan, and to them Rogers was delivered.

ANOTHER DODGE:

Another species of bunco work which has been greatly annoying the people of the neighborhoods mentioned is the bogus renting of vacant houses by some sharper, suspected now to be Rogers, acting without authority either of the owner or the agent of the houses in question.

The bunco man calls on the agents of vacant houses in this city, and, pretending that he wishes to lease an abode, is given a key to inspect the premises. He then goes to tenants occupying adjacent and smaller houses in the vicinity, and offers to rent to them any of the houses of which he has the keys, at figures a great deal lower than they are paying for their present abodes. The tenants, of course, are willing to get a larger house at a smaller rental, and when asked for an installment of the first month's rent in advance, they are generally willing to put up $5 or $8 as demanded as an evidence of good faith. The sharper then turns over the key, pockets the money and disappears. Later, the proposed tenants ascertain that the person they gave their money to has nothing to do with the house and that they have paid their money to a sharper.

Despite the fact of Rogers' identification by Mrs. Magnusson, he alleges that he is innocent of the charges made against him.

THE COUNTY'S CASH.

Treasurer Sanford Has Not Yet Received Any Orders.

With reference to depositing money belonging to the county in State and National Banks, County Treasurer Sanford said today that he had never been ordered by any person of superior authority to cease placing the funds in the local banks. He thought it would be better to have the cash there than in the vault of the county, although he held that that institution was both fire and burglar proof. The disposition of the money he said was in the discretion of the Supervisors. The Board, monthly, by means of its Chairman, in conjunction with the Auditor and District Attorney, counts the money in the Treasury. If the Supervisors were satisfied to have the money where it had been placed, he could not see why he should object.

He would not, he said, take any steps in the matter until the time for making the next monthly count of the money should arrive, which will be the 1st of September. He will then, he said, speak to the District Attorney and the Supervisors on the matter.

THEY'RE OFF.

The Yachts Fawn and Catherine Are Racing for Supremacy.

Shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon the long talked of yacht race between the Fawn of the Encinal Yacht Club and the Catherine of the San Francisco boating organization, started from the vicinity of the narrow gauge pier.

In order to distinguish the yachts, the Fawn had a big letter "E" displayed on her mainsail, while the Catherine showed an "S" similarly.

The crew on the Fawn are: James T. Rosseter, captain; J. A. Landsberger, Ed Holmes, L. Ward, George Dillman and George Leonard.

The course is a long one, and as the wind is not heavy it will take some time before the return to the starting point, where the victor will receive the challenge cup trophy.

IN HARD LUCK.

Why Frederick Warde Has Taken the Lecture Stage.

A fair house greeted Actor Frederick Warde last night at the First Congregational Church, where he delivered his Shakespearean lecture.

In explanation of his appearance on the lecture platform Mr. Warde's manager explained, when spoken to, that the actor is financially embarrassed, through recent heavy losses in theatrical ventures.

The tragedian anticipates starting out again in a new play, "The Rise of Iskander," which he hopes will be a revenue.

WHERE TO BUY FURNITURE.

The fact that one certain business house in San Francisco took about $40,000 in from Oakland patrons last month is discouraging to local merchants who are selling even cheaper than the house across the bay.

The Schreiber Furniture Company for instance is selling furniture of every description away below San Francisco prices—when quality is considered. It is the largest store in Oakland, and one of the largest in the State. The series of ads from the company running in the Tribune every other day and changed with each insertion, is an object lesson profitable to consider. Better see the stock and test the prices of the Schreiber Company. The big store is on Washington, near Fourteenth street.

RUGS FROM RAGS.

Beautiful fluff rugs made from worn-out carpet. Taken and delivered. California Rug Manufactory, 572 San Pablo avenue.

CHAS. H. WOOD

CORRECTLY FITTED

1001 WASHINGTON ST. OAKLAND

CRELLIN PHARMACY.

Examination free. Spectacles and eye glasses, all grades and qualities. Oculists' prescriptions filled at lowest rates. Spectacles repaired. The Invisible Common Sense Ear Drums.

M. J. KELLER COMPANY
Shirt Factory and Laundry.
PRICES—50c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00
NO EXTRA IF MADE TO MEASURE
Beware of CHINESE Imitations.
1105-1109 BROADWAY, - - OAKLAND

THE RELIGIOUS ROUND.

Announcement of the Texts at the Local Churches.

Excellent Subjects to Be Discussed by Favorably Known Divines.

First Church of Christ—Scientist, Loring Hall, Eleventh street, between Washington and Clay. Sunday services at 11 A. M.; Sunday School and Bible class at 12:15 P. M.

Brooklyn Presbyterian Church—Services conducted by Rev. J. W. Skinner. Morning theme, "Life Solitary, or a Sacrifice;" evening theme, "Ennobling Association for a Young Man's Life."

St. Paul's (Episcopal)—The rector having returned from his vacation, full services will be resumed on Sunday. Holy communion at 8 A. M.; morning prayer and sermon at 11 A. M.; young men's Bible class at 6:30 P. M.; evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 P. M.; Sunday School at 9:45 A. M.

The Lord's Watcher's meeting Sunday from 2:30 to 5 P. M. at Asbury M. E. Church, Fifteenth and Clay streets. Rev. Alexander Douglass, from San Diego, Cal., will tell how he obtained the baptism of the Holy Ghost, other testimonies.

Programme of C. E. rally at Second Congregational Church, Chase street, under the auspices of the Lookout Committee of the Alameda County C. E. Union, Sunday evening, Aug 16, 1896. All cordially invited to the services:

Praise service—Led by H. A. Wastell.
Prayer—Rev. F. H. Foster.
Male Quartette.
Introductory remarks—Rev. F. H. Foster.
The "Pledge" (Sec. I)—E. C. Gilbert, First Presbyterian Society.
Solo, "Come Unto Me"—Ida G. Wastell, First Methodist.
The "Pledge" (Sec. II)—Miss M. Lulu Bowen, First Baptist Society.
General remarks on pledge—Wm. Gardiner, First Presbyterian Society.
Solo, "Mizpah"—Miss Claudia Cameron, Sunshine Society.
The "Pledge" (Sec. III)—R. M. Brown, First Congregational Society.
The "Pledge" (Sec. IV)—H. A. Wastell, Sunshine Society.
Remarks, "Relation of the Society to the Church"—S. W. Condon.
Remarks, "One of the Practical Difficulties to be Overcome by a C. E. Society," Rev. H. F. Foster.
Blest be the Tie That Binds.
Mizpah—Benediction.

Rev. Joseph Adams will give a discourse on Cosmopolitanism Sunday at 3 P. M. in Fraternal Hall, Washington street.

Plymouth ave. Congregational Church—The pastor, Dr. J. K. McLean, will preach at 11 A. M. In the evening Prof. Rhys. R. Lloyd, recently returned from a visit to his native land, will speak on "The Religious Life of England and Wales as Seen by a Recent Visitor."

Union Street Presbyterian Church—H. D. Brasfield, acting pastor. 11 A. M. Rev. C. C. Herriot on "The Ministry of the Spirit;" 7:30 P. M. by the pastor on "The Faultless Man." A special invitation to men and boys.

Eighth avenue M. E. Church—S. J. Carroll, pastor. Preaching 11 A. M. by the Rev. C. L. Libby, formerly of Maine, and at 7:30 by the pastor Subject of the evening sermon, "A King at the Parting of Ways;" Epworth League at 6:30.

Oakland Psychical Society—Washington street, Fraternal Hall; 8 P. M. Bishop A. Beals of New York, inspirational speaker, singer and psychometrist, will answer written questions from the audience.

St. Paul's Episcopal—Fourteenth and Harrison streets. Rev. Robert Ritchie, rector. Services at 8 and 11 A. M.

First Free Baptist Church—On Twenty-first street, between Brush street and San Pablo avenue. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Rev. Philip Graif, the pastor, will preach in the morning on "A Dead Creed and a Living Faith," and in the evening on "The Scriptural Idea of the New Man and the New Woman." Everybody cordially invited.

Tenth avenue Baptist Church—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. C. M. Hill. Topics: 11 A. M., "A Question for the Hour;" 7:30 P. M., "A Startling Danger."

St. Marcus German Lutheran Church—Rev. A. Jatho, pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M., "He Doeth All Things Well."

First Christian Church—James Small, pastor. Morning theme, "These Sayings of Mine;" evening, "How to Read the English New Testament." There will be baptism after the evening service.

First A. M. E. Church—J. E. Edwards, pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Bishop W. J. Gaines of Atlanta, Ga., will preach in the morning, the pastor in the evening.

Thirty-fourth street Methodist Church—Rev. G. H. Jones, pastor. At 11 A. M. Rev. W. H. Johnstone will preach. At 7:30 P. M. the pastor will preach a revival sermon.

Prospect Hill Presbyterian Church—Fruitvale. Rev. E. E. Clark, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Subject of the morning sermon, "Paul's Portrait of a Christian;" subject of the evening sermon, "The Story of Absalom."

First Unitarian Church—Rev. C. W. Wendte will preach at 11 A. M. No evening service.

Market Street Congregational Church, corner of Market and Eighteenth streets—Rev. E. S. Chapman, D. D., the pastor, will preach tomorrow morning and evening. Subjects: At 11 A. M., "The Lord's House"; at 7:45 P. M., "The Lord's Family."

Asbury M. E. Church South, corner of Clay and Fifteenth streets—Preaching by the pastor, H. M. McKnight, 11 A. M., "Transformed"; 7:30 P. M., "Christ Divine." All welcome.

Gospel Mission Tent, on Broadway, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets—Preaching at 11 A. M. by Rev. A. Coplin. Holiness meeting at 3 P. M. Services every evening during the week.

Universalist Church—The first service under the new pastorate will take place Sunday at 11 A. M. Rev. E. E. Hall and will deliver a discourse on "True Greatness." Miss Grace Carroll will render a solo. Sunday School at 12:15. Y. P. S. C. E. service at 6 P. M.

First Presbyterian Church, Fourteenth street, between Webster and Franklin, pastor, Rev. Dr. Coyle. Morning service at 11. Subject: "Fractions or Whole Numbers." Evening service at 7:30. Subject: "Making a Living or Making a Life—Which?"

Central Christian Church—Morning service, 10:30. Rev. Jay William Hudson will preach on "The Unity of the Perfect." Sunday School, 12 M. Christian Endeavor, 6:15. Evening service, 7:45. The minister, Edwards Davis, will preach on "The Plea of the Church of Christ."

Chester Street M. E. Church, George W. Beatty, pastor—11 A. M., "Birds, Fruit and Flowers." A children's day exercise, written by Chas. H. Gabriel, in which the entire school of three hundred will participate. 7:30, Sermon by the pastor, "After Regeneration, Entire Sanctification or Degeneration."

St. Paul's Episcopal, corner Harrison and Fourteenth streets, Rev. Robert Ritchie, rector—Services at 11 A. M.

Zion's Evangelical Lutheran Church, J. H. Theiss, pastor—Services at 10:45 A. M. Subject: "The Glorious Gospel of the Blessed God." Services in Lorin Hall at 3 P. M.

Young Men's Christian Association, 12th and Clay streets—Rev. Alfred Kummer, D. D., will speak to men only, Sunday, at 3:30 P. M., on "Christianity's Future." Mr. J. M. Robinson will render a vocal solo. All men are cordially invited to attend.

First Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. F. D. Bovard, D. D., of Alameda, in exchange with the pastor, will preach at 11 A. M., on "Ye Are My Friends." At 7:30 P. M., Dr. Kummer will prach on "Common Errors."

First Baptist Church—Rev. C. H. Hobart, pastor, will preach tomorrow at 10:30 and 7:30 upon the following themes: Morning: "Equipped for Service." Evening: "The Building of Babel."

First English Lutheran Church, Rev. J. E. Bushnell, D. D., pastor—Divine worship, 11 A. M. and 7:15 P. M. Subject for morning sermon, "Two Prayers"; evening, "The Spirit of Life." Music led by Mrs. Blake-Alverson with a full choir. All welcome. Free pews.

People's Hall, Sixth street near Market—Elder Haws will preach on the "Doctrine of Christ" at 7:30 P. M. Seats free. All are invited.

"NO GOOD."

What Dr. Fisher Says of the New Asceptolin Treatment.

Some time ago Dr. C. M. Fisher, County Jail physician, was allowed by the Supervisors to purchase $10 worth of asceptolin for the purpose of trying to cure a young Indigent named John Brace, whom he had been treating for consumption.

The doctor and brother practitioners watched, with a great deal of interest, the effects of the cure-all specialty upon their patient. The result was not encouraging. Dr. Fisher today, without mincing words, said that asceptolin is "no good."

"There is absolutely nothing in it," said he, "except for Edson. The first time we used it, the patient did seem to get a little better. He appeared to experience some relief. But that was owing to the mental effect which the use of a new remedy seems to have on patients. They seem to be brighter, livelier and have a better appetite. But as soon as the physical excitement has passed the effect of the treatment wears away. It was that way in this case. Asceptolin was made to sell. It's all right for Edson. He is making a mint out of it. Brace has gone south to Los Angeles."

Elephantine Paper Cutter.

A few years ago, when Lord Dufferin was Viceroy of India, the Rajah of Holkar paid the Viceroy a visit. While he was there he saw Lord Dufferin take up some illustrated London papers which had just arrived by mail and cut them with an ivory paper knife. It was the first time the Indian Prince had seen such an instrument used. "Make me a present of that," he said to the Viceroy, "and I will give you another." Lord Dufferin hastened to comply with the modest request, and the young Rajah returned to his country. Not long after he returned to Calcutta, bringing with him a young elephant, whose tusks had been carved in the most artistic manner in the shape of a paper knife. This he brought as a present to the Viceroy. A table bearing some illustrated papers was placed by a servant before this intelligent beast, who immediately seized them with his trunk, cut them most deftly with his tusks and then handed them to the Viceroy.—New York Mail and Express.



CHAT OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Sixth Ward Republicans Turn Out in Double Strength.

JUDGE FRICK ENDORSED.

Many Rousing Meetings Held All Over the Town.

POPULISTS ARE PREPARING.

Resolutions Objecting to Any Fusion in This District.

Judge Cliff's Court Room was filled to its entire capacity last evening, when the regular Sixth Ward Republican Club met pursuant to a call issued by County Committeeman Charles Mauritzen.

President Frank Barnett was in the chair and those in attendance were representative Republicans.

The candidacy of Judge Frick for Congress was heartily endorsed and the report of the Nominating Committee was unanimously adopted as follows:

"We, the Committee, hereby selected to present names to represent the Sixth Ward Republicans to be voted for at the primaries tomorrow, August 15th, do submit the following names as our choice and selection: Louis Schaefer, Frank Barnett, William Watkinson.

"We further recommend the following names as delegates-at-large: Wm. G. Henshaw, George P. Morrow, Rod W. Church, C. S. Long.

Following this, rousing addresses were made by Charles Mauritzen, C. L. Ingler, Louis Shaefer, Frank Leavitt, Frank Barnett, J. J. Lorri, H. L. Osgood, Frank Josephs and others.

Before the meeting concluded, three rousing cheers were given Judge Frick, nor was McKinley and Republican protection forgotten.

Speeches and Songs.

The Sixth Ward Republican Club held a meeting at Becker's Hall last night, at which a large number of patriots gathered to pay their respects to Republicanism and prosperity.

The speakers were quite late, and it was after 8:30 before the Chairman, George G. M. Gray, called the meeting to order.

While waiting for the speakers, Professors S. C. Baldwin and W. W. Durant entertained the assemblage in their inimitable way on the banjo and guitar. They completely captured the hearts of the audience and were encored twice.

Alfred Wilkie then sang "Ben Bolt" and at the request of J. Scott Jenkins, Baldwin and Durant sang a medley.

The Chairman now introduced the Hon. S. G. Hilborn, who delivered his usual campaign address.

Judge Adams was introduced as a Grand Army man and a life-long Republican. He made the address of the evening, occupying the floor for nearly an hour.

J. Scott Jenkins and Charles Lafau made short addresses, and Jenkins moved that the Chair be requested to appoint a committee of five to organize a drill corps in the club. Jenkins said he would look out for the uniforms. The motion was adopted, and the Chair announced that the committee would be named at some future time.

Swedes Cheer Frick.

The Swedish Republican Club held a meeting in its hall opposite Judge Cliff's Court last night and resolutions, endorsing Judge Frick's candidacy, were adopted amid rousing cheers.

Populist Primaries.

The County Central Committee of the People's Party met last night and passed resolutions against a fusion with Democrats in the Third Congressional District.

Primaries were ordered in the County, Assembly and Senatorial Districts, for August 31st, with the exception of the Forty-sixth which is arranged for the 29th.

Drill Corps Officers.

At the meeting of the Drill Corps of the Young Men's Republican League, held last evening in the Army and Navy League Headquarters, the following officers were elected:

Captain, G. H. Wethem; Senior First Lieutenant, J. F. Kick; Junior Second Lieutenant, J. F. Brannan; Senior Second Lieutenant, Clarence Crowell; Junior Second Lieutenant, W. H. Dickerson; First Sergeant, William Downie; Quartermaster Sergeant, E. P. Wells; Duty Sergeants, George Reed, G. M. Nickerson, Albert Hanson, J. Ferrier, T. F. Casey, Albert Edwards; Markers, A. E. Orton, H. B. Stevenson; Color Sergeant, E. J. Joste.

For Free Silver.

The Free Silver Club of Brooklyn Township met in its new quarters last night and effected a permanent organization, by the selection of the following officers: J. A. Jones, President; E. S. Lund, Vice President; H. E. Harwood, Secretary; N. B. Eckels, Treasurer; William Thomally, Jr., Sergeant At Arms. A Campaign Committee, composed of five members, a Finance Committee and a Programme Committee of three members each will be appointed by the President at the meeting to be held on Thursday evening next.

The new headquarters on Fruitvale avenue near the railroad will be kept open every day and a supply of silver literature will be on hand.

Colored Oaklanders Honored.

At the meeting of the Afro-American League's Congress in Los Angeles, yesterday, three Oaklanders were honored by being named as officers. They are G. E. Watkins, Second Vice President; J. F. Summers, Recording Secretary, and J. B. Wilson, Corresponding Secretary.

The Prohibitionists.

On Thursday evening, August 28th, at 8 o'clock there will be organized in Room 5, Upper Hamilton Hall a Young Men's Prohibition Club under the auspices of the Prohibition State Central Committee. All young men between the ages of 18 and 40 inclusive whose sympathies are with the Prohibition Party, are urgently requested to be present. Others above this age are invited to be present as honorary members.

CECIL RHODES'S DOWNFALL.

His Complicity in the Transvaal Raid Destroys His Prestige.

LONDON, August 8.—Honorable Cecil Rhodes will undoubtedly shortly be brought to book for the part he took in bringing about an invasion of the Transvaal. A comparatively short time ago Mr. Rhodes was made a member of Her Majesty's privy council, but his name will be stricken from the list of councillors and he will be summoned to give evidence before the parliamentary select committee of inquiry into the chartered company's doings. But there is to be no repetition of the Jameson trial in his case. It is known that Mr. Chamberlain, the colonial secretary desired to see him in the dock and has discussed the question of indictment with Mr. Arthur J. Balfour and the attorney general. There are as ample reasons for indicting Rhodes as for the conviction of Jameson, but a trial and its preliminaries would have involved a delay of six months in the proceedings of the committee of inquiry, so Rhodes has meantime escaped the ordeal he challenged. When he reappears in England it will be with ruined prestige and as a comparatively poor man.

CONDEMNED THE HALL.

Health Officer Bradley Reports to the Medical Board.

The Board of Health last evening discussed Health Officer Dr. Bradley's report on the sanitary conditions of the various municipal buildings. Three of the engine houses the doctor reported unfavorably on and the City Hall he said, from turret to foundation stone is filled with unhealthy plumbing. He specified each and every nook where unsanitary conditions exist and ended his report by recommending some immediate repairs and the erection of a new City Hall and Jail and just as soon as practicable.

Resolutions in line with the report were adopted and ordered transmitted to the Council.

Volunteers to Organize.

The Volunteers of America will formally open a post in Oakland this evening at the old Y. M. C. A. Hall, 365 Broadway. The new movement originated by Ballington Booth is meeting with a very cordial support, and a large branch will probably be formed in this city. Major Blackhurst and a large number of leading Oakland pastors will be present this evening.

Struck It Rich.

Mrs. A. Aylward, who was formerly employed as a servant in the home of Captain Healy and who afterwards married an Alaskan miner, returned to Oakland yesterday a wealthy woman. She accompanied her husband in her search for gold and they located a claim some fifty miles north of Circle City. They struck a lead which proved to be unusually rich and has now netted them a fortune. Mrs. Aylward leaves for the North today, and will later go East and to Ireland.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CROWNED WITH HONOR.

The Great Presbyterian, Rev. Charles L. Thompson, D. D., of New York.



What Paine's Celery Compound Has Done for the Eloquent Preacher.

From no one class of men has Paine's celery compound received more unstinted praise for its wonderful powers of making the sick to be well again than from ministers of the gospel in every denomination.

Rev. Father Ouellet, Rev. Dr. Meek, the editor of the "Central Methodist," Rev. Dr. Baird, Rev. W. J. White, D. D., of the Georgia Baptist, are among the hosts of clergymen who have gratefully published, that their experience might be of benefit to others, the ever true story of how this greatest of all remedies makes people well, building up the shattered nerves, enriching the thin blood and rooting out disease.

Rev. Charles L. Thompson, D. D., pastor of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, in New York City, is a man crowned with honor. Before going to the celebrated church where he now preaches in New York, he served in prominent pulpits in Cincinnati, Chicago, Pittsburg and Kansas City. He has written much and well on themes of public interest, presided over the Centennial General Assembly in Philadelphia, and has been often a commissioner and chairman of leading committees and an exceptionally forcible debater in all the church courts.

His large charity has made him a welcome representative of his church to other churches and to his brethren of other lands.

Dr. Thompson is a prodigious worker. He is one of the many thousands who have discovered what Paine's celery compound does for those who are worn out by labor, who are suffering from some stage of nervous exhaustion, and who require a health giving remedy that will speedily replenish the system with proper nutriment.

Writing from New York on June 23, Dr. Thompson said:

"I think to the use of Paine's celery compound is due the fact that after a winter of exhausting work I have been able to carry my duties through the enervating springtime with unusual ease and comfort."

To the multitude who suffer from the enervating effects of the warm weather in this climate, this plain, straightforward statement from so eminent and fearless a clergyman should be heeded.

Paine's celery compound has put an end to an enormous amount of sickness and disease.

It began at the very outset of its splendid career to cure men and women of kidney troubles, liver complaint and nervous prostration. Its speedy and lasting cures of all these nerve and blood disorders were not slow in spreading its reputation through every State in the country. Physicians everywhere greeted the great remedy as the most enlightened, most skillful means that could be employed for invigorating the "run-down" system.

Thousands of wholly disinterested men and women saw their neighbors and townspeople made well by Paine's celery compound.

This epoch making discovery in medicines, due to the patience, thoroughness and zeal of the great Dartmouth College scientist, stands today unquestioned as the greatest brain and nerve strengthener and restorer the world possesses.

NYLANDER'S CANDIES
Are fresh and pure. French mixed, 35c pound. 1010 Washington street, between Tenth and Eleventh.

The Hamman departments for ladies and gentlemen at the Piedmont Baths are the most elaborate and luxuriously fitted up of any this side of Chicago. Take Piedmont cars.

Above all others, Sperry Family Flour.

THE LYON FURNITURE CO.
E. C. Lyon, proprietor (successor to J. C. Lyon & Son), carry all kinds of furniture, carpets, ranges, etc. 1257 Broadway.

There's a Limit to Excellence.
We have reached the limit. No better milk than ours. No fresher, firmer, purer butter. No more substantial cream. No better service. The Jersey Milk, Cream and Butter Co. will satisfy you. 1259 Broadway. Tel. 261.

Have just received a large assortment of early spring flowering bulbs. Now is the time to plant. H. M. Sanborn, 517 Fourteenth street.

H. Schellhaas, furniture, 406 Eleventh street.

Mother's Mush—Made in Oakland.
THE TAMALE MADE
By the Original Girardo Tamale Co., corner Thirteenth and Broadway, is conceded to be the best and cleanest in Oakland—made to order for parties and socials—delivered in small lots anywhere in Oakland. Try one at out booth in the Exposition. William Kohler, manager.

One price shoes—warranted shoes—money back shoes—these are all winners—only one place to pick them.
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